



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Read the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Communication Manual" to ensure correct operation before starting installation, wiring, operation, maintenance, and inspection of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
- All FC6A Series MICROSmart modules are manufactured under IDEC's rigorous quality control system, but users must add a backup or failsafe provision to the control system when using the FC6A Series MICROSmart in applications where heavy damage or personal injury may be caused, in case the FC6A Series MICROSmart should fail.
- In this manual, safety precautions are categorized in order of importance:

Warning Warning notices are used to emphasize that improper operation may cause severe personal injury or death.

- The FC6A Series MICROSmart is not designed for use in applications requiring a high degree of reliability and safety. The FC6A Series MICROSmart should not be used for such applications.
- When using the FC6A Series MICROSmart in applications (not described above) that require a high degree of reliability in terms of functionality
 and precision, appropriate measures such as failsafe mechanisms and redundant mechanisms must be taken for the system containing the
 FC6A Series MICROSmart. The following are specific examples.
 - Emergency stop and interlocking circuits must be configured outside the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
 - If relays or transistors in the FC6A Series MICROSmart output circuits should fail, outputs may remain at on or off state. For output signals which may cause serious accidents, configure monitor circuits outside the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
 - The FC6A Series MICROSmart self-diagnostic function may detect internal circuit or program errors, stop programs, and turn outputs off. Configure circuits so that the system containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart is not jeopardized when outputs turn off.
- Turn off power to the FC6A Series MICROSmart before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection of the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shocks or fire hazard.
- Special expertise is required to install, wire, program, and operate the FC6A Series MICROSmart. People without such expertise must not use the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
- Install the FC6A Series MICROSmart according to the instructions described in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual". Improper
 installation will result in falling, failure, or malfunction of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Caution Caution notices are used where inattention might cause personal injury or damage to equipment.

- The FC6A Series MICROSmart is designed for installation in a cabinet. Do not install the FC6A Series MICROSmart outside a cabinet.
- Install the FC6A Series MICROSmart in environments described in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual". If the FC6A Series MICROSmart is used in places where the FC6A Series MICROSmart is subjected to high-temperature, high-humidity, condensation, corrosive gases, excessive vibrations, or excessive shocks, then electrical shocks, fire hazard, or malfunction will result.
- The environment for using the FC6A Series MICROSmart is "Pollution degree 2." Use the FC6A Series MICROSmart in environments of pollution degree 2 (according to IEC 60664-1).
- Prevent the FC6A Series MICROSmart from falling while moving or transporting the FC6A Series MICROSmart, otherwise damage or malfunction
 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart will result.
- Wiring must use lead sizes that are appropriate for the applied voltage and current. Terminal screws must be tightened with the prescribed tightening torque.
- Prevent metal fragments and pieces of wire from dropping inside the FC6A Series MICROSmart housing. Put a cover on the FC6A Series MICROSmart modules during installation and wiring. Ingress of such fragments and chips may cause fire hazard, damage, or malfunction.
- Use a power supply of the rated value. Use of a wrong power supply may cause fire hazard.
- Use an IEC 60127-approved fuse on the power line outside the FC6A Series MICROSmart. This is required when equipment containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart is destined for Europe.
- Use an IEC 60127-approved fuse on the output circuit. This is required when equipment containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart is destined for Europe.
- Use an EU-approved circuit breaker. This is required when equipment containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart is destined for Europe.
- Make sure of safety before starting and stopping the FC6A Series MICROSmart or when operating the FC6A Series MICROSmart to force outputs on or off. Incorrect operation of the FC6A Series MICROSmart may cause machine damage or accidents.
- Do not connect the ground wire directly to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Connect a protective ground to the cabinet containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart using an M4 or larger screw. This is required when equipment containing the FC6A Series MICROSmart is destined for Europe.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the FC6A Series MICROSmart modules.
- The FC6A Series MICROSmart contains electronic parts and batteries. When disposing of the FC6A Series MICROSmart, do so in accordance with national and local regulations.





About This Manual

Thank you for purchasing the FC6A Series MICROSmart manufactured by IDEC Corporation.

This document describes the FC6A Series MICROSmart system configuration, specifications, and installation methods, and it provides descriptions of the various functions.

Read this manual to ensure the correct understanding of the entire functions of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

IDEC Corporation makes the latest product manual PDFs available on our website at no additional cost.

Please download the latest product manual PDFs from our website.

Product manual PDF download page (www.idec.com/FC6Amanuals)

This manual describes the powerful communications tools of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Chapter 1: General Information

General information about the FC6A Series MICROSmart with communication interfaces.

Chapter 2: Devices

Descriptions of the allocations of devices such as inputs, outputs, internal relays, registers, timers, and counters that are used in the basic and advanced instructions, as well as details about the allocations of special internal relays and special data registers for communication functions.

Chapter 3: Communication Settings

Functions for the FC6A Series MICROSmart communication, how to configure them, and examples of their use.

Chapter 4 through Chapter 8:

Various communication functions such as maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus communication, data link communication and J1939 communication.

Chapter 9: Bluetooth Communication

Description of the Bluetooth communication of the FC6A Series MICROSmart and how you can make the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicate with other devices with the Bluetooth communication.

Chapter 10: FTP Server/Client

Descriptions of the FTP server that enables you to get the files that are saved in the SD memory card inserted in the FC6A Series MICROSmart with an FTP client tool and the FTP client that enables the FC6A Series MICROSmart to transfer the files between the SD memory card and FTP servers.

Chapter 11: PING Instruction

Descriptions of the PING instruction that sends a ping packet to the specified remote host to check if communication is possible at the Internet Protocol (IP) layer.

Chanpter 12: Send E-mail Function

Descriptions of the EMAIL instruction that sends preregistered e-mails.

Chanpter 13: Web Server

Description of the Web server functions in the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Chapter 14: Communication Monitor

Description of the communication monitor that enables you to monitor the communication between the FC6A Series MICROSmart and the connected devices.

Index

Alphabetical listing of key words.

Publication history

December 2015	First Edition
February 2016	Second Edition
April 2016	Third Edition
March 2017	Fourth Edition
August 2017	Fifth Edition
March 2018	Sixth Edition

Trademarks

FC6A Series MICROSmart is a trademark of IDEC Corporation.

Regarding laws and compatible standards

This product adheres to the laws and compatible standards of all countries involved, as shown below.

European laws and standards

This product complies with the following EU directives.

- Low Voltage Directive
- RoHS Directive

• RE Directive (FC6A-PC4 only)

To comply with these directives, this product has been designed and evaluated on the basis of the following international and

- European standard. • IEC/EN 61131-2: 2007
- EN50581:2012

EN301 489-1 V2.1.1& EN301 489-17 V2.1.1 (FC6A-PC4 only)

For details on the compatible standards and EU Directives, contact the distributor from which you purchased this product or visit our web site.

North America laws and standards

This product complies with the following standards.

- UL508
- UL61010-1^{*1}
- UL61010-2-201^{*1}
- CSA C22.2 No.142^{*1}
- CSA C22.2 No.61010-1^{*1}
- CSA C22.2 No.61010-2-201^{*1}
- ANSI/ISA 12.12.01
- CAN/CSA C22.2 No.213^{*2}

*1 Certain FC6A Series MICROSmart models are not compatible. For details about applicable standards, please contact IDEC Corporation.

*2 CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module only

Chinese laws and standards

The FC6A-PC4 complies with the following certification.

SRRC

Marine standards

This product has been certified by the following classification societies.

(Applications have been submitted for certain models.)

- ABS (American Bureau of Shipping)
- DNV GL (Det Norske Veritas Germanischer Lloyd)
- LR (Lloyd's Register)
- NK (Nippon Kaiji Kyokai)
- * This product has not been certified for use on the bridge or deck.

For details on applicable standards and EU directives, please contact the dealer where purchased or check the IDEC website.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Under no circumstances shall IDEC Corporation be held liable or responsible for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use of or the application of IDEC PLC components, individually or in combination with other equipment. All persons using these components must be willing to accept responsibility for choosing the correct component to suit their application and for choosing an application appropriate for the component, individually or in combination with other equipment. All diagrams and examples in this manual are for illustrative purposes only. In no way does including these diagrams and examples in this manual constitute a guarantee as to their suitability for any specific application. To test and approve all programs, prior to installation, is the responsibility of the end user.



ABOUT THE WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCTS

1. Warranty Period

The Products are warranted for 3 years from the date of purchase, or from the date of delivery completion. * Consumable/maintenance parts such as batteries and relays if the operation exceeds 100,000 times are excluded from the 3-year warranty.

2. Extent of Warranty

IDEC CORPORATION is responsible for failures or defects of the Products during the above warranty period, either a replacement part will be provided or the defective parts of the Products will be repaired free of charge. If such failure or defects should occur, please offer them to the distributor, dealer or IDEC CORPORATION with the materials in which the date of purchase is specified.

* The expenses for installation and construction at the time of repair will not be borne.

3. Start

May 1, 2017. The Products which were produced after June 1, 2014 and purchased in last three years will also be warranted.

4. Indemnification

IDEC CORPORATION will not be liable under this Warranty and be indemnified and held harmless from any and all demands, suits, expenses, claims, damages and liabilities in the following event that:

- The Products are used or operated beyond the conditions or environment range as described in catalog, specifications or instruction; or
- 2) The failure or defects of the Products arise from the cause other than the Products; or
- 3) The Products are improved, modified or altered by the party other than IDEC; or
- 4) The failure or defects and damages of the Products arise from the usage of the Product in the way that is not intended; or
- 5) The failure or defects and damages of the Products arise from the cause beyond IDEC's control including, but not limited to, fire, earthquake, flood, lightning, other natural disasters, and acts of God; or
- 6) The failure or defects and damages of the Products arise from the relocation, transportation or drop after you purchase the Products; or
- 7) The failure or defects and damages of the Products arise from improper installation; or
- 8) Maintenance and inspection are not carried out in accordance with instruction.

IDEC CORPORATION DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE, AS WELL AS LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL OR OTHER DAMAGES RELATING TO THE PRODUCTS

5. Extent of Service

The price of the Products will not include the fee for any service such as sending technicians and engineers, IDEC CORPORATION will charge you the fee for the following:

- 1) Instruction for installment and visiting for test operation, including, but not limited to creating application software and operation tests; and
- 2) Maintenance and inspection, arrangement and repair; and
- 3) Technical assistance and technical education; and
- 4) Product test and inspection based on you request.

Related Manuals

The following manuals related to the FC6A Series MICROSmart are available. Refer to them in conjunction with this manual.

Type No.	Manual Name	Description
FC9Y-B1722	FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual	Describes product specifications, installation and wiring instructions, instructions for basic programming operations and special functions, device and instruction lists, and troubleshooting procedures for the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
FC9Y-B1726	FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual	Describes basic operations for programming with ladders on the FC6A Series MICROSmart, monitoring methods, device and instruction lists, and details of each instruction.
FC9Y-B1730	FC6A Series MICROSmart Communication Manual (this manual)	Describes specifications related to FC6A Series MICROSmart communication, descriptions of functions, configuration methods, and usage examples.
FC9Y-B1734	FC6A Series MICROSmart PID Module User's Manual	Describes PID module specifications and functions.
WindLDR Help		Describes usage instructions for WindLDR, programming software for the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



NAMES AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Model Names

Name Used in This Manual			Type Number, Part Code, or Official Name	
FC6A Series MICROSmart			FC6A Series MICROSmart	
			FC6A-C16R1AE, FC6A-C16R1CE, FC6A-C16K1CE, FC6A-C16P1CE,	
	All-in-One CPU module		FC6A-C24R1AE, FC6A-C24R1CE, FC6A-C24K1CE, FC6A-C24P1CE,	
	All-IN-One CPU module		FC6A-C40R1AE, FC6A-C40R1CE, FC6A-C40K1CE, FC6A-C40P1CE,	
			FC6A-C40R1DE, FC6A-C40K1DE, FC6A-C40P1DE	
	CAN 11020 All in One C	NI madula	FC6A-C40R1AEJ, FC6A-C40R1CEJ, FC6A-C40K1CEJ, FC6A-C40P1CEJ,	
	CAN J1939 All-in-One CF		FC6A-C40R1DEJ, FC6A-C40K1DEJ, FC6A-C40P1DEJ	
	Plus CPU module		FC6A-D16R1CEE, FC6A-D16P1CEE, FC6A-D16K1CEE, FC6A-D32P3CEE,	
	Plus CPO module		FC6A-D32K3CEE	
	16-I/O type		FC6A-C16R1AE, FC6A-C16R1CE, FC6A-C16K1CE, FC6A-C16P1CE	
	24-I/O type		FC6A-C24R1AE, FC6A-C24R1CE, FC6A-C24K1CE, FC6A-C24P1CE	
			FC6A-C40R1AE, FC6A-C40R1CE, FC6A-C40K1CE, FC6A-C40P1CE,	
	40 I/O h		FC6A-C40R1DE, FC6A-C40R1DE, FC6A-C40K1DE, FC6A-C40P1DE,	
	40-I/O type		FC6A-C40R1AEJ, FC6A-C40R1CEJ, FC6A-C40K1CEJ, FC6A-C40P1CEJ,	
			FC6A-C40R1DEJ, FC6A-C40K1DEJ, FC6A-C40P1DEJ	
	Plus 16-I/O type		FC6A-D16R1CEE, FC6A-D16P1CEE, FC6A-D16K1CEE	
CPU module	Plus 32-I/O type		FC6A-D32P3CEE, FC6A-D32K3CEE	
	AC power type		FC6A-C16R1AE, FC6A-C24R1AE, FC6A-C40R1AE, FC6A-C40R1AEJ	
			FC6A-C16R1CE, FC6A-C24R1CE, FC6A-C40R1CE, FC6A-C16K1CE,	
			FC6A-C24K1CE, FC6A-C40K1CE, FC6A-C16P1CE, FC6A-C24P1CE,	
		24V DC power type	FC6A-C40P1CE, FC6A-C40R1CEJ, FC6A-C40K1CEJ, FC6A-C40P1CEJ,	
	DC power type		FC6A-D16R1CEE, FC6A-D16P1CEE, FC6A-D16K1CEE, FC6A-D32P3CEE,	
			FC6A-D32K3CEE	
			FC6A-C40R1DE, FC6A-C40K1DE, FC6A-C40P1DE, FC6A-C40R1DEJ,	
		12V DC power type	FC6A-C40K1DEJ, FC6A-C40P1DEJ	
			FC6A-C16R1AE, FC6A-C16R1CE, FC6A-C24R1AE, FC6A-C24R1CE,	
	Relay output type		FC6A-C40R1AE, FC6A-C40R1CE, FC6A-C40R1DE, FC6A-C40R1AEJ,	
			FC6A-C40R1CEJ, FC6A-C40R1DEJ, FC6A-D16R1CEE	
		Transistor sink output	FC6A-C16K1CE, FC6A-C24K1CE, FC6A-C40K1CE, FC6A-C40K1DE,	
	Transistor output type	type	FC6A-C40K1CEJ, FC6A-C40K1DEJ, FC6A-D16K1CEE, FC6A-D32K3CEE	
		Transistor protection	FC6A-C16P1CE, FC6A-C24P1CE, FC6A-C40P1CE, FC6A-C40P1DE,	
		source output type	FC6A-C40P1CEJ, FC6A-C40P1DEJ, FC6A-D16P1CEE, FC6A-D32P3CEE	
	I/O module	Digital I/O module	Digital input module, digital output module, digital mixed I/O module	
Expansion	1 C module	Analog I/O module	Analog input module, analog output module, analog mixed I/O module	
module	Communication module		Serial communication module	
			PID module	
Expansion inter	rface module		Expander, remote master, remote slave	
	I/O cortridge	Digital I/O cartridge	Digital input cartridge, digital output cartridge	
Cartridge	I/O cartridge	Analog I/O cartridge	Analog input cartridge, analog output cartridge	
Cartridge	Communication contride		RS232C communication cartridge, RS485 communication cartridge,	
	Communication cartridge	2	Bluetooth communication cartridge	
WindLDR			WindLDR application software	
			USB maintenance cable (HG9Z-XCM42),	
USB cable			USB Mini-B extension cable (HG9Z-XCE21)	

Name Used in this Manual	WindLDR Operating Procedure
Function area settings	Configuration tab > Function Area Settings group
Monitors	Select Online > Monitor > Start Monitor.
PLC status	Select Online > PLC > Status.
Communication settings	Select Online > Communication > Set Up.
	On the Configuration tab, in Function Area Settings, click Communication Ports, and in the
Modbus master request table	displayed Function Area Settings dialog box, for Communication Mode under Communication
	Ports, select Modbus RTU Master or Modbus TCP Client
Application button	The button displayed on the left side of the menu bar. Click to display the menu with New, Save, and
	Save As, recent projects, WindLDR Options, and Exit WindLDR.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Safety Precautions	Preface-1
	About This Manual	
	About the Warranty of the Products	
	Related Manuals	
	Names and Abbreviations Used in this Manual	
<u> С_{нартег} 1:</u>	General Information	
	Description	
	Communication Functions Overview	
	Maintenance Communication	
	User Communication.	
	Modbus Communication	
	Data Link Communication	
	J1939 Communication	
C HAPTER 2:	Devices	
	Device Addresses	2-1
	Special Internal Relay	
	Special Data Register	
CHAPTER 3:	Communication Settings	
	Setting List	
	Communication Port Settings	
	Network Settings	
	Network Management	
	Connection Settings	
	Remote Host List	
-		10
<u> С_{нартег} 4:</u>	Maintenance Communication	
	Maintenance Communication via USB Port	4-3
	Maintenance Communication via Port 1	4-4
	Maintenance Communication via Port 1 (Bluetooth)	4-6
	Maintenance Communication via Ethernet Port 1 and 2	
	Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33	
	Maintenance Communication via Port 1 to 3 (Bluetooth)	
	Maintenance Communication via HMI-Ethernet port	
CHAPTER 5:	User Communication Instructions	
	TXD (Transmit)	
	RXD (Receive)	
	ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet)	
	ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet)	
	User Communication via Serial Communication	
	User Communication via Serial Communication (Bluetooth)	
	User Communication via Ethernet Communication	
	User Communication Error	
	ASCII Character Code Table	
	Sample Program – User Communication TXD	
	Sample Program – User Communication RXD	
CHAPTER 6:	Modbus Communication	
	Overview	
	Modbus RTU Communication via RS232C/RS485	
	Modbus RTU Master Communication	
	Modbus RTU Slave Communication	
	Communication Format	
	Modbus TCP Communication via Ethernet Communication	
	Modbus TCP Communication via Eulemet communication	
	Modbus TCP Client	
	Modbus RTU Pass-Through Function	



TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u> С_{нартег} 7:</u>	<i>Data Link Communication</i> Data Link System Setup Data Link with Other PLCs	
С_{НАРТЕК} 8:	J1939 Communication Overview of J1939 Communication over CAN J1939 Communication Settings	
<u> С_{нартег} 9:</u>	<i>Bluetooth Communication</i> Overview Configuring the Bluetooth Communication Cartridge	
-	Configuring and Communicating with Bluetooth Devices	
С_{нартег} 10:	<i>FTP Server/Client</i> FTP Server FTP Client	
<u> С_{нартег} 11:</u>	<i>Send PING Function</i> PING (Ping)	11-1
С_{нартег} 12:	Send E-mail Function	12.1
	Overview EMAIL Instruction (Send E-mail)	
	Email Address Book	
	E-mail Editor	
	Attached File Editor	
	Attach Log Data	
<i>С_{нартек} 13:</i>	Web Server	
	Overview	
	System Web Page	
-	User Web Pages	13-16
<u> С_{нартег} 14:</u>	Communication Monitor	
	Overview	
	Starting and Stopping the Communication Monitor	14-1



1: GENERAL INFORMATION

Introduction

This chapter describes an overview of the FC6A Series MICROSmart, which is equipped with a communication interface.

Description

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can be expanded with additional communication ports using RS232C communication cartridges, RS485 communication cartridges, and communication modules to allow multiple RS232C and RS485 communication interfaces to be used. The All-in-One CPU module can also perform RS232C and RS485 communication using serial port 1, which is standard equipment. The FC6A Series MICROSmart is capable of serial communication using Bluetooth when a Bluetooth communication cartridge is connected. The Ethernet port is standard equipment to enable communication using Ethernet. Also, the Ethernet port can be expanded by using an HMI module. The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module is equipped with a CAN port to enable J1939 communication.

Communication Interfaces

An overview and the specifications of the communication interfaces are shown below.

USB Port

Maintenance communication can be performed by using this port to connect to a computer.

Communication Type	USB2.0 Full speed, CDC class
Communication Functions	Capable of maintenance communication with a PC, program downloads via USB power
Connector	USB mini-B
Isolation between Internal Circuit	Not isolated

Serial Port 1

This port can be used to communicate with RS232C/RS485 communication-compatible external devices such as computers, operator interfaces, and printers.

Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), and data link communication (master station/slave station) are possible. Only the All-in-One CPU module is equipped with serial port 1.

Communication Type	EIA RS-232C or RS-485 software selectable	
Maximum Communication Speed	115,200 bps	
Communication Functions	Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), data	
communication Functions	link communication (master station/slave station)	
Connector	RJ45	
Cable	RS232C: Shielded multicore	
Cable	RS485: Shielded twisted-pair	
Maximum Cable Length	RS-232C: 5 m	
	RS-485 : 200 m	
Isolation between Internal Circuit	Not isolated	

Serial Communication Module

Serial communication modules can be used by connecting them to the basic expansion side or expansion interface side of the CPU module.

This port can be used to communicate with RS232C/RS485 communication-compatible external devices such as computers, operator interfaces, and printers. Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), and data link communication (master station/slave station) are possible.

Type No.		FC6A-SIF52	
Points		2	
Electrical Characte	ristics	EIA RS232C/EIA RS485 ^{*1}	
Maximum Commu	nication Speed	115,200 bps	
Communication Fu	nctions	Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), data link communication (master station/slave station)	
Maximum Cable Le	ength	15 m (EIA RS232C)/1,200 m (EIA RS485)	
Isolation between Internal	Between Communication Port and Internal Circuit	Photocoupler	
Circuit	Between Ports	Transformer	
Cable	Recommended Cable	RS-232C: 24 AWG shielded multicore cable RS-485: 24 AWG twisted-pair shielded cable	

*1 Specify the values in the WindLDR Function Area Settings. The combination of "Data Bits: 7 bits" and "Parity: None" cannot be set.

RS232C Communication Cartridge and RS485 Communication Cartridge

The RS232C communication cartridge and RS485 communication cartridge can be used by connecting them to the following cartridge slots.

- Cartridge slot 1 and 2 of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
- Cartridge slot 1 and 2 of a cartridge base module added to the Plus CPU module
- Cartridge slot 3 of an HMI module added to the Plus CPU module

This port can be used to communicate with RS232C/RS485 communication-compatible external devices such as computers, operator interfaces, and printers. Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), and data link communication (master station/slave station) are possible.

Type No.		FC6A-PC1	FC6A-PC3
Electrical Charac	teristics	EIA RS232C	EIA RS485
Maximum Comm	unication Speed	115,200 bps	115,200 bps
Communication	Functions	Maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus RTU communication (master/slave), data link communication (master station/slave station)	
Maximum Cable Length5 m200 m		200 m	
Isolation between Internal Circuit		Not isolated	Not isolated
Cable	Recommended Cable	Shielded multicore: 24 AWG	Shielded twisted-pair: 24 AWG

Bluetooth Communication Cartridge

The Bluetooth communication cartridge can be used by connecting it to the following cartridge slots.

- Cartridge slot 1 and 2 of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
- Cartridge slot 1 and 2 of a cartridge base module added to the Plus CPU module
- Cartridge slot 3 of an HMI module added to the Plus CPU module

Using Bluetooth, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can communicate with external devices that support Bluetooth communication, such as computers, smartphones, and barcode readers. Maintenance communication and user communication are possible.

Type No.	FC6A-PC4
Electrical Characteristics	Bluetooth ver.2.1 + EDR
Profile	SPP (Serial Port Profile) iAP (iPod Accessory Protocol)
Communication Functions	Maintenance communication, user communication
Transmission Distance	10 m (Class 2)

IDEC

Ethernet Port 1 and 2

This port can be used to communicate with Ethernet communication-compatible external devices such as computers and operator interfaces. Only the Plus CPU module is equipped with Ethernet port 2.

Multiple connections are available for the Ethernet port, and different communication protocols can be used in those connections simultaneously. Each connection can be configured for maintenance communication (server), user communication (server/client), user communication (UDP), or Modbus TCP communication (server/client).

Communication Type	IEEE 802.3 compliant	
Communication Speed	10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX	
Number of Connections	All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module: 8	
Number of Connections	Plus CPU module: 16	
Communication Functions	Maintenance communication, user communication (server/client), user communication (UDP),	
	Modbus TCP communication (server/client)	
Connector	RJ45	
Cable	CAT 5. or higher STP	
Maximum Cable Length	100 m	
Isolation between Internal Circuit	Pulse transformer isolated	

Plus CPU module Ethernet port 1 supports the web server function and the send E-mail function.

Web Server Function	Yes
Web Data Storage	FROM
Web Data Capacity ^{*1}	5.0 MB
Send E-mail Function	Yes

*1 Among the web data capacity, available storage for the user depends on whether to use the system web page and the web page editor.

		System V	Veb Page
		Use	Not Use
Web Page Editor	Use	2.5 MB	3.0 MB
	Not Use	4.5 MB	5.0 MB

CAN Port

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can use this port to perform J1939 communication.

Communication Type	CAN bus commu	CAN bus communication				
Communication Speed	250 kbps	250 kbps				
Communication Functions	J1939 communic	J1939 communication				
Connector	FC6A-PMTE05PN02					
Cable	SAE-J1939-11	: Shielded twisted-pair				
Cable	SAE-J1939-15	: Unshielded twisted-pair				
Maximum Cable Length	SAE-J1939-11	: 40 m, stub 1 m maximum				
Maximum Cable Length	SAE-J1939-15	: 40 m, stub 3 m maximum				
Terminating Resistance	120 Ω (0.5 W or higher)					
Isolation between Internal Circuit	Power supply:	Transformer isolated				
	Signal:	Galvanic isolation, photocoupler isolated				

HMI-Ethernet Port

The HMI-Ethernet port can only be used when a CPU module and an HMI module are connected.

This port can be used to communicate with Ethernet communication-compatible external devices such as computers and operator interfaces.

This port has eight connections that can be used with Ethernet communication. Each connection can be configured for maintenance communication (server).

This port also supports the web server function and the send E-mail function.

Communication Type	IEEE 802.3 compliant
Communication Speed	10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX
Number of Connections	8 maximum
Communication Mode	Maintenance Communication
Web Server Function	Yes
Web Data Storage	FROM
Web Data Capacity ^{*1}	5.0 MB
Send E-mail Function	Yes
Connector	RJ45
Cable	CAT 5. or higher STP
Maximum Cable Length	100 m
Isolation between Internal Circuit	Pulse transformer isolated

*1 Among the web data capacity, available storage for the user depends on whether to use the system web page and the web page editor.

		System V	Veb Page
		Use	Not Use
Web Dage Editor	Use	2.5 MB	3.0 MB
Web Page Editor	Not Use	4.5 MB	5.0 MB

Caution

• When accessing the FC6A Series MICROSmart over the Internet, adequate security measures for the network to prevent unauthorized access are required. Be sure to consult your network administrator or Internet service provider. IDEC bears no responsibility for damages or problems caused due to security in Ethernet communication.

• Restrict the access to FC6A Series MICROSmart with IP addresses and ports by using appropriate measures such as the firewall.



List of CPU Modules and Communication Interfaces

The following are the communication interfaces that the CPU modules are equipped with or can be expanded with. For the locations of the communication interfaces in each module, see Chapter 2 "Product Specifications" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

Type No.	USB Port	Serial Port 1	Communication Module Port 4 to 33 ^{*1}	Communication Cartridge	Ethernet Port 1	Ethernet Port 2	CAN Port	HMI-Ethernet Port ^{*4}
FC6A-C16R1AE								
FC6A-C16R1CE								
FC6A-C16K1CE								
FC6A-C16P1CE				1 maximum ^{*2}				
FC6A-C24R1AE				1 maximum				
FC6A-C24R1CE								
FC6A-C24K1CE								
FC6A-C24P1CE		1					-	
FC6A-C40R1AE								
FC6A-C40R1CE								
FC6A-C40K1CE			6 maximum					
FC6A-C40P1CE			o maximum			_		
FC6A-C40R1DE								
FC6A-C40K1DE	1		2 *2	1			1 maximum	
FC6A-C40P1DE				2 maximum ^{*2}				
FC6A-C40R1AEJ				2 maximum -				
FC6A-C40R1CEJ								
FC6A-C40K1CEJ								
FC6A-C40P1CEJ							1	
FC6A-C40R1DEJ								
FC6A-C40K1DEJ								
FC6A-C40P1DEJ	1	_						
FC6A-D16R1CEE	1				1			
FC6A-D16P1CEE	1							
FC6A-D16K1CEE			30 maximum	3 maximum ^{*3}		1	—	
FC6A-D32P3CEE								
FC6A-D32K3CEE								

*1 Serial communication modules can be used by connecting them to the basic expansion side or expansion interface side of the CPU module. The communication ports are assigned to port 4, port 5, and so on in order from the ports closest to the CPU module.

*2 The communication cartridges can be used by connecting them to cartridge slots 1 and 2 of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module.

*3 Communication cartridges can be used by connecting them to cartridge slot 1 and 2 of a cartridge base module connected to the Plus CPU module and cartridge slot 3 of an HMI module connected to the Plus CPU module.

*4 The HMI-Ethernet port is available on the HMI module.

Allocations of the Communication Port Numbers

All-in-One CPU module, CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, and Plus CPU module support serial communication with the target device. Serial communication is possible with built-in interface or expanded interface of each CPU module. Interfaces supporting the serial communication are as follows:

All-in-One CPU module	:	Serial port 1, cartridge slots 1 and 2, communication module ports
CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module	:	Cartridge slots 1 and 2, communication module ports
Plus CPU module	:	Cartridge slots 1 to 3, communication module ports

In order to use each interface as communication port, the communication parameters must be configured according to the communication parameters of the target device. Configure the communication parameters in **Communication Ports** tab in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box. The allocation between each interface and communication port is described below. For details on each setting, see "Communication Port Settings" on page 3-2.

Ports and Cartridge Slots 1 to 3 on the CPU Module and HMI Module

— : Not equipped with the CPU module.

No : Cannot be used as the serial communication ports.

	Port						Cartridge Slot			
CPU Mod	lule	Serial Port 1	USB Port	Ethernet Port 1	Ethernet Port 2	HMI- Ehternet Port	CAN Port	1	2	3
	16-I/O type									
All-in-One CPU module	24-I/O type	Port 1					_	Port 2		
	40-I/O type				—			*2*5	Port 3	—
CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module	40-I/O type		No No	No		No ^{*1}	No		*2*5	
Plus CPU module	Plus 16-I/O type	_			No			Port 1	Port 2	Port 3
	Plus 32-I/O type				INO		_	*3*5	*3*5	*4*5

*1 When the HMI module is connected to the CPU module and HMI-Ethernet port is added.

*2 When a communication cartridge is installed on the cartridge slot.

*3 When the cartridge base module is connected to the CPU module and a communication cartridge is installed on the cartridge slot.

*4 When the HMI module is connected to the CPU module and a communication cartridge is installed on the cartridge slot.

*5 The combination of "Data Bits: 7" and "Parity: None" is not possible.

Note: For the locations of serial port 1 and cartridge slots 1 and 2, and for how to wire serial port 1, communication modules, and communication cartridges, see Chapter 2 "Product Specifications" in the FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual.

Ports on Communication Modules

CDU	CPU Module		Communication Module					
CPU	module	1st	2nd	3rd	4th		15th	
	16-I/O type							
All-in-One CPU module	24-I/O type				*1	*1	*1	
	40-I/O type							
CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module	40-I/O type	Port 4, 5	Port 6, 7	Port 8, 9				
Plus CPU module	Plus 16-I/O type				Dort 10 11		Port 32, 33	
	Plus 32-I/O type				Port 10, 11		PUIL 32, 33	

*1 Four or more communication modules cannot be connected to the All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module.

Communication Functions Overview

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports maintenance communication, user communication, Modbus communication, data link communication, and J1939 communication functions.

This section describes an overview of and connection examples for the communication functions.

Maintenance Communication

The maintenance communication of the FC6A Series MICROSmart enables you to check the operating status and I/O status of the FC6A Series MICROSmart, monitor and change device values, and download and upload user programs with the PLC programming software WindLDR installed on a computer. For details on maintenance communication, see "Maintenance Communication" on page 4-1.

Supported ports^{*1}

USB Port	Serial Port 1	Ethernet Port 1, 2 and HMI-Ethernet Port ^{*2}	Communication Cartridge and Communication Module	CAN Port
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

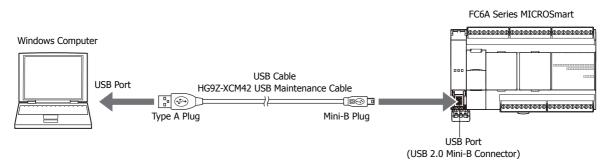
*1 Depending on the port that will be used, there are restrictions on the maintenance communication methods that can be used. For details on the restrictions, see the "Maintenance Communication" on page 4-1.

*2 Only maintenance communication can be used with the HMI-Ethernet port.

Note: When an HMI module is connected, maintenance communication can be performed by using the HMI-Ethernet port. For details, see Chapter 7 "HMI Function" in "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

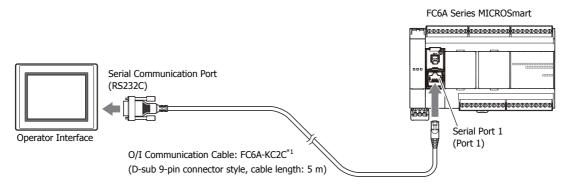
■ 1:1 Maintenance Communication Using USB Port

This example shows a 1:1 maintenance communication system in which a FC6A Series MICROSmart and a computer are connected with USB. The USB maintenance cable (HG9Z-XCM42) is used.



■ 1:1 Maintenance Communication Example with an IDEC Operator Interface Using Serial Port 1

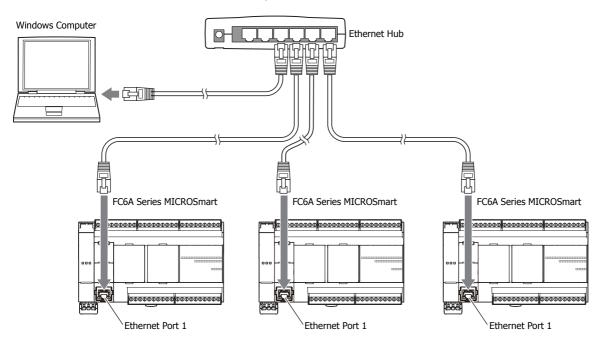
This example shows maintenance communication between the FC6A Series MICROSmart and an operator interface, as well as monitoring and changing FC6A Series MICROSmart device values using the operator interface. An IDEC operator interface is connected to serial port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



*1 For details on O/I communication cables, see Appendix "Cables" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

1:N Maintenance Communication Using Ethernet Port 1

This example shows a 1:N maintenance communication system in which three FC6A Series MICROSmart and a computer are connected over Ethernet. The Ethernet cables are connected to the Ethernet port 1 of three FC6A Series MICROSmart, and those FC6A Series MICROSmart are connected to the computer via an Ethernet hub.



User Communication

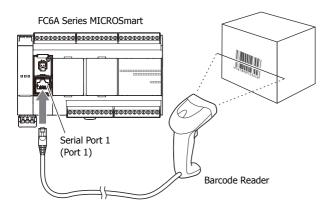
The user communication of the FC6A Series MICROSmart enables you to control external devices such as computers, printers, and barcode readers. For details on user communication, see "User Communication Instructions" on page 5-1.

Supported ports

USB Port	Serial Port 1	Ethernet Port 1 and 2	Communication Cartridge and Communication Module	CAN Port
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

User Communication Using Serial Port 1

This example shows a system in which a FC6A Series MICROSmart receives the data read by a barcode reader. A barcode reader is connected to port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



Modbus Communication

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports Modbus RTU protocol and can be used as either a Modbus communication master or slave. With Modbus communication, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can monitor and modify the data of inverters and temperature controllers.

Ethernet ports 1 and 2 also support the Modbus TCP communication protocol.

For details on Modbus communication, see "Modbus Communication" on page 6-1.

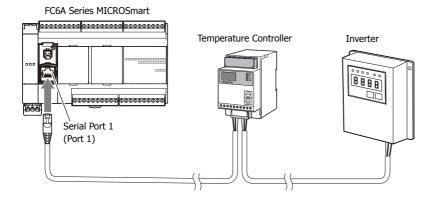
Supported ports

USB Port	Serial Port 1	Ethernet Port 1 and 2	Communication Cartridge ^{*1} and Communication Module	CAN Port
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

*1 Only the RS-232C communication cartridge and RS-485 communication cartridge are supported.

Modbus RTU Communication Using Serial Port 1

This example shows a system in which a FC6A Series MICROSmart is communicating with a temperature controller and an inverter that support Modbus RTU. The A temperature controller is connected to port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



Data Link Communication

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports data link communication, and it can share data between CPU modules using serial port 1 and cartridge slots. The FC6A Series MICROSmart can also share data with FC5A Series and FC4A Series CPU modules. Configure the settings in WindLDR to enable distributed control of a maximum of 31 CPU modules.

For details about the data link communication, see "Data Link Communication" on page 7-1.

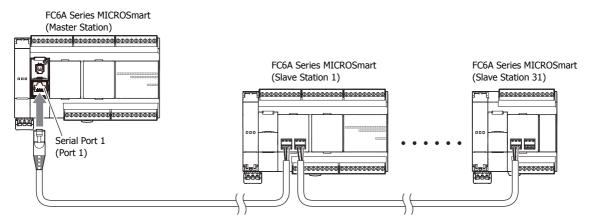
Supported ports

USB Port	Serial Port 1	Ethernet Port 1 and 2	Communication Cartridge ^{*1} and Communication Module	CAN Port
No	Yes	No	Yes	No

*1 Only the RS-232C communication cartridge and RS-485 communication cartridge are supported.

Data Link Communication Using Serial Port 1

This example shows communication between multiple CPU modules with the FC6A Series MICROSmart as the master station. A slave station CPU module is connected to port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



J1939 Communication

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can be connected to a J1939 communication network using the CAN port and it can communicate with other J1939 communication-compatible devices. Messages that conform to the SAE J1939 standard can be sent and received.

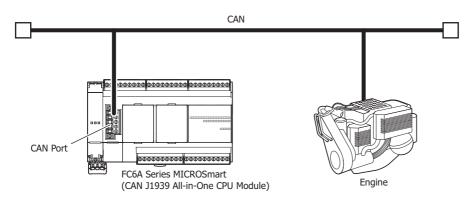
For details on J1939 communication, see "J1939 Communication" on page 8-1.

Supported ports

USB Port	Serial Port 1	Ethernet Port 1 and 2	Communication Cartridge	CAN Port
No	No	No	No	Yes

J1939 Communication Using CAN Port

This example shows the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicating with a J1939-compatible engine. The CAN port of the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module is connected to the engine.



2: DEVICES

This chapter provides detailed descriptions of the allocations of devices such as inputs, outputs, internal relays, registers, timers, and counters that are used in the basic and advanced instructions, as well as details about the allocations of special internal relays and special data registers.

Please use this chapter as a reference for the devices.

Note: The programing and operation of FC6A Series MICROSmart user programs requires specialist knowledge. Take the time to develop a thorough understanding of the contents and programs in this manual before using the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Device Addresses

All-in-One CPU Module/J1939 All-in-One CPU Module

Device	Symbol	Unit		Range (Points)			
Device	Symbol	Unit	16-I/O Type	24-I/O Type	40-I/O Type		
Inputs ^{*1}	I	Bit	I0 - I10	I0 - I15	I0 - I27		
Inputs -	1	DIL	(9 points)	(14 points)	(24 points)		
			I30 - I187	I30 - I307	I30 - I307		
			(128 points)	(224 points)	(224 points)		
Expansion Inputs ^{*1}	I	Bit	I190 - I507 ^{*2}	I310 - I627 ^{*3}	I310 - I627 ^{*3}		
Expansion inputs	1	DIL	(256 points)	(256 points)	(256 points)		
			I630 - I633 ^{*4}	I630 - I633 ^{*4}	I630 - I637 ^{*4}		
			(4 points)	(4 points)	(8 points)		
Output ^{*1}	0	Bit	Q0 - Q6	Q0 - Q11	Q0 - Q17		
υμμαι	Q	DIL	(7 points)	(10 points)	(16 points)		
			Q30 - Q187	Q30 - Q307	Q30 - Q307		
			(128 points)	(224 points)	(224 points)		
Expansion Outputs ^{*1}	0	D:+	Q190 - Q507 ^{*2}	Q310 - Q627 ^{*3}	Q310 - Q627 ^{*3}		
Expansion Outputs	Q	Bit	(256 points)	(256 points)	(256 points)		
			Q630 - Q633 ^{*4}	Q630 - Q633 ^{*4}	Q630 - Q637 ^{*4}		
			(4 points)	(4 points)	(8 points)		
				M0 - M7997			
Tetemal Dalas *1		D:+	(6,400 points)				
Internal Relay ^{*1}	М	Bit		M10000 - M17497			
				(6,000 points)			
Special Internal Relay ^{*1}	м	Bit		M8000 - M8317			
Special Internal Relay	IM	DIL		(256 points)			
Shift Dogistor	R	Bit		R0 - R255			
Shift Register	ĸ	DIL		(256 points)			
Timor	т	Pit/Mord		T0 - T1023			
Timer		Bit/Word		(1,024 points)			
Countor	С	Dit/Mond		C0 - C511			
Counter	L	Bit/Word		(512 points)			
				D0000 - D7999			
Data Degister			(8,000 points)				
Data Register	D	Bit/Word	D10000 to D55999				
				(46,000 points)			
Creasial Data Desister		Dit/Mond		D8000 - D8499			
Special Data Register	D	Bit/Word		(500 points)			

*1 The least significant digit of the device address is an octal number (0 to 7).

*2 I190 to I507 and Q190 to Q507 are devices that can only be used when expansion modules are connected at the expansion interface side using the expansion interface module (expander).

*3 I310 to I627 and Q310 to Q627 are devices that can only be used when expansion modules are connected at the expansion interface side using the expansion interface module (expander).

*4 I630 to I637 and Q630 to Q637 are devices that can be used only when I/O cartridges are connected.

Plus CPU module

Device	Sumbal	Unit	Range (Points)		
Device	Symbol	Unit	Plus 16-I/O Type	Plus 32-I/O Type	
Inputs ^{*1}	I	Bit	I0 - I7	I0 - I17	
Inputs	-	Dit	(8 points)	(16 points)	
				1307	
				points)	
				I627 ^{*2}	
Expansion Inputs ^{*1}	I	Bit		points)	
				I643 ^{*3}	
				oints)	
				I10597 ^{*4}	
				points)	
Output ^{*1}	Q	Bit	Q0 - Q7	Q0 - Q17	
Ουίραι	Q	DIC	(8 points)	(16 points)	
				Q307	
			(224	points)	
		Bit	Q310 -	Q627 ^{*2}	
Expansion Outputs ^{*1}	0		(256	points)	
Expansion Outputs	Q		Q630 -	Q643 ^{*3}	
			(12 p	oints)	
				Q10597 ^{*4}	
			(2,016	points)	
			M0 - 1	47997	
• · · • *1		D ''	(6,400 points)		
Internal Relay ^{*1}	м	Bit	M10000 - M21247		
			(9,000	points)	
a					
Special Internal Relay ^{*1}	М	Bit	(1,600	points)	
	_		R0 -	R255	
Shift Register	R	Bit	(256)	points)	
			T0 -	Г1999	
Timer	Т	Bit/Word	(2,000	points)	
<u> </u>		D:: () ()		C511	
Counter	С	Bit/Word	(512	points)	
			D0000	- D7999	
Data Dasistan		Dit (M/s -1	(8,000	points)	
Data Register	D	Bit/Word	D10000	- D61999	
) points)	
Non-retentive Data			D70000 -	D269999 ^{*5}	
Register D Word		Word	(200,000 points)		
				- D8899	
Special Data Register	D	Bit/Word	(900 points)		
**				P15	
Index Register ^{*6}	Р	2 words		oints)	

*1 The least significant digit of the device address is an octal number (0 to 7).

*2 I1310 to I627 and Q310 to Q627 are devices that can only be used when expansion modules are connected at the expansion interface side using the expansion interface module (expander). (Node 0)

*3 I630 to I643 and Q630 to Q643 are devices that can be used only when I/O cartridges are connected.

*4 I1000 to I10597 and Q1000 to Q10597 are devices that can be used only when expansion modules are connected using the expansion interface modules (remote master and slaves) and the expansion interface modules (expander). (Node 1 to 10)

*5 D70000 to D269999 cannot be designated as "Keep." Data register values are kept when you switch the PLC from Stop to Run, but those values are cleared at power up.

*6 The data type that can be used is L (Long) only.



Inputs (I), Expansion Inputs (I)

Devices that input on/off information from external devices to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

- Outputs (Q), Expansion Outputs (Q)
 Devices that output on/off information from the FC6A Series MICROSmart to external devices.
- Internal Relays (M)

Bit devices used internally on the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Special Internal Relays (M)

Bit devices used internally on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Special functions are assigned to each bit.

Shift Registers (R)

Bit devices that are used with the SFR instruction and the SFRN instruction. The bit sequence of the data is shifted according to pulse input.

Timer (T)

Timers used internally in the FC6A Series MICROSmart. There are three devices: Timer bits (symbol: T, unit: bit), timer preset values (symbol: TP, unit: word), and timer current values (symbol: TC, unit: word).

These can be used as an on-delay timer or an off-delay timer. For details on timers (T), see Chapter 3 "Using Timer or Counter as Source Device" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

Counters (C)

Counters used internally in the FC6A Series MICROSmart. There are three devices: Counter bits (symbol: C, unit: bit), counter preset values (symbol: CP, unit: word), and counter current values (symbol: CC, unit: word). These can be used as an adding counter or a reversible counter. For details on counters (C), see Chapter 3 "Using Timer or Counter as Source Device" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

Data Registers (D)

Word devices that are used for writing numerical data internally in the FC6A Series MICROSmart. These can also be used as bit devices.

Special Data Registers (D)

Word devices that are used for writing numerical data internally in the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Special functions are assigned to each data register. These can also be used as bit devices.

Notes:

- Although the device symbol for internal relays (M0000 to M7997, M10000 to M21247) and special internal relays (M8000 to M9997) is the same ("M"), the device characteristics are different. Special functions are assigned to each bit of the special internal relays.
- Although the device symbol for the data registers (D0000 to D7999, D10000 to D61999, D70000 to D269999) and special data registers (D8000 to D8899) is the same ("D"), the device characteristics are different. Special functions are assigned to each special data register.

Special Internal Relay

Special Internal Relay Device Addresses

Warning

Do not write to data in the area marked as reserved in the special internal relays list. Otherwise the system may not operate correctly.

Note: R/W is an abbreviation for read/write.

The notation for the R/W field is as follows.

R/W: The device can be both read from and written to

- R: Read-only
- W: Write-only

Device Address	Desc	ription	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8000	Start Control		Maintained	Maintained	R/W
M8001	1-s Clock Reset		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8002	All Outputs OFF		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8003	Carry (Cy) or Borrow (Bw)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8004	User Program Execution Error		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8005	Communication Error		Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8006	Communication Prohibited Flag (When	n Data Link Master)	Maintained	Maintained	R/W
M8007	Initialization Flag (When Data Link Ma Data Link Slave)	ster)/Stop Communication Flag (When	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8010	Status LED Operation		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8011 M8012	— Reserved —		_	_	_
M8013	Calendar/Clock Data Write/Adjust Erro	or Flag	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8014	Calendar/Clock Data Read Error Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8015	- Reserved -		_	_	_
M8016	Calendar Data Write Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8017	Clock Data Write Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8020	Calendar/Clock Data Write Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8021	Clock Data Adjust Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8022	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 1)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8023	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 2)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8024	BMOV/WSFT Executing Flag		Maintained	Maintained	R/W
M8025	Maintain Outputs While Stopped		Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8026	User Communication Receive Instruct	on Cancel Flag (Port 3)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8027		Count Direction Flag	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8030		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8031	High-speed Counter (Group 1/I0)	Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8032	-	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8033	User Communication Receive Instruct	on Cancel Flag (Port 4)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8034		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8035	High-speed Counter (Group 3/I3)	Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8036	-	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8037	— Reserved —		_	_	_
M8040		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8041	High-speed Counter (Group 4/I4)	Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8042	1	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8043		Count Direction Flag	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8044		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8045	High-speed Counter (Group 5/I6)	Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8046	1	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8047 M8050	— Reserved —		-	_	_

Device Address	Dese	cription	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8051		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8052		Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8053	High-speed Counter (Group 2/I1)	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8054		Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8055		Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8056	— Reserved —		—	_	_
M8057		Comparison Output Reset	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8060		Gate Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8061	High-speed Counter (Group 6/I7)	Reset Input	Maintained	Cleared	R/W
M8062		Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8063	-	Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8064 to M8067	— Reserved —		-	_	_
M8070	SD Memory Card Mount Status		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8071	Accessing SD Memory Card		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8072	Unmount SD Memory Card		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8073	Function Switch Status		Operating	Cleared	R
M8074	Battery Voltage Measurement Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8075 to M8077	Battery voltage Measurement Flag		—	_	_
M8077 M8080	Data Link Slave 1 Communication Cor	nnleted Relay (When Data Link Mactor)	Operating	Cleared	R
M8080	Data Link Slave 1 Communication Completed Relay (When Data Link Master)			Cleared	
	Data Link Slave 2 Communication Completed Relay		Operating		R
M8082	Data Link Slave 3 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8083	Data Link Slave 4 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8084	Data Link Slave 5 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8085	Data Link Slave 6 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8086	Data Link Slave 7 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8087	Data Link Slave 8 Communication Cor		Operating	Cleared	R
M8090	Data Link Slave 9 Communication Cor		Operating	Cleared	R
M8091	Data Link Slave 10 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8092	Data Link Slave 11 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8093	Data Link Slave 12 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8094	Data Link Slave 13 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8095	Data Link Slave 14 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8096	Data Link Slave 15 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8097	Data Link Slave 16 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8100	Data Link Slave 17 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8101	Data Link Slave 18 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8102	Data Link Slave 19 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8103	Data Link Slave 20 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8104	Data Link Slave 21 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8105	Data Link Slave 22 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8106	Data Link Slave 23 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8107	Data Link Slave 24 Communication Co		Operating	Cleared	R
M8110	Data Link Slave 25 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8111	Data Link Slave 26 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8112	Data Link Slave 27 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8113	Data Link Slave 28 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8114	Data Link Slave 29 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8115	Data Link Slave 30 Communication Completed Relay		Operating	Cleared	R
M8116	Data Link Slave 31 Communication Co	ompleted Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8117	Data Link All Slaves Communication C	Completed Relay	Operating	Cleared	R
M8120	Initialize Pulse		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8121	1-s Clock		Operating	Cleared	R
	100-ms Clock		Operating	Cleared	R

Device Address	Descri	ption	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8123	10-ms Clock		Operating	Cleared	R
M8124	Timer/Counter Preset Value Changed		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8125	In-operation Output		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8126	1 Scan ON After Run-Time Download Co	mpletes	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8127	— Reserved —		_	—	
M8130		Reset Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8131	High-speed Counter (Group 1/I0)	Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8132	— Reserved —		_	—	
M8133	High-speed Counter (Group 3/I3)	Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8134	High-speed Counter (Group 4/I4)	Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8135		Reset Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8136	High-speed Counter (Group 5/I6)	Comparison ON Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8137	Interrupt Input I0 Status (Group 1/I0)		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8140	Interrupt Input I1 Status (Group 2/I1)		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8141	Interrupt Input I3 Status (Group 3/I3)	(ON: Allowed, OFF: Prohibited)	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8142	Interrupt Input I4 Status (Group 4/I4)	1	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8143	Interrupt Input I6 Status (Group 5/I6)	-	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8144	Timer Interrupt Status		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8145		User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 5)		Cleared	R/W
M8146	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 6)		Cleared Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8147	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 7)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8150	Comparison Result 1		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8151	Comparison Result 2		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8152	Comparison Result 3		Maintained	Cleared	R
M8153		Group 1/I0	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8154		Group 2/I1	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8155	-	Group 3/I3	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8156	- Catch Input ON/OFF Status	Group 4/I4	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8157	-	Group 5/I6	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8157 M8160	-	Group 6/I7	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8161		Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8161 M8162	High-speed Counter (Group 1/I0)	Underflow		Cleared	
M8162 M8163			Maintained		R
	High-speed Counter (Group 5/I6)	Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8164		Underflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8165	High-speed Counter (Group 3/I3)	Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8166	High-speed Counter (Group 4/I4)	Overflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8167	Interrupt Input I7 Status (Group 6/I7)	(ON: Allowed, OFF: Prohibited)	Maintained	Cleread	R
M8170	User Communication Receive Instruction	i Cancel Flag (Port 8)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8171	— Reserved —	Convert	-		
M8172		Group 1	Operating	Cleared	R
M8173	Transistor Source Output Overcurrent	Group 2	Operating	Cleared	R
M8174	Detection	Group 3	Operating	Cleared	R
M8175		Group 4	Operating	Cleared	R
M8176	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 9)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8177 to M8183	- Reserved -		-	-	-
M8184	Change HMI Module Network Settings Trigger		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8185	In Daylight Saving Time Period		Operating	Cleared	R
M8186	Ethernet Port 1 Executing Auto Ping		Operating	Cleared	R
M8187	Ethernet Port 1 Auto Ping Stop Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8190	Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Net	work Settings Trigger	Operating	Cleared	, R/W
	SNTP Acquisition Flag		Operating	Cleared	, R/W

Device Address	Descri	ption	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8192	Interrupt Input I0 Edge		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8193	Interrupt Input I3 Edge		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8194	Interrupt Input I4 Edge	On: Rising Edge	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8195	Interrupt Input I6 Edge	Off: Falling Edge	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8196	Interrupt Input I7 Edge		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8197	Interrupt Input I1 Edge		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8200		Connection 1	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8201		Connection 2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8202		Connection 3	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8203	User Communication Receive	Connection 4	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8204	Instruction Cancel Flag	Connection 5	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8205	-	Connection 6	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8206		Connection 7	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8207	-	Connection 8	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8210	- Reserved -		_	_	_
M8211	HMI Module Send E-mail Server Settings	Initialization	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8212		Connection 1	Operating	Cleared	R
M8213	1	Connection 2	Operating	Cleared	R
M8214	1	Connection 3	Operating	Cleared	R
M8215	Connection Status (ON: Connected, OFF: Not Connected)	Connection 4	Operating	Cleared	R
M8216		Connection 5	Operating	Cleared	R
M8217		Connection 6	Operating	Cleared	R
M8220		Connection 7	Operating	Cleared	R
M8221		Connection 8	Operating	Cleared	R
M8221 M8222					R/W
	-	Connection 1	Operating	Cleared	
M8223		Connection 2	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8224		Connection 3	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8225	Disconnect User Communication	Connection 4	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8226	Connection	Connection 5	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8227	_	Connection 6	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8230		Connection 7	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8231		Connection 8	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8232	HMI Module Connection Information Ref	erence Connection Status	Operating	Cleared	R
M8233 to	— Reserved —		-	_	_
M8247					
M8250	Download from SD Memory Card Execut	5	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8251	Upload to SD Memory Card Execution Fl	ag	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8252	Executing SD Memory Card Download		Operating	Cleared	R
M8253	Executing SD Memory Card Upload		Operating	Cleared	R
M8254	SD Memory Card Download/Upload Exec	• •	Operating	Cleared	R
M8255	SD Memory Card Download/Upload Exec	cution Error Output	Operating	Cleared	R
M8256 M8257	— Reserved —		_	-	_
M8260	Write Recipe Execution Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8261	Read Recipe Execution Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8262	Executing Write Recipe		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8263	Executing Read Recipe		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8264	Recipe Execution Completed Output		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8265	Recipe Execution Error Output		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8266 to M8297	- Reserved -			-	
M8300	J1939 Communication Permitted Flag		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8301	J1939 Online Status		Cleared	Cleared	R
M8302	J1939 Local Station Address Confirmatio	n Status	Cleared	Cleared	R
110002	sessi station naaros conmittatio		Cleared	Cleared	R

Device Address	Descri	ption	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8304	J1939 Communication Bus Off Occurrent	ce Output	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8305 to M8310	— Reserved —		-	_	_
M8311	ESC+Key Input (Up)	ESC+Key Input (🕙)	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8312	ESC+Key Input (Down)	ESC+Key Input (💎)	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8313	ESC+Key Input (Left)	ESC+Key Input (🔍)	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8314	ESC+Key Input (Right)	ESC+Key Input ()	Cleared	Cleared	R
M8315 to	— Reserved —		_	_	_
M8319				_	
M8320	Initialize Expansion Interface Remote Ma	aster/Slave	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8321 to M8330	— Reserved —	— Reserved —		-	-
M8331	Ethernet Port 2 Executing Auto Ping		Operating	Cleared	R
M8332	Ethernet Port 2 Auto Ping Stop Flag		Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8333	Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Net	work Settings Trigger	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8334		Connection 9	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8335	1	Connection 10	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8336	1	Connection 11	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8337	User Communication Receive	Connection 12	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8340	Instruction Cancel Flag	Connection 13	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8341	-	Connection 14	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8342	-	Connection 15	Cleared	Cleared	, R/W
M8343	-	Connection 16	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8344	Ethernet Port 1 Send E-mail Server Setti	nas Initialization	Operating	Cleared	, R/W
M8345		Connection 9	Operating	Cleared	R
M8346		Connection 10	Operating	Cleared	R
M8347		Connection 11	Operating	Cleared	R
M8350	Connection Status	Connection 12	Operating	Cleared	R
M8351	(ON: Connected, OFF: Not Connected)	Connection 13	Operating	Cleared	R
M8352	1	Connection 14	Operating	Cleared	R
M8353	-	Connection 15	Operating	Cleared	R
M8354	-	Connection 16	Operating	Cleared	R
M8355		Connection 9	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8356	-	Connection 10	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8357	-	Connection 11	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8360	Disconnect User Communication	Connection 12	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8361	Connection	Connection 13	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8362		Connection 14	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8363		Connection 15	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8364		Connection 16	Operating	Cleared	R/W
M8365	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 10)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8366	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 11)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8367	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 12)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8370	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 13)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8371	User Communication Receive Instruction	5()	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8372	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 15)	Cleared Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8373	User Communication Receive Instruction	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 16)		Cleared	R/W
M8374	User Communication Receive Instruction	5, ,	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8375	User Communication Receive Instruction	5, ,	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8376	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 19)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8377	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 20)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8380	User Communication Receive Instruction	5, ,	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8381	User Communication Receive Instruction		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8382	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 23)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8383	User Communication Receive Instruction	Cancel Flag (Port 24)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W



Device Address	Desc	cription	When Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8384	User Communication Receive Instructi	on Cancel Flag (Port 25)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8385	User Communication Receive Instructi	on Cancel Flag (Port 26)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8386	User Communication Receive Instructi	on Cancel Flag (Port 27)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8387	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 28)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8390	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 29)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8391	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 30)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8392	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 31)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8393	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 32)		Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8394	User Communication Receive Instructi	on Cancel Flag (Port 33)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8395 to M8597	— Reserved —		_	-	-
M8600		Reset Status	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8601	High-speed Counter (Group 3/I3)	Underflow	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8602		Count Direction Flag	Maintained	Cleared	R
M8603 to M8997	— Reserved —		_	—	_

Supplementary Descriptions of the Special Internal Relays

M8000: Start Control

M8000 controls the run/stop status of the FC6A Series MICROSmart. The CPU is set to run when M8000 is turned on, and the CPU is set to off when M8000 is turned off. See Chapter 1 "Start/Stop Operation" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual". However, the function switch, stop input, and reset input have precedence over start control. M8000 maintains its status when the CPU is powered down. When data to be maintained during a power failure disappears after the CPU has been off for a period longer than the battery backup duration, the CPU restarts operation as selected in Configuration > Run/Stop Control > Run/Stop Selection at Keep Data Error. For details, see Chapter 5 "Run/Stop Selection at Keep Data Error" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

M8001: 1-s Clock Reset

While M8001 is on, M8121 (1-s clock) is always off.

M8002: All Outputs OFF

While M8002 is on, all outputs are off. The self-holding circuit created in the ladder program is also off.

M8003: Carry/Borrow

When a carry (Cy) or borrow (Bw) results from executing an addition or subtraction instruction, M8003 is turned on. For details, see Chapter 3 "Carry and Borrow" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

M8004: User Program Execution Error

When an error occurs while executing a user program, M8004 is turned on. For details on user program execution errors, see Chapter 13 "User Program Execution Error" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

M8005: Communication Error

When an error occurs during data link communication, M8005 is turned on. The state is retained even when the error is cleared.

 M8006: Communication Prohibited Flag (When Data Link Master) During data link communication, communication is stopped while M8006 is on.

■ M8007: Initialization Flag (When Data Link Master)/Stop Communication Flag (When Data Link Slave)

When data link master: When this flag is turned on in the run status, the data link is initialized just once to check the connection status. Use this when the slave configured in the data link is powered at a timing slower than the master.

When data link slave : This flag is turned on when communication from the master is interrupted for 10 s or longer. This flag is turned off when communication can be normally received.

M8010: Status LED Operation

While M8010 is on, the status LED [STAT] is turned on. While off, the status LED [STAT] is turned off.

M8013: Calendar/Clock Data Write/Adjust Error Flag

When the clock writing or clock adjustment processing could not be executed normally, M8013 is turned on. It is turned off when the processing completes normally.



M8014: Calendar/Clock Data Read Error Flag

When an error occurs while calendar/clock data is read from the internal clock to the special data registers (D8008 to D8021), M8014 is turned on. It is turned off when reading completes normally.

M8016: Calendar Data Write Flag

When M8016 is turned on after writing data to the calendar data (write-only) special data registers (D8015 to D8018), the calendar data (year, month, day, day of the week) is written to the internal clock.

M8017: Clock Data Write Flag

When M8017 is turned on after writing data to the clock data (write-only) special data registers (D8019 to D8021), the clock data (hours, minutes, seconds) is written to the internal clock.

M8020: Calendar/Clock Data Write Flag

When M8020 is turned on after writing data to the calendar/clock data (write-only) special data registers (D8015 to D8021), the calendar data (year, month, day, day of the week) and the clock data (hours, minutes, seconds) is written to the internal clock.

M8021: Clock Data Adjust Flag

When M8021 is turned on, the clock is adjusted with respect to seconds.

- When M8021 is turned on, if the seconds are between 0 and 29, the seconds will be set to 0 and the minutes remain the same.
- When M8021 is turned on, if the seconds are between 30 and 59, the seconds will be set to 0 and 1 will be added to the minutes.

M8022: User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 1)

While M8022 is on, user communication (receive instruction) executing on Port 1 is canceled.

M8023: User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 2)

While M8023 is on, user communication (receive instruction) executing on Port 2 is canceled.

M8024: BMOV/WSFT Executing Flag

While the WSFT (word shift) instruction or the BMOV (block move) instruction is executing, M8024 is turned on. When completed, M8024 is turned off.

M8025: Maintain Outputs While Stopped

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is stopped while running with M8025 turned on, the outputs maintain their runtime status. When set to run again, M8025 is automatically turned off.

M8026: User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 3)

While M8026 is on, user communication (receive instruction) executing on Port 3 is canceled.

M8033, M8145 to M8147, M8170, M8176, M8365 to M8394: User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 4 to 33)

While these flags are on, user communication (receive instruction) being executed on the corresponding port is canceled.

- M8033 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 4)
- M8145 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 5)
- M8146 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 6)
- M8147 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 7)
- M8170 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 8)
- M8176 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 9)
- M8365 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 10)
- M8366 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 11)
- M8367 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 12)
- M8370 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 13)
- M8371 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 14)
- M8372 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 15)
- M8373 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 16)
- M8374 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 17)
- M8375 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 18)
- M8376 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 19)
- M8377 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 20)
- M8380 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 21)
- M8381 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 22)
- M8382 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 23)

- M8383 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 24)
- M8384 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 25)
- M8385 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 26)
- M8386 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 27)
- M8387 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 28)
- M8390 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 29)
- M8391 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 30)
- M8392 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 31)
- M8393 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 32)
- M8394 = User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 33)
- M8027 to M8032, M8034 to M8036, M8040 to M8046, M8051 to M8055, M8057 to M8063, M8130, M8131, M8133 to M8136, M8161 to M8167, M8600 to M8602: Special Internal Relays for High-speed Counter

Special internal relays used for the high-speed counter. For details, see Chapter 5 "High-Speed Counter" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

M8027 to M8032, M8130, M8131, M8161, M8162 = High-speed counter (group 1/I0) M8034 to M8036, M8133, M8165, M8600 to M8602 = High-speed counter (group 3/I3) M8040 to M8042, M8134, M8166 = High-speed counter (group 4/I4) M8043 to M8046, M8135, M8136, M8163, M8164 = High-speed counter (group 5/I6) M8051 to M8055 = High-speed counter (group 2/I1)

M8057 to M8063 = High-speed counter (group 6/I7)

M8070: SD Memory Card Mount Status

When an SD memory card is inserted in the FC6A Series MICROSmart and it has been recognized and can be used, M8070 is turned on. M8070 is turned off if no SD memory card has been inserted or if it is not recognized.

M8071: Accessing SD Memory Card

M8071 is turned on while the SD memory card is being accessed. It is turned off when access has finished.

M8072: Unmount SD Memory Card

When M8072 is turned on, access to the SD memory card is stopped. To make an SD memory card accessible that has had access to it stopped, insert the card once again.

M8073: Function Switch Status

This relay indicates the status of the function switch on the front of the CPU module. M8073 is on when the function switch is 1. M8073 is off when the function switch is 0.

M8074: Battery Voltage Measurement Flag

This relay indicates the battery voltage measurement status of the backup battery. When M8074 is turned on, the battery voltage starts being measured, and it is turned off when the measurement has finished.

M8080 to M8117: Data Link Communication Completed Relay

Special internal relays used for data link communication. For details, see "Data Link Communication" on page 7-1.

M8120: Initialize Pulse

When operation (RUN) starts, M8120 is turned on for a period of one scan.



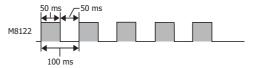
M8121: 1-s Clock

While M8001 is off, M8121 generates clock pulses in a 1 s cycle, with a duty ratio of 1:1 (500 ms on and 500 ms off).



M8122: 100-ms Clock

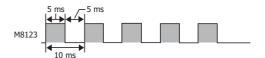
M8122 generates clock pulses in a 100 ms cycle, with a duty ratio of 1:1 (50 ms on and 50 ms off).





M8123: 10-ms Clock

M8123 generates clock pulses in a 10 ms cycle, with a duty ratio of 1:1 (5 ms on and 5 ms off).



M8124: Timer/Counter Preset Value Changed

When timer or counter preset values are changed, M8124 is turned on. When a user program is transferred or when the changed data is cleared, M8124 is turned off.

M8125: In-operation Output

M8125 is on during the run status.

M8126: Scan ON After Run-Time Download Completes

When the user program is changed during the run status (run-time download), after the download completes, M8126 is turned on for one scan only when the user program starts operation.

M8137 to M8143, M8167: Interrupt Input Status

These relays are turned on when the corresponding user interrupt is allowed. These relays are turned off when the user interrupt is prohibited.

M8137 = Interrupt input I0 status

M8140 = Interrupt input I1 status

M8141 = Interrupt input I3 status

M8142 = Interrupt input I4 status

M8143 = Interrupt input I6 status M8167 = Interrupt input I7 status

M8144: Timer Interrupt Status

When the timer interrupt is allowed, M8144 is turned on. When the timer interrupt is prohibited, M8144 is turned off.

M8150 to M8152: Comparison Result

M8150 to M8152 turn on according to the comparison results of the CMP= (Compare(=)) instruction and the ICMP>= (Interval Compare) instruction.

For details, see Chapter 6 "Special Internal Relays M8150, M8151, and M8152 in ICMP>=" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

M8153 to M8160: Catch Input ON/OFF Status

When the rising or falling input edge of the input contact specified as the catch input is detected during a scan, the input contact status is captured. The detectable edges are once per scan.

M8153 = Group 1/I0 status

M8154 = Group 2/I1 status

M8155 = Group 3/I3 status

M8156 = Group 4/I4 status

M8157 = Group 5/I6 status

M8160 = Group 6/I7 status

M8172 to M8175: Transistor Source Output Overcurrent Detection

When overcurrent output occurs in a transistor protection source output on the CPU module, a special internal relay (M8172 to M8175) is turned on. The following special internal relays have been allocated with four outputs set as one group. If overcurrent output occurs in any of the special internal relays, it is turned on.

Even if the overcurrent output has been cleared, these special internal relays are not reset to off. To reset a special internal relay to off, create programming to do so in the ladder program.

M8172 = Group 1 (Q0 to Q3) status

M8173 = Group 2 (Q4 to Q7) status

M8174 = Group 3 (Q10 to Q13) status

M8175 = Group 4 (Q14 to Q17) status

M8184: Change HMI Module Network Settings Trigger

When M8184 is turned on, the values stored in D8437 to D8456 are set as the HMI module IP address. The IP address is not set just by changing the values of D8437 to D8456. For details on changing the HMI module network settings, see "Network settings by HMI module special data registers" on page 3-6.

M8185: In Daylight Saving Time Period

When the daylight saving time function is enabled, M8185 is on during the daylight saving time period. When outside of the daylight saving time period, M8185 is off.

When the daylight saving time function is disabled, M8185 is off.

M8186: Ethernet Port 1 Executing Auto Ping

M8186 is on when the auto ping on Ethernet port 1 is operating. M8186 is off when auto ping is stopped. For details on auto ping, see "Auto Ping Function" on page 3-20.

M8187: Ethernet Port 1 Auto Ping Stop Flag

While M8187 is on, the auto ping on Ethernet port 1 is stopped. While M8187 is off, auto ping is executed. At that time, auto ping is executed from the smallest remote host number specified in the remote host list, regardless of the previous end status.

■ M8190: Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Network Settings Trigger

When M8190 is turned on, the values stored in D8304 to D8323 are set as the IP address of Ethernet port 1 on the CPU module. The IP address is not set just by changing the values of D8304 to D8323. For details on changing the IP address of Ethernet port 1 on the CPU module, see "Network settings by special data registers" on page 3-4.

M8191: SNTP Acquisition Flag

When M8191 is turned on, the time information is acquired from the SNTP server.

M8192 to M8197: Interrupt Input Edge

These relays turn on when an interrupt occurs with the rising edge of an interrupt input. They turn off when an interrupt occurs with the falling edge of an interrupt input.

- M8192 = Interrupt input I0 edge
- M8193 = Interrupt input I3 edge
- M8194 = Interrupt input I4 edge
- M8195 = Interrupt input I6 edge
- M8196 = Interrupt input I7 edge
- M8197 = Interrupt input I1 edge

M8200 to M8207, M8334 to M8343: User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag

When M8200 to M8207 or M8334 to M8343 are turned on, the user communication receive instruction being executed is stopped.

- M8200 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 1
- M8201 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 2
- M8202 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 3
- M8203 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 4
- M8204 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 5
- M8205 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 6
- M8206 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 7 M8207 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 8
- M8334 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 9
- M8335 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 10
- M8336 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 11
- M8337 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 12
- M8340 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 13
- M8341 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 14
- M8342 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 15
- M8343 = User communication receive instruction being executed on client connection 16

M8211: HMI Module Send E-mail Server Settings Initialization

When M8211 is turned on, the settings for the send E-mail server on the HMI-Ethernet port are initialized.

M8212 to M8221, M8345 to M8354: Connection Status

While connected to a network device via the maintenance communication server, user communication server/client, or Modbus TCP server/client, the connection status is turned on. While not connected to a network device, the connection status is turned off.

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{M8212} = \mathsf{Connection 1} \\ \mathsf{M8213} = \mathsf{Connection 2} \\ \mathsf{M8214} = \mathsf{Connection 3} \\ \mathsf{M8215} = \mathsf{Connection 4} \\ \mathsf{M8216} = \mathsf{Connection 5} \\ \mathsf{M8217} = \mathsf{Connection 6} \\ \mathsf{M8220} = \mathsf{Connection 7} \\ \mathsf{M8221} = \mathsf{Connection 8} \\ \mathsf{M8345} = \mathsf{Connection 9} \\ \mathsf{M8346} = \mathsf{Connection 10} \\ \mathsf{M8347} = \mathsf{Connection 11} \\ \mathsf{M8350} = \mathsf{Connection 12} \\ \mathsf{M8351} = \mathsf{Connection 13} \\ \mathsf{M8352} = \mathsf{Connection 14} \\ \mathsf{M8353} = \mathsf{Connection 15} \\ \end{array}$

M8354 = Connection 16

M8222 to M8231, M8355 to M8364: Disconnect User Communication Connection

When connected to a remote host via user communication, the corresponding connection is disconnected when M8222 to M8231 is turned on.

- $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{M8222} = \mathsf{Connection 1} \\ \mathsf{M8223} = \mathsf{Connection 2} \\ \mathsf{M8224} = \mathsf{Connection 3} \\ \mathsf{M8225} = \mathsf{Connection 4} \\ \mathsf{M8226} = \mathsf{Connection 5} \\ \mathsf{M8227} = \mathsf{Connection 6} \\ \mathsf{M8230} = \mathsf{Connection 7} \\ \mathsf{M8231} = \mathsf{Connection 8} \\ \mathsf{M8355} = \mathsf{Connection 9} \\ \mathsf{M8356} = \mathsf{Connection 10} \\ \mathsf{M8357} = \mathsf{Connection 11} \end{array}$
- M8360 = Connection 12
- M8361 = Connection 13
- M8362 = Connection 14
- M8363 = Connection 15
- M8364 = Connection 16

These relays are enabled only when a user communication client is used.

M8232: HMI Module Connection Information Reference Connection Status

M8232 is turned on when there is a connection with the connection number specified by D8429. M8232 is turned off when there is no connection.

M8250: Download from SD Memory Card Execution Flag

When M8250 is turned on, a ZLD file is downloaded from the SD memory card. The file that will be downloaded is the ZLD file specified in the autoexec.ini file.

M8251: Upload to SD Memory Card Execution Flag

When M8251 is turned on, a ZLD file is uploaded to the SD memory card. A ZLD file is created with the file name specified in the autoexec.ini file.

M8252: Executing SD Memory Card Download

M8252 is turned on when starting execution of the download from the SD memory card, and when the download has completed, it is turned off.



M8253: Executing SD Memory Card Upload

M8253 is turned on when starting execution of the upload to the SD memory card, and when the upload has completed, it is turned off.

M8254: SD Memory Card Download/Upload Execution Completed Output

M8254 is turned off when starting execution of the download from the SD memory card or the upload to the SD memory card, and when the download or upload has completed, it is turned on.

- M8255: SD Memory Card Download/Upload Execution Error Output
 M8255 is updated when execution of the download from the SD memory card or the upload to the SD memory card has completed. M8255 is turned on when D8255 (Download/Upload Execution Status) is a value other than 0.
- M8260: Write Recipe Execution Flag
 When M8260 is turned on, write recipe is executed.
- M8261: Read Recipe Execution Flag When M8261 is turned on, read recipe is executed.
- M8262: Executing Write Recipe

M8262 is turned on when the write recipe processing starts, and it is turned off when the processing has completed. M8262 also is turned off when read recipe processing starts.

M8263: Executing Read Recipe

M8263 is turned on when the read recipe processing starts, and it is turned off when the processing has completed. M8263 also is turned off when write recipe processing starts.

M8264: Recipe Execution Completed Output M8264 is turned off when starting to read or write a recipe, and it is turned on when reading or writing a recipe has completed.

M8265: Recipe Execution Error Output

M8265 is turned on when recipe execution has completed and D8264 (Recipe Execution Status) is a value other than 0. For details on recipes, see Chapter 11 "Recipe Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

M8300 to M8304: J1939 Communication

Special data registers used in J1939 communication. For details, see "J1939 Communication" on page 8-1.

M8311 to M8314: Key Input Status

While the ESC button and direction buttons on the HMI module are simultaneously pressed, the corresponding special internal relays are turned on. When the keys are not pressed, the relays are turned off.

M8311 = ESC key + Up (🏝) key

M8312 = ESC key + Down () key

M8313 = ESC key + Left (<) key

M8314 = ESC key + Right () key

M8320: Initialize Expansion Interface Remote Master/Slave

When M8320 is turned on, expansion interface remote master and slave modules along with the expansion modules that are connected to the expansion interface remote slave modules are initialized. One the initialization is finished, M8320 is automatically turned off and the I/O refresh at the expansion interface remote slave modules will resume.

M8331: Ethernet Port 2 Executing Auto Ping

M8331 is on when the auto ping on Ethernet port 2 is operating. M8331 is off when auto ping is stopped. For details on auto ping, see "Auto Ping Function" on page 3-20.

M8332: Ethernet Port 2 Auto Ping Stop Flag

While M8332 is on, the auto ping on Ethernet port 2 is stopped. While M8332 is off, auto ping is executed. At that time, auto ping is executed from the smallest remote host number specified in the remote host list, regardless of the previous end status.

M8333: Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Network Settings Trigger

When M8333 is turned on, the values stored in D8631 to D8650 are set as the IP address of Ethernet port 2 on the CPU module. The IP address is not set just by changing the values of D8631 to D8650. For details on changing the IP address of Ethernet port 2 on the CPU module, see "Network settings by special data registers" on page 3-4.

M8344: Ethernet Port 1 Send E-mail Server Settings Initialization

When M8344 is turned on, the settings for the send E-mail server on the Ethernet port 1 are initialized.

Special Data Register

Special Data Register Device Addresses

Warning

Do not write to data in the area marked as reserved in the special data registers list. Otherwise the system may not operate correctly.

Note: R/W is an abbreviation for read/write.

The notation for the R/W field is as follows.

R/W: The device can be both read from and written to

R: Read-only

W: Write-only

Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8000	Quantity of Inputs		When I/O initialized	R
D8001	Quantity of Outputs		When I/O initialized	R
D8002	CPU Module Type Information		Power-up	R
D8003 D8004	— Reserved —		-	-
D8005	General Error Code		When error occurred	R/W
D8006	User Program Execution Error Cod	le	When error occurred	R
D8007	— Reserved —		-	-
D8008		Year	Every 500 ms	R
D8009		Month	Every 500 ms	R
D8010		Day	Every 500 ms	R
D8011	Calendar/Clock Current Data	Day of the Week	Every 500 ms	R
D8012	(Read only)	Hour	Every 500 ms	R
D8013		Minute	Every 500 ms	R
D8014		Second	Every 500 ms	R
D8015		Year	_	W
D8016		Month	_	W
D8017	Calendar/Clock New Data (Write only)	Day	_	W
D8018		Day of the Week	_	W
D8019		Hour	_	W
D8020		Minute	_	W
D8021		Second	_	W
D8022		Constant Scan Time Preset Value (1 to 1,000 ms)	_	W
D8023		Scan Time Current Value (ms)	Every scan	R
D8024	Scan Time Data	Scan Time Maximum Value (ms)	At occurrence	R
D8025		Scan Time Minimum Value (ms)	At occurrence	R
D8026	Communication Mode Information	(Port 1 to Port 3)	Every scan	R
D8027 D8028	— Reserved —		-	-
D8029	System Software Version		Power-up	R
D8030	Communication Cartridge Informa	tion	Power-up	R
D8031	Optional Device Connection Inform	nation	Power-up	R
D8032	Interrupt Input Jump Destination	Label No. (I1)	-	R/W
D8033	Interrupt Input Jump Destination	Label No. (I3)	-	R/W
D8034	Interrupt Input Jump Destination	Label No. (I4)	-	R/W
D8035	Interrupt Input Jump Destination	Label No. (I6)	-	R/W
D8036	Timer Interrupt Jump Destination	Label No.	-	R/W
D8037	Number of Connected I/O Module	S	When I/O initialized	R
D8038 D8039	— Reserved —		-	_
D8040	Slave Number (Port 4)		-	R/W
D8041	Slave Number (Port 5)		-	, R/W
D8042	Slave Number (Port 6)		-	R/W
D8043	Slave Number (Port 7)			R/W



Device Address	Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8044	Slave Number (Port 8)	—	R/W
D8045	Slave Number (Port 9)	_	R/W
D8046 to	- Reserved -	_	_
D8051 D8052	J1939 Communication Error Code	Every scan	R/W
D8053 to	— Reserved —		_
D8055			
D8056	Battery Voltage		R
D8057	Analog Volume (AIO)	Every scan	R
D8058	Built-in Analog Input (AI1)	Every scan	R
D8059	Analog Input Status AIO	Every scan	R
D8060	Analog Input Status AI1	Every scan	R
D8061 to D8066	— Reserved —	-	-
D8067	Backlight ON Time	-	R/W
D8068	— Reserved —	-	Ι
D8069	Slave 1 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode) Slave Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Slave Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8070	Slave 2 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8071	Slave 3 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8072	Slave 4 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8073	Slave 5 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8074	Slave 6 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8075	Slave 7 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8076	Slave 8 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8077	Slave 9 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8078	Slave 10 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8079	Slave 11 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8080	Slave 12 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8081	Slave 13 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8082	Slave 14 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8083	Slave 15 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8084	Slave 16 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8085	Slave 17 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8086	Slave 18 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8087	Slave 19 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8088	Slave 20 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8089	Slave 21 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8090	Slave 22 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8091	Slave 23 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8092	Slave 24 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8093	Slave 25 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8094	Slave 26 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8095	Slave 27 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8096	Slave 28 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8097	Slave 29 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8098	Slave 30 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8099	Slave 31 Communication Status/Error (When Data Link Master Mode)	When error occurred	R
D8100	Slave Number (Port 1)	—	R/W
D8101	— Reserved —	_	-
D8102	Slave Number (Port 2)	_	R/W
D8103	Slave Number (Port 3)	_	R/W
D8104	Control Signal Status (Port 1 to 5)	Every scan	R
D8105	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 1 to 5)	Every scan	R/W
D8106	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 1 to 5)	Every scan	R/W

Device Address			Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8107 to	— Reserved —			_	<u> </u>
D8119	Reserved				
D8120	HMI Module Inform	nation	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8121			System Software Version	—	R
D8122	Cartridge Slot 1 In	formation	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8123	5		System Software Version	—	R
D8124	Cartridge Slot 2 In	formation	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8125			System Software Version	—	R
D8126	Cartridge Slot 3 In	formation	Type ID/Status		R
D8127 D8128 to			System Software Version		R
D812810 D8169	— Reserved —			-	-
D8170	Analog I/O Cartride			Every scan	R
D8171	Analog I/O Cartride			Every scan	R
D8171	Analog I/O Cartride		2	Every scan	R
D8173	Analog I/O Cartride			Every scan	R
D8174	Analog I/O Cartride			Every scan	R
D8175	Analog I/O Cartrid	5 C		Every scan	R
D8176	Analog I/O Cartride	<i>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </i>	14	Every scan	R
D8177	Analog I/O Cartride	ge Status AI5/AQ	5	Every scan	R
D8178	Analog I/O Cartride	ge I/O AI6/AQ6		Every scan	R
D8179	Analog I/O Cartride	ge I/O AI7/AQ7		Every scan	R
D8180	Analog I/O Cartride	ge Status AI6/AQ	06	Every scan	R
D8181	Analog I/O Cartride	ge Status AI7/AQ	27	Every scan	R
D8182 to	— Reserved —			-	_
D8191		Lish Mand		F	
D8192		High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I1) Current	Every scan	R
D8193 D8194	High-speed	Low Word High Word	Value	Every scan	R R/W
D8194	Counter	Low Word	Preset Value		R/W
D8196	(Group 2/I1)	High Word		_	R/W
D8197		Low Word	Reset Value	_	R/W
D8198		High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I7) Current	Every scan	R
D8199	-	Low Word	Value	Every scan	R
D8200	High-speed	High Word		_	R/W
D8201	Counter	Low Word	Preset Value	_	R/W
D8202	(Group 6/I7)	High Word		_	R/W
D8203		Low Word	– Reset Value	_	R/W
D8204	Control Signal Stat	us (Port 6 to 9)		Every scan	R
D8205	RS232C DSR Input	: Control Signal C	option (Port 6 to 9)	Every scan	R/W
D8206	RS232C DTR Outp	ut Control Signal	Option (Port 6 to 9)	Every scan	R/W
D8207 to	— Reserved —			_	-
D8209			Current Value/Engrand Manager (10) C	Even eer	_
D8210	High-speed	High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I0) Current Value	Every scan	R
D8211	Counter	Low Word High Word	Value	Every scan	R
D8212 D8213	(Group 1/I0)	Low Word	Preset Value		R/W R/W
D8213 D8214	Interrupt Input Jur		l abel No. (IZ)		R/W
D8214 D8215	Interrupt Input Jur	•			R/W
D8215	High-speed	High Word			R/W
D8210	Counter	Low Word	Reset Value		R/W
	(Group 1/I0)				-
D8218	High-speed	High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I3) Current	Every scan	R
D8219	Counter	Low Word	Value	Every scan	R
D8220	(Group 3/I3)	High Word	Preset Value	—	R/W
D8221		Low Word		—	R/W



Address			Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8222	likele en et d	High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I4) Current	Every scan	R
D8223	High-speed	Low Word	Value	Every scan	R
D8224	Counter (Group 4/I4)	High Word	Duppert Velue	_	R/W
D8225	(Group 4/14)	Low Word	- Preset Value	_	R/W
D8226		High Word	Current Value/Frequency Measurement (I6) Current	Every scan	R
D8227	High-speed	Low Word	Value	Every scan	R
D8228	Counter (Group 5/I6)	High Word		_	R/W
D8229	(Group 5/10)	Low Word	Preset Value	_	R/W
D8230	B				
D8231	— Reserved —			-	-
D8232	High-speed Counter	High Word	Reset Value	_	R/W
D8233	(Group 5/I6)	Low Word		_	R/W
D8234	High-speed	High Word		-	R/W
D8235	Counter	Low Word	Reset Value	_	R/W
	(Group 3/I3)				-
D8236	High-speed Counter	High Word	Reset Value	-	R/W
D8237	(Group 4/I4)	Low Word		_	R/W
D8238	— Reserved —			_	
D8230	Absolute Position Co	ontrol Statuc		Every scan	R
D8239		High Word		Every scan	R
D8240	Absolute Position Counter 1	Low Word	Absolute Position		R
D8241		High Word		Every scan	R
	Absolute Position Counter 2	Low Word	Absolute Position	Every scan	R
D8243				Every scan	
D8244	Absolute Position	High Word	Absolute Position	Every scan	R
D8245	Counter 3	Low Word		Every scan	R
D8246	Absolute Position	High Word	Absolute Position	Every scan	R
D8247	Counter 4	Low Word		Every scan	R
D8248	- Reserved -			-	-
D8249	Dead CD Memory Cr	and Canadity		Even veen	D
D8250	Read SD Memory Ca			Every scan	R
D8251	Read SD Memory Ca	ard Free Capaci	Σγ	Every scan	R
D8252 D8253	— Reserved —			-	-
D8254	SD Memory Card Do	ownload/Upload	Execution Information	When processing has completed	R
D8255	SD Memory Card Do	ownload/Upload	Execution Status	When processing has completed	R
	— Reserved —			-	_
D8256 to D8359					
	Recipe Block Numbe	er		_	R/W
D8359	Recipe Block Number			— When recipe execution has completed	R/W R
D8359 D8260		ock Number		has completed When recipe execution	
D8260 D8261	Recipe Execution Bl	ock Number nannel No.		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution	R
D8359 D8260 D8261 D8262	Recipe Execution Bl	ock Number nannel No. peration		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution	R
D8359 D8260 D8261 D8262 D8263	Recipe Execution Bl Recipe Execution Cf Recipe Execution Op	ock Number nannel No. peration ratus		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution	R R R
D8359 D8260 D8261 D8262 D8263 D8264 D8265 D8265	Recipe Execution Bl Recipe Execution Cf Recipe Execution Op Recipe Execution St	ock Number nannel No. peration ratus		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed	R R R R
D8359 D8260 D8261 D8262 D8263 D8264 D8265 D8265 D8266 D8267	Recipe Execution Bl Recipe Execution Cf Recipe Execution Op Recipe Execution St Recipe Execution Er — Reserved —	ock Number nannel No. peration atus ror Information		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution	R R R R
D8359 D8260 D8261 D8262 D8263 D8264 D8265 D8265	Recipe Execution Bl Recipe Execution Cf Recipe Execution Op Recipe Execution St Recipe Execution Er	ock Number nannel No. peration atus ror Information er of Connection		has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution has completed When recipe execution	R R R R

Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8271	Remote Host Number of Connection	4 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8272	Remote Host Number of Connection	5 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8273	Remote Host Number of Connection	6 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8274	Remote Host Number of Connection	7 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8275	Remote Host Number of Connection	8 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8276	Deserved			
D8277	— Reserved —		_	-
D8278	Communication Mode Information	Connection 1 to 4	-	R
D8279	(Client Connection)	Connection 5 to 8	-	R
D8280 to	— Reserved —		_	_
D8283	Reserved			
D8284	Communication Mode Information	HMI Connection 1 to 4	—	R
D8285	(HMI Connection)	HMI Connection 5 to 8	—	R
D8286 to D8303	— Reserved —		-	-
D8304			_	W
D8305	·		_	W
D8306	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 IP Addr	ess (Write-only)	_	W
D8307	-		_	W
D8308			_	W
D8309				W
D8310	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Subnet	Mask (Write-only)		W
D8311				W
D8312	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Default Gateway (Write-only)			W
D8313				W
D8314				W
D8315				W
D8316				W
D8317	-			W
D8318	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Preferre	Module Ethernet Port 1 Preferred DNS Server (Write-only)		W
D8319				W
D8320			_	W
D8321				W
D8322	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Alternat	te DNS Server (Write-only)		W
D8323	-			W
D8324			Every 1 s	R
D8325	-		Every 1 s	R
D8326			Every 1 s	R
D8327	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 MAC Ad	Idress (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8328	1		Every 1 s	R
D8329	1		Every 1 s	R
D8330			Every 1 s	R
D8331	1		Every 1 s	R
D8332	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 IP Addr	ess (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8333	1		Every 1 s	R
D8334			Every 1 s	R
D8335			Every 1 s	R
D8336	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Subnet	Mask (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8337	1		Every 1 s	R
D8338			Every 1 s	R
D8339	1		Every 1 s	R
D8340	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Default	Gateway (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
20310	1			I. I.

Device Address	Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8342		Every 1 s	R
D8343	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8344	Cro Module Luternet rolt I Freienen Divs Server (Current Value Read-Only)	Every 1 s	R
D8345		Every 1 s	R
D8346		Every 1 s	R
D8347		Every 1 s	R
D8348	CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8349		Every 1 s	R
D8350		Every 1 s	R
D8351		Every 1 s	R
D8352	Connection 1 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8353		Every 1 s	R
D8354		Every 1 s	R
D8355		Every 1 s	R
D8356	Connection 2 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8357		Every 1 s	R
D8357			R
		Every 1 s	
D8359	Connection 3 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8360		Every 1 s	R
D8361		Every 1 s	R
D8362		Every 1 s	R
D8363	Connection 4 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8364		Every 1 s	R
D8365		Every 1 s	R
D8366		Every 1 s	R
D8367	Connection 5 Connected ID Address	Every 1 s	R
D8368	onnection 5 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8369		Every 1 s	R
D8370		Every 1 s	R
D8371		Every 1 s	R
D8372	Connection 6 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8373		Every 1 s	R
D8374		Every 1 s	R
D8375		Every 1 s	R
D8376	Connection 7 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8377		Every 1 s	R
D8378		Every 1 s	R
D8379		Every 1 s	R
D8380	Connection 8 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8380		Every 1 s	R
D8381 D8382			
		Every 1 s	R
D8383		Every 1 s	R
D8384	HMI Module MAC Address (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8385		Every 1 s	R
D8386		Every 1 s	R
D8387		Every 1 s	R
D8388		Every 1 s	R
D8389	HMI Module IP Address (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8390		Every 1 s	R
D8391		Every 1 s	R
D8392		Every 1 s	R
D8393	HMI Modulo Subpot Mack (Current Volue Read entry)	Every 1 s	R
D8394	HMI Module Subnet Mask (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8395		Every 1 s	R

2: DEVICES

Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8396			Every 1 s	R
D8397	HMI Modulo Dofault Catoway (Curro	ant Value Read antivi	Every 1 s	R
D8398	HMI Module Default Gateway (Curre	in value Read-Only)	Every 1 s	R
D8399			Every 1 s	R
D8400			Every 1 s	R
D8401	HMI Module Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read only)	Every 1 s	R
D8402	The module Freiened Dis Server (Every 1 s	R
D8403			Every 1 s	R
D8404			Every 1 s	R
D8405	HMI Module Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8406	The module Alternate Divis Server (Every 1 s	R
D8407			Every 1 s	R
D8408 to	— Reserved —		_	_
D8412	Reserved			
D8413	Time Zone Offset			R/W
D8414	SNTP Operation Status		_	R
D8415	SNTP Access Elapsed Time			R
D8416 to	— Reserved —		_	_
D8428				
D8429		Connection No.	-	R/W
D8430			Every 1 s	R
D8431	HMI Module Connection	Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8432	Information Reference		Every 1 s	R
D8433			Every 1 s	R
D8434	Connected Port No.		Every 1 s	R
D8435 D8436	— Reserved —		-	-
D8437				W
D8438			_	W
D8439	HMI Module IP Address (Write-only)			W
D8440			_	W
D8441			_	W
D8442			_	W
D8443	HMI Module Subnet Mask (Write-on	ly)	_	W
D8444			_	W
D8445			_	W
D8446			_	W
D8447	HMI Module Default Gateway (Write	e-only)	_	W
D8448			_	W
D8449			_	W
D8450			_	W
D8451	HMI Module Preferred DNS Server (write-only)	_	W
D8452			_	W
D8453			-	W
D8454			_	W
D8455	HMI Module Alternate DNS Server (write-oniy)	_	W
D8456			_	W
D8457	EMAIL Instruction Detailed Error Inf	ormation (HMI-Ethernet Port)	-	R
D8458 to	- Reserved -	· ·	_	<u> </u>
D8469		1		
D8470	Expansion Module Slot 1	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8471	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8472	Expansion Module Slot 2	Type ID/Status		R
D8473	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	I – –	R



Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8474	Expansion Module Slot 3	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8475	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8476	Expansion Module Slot 4	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8477	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8478	Expansion Module Slot 5	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8479	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8480	Expansion Module Slot 6	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8481	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8482	Expansion Module Slot 7	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8483	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8484	Expansion Module Slot 8	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8485	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8486	Expansion Module Slot 9	Type ID/Status		R
D8487	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8488	Expansion Module Slot 10	Type ID/Status		R
D8489	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8490	Expansion Module Slot 11	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8491	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8492	Expansion Module Slot 12	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8493	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8494	Expansion Module Slot 13	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8495	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8496	Expansion Module Slot 14	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8497	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8498	Expansion Module Slot 15	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8499	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8500	Expansion Module Slot 16	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8501	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8502	Expansion Module Slot 17	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8503	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8504	Expansion Module Slot 18	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8505	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8506	Expansion Module Slot 19	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8507	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8508	Expansion Module Slot 20	Type ID/Status		R
D8509	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8510	Expansion Module Slot 21	Type ID/Status		R
D8510	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8512		Type ID/Status		R
	Expansion Module Slot 22 Information			
D8513		System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8514	Expansion Module Slot 23	Type ID/Status		R
D8515	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8516	Expansion Module Slot 24	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8517	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8518	Expansion Module Slot 25	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8519	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8520	Expansion Module Slot 26	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8521	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8522	Expansion Module Slot 27	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8523	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8524	Expansion Module Slot 28	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8525	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8526	Expansion Module Slot 29	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8527	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R

Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8528	Expansion Module Slot 30	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8529	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8530	Expansion Module Slot 31	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8531	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8532	Expansion Module Slot 32	Type ID/Status		R
D8533	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8534	Expansion Module Slot 33	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8535	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8536	Expansion Module Slot 34	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8537	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8538	Expansion Module Slot 35	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8539	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8530	Expansion Module Slot 36	Type ID/Status		R
D8530	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8542	Expansion Module Slot 37	Type ID/Status		R
D8543	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8544				R
	Expansion Module Slot 38 Information	Type ID/Status		
D8545		System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8546	Expansion Module Slot 39	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8547	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8548	Expansion Module Slot 40	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8549	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8550	Expansion Module Slot 41	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8551	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8552	Expansion Module Slot 42	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8553	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8554	Expansion Module Slot 43	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8555	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8556	Expansion Module Slot 44	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8557	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8558	Expansion Module Slot 45	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8559	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8560	Expansion Module Slot 46	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8561	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8562	Expansion Module Slot 47	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8563	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R
D8564	Expansion Module Slot 48	Type ID/Status		R
D8565	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8566	Expansion Module Slot 49	Type ID/Status		R
D8567	Information	System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8568		Type ID/Status		R
	Expansion Module Slot 50 Information			
D8569		System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8570	Expansion Module Slot 51 Information	Type ID/Status		R
D8571		System Software Version/Position Information		R
D8572	Expansion Module Slot 52	Type ID/Status		R
D8573	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8574	Expansion Module Slot 53	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8575	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8576	Expansion Module Slot 54	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8577	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8578	Expansion Module Slot 55	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8579	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8580	Expansion Module Slot 56	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8581	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	_	R



Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8582	Expansion Module Slot 57	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8583	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8584	Expansion Module Slot 58	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8585	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8586	Expansion Module Slot 59	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8587	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8588	Expansion Module Slot 60	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8589	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8590	Expansion Module Slot 61	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8591	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8592	Expansion Module Slot 62	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8593	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	-	R
D8594	Expansion Module Slot 63	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8595	Information	System Software Version/Position Information	—	R
D8596		Type ID/Status	-	R
	Expansion Interface Remote	System Software Version/		
D8597	Master Module Slot Information	Number of Connected Expansion Interface Remote	—	R
50500		Slave Modules		
D8598	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8599	Module (Node 1) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	—	R
D8600	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	Type ID/Status	—	R
D8601	Module (Node 2) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	—	R
D8602		Type ID/Status	_	R
D8603	Expansion Interface Remote Slave Module (Node 3) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	_	R
D8604		Type ID/Status		R
D8605	Expansion Interface Remote Slave Module (Node 4) Slot Information	System Software Version/	_	R
D0606		Expansion Module Connection Information		Р
D8606	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	Type ID/Status System Software Version/	_	R
D8607	Module (Node 5) Slot Information	Expansion Module Connection Information	-	R
D8608		Type ID/Status	_	R
D8609	Expansion Interface Remote Slave Module (Node 6) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	_	R
D8610		Type ID/Status		R
D0010	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	System Software Version/	_	ĸ
D8611	Module (Node 7) Slot Information	Expansion Module Connection Information	—	R
D8612		Type ID/Status	_	R
D0612	Expansion Interface Remote Slave Module (Node 8) Slot Information	System Software Version/		ь
D8613		Expansion Module Connection Information	—	R
D8614	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	Type ID/Status	_	R
D8615	Module (Node 9) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	_	R
D8616	Expansion Interface Remote Slave	Type ID/Status	-	R
D8617	Module (Node 10) Slot Information	System Software Version/ Expansion Module Connection Information	_	R
D8618	Refresh Time of Expansion Interface	Remote Master/Slave Modules Current Value	Every scan	R
D8619	-	Remote Master/Slave Modules Maximum Value	Every scan	R
D8620 to		· · · · · · · · ·	,	
D8630	— Reserved —		_	-
D8631			-	W
D8632			-	W
D8633	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 IP Addr	ess (Write-only)	—	W
D8634			_	W

2: DEVICES

Device Address	Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8635		-	W
D8636	CDU Madula Ethomat David 2 Culorat Madu (Muita anh.)	_	W
D8637	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Subnet Mask (Write-only)	_	W
D8638		_	W
D8639		_	W
D8640		_	W
D8641	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Default Gateway (Write-only)	_	W
D8642		_	W
D8643		_	W
D8644			W
D8645	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Preferred DNS Server (Write-only)		W
D8646			W
D8647		_	W
D8648			W
D8649	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Alternate DNS Server (Write-only)		W
			W
D8650			
D8651		Every 1 s	R
D8652		Every 1 s	R
D8653	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 MAC Address (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8654		Every 1 s	R
D8655		Every 1 s	R
D8656		Every 1 s	R
D8657		Every 1 s	R
D8658	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 IP Address (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8659		Every 1 s	R
D8660		Every 1 s	R
D8661	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Subnet Mask (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8662		Every 1 s	R
D8663		Every 1 s	R
D8664		Every 1 s	R
D8665		Every 1 s	R
D8666		Every 1 s	R
D8667	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Default Gateway (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8668		Every 1 s	R
D8669		Every 1 s	R
D8670		Every 1 s	R
D8671	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8672		Every 1 s	R
D8673		Every 1 s	R
D8674		Every 1 s	R
D8675	CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)	Every 1 s	R
D8676		Every 1 s	R
D8670		Every 1 s	R
D8678	Connection 9 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8679		Every 1 s	R
D8680		Every 1 s	R
D8681		Every 1 s	R
D8682	Connection 10 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8683		Every 1 s	R
D8684		Every 1 s	R
D8685		Every 1 s	R
D8686	Connection 11 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8687		Every 1 s	R
D8688		Every 1 s	R



Device Address	Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8689		Every 1 s	R
D8690	Connection 12 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8691	Connection 12 Connected IF Address	Every 1 s	R
D8692		Every 1 s	R
D8693		Every 1 s	R
D8694	Connection 12 Connected ID Address	Every 1 s	R
D8695	Connection 13 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8696		Every 1 s	R
D8697		Every 1 s	R
D8698		Every 1 s	R
D8699	Connection 14 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8700		Every 1 s	R
D8701		Every 1 s	R
D8702		Every 1 s	R
D8703	Connection 15 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8704		Every 1 s	R
D8705		Every 1 s	R
D8705		Every 1 s	R
D8707	Connection 16 Connected IP Address	Every 1 s	R
D8708		Every 1 s	R
		Every 15	ĸ
D8709 to D8716	— Reserved —	-	-
D8710	Control Signal Status (Port 10 to 13)	Every scan	R
D8718	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 10 to 13)		R/W
D8719	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 10 to 13)	Every scan	R/W
D8720	Control Signal Status (Port 14 to 17)	Every scan	R
D8721	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 14 to 17)	Every scan	R/W
D8721	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 14 to 17)	Every scan	R/W
D8722	Control Signal Status (Port 18 to 21)	Every scan	R
D8723	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 18 to 21)	Every scan	R/W
D8724	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 18 to 21)	Every scan	R/W
D8725	Control Signal Status (Port 22 to 25)	Every scan	R
		Every scan	
D8727	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 22 to 25)	Every scan	R/W
D8728	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 22 to 25) Control Signal Status (Port 26 to 29)	Every scan	R/W
		Every scan	R
D8730	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 26 to 29)	Every scan	R/W
D8731	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 26 to 29)	Every scan	R/W
D8732	Control Signal Status (Port 30 to 33)	Every scan	R
D8733	RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 30 to 33)	Every scan	R/W
D8734	RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 30 to 33)	Every scan	R/W
D8735	Slave Number (Port 10)	-	R/W
D8736	Slave Number (Port 11)	-	R/W
D8737	Slave Number (Port 12)	_	R/W
D8738	Slave Number (Port 13)		R/W
D8739	Slave Number (Port 14)		R/W
D8740	Slave Number (Port 15)		R/W
D8741	Slave Number (Port 16)		R/W
D8742	Slave Number (Port 17)	_	R/W
D8743	Slave Number (Port 18)	—	R/W
D8744	Slave Number (Port 19)		R/W
D8745	Slave Number (Port 20)	—	R/W
D8746	Slave Number (Port 21)	_	R/W
D8747	Slave Number (Port 22)	_	R/W
D8748	Slave Number (Port 23)	_	R/W
D8749	Slave Number (Port 24)	_	R/W

Device Address		Description	Update Timing	R/W
D8750	Slave Number (Port 25)		_	R/W
D8751	Slave Number (Port 26)		_	R/W
D8752	Slave Number (Port 27)		-	R/W
D8753	Slave Number (Port 28)		-	R/W
D8754	Slave Number (Port 29)		-	R/W
D8755	Slave Number (Port 30)		-	R/W
D8756	Slave Number (Port 31)		-	R/W
D8757	Slave Number (Port 32)		-	R/W
D8758	Slave Number (Port 33)		-	R/W
D8759	EMAIL Instruction Detailed Error Info	ormation (Ethernet Port 1)	-	R
D8760	Communication Mode Information	Connection 9 to 12	-	R
D8761	(Client Connection)	Connection 13 to 16	-	R
D8762 to D8773	— Reserved —		-	-
D8774	Remote Host Number of Connection	9 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8775	Remote Host Number of Connection	10 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8776	Remote Host Number of Connection	11 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8777	Remote Host Number of Connection	12 (1 to 255)	-	R/W
D8778	Remote Host Number of Connection	13 (1 to 255)	-	R/W
D8779	Remote Host Number of Connection	14 (1 to 255)	-	R/W
D8780	Remote Host Number of Connection	15 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8781	Remote Host Number of Connection	16 (1 to 255)	_	R/W
D8782 to D8899	— Reserved —		-	-

Supplementary Descriptions of the Special Data Registers

D8000: Quantity of Inputs

The number of FC6A Series MICROSmart inputs is written to this register. The total number of inputs for the CPU module and the expansion modules is written to this register.

D8001: Quantity of Outputs

The number of FC6A Series MICROSmart outputs is written to this register. The total number of outputs for the CPU module and the expansion modules is written to this register.

D8002: CPU Module Type Information

CPU module type information is written this register. 0 (00h): 16-I/O type 1 (01h): 24-I/O type 2 (02h): 40-I/O type (All-in-One CPU module) 18 (12h): 40-I/O type (CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module) 32 (20h): Plus 16-I/O type 33 (21h): Plus 32-I/O type

D8005: General Error Code

FC6A Series MICROSmart general error information is written to this register. When a general error occurs, the bit corresponding to the error occurred turns on. The general error and user program execution error can be cleared by writing "1" to the most significant bit of D8005. For details on general error codes, see Chapter 13 "General Error Codes" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8006: User Program Execution Error Code

FC6A Series MICROSmartuser program execution error information is written to this register. When a user program execution error occurs, the error code corresponding to the error that occurred is written to this register. For details on user program execution errors, see Chapter 13 "User Program Execution Error" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8008 to D8021: Calendar/Clock Data

D8008 through D8021 are used for reading calendar/clock data from the internal clock and for writing calendar/clock data to the internal clock. For details on the calendar/clock data, see Chapter 5 "Clock Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".



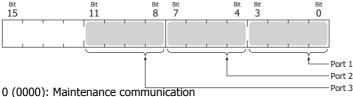
D8022 to D8025: Scan Time Data

D8022 through D8025 are special data registers for checking the scan time and configuring the constant scan time. For details on the scan time, see Chapter 5 "Constant Scan Time" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8026: Communication Mode Information (Port 1 to 3)

This register indicates communication mode information for Port 1 to Port 3.

The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.



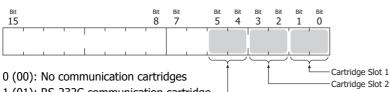
- 1 (0001): User communication
- 2 (0010): Modbus RTU master
- 3 (0011): Modbus RTU slave
- 4 (0100): Data link communication

D8029: System Software Version

The CPU module system software version number is written to this register.

D8030: Communication Cartridge Information

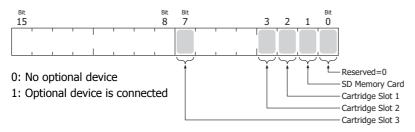
This register indicates information about the communication cartridges in Port 2 and Port 3. The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.



- 1 (01): RS-232C communication cartridge
- 2 (10): RS-485 communication cartridge
- 3 (11): Bluetooth communication cartridge

D8031: Optional Device Connection Information

Optional device connection information is written to this register. The allocation of bits in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.



D8032 to D8035, D8214, D8215: Interrupt Input Jump Destination Label No.

Jump destination label numbers for interrupt inputs are written to these registers. When using interrupt inputs, write the label number that corresponds to the special data register that has been allocated to the interrupt input. For details on interrupt inputs, see Chapter 5 "Interrupt Input" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

- D8032 = I1
- D8033 = I3
- D8034 = I4 D8035 = I6
- D8035 = 16D8214 = 17
- D8214 = 17D8215 = 10

D8036: Timer Interrupt Jump Destination Label No.

The jump destination label number when the timer interrupt occurs is written to this register. When using the timer interrupt, store the corresponding label number.

For details on the timer interrupt, see Chapter 5 "Timer Interrupt" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".



D8037: Number of Connected Expansion Modules

The number of expansion modules connected to the CPU module (I/O modules, PID modules, and communication modules) is written to this register.

D8052: J1939 Communication Error Code

When an error occurs in J1939 communication, the error code is written to this register. For details on J1939 communication error codes, see "J1939 Communication Error Code (D8052)" on page 8-5.

D8056: Battery Voltage

The measurement result of the backup battery voltage is written to this register in 1 mV units. 0: Measurement error

D8057: Analog Volume (AI0)

The analog volume value is converted to a digital value and written to this register. For details, see Chapter 5 "Analog Potentiometer" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8058: Built-in Analog Input (AI1)

The analog input's analog value (0 to 10V DC) is converted to a digital value and written to this register. For details, see Chapter 5 "Analog Voltage Input" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8059: Analog Input Status AI0

The analog volume's analog input status is written to this register. For details, see Chapter 5 "Analog Potentiometer" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8060: Analog Input Status AI1

The analog input's analog input status is written to this register. For details, see Chapter 5 "Analog Voltage Input" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8067: Backlight ON Time

The backlight on time for the HMI module is written to this register. The backlight on time can be set by modifying the value of D8067 in a range between 1 and 65,535 s. When D8067 is 0 s, the backlight is always on. The backlight on time can also be changed with the HMI environment settings. For details, see "Master Station" on page 7-4.

D8069 to D8099: Slave (1 to 31) Communication Status/Error

Special data registers used in data link communication. For details, see "Master Station" on page 7-4.

D8040 to D8045, D8100, D8102, D8103, D8735 to D8758: Slave Number (Port 1 to 33)

The slave number is written to these registers when the Port 1 to 33 communication mode is maintenance communication, Modbus RTU slave, or data link communication. The slave number can be changed by changing the value of the corresponding device in **Function Area Settings**.

D8100 = Port 1 Slave No.	D8742 = Port 17 Slave No.
D8102 = Port 2 Slave No. D8103 = Port 3 Slave No.	D8743 = Port 18 Slave No. D8744 = Port 19 Slave No.
	D8745 = Port 20 Slave No.
D8040 = Port 4 Slave No.	D8746 = Port 21 Slave No.
D8041 = Port 5 Slave No.	D8747 = Port 22 Slave No.
D8042 = Port 6 Slave No.	D8748 = Port 23 Slave No.
D8043 = Port 7 Slave No.	D8749 = Port 24 Slave No.
D8044 = Port 8 Slave No.	D8750 = Port 25 Slave No.
D8045 = Port 9 Slave No.	D8751 = Port 26 Slave No.
D8735 = Port 10 Slave No.	D8752 = Port 27 Slave No.
D8736 = Port 11 Slave No.	D8753 = Port 28 Slave No.
D8737 = Port 12 Slave No.	D8754 = Port 29 Slave No.
D8738 = Port 13 Slave No.	D8755 = Port 30 Slave No.
D8739 = Port 14 Slave No.	D8756 = Port 31 Slave No.
D8740 = Port 15 Slave No.	D8757 = Port 32 Slave No.
D8741 = Port 16 Slave No.	D8758 = Port 33 Slave No.

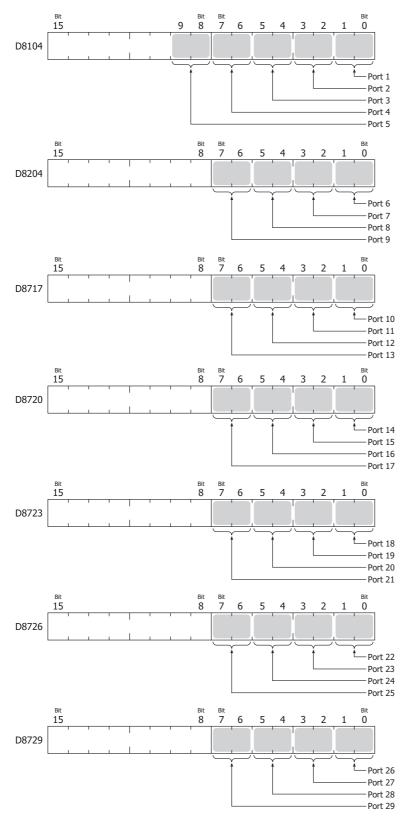
For details on communication modes, see the following in this manual.

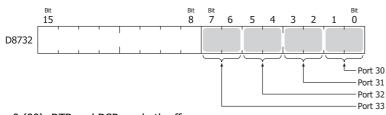
- Maintenance communication: "Maintenance Communication" on page 4-1
- Modbus RTU slave: "Modbus Communication" on page 6-1
- Data link communication: "Data Link Communication" on page 7-1



D8104, D8204, D8717, D8720, D8723, D8726, D8729, D8732: Control Signal Status (Port 1 to 33)

The signal statuses of the DSR and DTR controls lines are written to this register. This register is updated in END processing when stopped and while running. The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.





0 (00): DTR and DSR are both off.

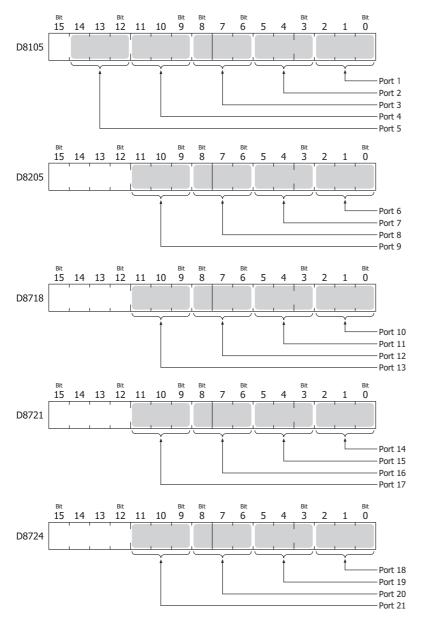
1 (01): DTR is off and DSR is on.

2 (10): DTR is on and DSR is off.

3 (11): DTR and DSR are both on.

D8105, D8205, D8718, D8721, D8724, D8727, D8730, D8733: RS232C DSR Input Control Signal Option (Port 1 to 33)

The signal statuses of the DSR and DTR controls lines are written to this register. This register is updated in END processing when stopped and while running. The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.





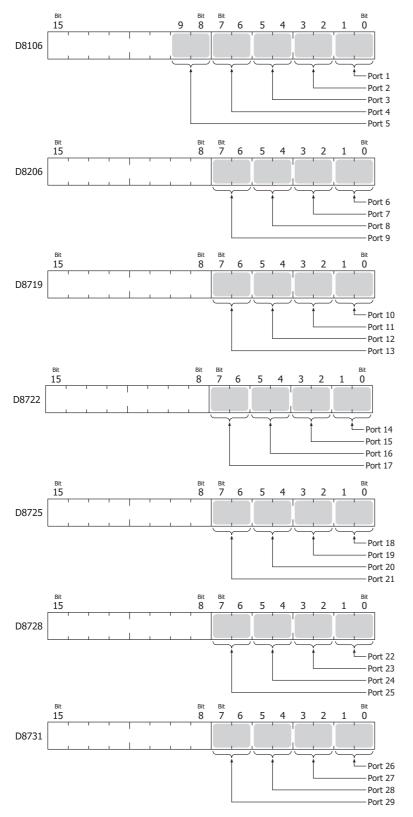
D8727	Bit 15	14	13	Bit 12	11	10	Bit 9	Bit 8	7	Bit 6	5	4	Bit 3	2	1	Bit 0]			
						Ť.									Ť_		- Port 22 - Port 23 - Port 24 - Port 25			
D8730	Bit 15	14	13	Bit 12	11	10	Bit 9	Bit 8	7	Bit 6	5	4	Bit 3	2	1	Bit O]			
						Ť											- Port 26 - Port 27 - Port 28 - Port 29			
D8733	Bit 15	14	13	Bit 12	11	10	Bit 9	Bit 8	7	Bit 6	5	4	Bit 3	2	1	Bit 0]			
															•		- Port 30 - Port 31 - Port 32 - Port 33			
0 (00	0):		The	DS	R sig	nal	statı	us is	not	use	d foi	r FC	6A S	Serie	s MI	CRC)Smart transn	nission	control.	
1 (00	41.													ot re			• •			
1 (00	1):				C	ISK S	signa	ii is d	on, ⊤	the i	-064	A Se	ries	MIC	RUS	mar	t can transmit	t and re	ceive.	
			DSI	R sigi	nal Of	FF —			4											
			Trai	nsmit/	/receiv	ve	Not	possil	ble	Po	ossibl	e	Not	t poss	ible					
2 (01	0):		Wh	en tl	he D	SR s	signa	al is d	off,	the I	=C6A	\ Se	ries	MIC	ROS	mar	t can transmi	t and re	ceive.	
			DSI	R sigi	nal OF	on — FF														
			Trai	nsmit,	receiv	ve	Not	possil	ble	Po	ossibl	е	Not	t poss	ible					
3 (01	1):		Wh	en tl			signa	al is d	on,	trans	smis	sion	is p	ossil	ole (rece	eption is alway	ys possi	ble).	
			DSI	R sigi		FF —														
			Tra	nsmi	t		Not	possil	ble	Po	ossibl	е	Not	t poss	ible					
						-			-	v con inter		' an	d is	used	for	trar	nsmission con	trol for	devices	with a slow
4 (10	0):		-		he D	SR s								e is a lossil		it or	n the data tha	t can b	e input.))
			DSI	R sigi	nal OF	on —														
			Tra	nsmi	t		Not	possil	ble	Po	ossibl	e	Not	poss	ible					

5 or higher: The operation is the same as the setting "000".

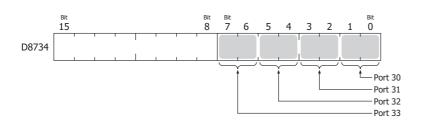
D8106, D8206, D8719, D8722, D8725, D8728, D8731, D8734: RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option (Port 1 to 33)

This register is used when indicating the FC6A Series MICROSmart control status and the transmit/receive status to the connected device. This control line is an output signal from the FC6A Series MICROSmart to the connected device. This register is only valid during user communication.

The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.







0 (00): The signal is on when the FC6A Series MICROSmart is set to run and off when stopped. While running, the signal is always on regardless of transmitting or receiving data. Set this value when it is necessary to indicate the run status.



1 (01): Always off.

2 (10): Set this value when performing flow control for received data. The signal is on when data from the connected device can be received.

The signal is off when data cannot be received.

Receive	Not possible	Possible	Not possible
ON DTR signal			
OFF OFF			

3 (11): The operation is the same as the setting "0".

D8120, D8121: HMI Module Information

HMI module type information is written to these registers. The allocation of information (bit assignment) is as follows.

	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
D8120			1	Sta	tus I		1			1		Тур	l e ID l	1	1	
D8121		r	r	Rese	rved		I			S	ystem	n Softv	 ware ' 	Versio	n I	

The system software version displays the version of the software written to the device. For details on the type IDs and statuses, see "List of Type IDs and Status" on page 2-46.

D8122 to D8127: Cartridge Slot Information

Cartridge Slot 1 to 3 information is written to these registers. The allocation of information (bit assignment) is as follows.

	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
D8122, D8124, D8126				Sta	tus	1				1		Тур	e ID		1	
D8123, D8125, D8127		1		Rese	rved	I	I			S	ystem	n Softv	 ware '	versio	on	

D8122, D8123 = Cartridge Slot 1 Information

D8124, D8125 = Cartridge Slot 2 Information

D8126, D8127 = Cartridge Slot 3 Information

For details on the type IDs and statuses, see "List of Type IDs and Status" on page 2-46.

D8170, D8171, D8174, D8175, D8178, D8179: Analog I/O Cartridge I/O

Analog I/O values for the analog I/O cartridges are written to these registers.

For the analog input type : The analog values input to the analog I/O cartridge are converted to digital values and written to the registers.

For the analog output type : The digital values stored as digital values are converted to analog values and output from the analog I/O cartridges.

For details, see Chapter 10 "Analog I/O Cartridge" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8170 = AI2/AQ2

- D8171 = AI3/AQ3
- D8174 = AI4/AQ4
- D8175 = AI5/AQ5
- D8178 = AI6/AQ6
- D8179 = AI7/AQ7

D8172, D8173, D8176, D8177, D8180, D8181: Analog I/O Cartridge Status

The analog status of analog I/O cartridges is written to these registers.

For details, see Chapter 10 "Analog I/O Cartridge" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8172 = AI2/AQ2 D8173 = AI3/AQ3 D8176 = AI4/AQ4 D8177 = AI5/AQ5 D8180 = AI6/AQ6

 $\mathsf{D8181}=\mathsf{AI7}/\mathsf{AQ7}$

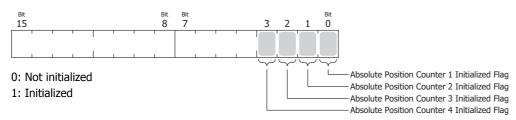
D8192 to D8203, D8210 to D8213, D8216 to D8229, D8232 to D8237: High-speed Counter

These special data registers are used with the high-speed counter function and the frequency measurement function. For details on high-speed counters, see Chapter 5 "High-Speed Counter" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual". D8210 to D8213, D8216, D8217 = High-speed counter (group 1/I0) D8218 to D8221, D8234, D8235 = High-speed counter (group 3/I3) D8222 to D8225, D8236, D8237 = High-speed counter (group 4/I4) D8226 to D8229, D8232, D8233 = High-speed counter (group 5/I6) D8192 to D8197 = High-speed counter (group 2/I1) D8198 to D8203 = High-speed counter (group 6/I7)

D8239: Absolute Position Control Status

This register indicates the status of absolute position control.

The allocation of the absolute position counter initialized flags in the device (bit assignment) is as follows. For details on the absolute position control status, see Chapter 18 "ABS (Set Absolute Position)" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".



D8240 to D8247: Absolute Position Counter 1 to 4

The absolute position is written to these registers according to pulse output. The absolute position can be initialized with the ABS instruction.

When reversible control is set in the pulse output instructions (RAMP/ARAMP/ZRN/JOG), the absolute position is incremented or decremented according to the output result. For details on absolute position counters, see Chapter 18 "ABS (Set Absolute Position)" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

D8240, D8241 = Absolute position counter 1

D8242, D8243 = Absolute position counter 2

D8244, D8245 = Absolute position counter 3

D8246, D8247 = Absolute position counter 4



D8250: Read SD Memory Card Capacity

This register indicates the capacity of the recognized SD or SDHC (maximum size 32 GB) memory card in megabytes. It is 0 when no SD memory card has been inserted or if it is not recognized.

■ D8251: Read SD Memory Card Free Capacity

This register indicates the free capacity of the SD memory card in megabytes. It is 0 when no SD memory card has been inserted or if it is not recognized.

D8254: SD Memory Card Download/Upload Execution Information Information about the SD memory card download/upload that was executed.

- For details, see Chapter 11 "SD Memory Card" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".
- D8255: SD Memory Card Download/Upload Execution Status
 The status of the SD memory card download/upload that was executed.
 For details, see Chapter 11 "SD Memory Card" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8260: Recipe Block Number

The recipe block number to read or write using special internal relays. All channels for the specified block number are applicable.

D8261: Recipe Execution Block Number

The recipe block number of the recipe that was executed. This is updated when the recipe block starts, and the status is retained when completed.

D8262: Recipe Execution Channel No.

The channel number of the recipe that was executed.

This is updated when the channel processing starts, and the status is retained when completed.

D8263: Recipe Execution Operation

Information about the operation of the recipe that was executed. For details on recipes, see Chapter 11 "Recipe Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8264: Recipe Execution Status

The status of the recipe that was executed.

For details on recipes, see Chapter 11 "Recipe Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8265: Recipe Execution Error Information Error information about the recipe that was executed. For details on recipes, see Chapter 11 "Recipe Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

D8268 to D8275, D8774 to D8781: Remote Host Number 1 to 255 (connection 1 to 16) Special data registers that change the communications device when user communications client is set. For details, see "Switching Remote Host Numbers" on page 5-43.

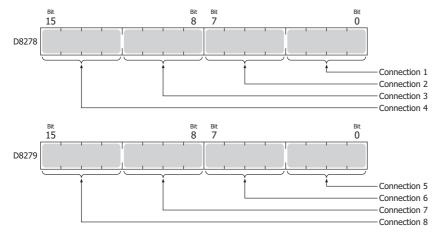
D8278, D8279, D8760, D8761: Communication Mode Information (Client Connection) (Connection 1 to 16)

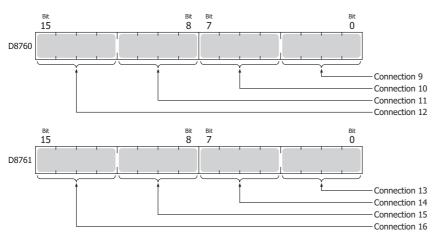
D8278 = Indicates the communication mode of connections 1 through 4.

- D8279 = Indicates the communication mode of connections 5 through 8.
- D8760 = Indicates the communication mode of connections 9 through 12.

D8761 = Indicates the communication mode of connections 13 through 16.

The allocation of connections in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.

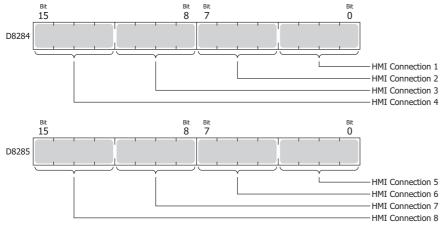




- Client connection (most significant bit = 0) 0000: Unused 0001: User Communication
 - 0010: Modbus TCP client
 - 0100: User communication UDP
- Server connection (most significant bit = 1) 1000: Maintenance Communication 1001: User Communication 1010: Modbus TCP server

■ D8284, D8285: Communication Mode Information (HMI Connection) (HMI Connection 1 to 8)

D8284: Indicates the communication mode of HMI connections 1 through 4. D8285: Indicates the communication mode of HMI connections 5 through 8. The allocation of connections in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.



- Client connection (most significant bit = 0) 0000: Unused
- Server connection (most significant bit = 1) 1000: Maintenance Communication

D8304 to D8307: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 IP Address (Write-only)

These registers are used to write the CPU module's IP address. IP address: To set as aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.

D8304=aaa, D8305=bbb, D8306=ccc, D8307=ddd

D8308 to D8311: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Subnet Mask (Write-only)

These registers are used to write the CPU module's subnet mask. Subnet mask: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following. D8308=aaa, D8309=bbb, D8310=ccc, D8311=ddd



- D8312 to D8315: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Default Gateway (Write-only) These registers are used to write the CPU module's default gateway.
 Default gateway: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 D8312=aaa, D8313=bbb, D8314=ccc, D8315=ddd
- D8316 to D8319: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Preferred DNS Server (Write-only) These registers are used to write the CPU module's preferred DNS server.
 Preferred DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 D8316=aaa, D8317=bbb, D8318=ccc, D8319=ddd
- D8320 to D8323: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Alternate DNS Server (Write-only) These registers are used to write the CPU module's alternate DNS server.
 Alternate DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following. D8320=aaa, D8321=bbb, D8322=ccc, D8323=ddd
- D8324 to D8329: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 MAC Address (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's MAC address is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: MAC address: AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF
 D8324=AA, D8325=BB, D8326=CC, D8327=DD, D8328=EE, D8329=FF
- D8330 to D8333: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 IP Address (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's IP address is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: The CPU module's own IP address aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8330=aaa, D8331=bbb, D8332=ccc, D8333=ddd
- D8334 to D8337: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Subnet Mask (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's subnet mask value is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: Subnet mask: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
 D8334=aaa, D8335=bbb, D8336=ccc, D8337=ddd
- D8338 to D8341: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Default Gateway (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's default gateway address is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Default gateway: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8338=aaa, D8339=bbb, D8340=ccc, D8341=ddd
- D8342 to D8345: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's preferred DNS server address is written to the special data registers as follows.

Example: Preferred DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8342=aaa, D8343=bbb, D8344=ccc, D8345=ddd

 D8346 to D8349: CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only) The CPU module's alternate DNS server address is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Alternate DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8346=aaa, D8347=bbb, D8348=ccc, D8349=ddd

D8350 to D8381, D8677 to D8708: Connection Connected IP Address

The IP address of the connected device that is being accessed through a connection is written as follows. Connection 1 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8350=aaa, D8351=bbb, D8352=ccc, D8353=ddd Connection 2 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8354=aaa, D8355=bbb, D8356=ccc, D8357=ddd Connection 3 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8358=aaa, D8359=bbb, D8360=ccc, D8361=ddd Connection 4 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8362=aaa, D8363=bbb, D8364=ccc, D8365=ddd Connection 5 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8366=aaa, D8367=bbb, D8364=ccc, D8365=ddd Connection 6 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8370=aaa, D8371=bbb, D8372=ccc, D8373=ddd Connection 7 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8374=aaa, D8375=bbb, D8376=ccc, D8377=ddd



Connection 8 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8378=aaa, D8379=bbb, D8380=ccc, D8381=ddd Connection 9 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8677=aaa, D8678=bbb, D8679=ccc, D8680=ddd Connection 10 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8681=aaa, D8682=bbb, D8683=ccc, D8684=ddd Connection 11 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8685=aaa, D8686=bbb, D8687=ccc, D8688=ddd Connection 12 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8689=aaa, D8690=bbb, D8691=ccc, D8692=ddd Connection 13 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8693=aaa, D8694=bbb, D8695=ccc, D8696=ddd Connection 14 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8697=aaa, D8698=bbb, D8699=ccc, D8700=ddd Connection 15 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8701=aaa, D8702=bbb, D8703=ccc, D8704=ddd Connection 16 Connected IP Address: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8705=aaa, D8706=bbb, D8707=ccc, D8708=ddd

- D8382 to D8387: HMI Module MAC Address (Current Value Read-only) The MAC address is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: MAC address: AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF
 D8382=AA, D8383=BB, D8384=CC, D8385=DD, D8386=EE, D8387=FF
- D8388 to D8391: HMI Module IP Address (Current Value Read-only) The HMI module's IP address is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: HMI module IP address: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8388=aaa, D8389=bbb, D8390=ccc, D8391=ddd
- D8392 to D8395: HMI Module Subnet Mask (Current Value Read-only)
 The HMI module's subnet mask value is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: HMI module subnet mask: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
 D8392=aaa, D8393=bbb, D8394=ccc, D8395=ddd
- D8396 to D8399: HMI Module Default Gateway (Current Value Read-only)
 The HMI module's default gateway address is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: HMI module default gateway: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
 D8396=aaa, D8397=bbb, D8398=ccc, D8399=ddd
- D8400 to D8403: HMI Module Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read-only) The HMI module's preferred DNS server address is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: HMI module preferred DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd D8400=aaa, D8401=bbb, D8402=ccc, D8403=ddd
- D8404 to D8407: HMI Module Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)
 The HMI module's alternate DNS server address is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: HMI module alternate DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
 D8404=aaa, D8405=bbb, D8406=ccc, D8407=ddd

D8413: Time Zone Offset

The time zone configured in the function area settings can be finely adjusted in 15-minute increments. For details, see "SNTP Settings" on page 3-9.

D8414: SNTP Operation Status

The operation status is written to this register when the time information is acquired through operation of M8191 (SNTP Time Acquisition Flag) or when time information acquisition was executed by automatic acquisition. For details, see "SNTP Settings" on page 3-9.

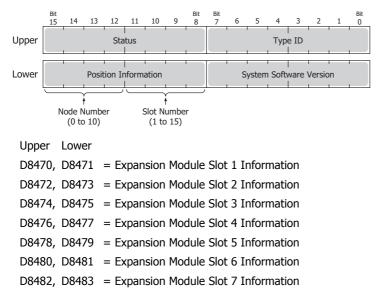
D8415: SNTP Access Elapsed Time

The elapsed time in minutes from when the time information was last acquired from the SNTP server. For details, see "SNTP Settings" on page 3-9.



```
■ D8429: HMI Module Connection Information Reference Connection Number
  The connection information for the specified connection number is reflected in D8430 to D8434. When 0 is written, 0 is written
 to D8430 to D8434. If a connection number that does not exist is specified, 0 is written to D8430 to D8434.
D8430 to D8433: HMI Module Connection Information Reference Connected IP Address
 The IP address of the terminal being accessed through the connection is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: IP address to read: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
           D8430=aaa, D8431=bbb, D8432=ccc, D8433=ddd
D8434: HMI Module Connection Information Reference Connected Port No.
  The port number of the terminal being accessed through the connection is written to this register.
D8437 to D8440: HMI Module IP Address (Write-only)
  These registers are used to write the HMI module's IP address.
 HMI module IP address: To set as aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
     D8437=aaa, D8438=bbb, D8439=ccc, D8440=ddd
D8441 to D8444: HMI Module Subnet Mask (Write-only)
 These registers are used to write the HMI module's subnet mask.
 HMI module subnet mask: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
     D8441=aaa, D8442=bbb, D8443=ccc, D8444=ddd
D8445 to D8448: HMI Module Default Gateway (Write-only)
 These registers are used to write the HMI module's default gateway.
 HMI module default gateway: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
     D8445=aaa, D8446=bbb, D8447=ccc, D8448=ddd
D8449 to D8452: HMI Module Preferred DNS Server (Write-only)
  These registers are used to write the HMI module's preferred DNS server.
 HMI module preferred DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
     D8449=aaa, D8450=bbb, D8451=ccc, D8452=ddd
D8453 to D8456: HMI Module Alternate DNS Server (Write-only)
```

- These registers are used to write the HMI module's alternate DNS server. HMI module alternate DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following. D8453=aaa, D8454=bbb, D8455=ccc, D8456=ddd
- D8457: EMAIL Instruction Detailed Error Information (HMI-Ethernet Port) Detailed error information for the EMAIL instruction is written to this register. For details, see "Confirm the error detail of EMAIL instruction" on page 12-3.
- D8470 to D8595: Expansion Module Slot Information
 Expansion module type information is written to these registers.
 The allocation of information (bit assignment) is as follows.



Upper Lower	
D8484, D8485	= Expansion Module Slot 8 Information
D8486, D8487	= Expansion Module Slot 9 Information
D8488, D8489	= Expansion Module Slot 10 Information
D8490, D8491	= Expansion Module Slot 11 Information
D8492, D8493	= Expansion Module Slot 12 Information
D8494, D8495	= Expansion Module Slot 13 Information
D8496, D8497	= Expansion Module Slot 14 Information
D8498, D8499	= Expansion Module Slot 15 Information
D8500, D8501	= Expansion Module Slot 16 Information
D8502, D8503	= Expansion Module Slot 17 Information
D8504, D8505	= Expansion Module Slot 18 Information
D8506, D8507	= Expansion Module Slot 19 Information
D8508, D8509	= Expansion Module Slot 20 Information
D8510, D8511	= Expansion Module Slot 21 Information
D8512, D8513	= Expansion Module Slot 22 Information
D8514, D8515	= Expansion Module Slot 23 Information
D8516, D8517	= Expansion Module Slot 24 Information
D8518, D8519	= Expansion Module Slot 25 Information
D8520, D8521	= Expansion Module Slot 26 Information
D8522, D8523	= Expansion Module Slot 27 Information
D8524, D8525	= Expansion Module Slot 28 Information
D8526, D8527	= Expansion Module Slot 29 Information
D8528, D8529	= Expansion Module Slot 30 Information
D8530, D8531	= Expansion Module Slot 31 Information
D8532, D8533	= Expansion Module Slot 32 Information
D8534, D8535	= Expansion Module Slot 33 Information
D8536, D8537	= Expansion Module Slot 34 Information
D8538, D8539	= Expansion Module Slot 35 Information
D8540, D8541	= Expansion Module Slot 36 Information
D8542, D8543	= Expansion Module Slot 37 Information
D8544, D8545	= Expansion Module Slot 38 Information
D8546, D8547	= Expansion Module Slot 39 Information
D8548, D8549	= Expansion Module Slot 40 Information
D8550, D8551	= Expansion Module Slot 41 Information
D8552, D8553	= Expansion Module Slot 42 Information
D8554, D8555	= Expansion Module Slot 43 Information
D8556, D8557	= Expansion Module Slot 44 Information
D8558, D8559	= Expansion Module Slot 45 Information
D8560, D8561	= Expansion Module Slot 46 Information
D8562, D8563	= Expansion Module Slot 47 Information
D8564, D8565	= Expansion Module Slot 48 Information
D8566, D8567	= Expansion Module Slot 49 Information
D8568, D8569	= Expansion Module Slot 50 Information
D8570, D8571	= Expansion Module Slot 51 Information
D8572, D8573	= Expansion Module Slot 52 Information
D8574, D8575	= Expansion Module Slot 53 Information



Upper Lower
D8576, D8577 = Expansion Module Slot 54 Information
D8578, D8579 = Expansion Module Slot 55 Information
D8580, D8581 = Expansion Module Slot 56 Information
D8582, D8583 = Expansion Module Slot 57 Information
D8584, D8585 = Expansion Module Slot 58 Information
D8586, D8587 = Expansion Module Slot 59 Information
D8588, D8589 = Expansion Module Slot 60 Information
D8590, D8591 = Expansion Module Slot 61 Information
D8592, D8593 = Expansion Module Slot 62 Information
D8594, D8595 = Expansion Module Slot 63 Information

The system software version displays the version of the software written to the device. For details on the type IDs and statuses, see "List of Type IDs and Status" on page 2-46.

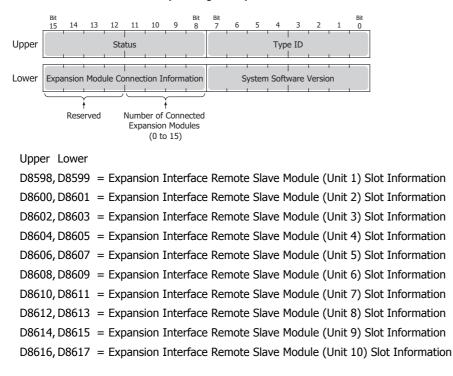
 D8596, D8597: Expansion Interface Remote Master Module Slot Information Expansion interface remote master module type information is written to these registers. The allocation of information (bit assignment) is as follows.

	Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	Bit 8	Bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Bit 0
Upper			1	Sta	l Itus I							Тур	l e ID l	1	1	
Lower	Num			necteo Ite Sla				ace		S	ystem	ı Softı	 ware ' 	versic	n I	

The system software version displays the version of the software written to the device. For details on the type IDs and statuses, see "List of Type IDs and Status" on page 2-46.

D8598 to D8617: Expansion Interface Remote Slave Module Slot Information

Expansion interface remote slave module type information is written to these registers. The allocation of information (bit assignment) is as follows.





The system software version displays the version of the software written to the device. For details on the type ID and status, see "List of Type IDs and Status" on page 2-46.

- D8618: Refresh Time of Expansion Interface Remote Master/Slave Modules Current Value The current value of the I/O refresh time of the expansion modules connected with the expansion interface remote master/slave modules is stored in increments of 1 ms.
- D8619: Refresh Time of Expansion Interface Remote Master/Slave Modules Maximum Value The maximum value of the I/O refresh time of the expansion modules connected with the expansion interface remote master/ slave modules is stored in increments of 1 ms.
- D8631 to D8634: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 IP Address (Write-only) These registers are used to write the IP address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module. IP address: To set as aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 - D8631 = aaa, D8632 = bbb, D8633 = ccc, D8634 = ddd
- D8635 to D8638: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Subnet Mask (Write-only)
 These registers are used to write the subnet mask of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module.
 Subnet mask: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 D8635 = aaa, D8636 = bbb, D8637 = ccc, D8638 = ddd
- D8639 to D8642: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Default Gateway (Write-only)
 These registers are used to write the default gateway of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module.
 Default gateway: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 D8639 = aaa, D8640 = bbb, D8641 = ccc, D8642 = ddd
- D8643 to D8646: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Preferred DNS Server (Write-only)
 These registers are used to write the preferred DNS server of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module.
 Preferred DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following.
 D8643 = aaa, D8644 = bbb, D8645 = ccc, D8646 = ddd

 D8647 to D8650: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Alternate DNS Server (Write-only)
- These registers are used to write the alternate DNS server of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module. Alternate DNS server: For aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, write the following. D8647 = aaa, D8648 = bbb, D8649 = ccc, D8650 = ddd
- D8651 to D8656: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 MAC Address (Current Value Read-only) The MAC address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows.
 Example: MAC address: AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF D8651 = AA, D8652 = BB, D8653 = CC, D8654 = DD, D8655 = EE, D8656 = FF
- D8657 to D8660: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 IP Address (Current Value Read-only)
 The IP address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows.

 Example: The CPU module's own IP address: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd
 D8657 = aaa, D8658 = bbb, D8659 = ccc, D8660 = ddd
- D8661 to D8664: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Subnet Mask (Current Value Read-only) The subnet mask value of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Subnet mask: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd

D8661 = aaa, D8662 = bbb, D8663 = ccc, D8664 = ddd

D8665 to D8668: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Default Gateway (Current Value Read-only)

The default gateway address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Default gateway: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd

D8665 = aaa, D8666 = bbb, D8667 = ccc, D8668 = ddd



D8669 to D8672: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Preferred DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)

The preferred DNS server address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Preferred DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd

D8669 = aaa, D8670 = bbb, D8671 = ccc, D8672 = ddd

■ D8673 to D8676: CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Alternate DNS Server (Current Value Read-only)

The alternate DNS server address of Ethernet port 2 on the Plus CPU module is written to the special data registers as follows. Example: Alternate DNS server: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd

D8673 = aaa, D8674 = bbb, D8675 = ccc, D8676 = ddd

D8759: EMAIL Instruction Detailed Error Information (Ethernet Port 1)
 Detailed error information for the EMAIL instruction (Ethernet port 1) is written to this register.
 For details, see "Confirm the error detail of EMAIL instruction" on page 12-3.

List of Type IDs and Status

Type ID

Expansion module and HMI module

Тур	e ID	Type No.
Hexadecimal	Binary	Туре ко.
0x00	0000 0000	FC6A-N16B1, FC6A-N16B3
0x01	0000 0001	FC6A-R161, FC6A-T16K1, FC6A-T16P1, FC6A-T16K3, FC6A-T16P3
0x02	0000 0010	FC6A-N32B3
0x03	0000 0011	FC6A-T32K3, FC6A-T32P3
0x04	0000 0100	FC6A-N08B1, FC6A-N08A11
0x05	0000 0101	FC6A-R081, FC6A-T08K1, FC6A-T08P1
0x06	0000 0110	FC6A-M08BR1
0x07	0000 0111	FC6A-M24BR1
0x18	0001 1000	FC6A-PH1
0x19	0001 1001	FC6A-EXM2
0x1A	0001 1010	FC6A-EXM1S
0x20	0010 0000	FC6A-J2C1
0x21	0010 0001	FC6A-J4A1
0x22	0010 0010	FC6A-J8A1
0x24	0010 0100	FC6A-K4A1
0x25	0010 0101	FC6A-L06A1
0x26	0010 0110	FC6A-L03CN1
0x27	0010 0111	FC6A-J4CN1
0x28	0010 1000	FC6A-J8CU1
0x29	0010 1001	FC6A-F2M1
0x2A	0010 1010	FC6A-F2MR1
0x2B	0010 1011	FC6A-J4CH1Y
0x2C	0010 1100	FC6A-EXM1M
0x2E	0010 1110	FC6A-SIF52
0xFF	1111 1111	Not connected

Cartridge

Тур	e ID	Type No.						
Hexadecimal	Binary	туре но.						
0x00	0000 0000	FC6A-PJ2A						
0x01	0000 0001	FC6A-PK2AV						
0x02	0000 0010	FC6A-PK2AW						
0x03	0000 0011	FC6A-PJ2CP						
0x06	0000 0110	FC6A-PC1						
0x07	0000 0111	FC6A-PC3						
0x09	0000 1001	FC6A-PTS4, FC6A-PTK4						
0x0A	0000 1010	FC6A-PN4						
0x0C	0000 1100	FC6A-PC4						
0xFF	1111 1111	Not connected						

Status

Sta	tus	Description					
Hexadecimal	Binary	Description					
0x00	0000 0000	Normal					
0x81	1000 0001	Communication error (An error has occurred in the communication between the CPU module and an expansion module, HMI module, or cartridge.)					
0x82	1000 0010	Unknown device detected (A device other than the FC6A Series MICROSmart is connected.)					
0x83	1000 0011	Device setting error (No device is connected or the connected device is different from that set in the user program.)					
0x84	1000 0100	Device writing error (The attempt to set the operation of the device failed.)					
0x85	1000 0101	System update error (The system update failed.)					
0x86	1000 0110	Expansion interface remote master module communication error (An error is occurring in the communication between the expansion interface remote master and slave modules.)					

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

Introduction

This chapter describes how to configure the settings to use the communication functions of the FC6A Series MICROSmart and examples of using these functions.

For functions that require advanced setup including the communication ports and network settings, first configure those settings in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box in WindLDR, and then download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. For the way to configure settings related to CAN J1939 communication, see "J1939 Communication" on page 8-1.

Setting List

Function Name	Overview	Reference	Setup Location
Communication ports	Configures the communication function, parameters and the ports to match the communication device.	3-2	
Network settings	Configures information for connecting the FC6A Series MICROSmart to a network.	3-3	Function area
Network Management	Configures SNTP settings and the PING instruction timeout time.	3-9	settings
Connection settings	Communication mode and parameters for the Ethernet communication can be configured for each connection so that the FC6A Series MICROSmart can communicate with other network devices over the Ethernet.	3-12	
Remote host list	The remote host devices on the network that the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates with can be registered and managed in the Remote Host List.	3-18	Remote host list
Auto Ping Function	Configures the auto ping function to monitor the network connection status of remote hosts.	3-20	Kemole nost list

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

Communication Port Settings

This section describes how to configure the communication ports when using communication port 1 to 33 to communicate with communication devices.

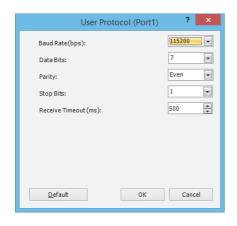
Programming WindLDR

Configure the communication format according to the communication specifications of the device.

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Communication Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box is displayed.
- Click Communication Mode for the port to use and select the communication mode to use. The configuration dialog that corresponds to the communication mode is displayed.

Function Area Settings					? ×		
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Conf	igure the communication ports.					
Input Configuration	Communic	ation Ports	_				
Communication Ports	Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface	
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Protocol V	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C	
Device Settings	2	Maintenance Protocol User Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Program Protection	3	Data Link Master 🔗	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Self Diagnostic		Modbus RTU Master Modbus RTU Slave					
Calendar & Clock		Houbus KTO Slave					
Network Settings							
Network Management							
Connection Settings							
<u>D</u> efault						ОК	Cancel

3. Change the settings on the configuration dialog according to the communication format for the destination device. A user communication example is shown below.



4. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings.



Network Settings

This section describes the settings for using Ethernet port 1, Ethernet port 2, or the HMI-Ethernet port to connect the FC6A Series MICROSmart to a network.

Description

The following table presents the Ethernet ports and configuration items that can be configured in the FC6A Series MICROSmart network settings in order for the FC6A Series MICROSmart to connect to an Ethernet network.

		Settings							
FC6A Series MICROSmart	Ethernet Port	IP Settings	DNS Settings	SNTP Settings	Ping Settings	E-mail Settings	Web Server Settings	FTP Settings	
All-in-One CPU module	Ethernet port 1	Yes	Yes	—	—	—	_	_	
Plus CPU module	Ethernet port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	Ethernet port 2	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	_	_	_	
HMI module	HMI-Ethernet port	Yes	Yes	—	—	Yes	Yes	_	

Network Settings

IP Settings

The specification method for the FC6A Series MICROSmart IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway can be selected as the following three types.

Specification Method	Description
Obtain an IP Address Automatically (DHCP)	The FC6A Series MICROSmart will automatically acquire the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway from the DHCP server when the user program download has finished and when the FC6A Series MICROSmart power is turned on. However, a DHCP server must be present on the network where the FC6A Series MICROSmart is located.
Use Special Data Register to Configure the IP Address	Specify the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway of Ethernet port 1, Ethernet port 2, and HMI-Ethernet port using the special data registers. These values are set on the FC6A Series MICROSmart when the FC6A Series MICROSmart power is turned on and when special internal relay M8190, M8333, or M8184 is turned on.
Use the Following IP Address	Specify a fixed IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway. The values specified here are reflected in the FC6A Series MICROSmart when the user program download has finished.

Notes:

- The default FC6A Series MICROSmart settings are: IP address 192.168.1.5, subnet mask 255.255.255.0, default gateway 0.0.0.
- The FC6A Series MICROSmart IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway can be changed using the HMI module. For details, see Chapter 7 "HMI Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

DNS Settings

The specification method for the DNS server addresses can be selected as the following three types.

Specification Method	Description			
Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically (DHCP)	The FC6A Series MICROSmart will automatically acquire the DNS server addresses from the DHCP server when the user program download has finished and when the FC6A Series MICROSmart power is turned on. However, a DHCP server must be present on the network where the FC6A Series MICROSmart is located.			
Use Special Data Registers to Configure the DNS Server Addresses	Specify the preferred DNS server address and the alternate DNS server address of Ethernet port 1, Ethernet port 2, and HMI-Ethernet port using the special data registers. These values are set on the FC6A Series MICROSmart when the FC6A Series MICROSmart power is turned on and when special internal relay M8190, M8333, or M8184 is turned on.			
Use the Following DNS Server Addresses	Specify a fixed preferred DNS server address and alternate DNS server address. The values specified here are reflected in the FC6A Series MICROSmart when the user program download has finished.			

Notes:

- When an IP address cannot be obtained from the preferred DNS server, the alternate DNS server is accessed.
- The DNS server addresses can be changed using the HMI module. For details, see Chapter 7 "HMI Function" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".



Network settings by special data registers

When configuring the IP Settings and DNS server addresses using special data registers, values stored in the special data registers are applied as those settings when the power to the FC6A Series MICROSmart is turned on or when special internal relay M8190 or M3333 is turned on.

Examples:

- When M8190 (Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 1 Network Settings Trigger) is turned on, values stored in D8304 to D8323 are applied as IP settings and DNS server addresses of Ethernet port 1.
- When M8333 (Change CPU Module Ethernet Port 2 Network Settings Trigger) is turned on, values stored in D8631 to D8650 are applied as IP settings and DNS server addresses of Ethernet port 2.

Special Data Register	Description	Read/Write
	Setting value of IP address set for Ethernet port 1.	
D8304-D8307	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.0.1	R/W
	D8304=192, D8305=168, D8306=0, D8307=1	
	Setting value of subnet mask set for Ethernet port 1.	
D8308-D8311	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R/W
	D8308=255, D8309=255, D8310=255, D8311=0	
	Setting value of default gateway set for Ethernet port 1.	
D8312-D8315	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.0.24	R/W
	D8312=192, D8313=168, D8314=0, D8315=24	
	Setting value of preferred DNS server address used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8316-D8319	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.0.100	R/W
	D8316=192, D8317=168, D8318=0, D8319=100	
	Setting value of alternate DNS server address used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8320-D8323	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.0.101	R/W
	D8320=192, D8321=168, D8322=0, D8323=101	
	Setting value of IP address set for Ethernet port 2.	
D8631-D8634	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.1.1	R/W
	D8631=192, D8632=168, D8633=1, D8634=1	
	Setting value of subnet mask set for Ethernet port 2.	
D8635-D8638	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R/W
	D8635=255, D8636=255, D8637=255, D8638=0	
	Setting value of default gateway set for Ethernet port 2.	
D8639-D8642	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.1.24	R/W
	D8639=192, D8640=168, D8641=1, D8642=24	
	Setting value of preferred DNS server address used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8643-D8646	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.1.100	R/W
	D8643=192, D8644=168, D8645=1, D8646=100	
	Setting value of alternate DNS server address used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8647-D8650	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.1.101	R/W
	D8647=192, D8648=168, D8649=1, D8650=101	

Checking the network settings

The current IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server addresses of Ethernet port 1 and Ethernet port 2 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be checked with special data registers.

Special Data Register	Description	Read/Write
	Current value of IP address used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8330-D8333	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.0.1	R
	D8330=192, D8331=168, D8332=0, D8333=1	
	Current value of subnet mask used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8334-D8337	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R
	D8334=255, D8335=255, D8336=255, D8337=0	
	Current value of default gateway used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8338-D8341	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.0.24	R
	D8338=192, D8339=168, D8340=0, D8341=24	
	Current value of preferred DNS server address used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8342-D8345	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.0.100	R
	D8342=192, D8343=168, D8344=0, D8345=100	
	Current value of alternate DNS server address used by Ethernet port 1.	
D8346-D8349	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.0.101	R
	D8346=192, D8347=168, D8348=0, D8349=101	
	Current value of IP address used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8657-D8660	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.1.1	R
	D8657=192, D8658=168, D8659=1, D8660=1	
	Current value of subnet mask used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8661-D8664	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R
	D8661=255, D8662=255, D8663=255, D8664=0	
	Current value of default gateway used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8665-D8668	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.1.24	R
	D8665=192, D8666=168, D8667=1, D8668=24	
	Current value of preferred DNS server address used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8669-D8672	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.1.100	R
	D8669=192, D8670=168, D8671=1, D8672=100	
	Current value of alternate DNS server address used by Ethernet port 2.	
D8673-D8676	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.1.101	R
	D8673=192, D8674=168, D8675=1, D8676=101	

Network settings by HMI module special data registers

When configuring the IP Settings and DNS server addresses using special data registers, values stored in the special data registers are applied as those settings when the power to the FC6A Series MICROSmart is turned on or when special internal relay M8184 is turned on.

Example:

• When M8184 (Change HMI Module Network Settings Trigger) is turned on, values stored in D8437 to D8456 are applied as IP settings and DNS server addresses of HMI-Ethernet port.

Special Data Register	Description	Read/Write
	The HMI module IP address setting value.	
D8437-D8440	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.0.1	R/W
	D8437=192, D8438=168, D8439=0, D8440=1	
	The HMI module subnet mask setting value.	
D8441-D8444	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R/W
	D8441=255, D8442=255, D8443=255, D8444=0	
	The HMI module default gateway setting value.	
D8445-D8448	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.0.24	R/W
	D8445=192, D8446=168, D8447=0, D8448=24	
	The setting value of the preferred DNS server address used by the HMI module.	
D8449-D8452	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.0.100	R/W
	D8449=192, D8450=168, D8451=0, D8452=100	
	The setting value of the alternate DNS server address used by the HMI module.	
D8453-D8456	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.0.101	R/W
	D8453=192, D8454=168, D8455=0, D8456=101	

Checking the HMI module network settings

The current HMI module IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server addresses can be checked with special data registers.

Special Data Register	Description	Read/Write
	The HMI module IP address current value.	
D8388-D8391	Example: When the IP address is 192.168.0.1	R
	D8388=192, D8389=168, D8390=0, D8391=1	
	The HMI module subnet mask current value.	
D8392-D8395	Example: When the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0	R
	D8392=255, D8393=255, D8394=255, D8395=0	
	The HMI module default gateway current value.	
D8396-D8399	Example: When the default gateway is 192.168.0.24	R
	D8396=192, D8397=168, D8398=0, D8399=24	
	The current value of the preferred DNS server address used by the HMI module.	
D8400-D8403	Example: When the preferred DNS address is 192.168.0.100	R
	D8400=192, D8401=168, D8402=0, D8403=100	
	The current value of the alternate DNS server address used by the HMI module.	
D8404-D8407	Example: When the alternate DNS address is 192.168.0.101	R
	D8404=192, D8405=168, D8406=0, D8407=101	

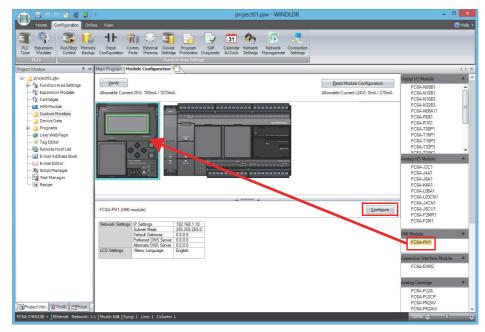
Programming WindLDR

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click the following item.
 - All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
 Network Settings
 - Plus CPU module
 Ethernet Port 1 to configure Ethernet port 1
 Ethernet Port 2 to configure Ethernet port 2
 - The **Function Area Settings** dialog box appears.
- 2. Configure IP Settings and DNS Settings.

	Function Area Settings	? ×
Run/Stop Control	Configure the network settings.	
Memory Backup		
Input Configuration	IP Settings	
Communication Ports	Obtain an IP Address automatically (DHCP)	
External Memory Devices	◎ Use special data register to configure the IP address	
Device Settings	Ouse the following IP address:	
Program Protection	IP Address: 192.168.1.5	
Self Diagnostic	Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 0	
Calendar & Clock	Default gateway: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
Network Settings	DNS Settings	
Network Management	O Obtain DNS server address automatically (DHCP)	
Connection Settings	Use special data register to configure the DNS server addresses	
	Use the following DNS server addresses:	
	Preferred DNS Server: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
	Alternate DNS Server: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
<u>D</u> efault	ОК	Cancel

- 3. Click OK.
- **4.** Use the Module Configuration Editor to configure the HMI module network settings. On the **Configuration** tab, in the **PLCs** group, select **Expansion Modules**.
- **5.** Click the inserted HMI module in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box is displayed.

Note: You can also display the HMI Module Configuration dialog box by double-clicking HMI Module in the Project Window.



6. Click the Network Settings tab, and then configure the IP Settings and DNS Settings.

	Н	MI Module Configura	tion	?
LCD Settings	Configure the network settings.			
Network Settings				
E-mail Settings	IP Settings			
Connection Settings	Obtain an IPAddress automatically			
Web Server	🔘 Use special data register to configu	re the IP address		
	Use the following IP address:			
	IP Address:	192.168.1.10		
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
	Default gateway:	0.0.0.0		
	DN5 Settings			
	Obtain DNS server address automat	ically (DHCP)		
	OUse special data register to configu			
	Use the following DNS server address			
	Preferred DNS Server:	0.0.0.0		
	Alternate DNS Server:	0.0.0.0		
	Alternate Physics Perform	0.0.0.0		
			•	
Default				0K Cano

This concludes configuring the settings.

Network Management

SNTP Settings

This section describes the settings to adjust the clock in the FC6A Series MICROSmart by acquiring the current time (GMT) from an SNTP server on the network.

Description

The FC6A Series MICROSmart acquires the current time (GMT) from an SNTP server on the network automatically or at the set interval and adjusts the internal clock according to the time zone setting. If the daylight savings time setting has been enabled, the current time (GMT) acquired from the SNTP server is corrected for daylight savings time during the daylight savings time period. The time zone can be adjusted and the operation status of the SNTP server can be checked using special data registers.

Programming WindLDR

Configure the SNTP server used to acquire the current time and the acquisition method of the current time.

- 1. On the WindLDR Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click the following item.
 - All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
 Network Management
 - Plus CPU module
 Ethernet Port 1
- 2. Select the Acquire the current date and time from an SNTP server check box.

	Function Area Settings	? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure parameters for network management.	
Input Configuration	SNTP Settings	
Communication Ports	Acquire the current date and time from an SNTP server	
External Memory Devices	SNTP Server:	
Device Settings	IP Address:	
Program Protection	Host Name:	
Self Diagnostic	SNTP Server Port: 123	
Calendar & Clock	Time Zone: GMT+00:00	
Network Settings	Automatic Acquisition:	
Network Management	🖉 Cycle: Every 30 Days 👻	
Connection Settings	At PLC power on	
	Res 6 Mars	
	Ping Settings Timeout (10 to 30000 msec): 100 🚔	
<u>D</u> efault	ОК	Cancel

3. Configure the SNTP server, time zone, and acquisition method of the current time.

Item	Setting Value		
SNTP Server (IP Address)	Specify the IP address of the SNTP server used to acquire the current time.		
Sivir Server (Ir Address)	The format is "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx". "xxx" stands for a numeric value from 0 to 255.		
SNTP Server (Host Name)	Specify the host name of the SNTP server used to acquire the current time.		
SINTE Server (Host Marile)	The host name can be entered up to 40 single-byte alphanumeric characters.		
SNTP Server Port	Specify the SNTP server port number (0 to 65535).		
	Select the difference of the regional time zone in regard to the standard time acquired from the SNTP server.		
Time Zone	The time zone can be selected in the range of GMT-12:00 to GMT+13:00.		
	The time zone can be adjusted in 15 minute increments using special data register D8413.		

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

4. To automatically acquire the current time, select the **Automatic Acquisition** check box.

When a keep data error occurs and when the user program is downloaded and automatic acquisition is changed from off to on, the current time is automatically acquired from the SNTP server.

To periodically acquire the current time at a timing other than the above, select the **Cycle** check box and select the cycle as "Every 10 Minutes", "Every Hour", "Every Day", or "Every 30 Days".

To acquire the current time from the SNTP server when the FC6A Series MICROSmart power is turned on, select the **At PLC power on** check box.

When the **Automatic Acquisition** check box is cleared, if special internal relay M8191 is turned from off to on, the current time is acquired from the SNTP server.

5. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings.

Adjusting the time zone (D8413)

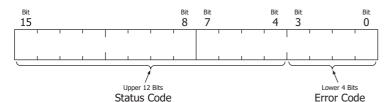
The selected time zone (GMT-12:00 to GMT+13:00) can be adjusted in 15 minute increments with the value of special data register D8413 (time zone offset).

For example, if GMT+09:00 is selected, storing +1 in D8413 advances the time by 15 minutes to make the time zone "GMT+09:15". Storing -2 in D8413 sets the time back by -30 minutes to make the time zone "GMT+08:30".

Checking the operation status (D8414)

The SNTP Operation Status is stored in special data register D8414 (SNTP Operation Status). The operation status indicates the operation status (status code) and the error details (error code).

The operation status (status code) is stored in the upper 12 bits of D8414 and the error details (error code) is stored in the lower 4 bits of D8414.



Status Code	Operation Status	Status Description
0 (0000000000)	No operation	When there is no access to the SNTP server
32 (00000100000)	Waiting for response	When the SNTP server has been accessed and waiting for the response from the SNTP server
64 (000001000000)	Time information acquisition successful	When the response from the SNTP server was normally received

Error Code	Error Details
0 (0000)	Normal
2 (0010)	Timeout error
3 (0011)	The set SNTP server IP address could not be resolved by DNS
9 (1001)	Invalid data was received

Acquire the current time at an arbitrary timing (M8191)

When special internal relay M8191 (SNTP time acquisition flag) is turned on, the current time is acquired from the SNTP server.

Elapsed time since acquiring the current time (D8415)

The elapsed time (0 to 65,535) in minutes since last acquiring the current time from the SNTP server is stored in special data register D8415 (elapsed time since SNTP access). Since the values that can be stored are between 0 and 65,535, 65,535 minutes / 60 minutes / 24 hours = approximately 45 days, so the maximum value that can be measured is 45 days.

For example, when the date and time that the current time was last acquired from the SNTP server is January 1 at 12:00, if the value of D8415 is checked on January 1 at 15:00, the value stored is "180" because 3 hours = 180 minutes have elapsed.

D8145 is reset to 0 when the current time is successfully acquired, then the elapsed time count starts. If acquiring the current time from the SNTP server was not successful even once, the value of D8145 is not updated.



Ping Settings

This section describes the ping timeout setting for the PING instruction and when the auto ping function is being executed.

Description

When sending pings with the PING instruction or auto ping function, a ping packet is sent to the specified remote host to check whether or not communication is possible at the IP level. Set the time from when this ping is sent until the timeout occurs.

Programming WindLDR

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click the following item.
 - All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
 Network Management
 - Plus CPU module
 Ethernet Port 1 to configure Ethernet port 1
 Ethernet Port 2 to configure Ethernet port 2
- 2. With **Timeout (10 to 30000 msec)**, set the PING instruction timeout between 10 and 30,000 ms. The default is 100 ms.

	Function Area Settings ? 🗙			
Run/Stop Control	Configure parameters for network management.			
Memory Backup				
Input Configuration	SNTP Settings			
Communication Ports	Cquire the current date and time from an SNTP server			
External Memory Devices	SNTP Server:			
Device Settings	○ IP Address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0			
Program Protection	Host Name:			
Self Diagnostic	SNTP Server Port: 123 🗘			
Calendar & Clock	Time Zone: GMT+00:00			
Network Settings	Automatic Acquisition:			
Network Management	🗸 Cycle: Every 30 Days 💌			
Connection Settings	At PLC power on			
	Ping Settings			
	Timeout (10 to 30000 msec): 100 🛫			
<u>D</u> efault	ОК	Cancel		

3. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings.

Connection Settings

This section describes the settings for client/server communication on TCP/IP communication using Ethernet port 1, Ethernet port 2, or the HMI-Ethernet port of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Applications

The All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module is capable of maintenance communication, user communication, and Modbus TCP communication using a maximum of eight connections over Ethernet port 1.

The Plus CPU module is capable of maintenance communication, user communication, and Modbus TCP communication using a maximum of 16 connections over Ethernet port 1 and Ethernet port 2.

Those communications can be configured in the Function Area Settings dialog box.

Also, the HMI-Ethernet port can be used to expand a maximum of eight connections when using an HMI module.

However, the only communication function that is supported by the HMI-Ethernet port is maintenance communication.

Description of functions

The communication mode of each connection can be selected from six types of communication: maintenance communication server, user communication client, Modbus TCP server, Modbus TCP client, or unused. User communication (UDP) is also available in the Plus CPU module, so the communication mode can be selected from the seven types. A maximum of eight connections can be configured for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module. A maximum of 16 connections can be configured for the Plus CPU module.

To limit the access to the FC6A Series MICROSmart, IP address flittering can be used. By specifying the IP address that can access the FC6A Series MICROSmart, anonymous access can be prevented.

Communication Modes Available with the Ethernet Ports

The communication modes supported by each Ethernet port are as follows.

Communication Mode	All-in-One CPU Module/ CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module	Plus CPU Module		HMI Module HMI-Ethernet Port	
	Ethernet Port 1	Ethernet Port 1 Ethernet Port 2			
Maintenance communication server (Default)	х	Х	Х	х	
User communication server	X	Х	Х	—	
User communication client	X	Х	Х	—	
User communication (UDP)	—	Х	Х	—	
Modbus TCP server	X	Х	Х	—	
Modbus TCP client	Х	Х	Х	—	
Unused	Х	Х	Х	Х	

Number of Connections

CPU Module	Amount
All-in-One CPU module	8 maximum
Plus CPU module	16 maximum (A maximum of 255 remote devices can be registered when using the Modbus TCP client. Connections with a maximum of 128 remote hosts can be maintained during the communication.)
HMI module	8 maximum

Overview of Communication Modes

The following table presents an overview of the communication modes.

Communication Mode	Overview	Reference
Maintenance communication server (Default)	This mode allows monitoring and changing devices and user program uploading and downloading from WindLDR.	4-7
User communication server	This mode enables communication with client devices according to the ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet) instruction and the ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) instruction.	5-47
User communication client	This mode enables communication with server devices according to the ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet) instruction and the ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) instruction.	5-43



Communication Mode	Overview	Reference
User communication (UDP) *1	This mode enables communication with UDP communication devices according to the ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet) instruction and the ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) instruction.	5-50
Modbus TCP server	When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is configured as a Modbus TCP server, FC6A Series MICROSmart data monitoring and modifications can be executed from Modbus TCP client-compatible devices.	6-27
Modbus TCP client	Modbus TCP server-compatible device data monitoring and modifications can be executed from Modbus TCP clients.	6-22
Unused	The connection is not used. This option stops the internal control processing, which improves the responsiveness of the other connections.	_

*1 Can be selected for only the Plus CPU module.

Connection Status and Connected IP Address

The connection status of connections with remote hosts can be confirmed with special internal relays M8212 to M8231 and M8345 to M8364. When a connection with a remote host is established, the corresponding special internal relay is turned on. When the connection is disconnected, the corresponding special internal relay is turned off. The IP addresses of the remote hosts can be confirmed with special data registers D8350 to D8381.

Note: R/W is the abbreviation for read/write. When R/W, it can be read and written. When R, it can only be read. When W, it can only be written.

Special Internal Relays

Device Address	Description	Details	Read/Write
M8212	Connection 1 Status		
M8213	Connection 2 Status		
M8214	Connection 3 Status		
M8215	Connection 4 Status		
M8216	Connection 5 Status		
M8217	Connection 6 Status		
M8220	Connection 7 Status		
M8221	Connection 8 Status	While a connection is established with a remote host, the special internal relay will be on. When no connection is	R
M8345 ^{*1}	Connection 9 Status	established, it will be off.	ĸ
M8346 ^{*1}	Connection 10 Status		
M8347 ^{*1}	Connection 11 Status		
M8350 ^{*1}	Connection 12 Status		
M8351 ^{*1}	Connection 13 Status		
M8352 ^{*1}	Connection 14 Status		
M8353 ^{*1}	Connection 15 Status		
M8354 ^{*1}	Connection 16 Status		
M8222	Connection 1 disconnected flag		
M8223	Connection 2 disconnected flag		
M8224	Connection 3 disconnected flag		
M8225	Connection 4 disconnected flag		
M8226	Connection 5 disconnected flag		
M8227	Connection 6 disconnected flag	When turned on, the connection to the server is forcibly	
M8230	Connection 7 disconnected flag	disconnected to stop communication. When turned off,	
M8231	Connection 8 disconnected flag	the connection to the server is established and	R/W
M8355 ^{*1}	Connection 9 disconnected flag	communication is restarted.	K/ VV
M8356 ^{*1}	Connection 10 disconnected flag	This flag is only valid in user communication client and	
M8357 ^{*1}	Connection 11 disconnected flag	Modbus TCP client.	
M8360 ^{*1}	Connection 12 disconnected flag	7	
M8361 ^{*1}	Connection 13 disconnected flag	7	
M8362 ^{*1}	Connection 14 disconnected flag		
M8363 ^{*1}	Connection 15 disconnected flag	7	
M8364 ^{*1}	Connection 16 disconnected flag	7	

*1 Can be used only with the Plus CPU module.

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

Connected IP addresses

Special Data Register		Description	Read/Write
D8350-D8353	Connection 1 Connected IP Address		
D8354-D8357	Connection 2 Connected IP Address		
D8358-D8361	Connection 3 Connected IP Address		
D8362-D8365	Connection 4 Connected IP Address		
D8366-D8369	Connection 5 Connected IP Address		
D8370-D8373	Connection 6 Connected IP Address	When communication has been established between an	
D8374-D8377	Connection 7 Connected IP Address	external device and a connection, the IP address of the	
D8378-D8381	Connection 8 Connected IP Address	connected external device is stored in special data	R
D8677-D8680 ^{*1}	Connection 9 Connected IP Address	registers as shown below.	ĸ
D8681-D8684 ^{*1}	Connection 10 Connected IP Address	Example: IP Address: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd,	
D8685-D8688 ^{*1}	Connection 11 Connected IP Address	D8350=aaa, D8351=bbb, D8352=ccc, D8353=ddd	
D8689-D8692 ^{*1}	Connection 12 Connected IP Address		
D8693-D8696 ^{*1}	Connection 13 Connected IP Address	1	
D8697-D8700 ^{*1}	Connection 14 Connected IP Address	1	
D8701-D8704 ^{*1}	Connection 15 Connected IP Address	1	
D8705-D8708 ^{*1}	Connection 16 Connected IP Address	1	

*1 Can be used only with the Plus CPU module.

HMI module connection status information and connected IP address

The connection status for the HMI module connection number specified by D8429 is stored in special internal relays and special data registers.

The status of the connection to an HMI module external device can be checked with special internal relay M8232.

The relay is on when connected to the external device and off when not connected.

The connected IP address can be checked with special data registers D8430 to D8433.

Read specified target connection number

Special Internal Relays	Description		Read/Write	
		Reflects the connection information for the specified number		
	HMI module	to D8430 through D8434 and M8232.		
D8429	read target connection	When 0 is specified, the target devices are all set to 0.	R/W	
	number	If a connection not that does not exist is specified, the		
		operation is the same as when 0 is specified.		

Status information

Special Internal Relays	Description		
M8232	HMI module	On when the connection specified with D8429 is connected to	D
	connection status	an external device and off when there is no connection.	ĸ

Connected IP Address

Special Internal Relays	Relays Description		
D8430-D8433	HMI connection Connected IP Address	 When communication has been established between an external device and the connection specified by D8429, the IP address of the connected external device is stored in special data registers as shown below. Example: IP Address: aaa.bbb.ccc.ddd, D8430=aaa, D8431=bbb, D8432=ccc, D8433=ddd 	R

Programming WindLDR

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Connection Settings. The Function Area Settings dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for the port to be used and select communication mode of the connection to use.

	Function Area	Settings				? ×
Run/Stop Control	Configure parameters for connections.					
Memory Backup	•					
Input Configuration Con	nections					
Communication Ports No	Communication Mode					
External Memory Devices 1	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Device Settings 2	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Program Protection	Unused Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Self Diagnostic	User Communication Server					
Calendar & Clock 4	Modbus TCP Server	TCP	Configure			
Network Settings 5	Modbus TCP Client Maintenance communication server	TCP	Configure			
Network Management 6	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Connection Settings	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
8	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	I.		
Default					ОК	Cancel

Configure the communication modes allocated to a maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module that can be used as client or server. Each connection can be set to a different port number. Set connections that are not used to **Unused**.

A dialog box is displayed according to the communication mode.

3. Specify the parameters according to the communication format of the destination device.

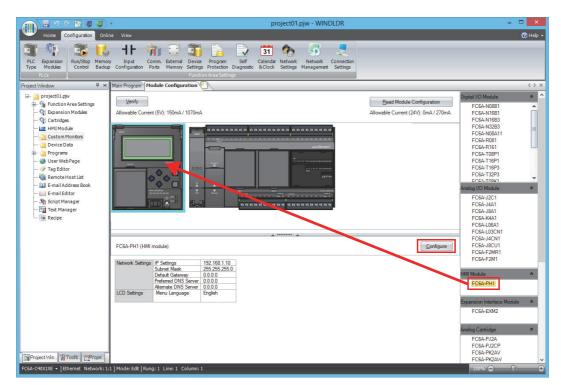
Maintenance Communication Server	? ×
Local Host Port No.:	2101
Receive Timeout (ms):	2000
Allow Access by IP Address:	0.0.0
Enable Pass-Through over Modbus RTU (Port1) Default OK	Cancel

- 4. Click OK.
- Use the Module Configuration Editor to configure the HMI module network settings. On the Configuration tab, in the PLCs group, select Expansion Modules.

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

6. Click the inserted HMI module in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box is displayed.

Note: You can also display the HMI Module Configuration dialog box by double-clicking HMI Module in the Project Window.



- 7. Click Connection Settings.
- 8. Click Communication Mode for the port to be used and select communication mode of the connection to use.

HMI Module Configuration ? ×			
LCD Settings Network Settings	Configure parameters for connections.		
E-mail Settings	Connections		
Connection Settings	No. Communication Mode		
Web Server	1 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	3 Maintenance Communication Server V TCP Configure		
	4 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure		
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel	





9. Specify the parameters according to the communication format of the destination device.

Maintenance Communication Server ? ×
Local Host Port No.:
Receive Timeout (ms):
Allow Access by IP Address:
Enable Pass-Through over Modbus RTU (Port1) Default OK Cancel

10. Click **OK**.

This concludes configuring the settings.

Remote Host List

This chapter describes how to configure a list of network devices (remote hosts) in the network to which the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates.

Description

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart accesses and communicates with other network devices in the network, the remote host device should be specified. The remote host list is required to use the following functions:

- PING Instruction
- ETXD/ERXD Instructions (User communication over Ethernet)
- Modbus TCP Client

Description of Functions

The remote host consists of an IP Address or a Host Name and a Port Number.

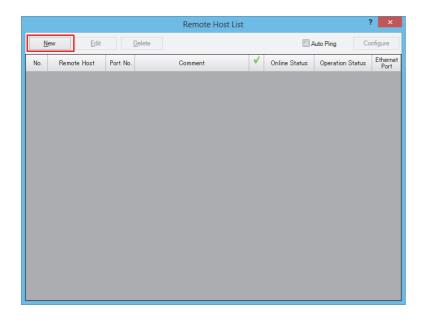
When a remote host is specified with an IP address, and the FC6A Series MICROSmart establishes connection with the remote host that has the specified IP address and the corresponding port number, then communication is started.

When a remote host is specified with a host name, the FC6A Series MICROSmart tries to obtain the IP address from the specified host name using the DNS server. If the IP address is successfully obtained, the FC6A Series MICROSmart establishes connection with the remote host that has the specified IP address and the corresponding port number, then communication is started. For details about DNS server settings, see Network Settings in the **Function Area Settings**.

Programming WindLDR

- Click Project Window in the Work Space on the View tab. The Project Window is displayed on the left side of the screen.
- 2. Double-click on the Remote Host List in the **Project Window**. The **Remote Host List** dialog box appears.
- 3. Click New button.

The Remote Host List dialog box appears.



4. Configure the parameters in the **Remote Host** dialog box and then click on **Add** button.

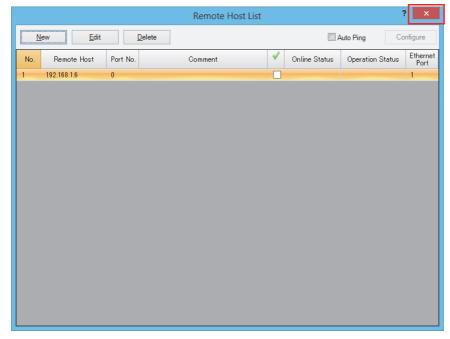
	Remote Host	?	х
Remote Host: IP Address: Host Name: Data Register:			
Port: Comment: Ethernet Port		<u>C</u> lose]

The remote host is composed of the following items.

Item	Setting Value		
IP Address	Specify the remote host with an IP address. The FC6A Series MICROSmart will communicate by establishing		
	a connection to the set IP address and port number.		
Host Name	Specifies the remote host as a host name. Up to 40 single-byte alphanumeric characters can be entered.		
Data Register	Specify the IP address of the remote host as data registers (4 words).		
Port	Specify the port number of the remote host. This port number is the TCP communication port number. It		
	differs from the numbers of the FC6A Series MICROSmart USB port and port 1 through port 3.		
Comment	The comment for the remote host can be assigned. The contents or the lngth of the comment has no effect		
	on the FC6A Series MICROSmart operation.		
Ethernet Port	Select the Ethernet port to communicate with the remote host.		

A new remote host will be added in the Remote Host List dialog box. If you want to add additional remote hosts, repeat the same procedure.

- **5.** To periodically ping the specified remote host, configure auto ping. For details, see "Auto Ping Function" on page 3-20.
- 6. After adding remote hosts has been completed, click on **Close** button.



7. If you want to delete an unused remote host, select that remote host in the Remote Host List dialog box and click on Delete button.

This concludes configuring the settings.

Note: Once a remote host is deleted, the remote host numbers of the following remote hosts are changed. As a result, there is an effect on the operation of the PING instruction, Modbus TCP client, and user communication client that refer to these remote host list numbers.

Auto Ping Function

This section describes the auto ping function that periodically pings the specified remote host.

Function Description

The function to periodically ping the specified remote host is called the auto ping function. This function can be used to check whether or not communication is possible with the specified remote host by sending a packet to that host.

The remote host is specified with the remote host list.

When auto ping is enabled and immediately after auto ping is enabled due to the FC6A Series MICROSmart power being turned on and a change in the user program, auto ping execution starts and the specified remote host numbers are pinged in order from the smallest number. There is no impact on the FC6A run and stop statuses and the ladder program.

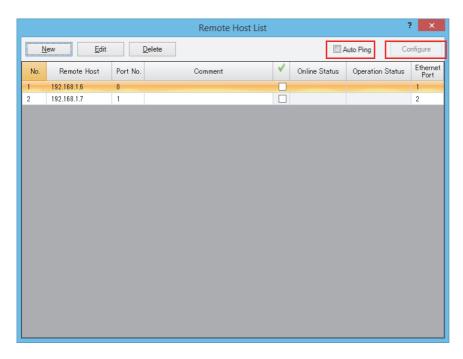
For Ethernet port 1, when M8186 (Ethernet port 1 executing auto ping) is on, auto ping will stop if M8187 (Ethernet port 1 auto ping stop flag) is turned on. When M8187 is turned off, auto ping execution starts.

For Ethernet port 2, when M8331 (Ethernet port 2 executing auto ping) is on, auto ping will stop if M8332 (Ethernet port 2 auto ping stop flag) is turned on. When M8332 is turned off, auto ping execution starts. Ethernet port 2 can be used with only the Plus CPU module.

The results of the auto ping function can be linked with Modbus TCP client request processing. For linking with Modbus TCP clients, see "Modbus TCP Client" on page 6-22.

Programming WindLDR

 In the Remote Host List dialog box, select the Auto Ping check box and click Configure. The Auto Ping Settings dialog box is displayed.



2. Specify the auto ping function items and click **OK**.

	Auto Ping Settings	? ×
Online Status: Tag Name: Device Address:	M0000)	M0000 to M0007
Operation Status: Tag Name: Device Address:	D0000	D0000 to D0007
Retry: Ping Interval:	0 m	(0 to 5) (0 to 60000) msec
Auto Ping Interval:	60000 🗯	(100 to 6000000) msec

The auto ping function is composed of the following items.

Item	Setting Value
Online Status:	 Specify the internal relay that stores the results of the pings sent with the auto ping function. If an internal relay is entered, the range of internal relays that will be used is displayed on the right side. The internal relays are all turned off when auto ping function execution starts. After the ping is sent, they are turned on when a response is received. Ethernet port 1 When M8186 (Ethernet port 1 executing auto ping) is on and M8187 (Ethernet port 1 auto ping stop flag) is changed from off to on or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 1 auto ping function is set from Used to Not used, the internal relay and/off status is left unchanged. When M8186 (Ethernet port 1 executing auto ping) is off and M8187 (Ethernet port 1 auto ping stop flag) is changed from on to off or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 1 auto ping stop flag) is changed from on to off or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 1 auto ping stop flag) is changed from on to off or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 1 auto ping function is set from Not used to Used, the internal relays are all turned off. Ethernet port 2^{*1} When M8331 (Ethernet port 2 executing auto ping) is on and M8332 (Ethernet port 2 auto ping stop flag) is changed from off to on or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 2 auto ping function is set from Used to Not used, the internal relay on/off status is left unchanged. When M8331 (Ethernet port 2 executing auto ping) is on and M8332 (Ethernet port 2 auto ping stop flag) is changed from off to on or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 2 auto ping function is set from Used to Not used, the internal relay on/off status is left unchanged. When M8331 (Ethernet port 2 executing auto ping) is off and M8332 (Ethernet port 2 auto ping stop flag) is changed from on to off or the user program is changed and the Ethernet port 2 auto ping stop flag) is changed from on to off
Operation Status:	Specify the data register that stores the operation status of the ping sent with the auto ping function. If a data register is entered, the range of data registers that will be used is displayed on the right side. The operation status indicates the operation status (status code) and the error details (error code). The status code is stored in the upper 12 bits and the error code is stored in the lower 4 bits. For the status code details, see "Operation status" on page 3-23. There is no impact on the operation of the PING instruction.
Retry:	Specify the retry count (0 to 5 times) of the ping sent with the auto ping function.
Ping Interval:	Specify the send interval (0 to 60,000 ms) of the pings sent with the auto ping function in 10 ms increments.
Auto Ping Interval:	Specify the interval (100 to 6,000,000 ms) until the next auto ping is executed after the auto ping was executed in 100 ms increments.

*1 Can be used only with the Plus CPU module.

3: COMMUNICATION SETTINGS

3. In the **Remote Host List** dialog box, select the check box of the remote hosts to ping when auto ping executes.

					Remote	Host List				3	×
	<u>N</u> ew <u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> elete			<u>)</u> elete					uto Ping	Co	nfigure
No.	Remote	Host	Port No.		Comment		1	Online Status	Operation St	tatus	Ethernet Port
1	192.168.1.6	6	0				•	M0000	D0000		1
2	192.168.1.7	,	1					M0001	D0001		2

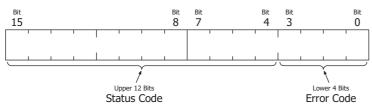
4. Click Close.

This concludes configuring the settings.

Operation status

The operation status indicates the operation status (status code) and the error details (error code).

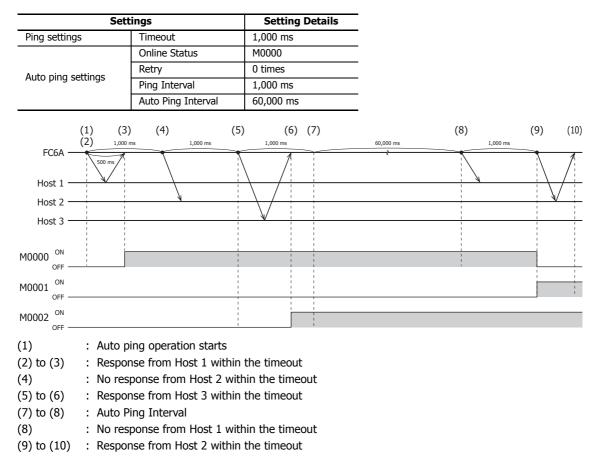
The operation status (status code) is stored in the upper 12 bits of D8414 and the error details (error code) is stored in the lower 4 bits of D8414.



Status Code	Operation Status
16 (00000010000)	Status after ping executed and before the packet is sent
32 (00000100000)	Status after packet send processing has completed and waiting for a response from the host
64 (000001000000)	Status where receiving the response for the packet completed normally or a timeout error occurred and the next ping can be executed
Error Code	Error Details
0 (0000)	Normal
2 (0010)	Timeout error
3 (0011)	The destination host name could not be resolved by DNS

Auto ping operation example 1

This example describes the operation when auto ping is executed for three remote hosts under the following conditions.



Auto ping operation example 2

This example describes the operation when auto ping is executed for three remote hosts under the following conditions.

Sett	ings	Setting Details		
Ping settings	Timeout	2,000 ms		
	Online Status	M0000		
Auto ping settings	Retry	1 time		
Auto ping settings	Ping Interval	500 ms		
	Auto Ping Interval	30,000 ms		
(1) (3) (4) (2) 500 ms	2,000 ms	(5) 2,000 ms	(6) (7)	(8)
FC6A				M
Host 1	7			
Host 2	1	N		
Host 3			N /	<u> </u>
M0000 ^{ON}				
OFF				
M0001 OFF				
M0002 ^{ON} OFF				
(1) : Auto pin	g operation starts			
(2) to (3) : Response	e from Host 1 within	the timeout		
(4) to (5) : No respo	onse from Host 2 with	in the timeout, no response	even for retries	
When th	ne timeout is lonaer th	an the ping interval, there is	s no ping interval wait time.	
		F 5 11 1, 110 0		

- (6) : Response from Host 3 was late, but within the timeout
- (7) to (8) : Auto Ping Interval

Introduction

This chapter describes the FC6A Series MICROSmart maintenance communication function.

Maintenance communication is a communication protocol dedicated for IDEC programmable controllers. It is used when WindLDR or an IDEC operator interface communicates with the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports maintenance communication on each communication port, allowing the optimum communication method to be selected for a variety of system configurations.

Maintenance Communication Functions

When performing maintenance communication with the FC6A Series MICROSmart, the following functions can be used:

Function	Description
Download user programs	User programs created in WindLDR can be downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
Download user programs	See Chapter 4 "Download Program" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".
Upload user programs	User programs stored in the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be uploaded to WindLDR.
	The user program and the device values of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be monitored and the device
Monitor/change device values	values can be changed using WindLDR.
	See Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".
	System software can be downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
Download system software	See Appendix "Upgrade FC6A Series MICROSmart System Software" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's
	Manual".

Note: To use maintenance communication, see Chapter 4 "Start WindLDR" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual" and perform setup.

Communication Ports Used For Maintenance Communication

Supported models, ports, and slots are as follows.

	AI	l-in-One CPU Modu	ıle	CAN J1939 All-	Plus CPU Module		
Port	16-I/O Type	24-I/O Type	40-I/O Type	in-One CPU Module	Plus 16-I/O Type	Plus 32-I/O Type	
USB Port	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 2	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 3	—	—	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*3}	Yes ^{*3}	
Port 4 to 33		Yes (Port 4 to 9) ^{*4}			Yes (Port 4 to 33)**		
Ethernet Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Ethernet Port 2	—	—	—	—	Yes	Yes	
HMI-Ethernet Port ^{*6}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

*1 When a communication cartridge is connected.

*2 When a cartridge base module and communication cartridge are connected.

*3 When the HMI module and a communication cartridge are connected.

*4 Up to three communication modules can be connected to the All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 9.

*5 Up to 15 communication modules can be connected to the Plus CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 33.

*6 HMI-Ethernet port can be expanded by connecting the HMI module to the CPU module.

4: MAINTENANCE COMMUNICATION

Communication Method		USB Port	Port 1	Port 2 and Port 3	Port 4 to 33	Ethernet Port 1	Ethernet Port 2	HMI-Ethernet Port
	Download system software	Yes	Yes ^{*1}	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maintenance Communication	Download/upload user programs	Yes	Yes ^{*1}	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Communication	Run-time download	Yes	Yes ^{*1}	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Monitor/change device values	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Maintenance communication methods that are supported by the communication ports are as follows.

*1 Not supported with a communication cartridge.

Maintenance communication functions that are supported by the communication ports and slots are as follows.

All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module

Communication Port	Standard/ Expansion	Communication Settings			
USB Port	Standard	None			
Port 1	Standard ^{*1}	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 1" on page 4-4.			
Port 2		When using a RS232C/RS485 communication cartridge: Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33" on page 4-12.			
Port 3	- Expansion ^{*2}	When using a Bluetooth communication cartridge: Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 1 to 3 (Bluetooth)" on page 4-15.			
Port 4 to 9	Expansion ^{*3}	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33" on page 4-12.			
Ethernet Port 1	Standard	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Ethernet Port 1 and 2" on page 4-7.			
Ethernet Port 2	—	_			
HMI-Ethernet Port	Standard ^{*4}	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via HMI-Ethernet port" on page 4-16.			

*1 The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module does not have port 1.

*2 The ports can be expanded by connecting a communication cartridge to the CPU module.

*3 The ports can be expanded by using a communication module.

*4 The ports can be expanded by using the HMI module.

Plus CPU module

Communication Port	Standard/ Expansion	Communication Settings				
USB Port	Standard	None				
		When using a RS232C/RS485 communication cartridge:				
		Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 1" on page 4-4.				
Port 1	Expansion ^{*1}	When using a Bluetooth communication cartridge: Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 1 (Bluetooth)" on page 4-6.				
		When using a RS232C/RS485 communication cartridge:				
Port 2		Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33" on page 4-12.				
Port 3	Expansion ^{*2}	When using a Bluetooth communication cartridge: Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 1 to 3 (Bluetooth)" on page 4-15.				
Port 4 to 33	Expansion ^{*3}	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33" on page 4-12.				
Ethernet Port 1	Standard	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via Ethernet Port 1 and 2" on page 4-7.				
Ethernet Port 2	Stanuaru					
HMI-Ethernet Port	Expansion ^{*4}	Function area settings. See "Maintenance Communication via HMI-Ethernet port" on page 4-16.				

*1 The ports can be expanded by connecting a communication cartridge to a cartridge base module.

*2 The ports can be expanded by connecting a communication cartridge to the HMI module.

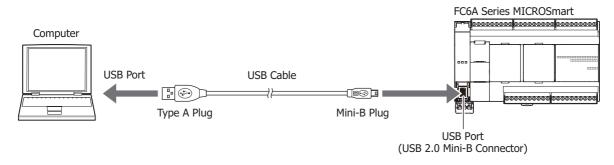
*3 The ports can be expanded by using a communication module.

*4 The ports can be expanded by using the HMI module.

Maintenance Communication via USB Port

Using the USB port, it is possible to connect FC6A Series MICROSmart to a computer on which WindLDR is installed, and monitor and change device values, download and upload user programs, and download system software. Connect the computer and the FC6A Series MICROSmart using a USB cable (recommended cable: HG9Z-XCM42).

FC6A Series MICROSmart USB Port



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions
Cable	Recommended cable: USB maintenance cable (HG9Z-XCM42)
	Monitor/change device values
Maintenance communication	Download/upload user programs
functions	Download system software
	Run-time download

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

- Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"
- Download/upload user programs: Chapter 4 "Download Program"
- Download system software: Appendix "Upgrade FC6A Series MICROSmart System Software"
- Run-time download: Chapter 5 "Online Edit"

4: MAINTENANCE COMMUNICATION

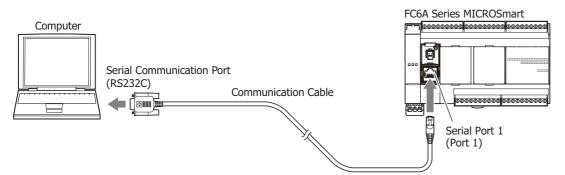
Maintenance Communication via Port 1

Computers in which WindLDR is installed or IDEC operator interfaces can be connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart, and monitoring and changing device values, downloading or uploading the user program, and downloading the system software are possible.

Maintenance communication on port 1 is possible by using the serial port 1 of the All-in-One CPU module or using the communication cartridge installed to the cartridge slot 1 of the cartridge base module that is connected to the Plus CPU module.

For details on communication cables, see Appendix "Cables" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

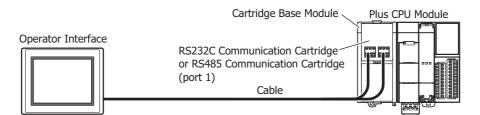
All-in-One CPU Module Port 1



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions			
Cable	O/I communication cable (FC6A-KC2C)			
	Monitor/change device values			
Maintenance communication functions	Download/upload user programs			
	Download system software			
	Run-time download			

Plus CPU Module Port 1



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions
Cable	RS232C communication cartridge: Shielded multicore cable
Cable	RS485 communication cartridge: Shielded twisted-pair cable
Maintenance communication functions	Monitor/change device values

Note:

The following functions are not supported by maintenance communication using an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge.

- Download/upload user programs
- Download system software
- Run-time download

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"

Programming WindLDR

Configure the settings for maintenance communication.

 From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Comm. Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box appears.



2. Click Communication Mode for port 1 and select Maintenance Protocol. The Maintenance Protocol (Port1) dialog box appears.

	Fu	nction Area Settings		? 🗙
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure the communication ports.			
Input Configuration	Communication Ports			
Communication Ports	Port Communication Mode	Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Protocol V	Configure 115200-7-E	ven-1 0	RS232C
Device Settings	2 User Protocol	Configure 115200-7-Ex	ven-1 0	
Program Protection	3 Data Link Master	Configure 115200-7-Ev	ven-1 0	
Self Diagnostic	Modbus RTU Master Modbus RTU Slave			
Calendar & Clock	Photodus RTO Slave	1		
Network Settings				
Network Management				
Connection Settings				

3. Configure the parameters to match the communication settings of the computer or operator interface.

Maintenance Protocol (Po	ort1) ? ×
Baud Rate(bps):	115200
Data Bits:	7 🔹
Parity:	Even 👻
Stop Bits:	1 🔹
Receive Timeout (ms):	500
Slave Number: () Constant:	0
🔘 Data Register:	
<u>D</u> efault OK	Cancel

 Baud Rate (bps):
 115200 bps (

 Data Bits:
 7 (7 or 8)

 Parity:
 Even (None,

 Stop Bits:
 1 (1 or 2)

 Receive Timeout (ms):
 500 (10 to 2)

 Slave Number:
 0 (0 to 31)

115200 bps (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200) 7 (7 or 8) Even (None, Even, Odd) 1 (1 or 2) 500 (10 to 2550) 0 (0 to 31) Slave number can be specified by either a constant or a data register.

Туре	Details			
Constant	Set within the range of 0 to 31			
	Store the slave numbers 0 to 31 in the following special data registers			
	Port 1: D8100			
Data wasiatan	Port 2: D8102			
Data register	Port 3: D8103			
	Port 4 to 9 ^{*1} : D8040 to D8045			
	Port 10 to 33 ^{*1*2} : D8735 to D8758			
*1 When using a communication module.				

*2 Plus CPU module only.

* Values not in parentheses are the default settings.

* Set **Data Bits** to **8** when downloading the system software over port 1.

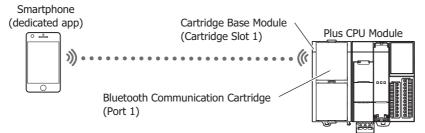
4. Click OK.

Configuring the maintenance communication for the expansion communication port is now complete.

Maintenance Communication via Port 1 (Bluetooth)

Connect a Bluetooth communication cartridge to cartridge slot 1 of a cartridge base module added to the Plus CPU module to connect to computers or smartphones equipped with Bluetooth and allow device values to be monitored and changed.

Plus CPU Module Bluetooth



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions
Maintenance Communication Function	Monitor/change device values
	Download/upload user programs

Notes:

- The following functions are not supported by maintenance communication using a Bluetooth communication cartridge.
 - Download system software
 - Run-time download
- Bluetooth communication may fail and a download error may occur after a user program is downloaded and Bluetooth communication cartridge settings are changed.

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

• Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"

Programming WindLDR

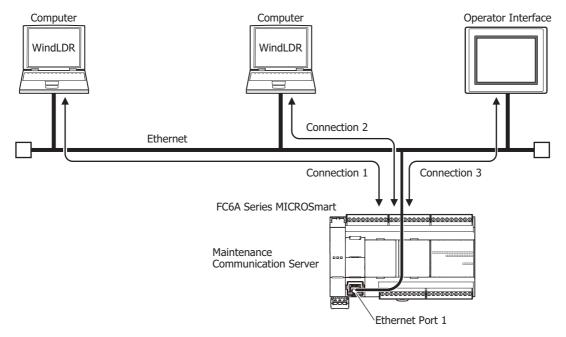
For details, see "Bluetooth Communication" on page 9-1.

Maintenance Communication via Ethernet Port 1 and 2

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can communicate with network devices such as computers or IDEC operator interfaces using Ethernet port 1 of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and Ethernet port 1 and 2 of the Plus CPU module. External devices on the network can monitor or change the device values and download or upload user programs.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can use the maintenance communication server and other communications functions simultaneously by assigning a separate communication function, such as a maintenance communication server or Modbus TCP communication, to a maximum of eight connections on the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections on the Plus CPU module.

FC6A Series MICROSmart Ethernet Port 1 and 2



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions		
Cable	LAN cable (Cat 5. STP)		
	Monitor/change device values		
Maintenance communication	Download/upload user programs		
functions	Download system software		
	Run-time download		

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

- Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"
- Download/upload user programs: Chapter 4 "Download Program"
- Download system software: Appendix "Upgrade FC6A Series MICROSmart System Software"
- Run-time download: Chapter 5 "Online Edit"

4: MAINTENANCE COMMUNICATION

Programming WindLDR

This section describes the procedures to configure the maintenance communication server for the Ethernet port 1 and 2, and to communicate with the FC6A Series MICROSmart via Ethernet.

Configure Maintenance Communication Server

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click the following item.
 - All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module
 Network Settings
 - Plus CPU module
 Ethernet Port 1 to configure Ethernet port 1
 Ethernet Port 2 to configure Ethernet port 2

The Function Area Settings dialog box appears.

2. Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

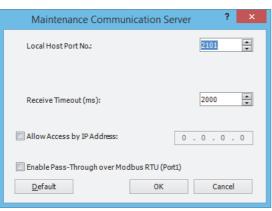
		Function Area Setting	S	? 🗙
Run/Stop Control	Configure the network settings.			
Memory Backup				
Input Configuration	IP Settings			
Communication Ports	Obtain an IP Address automatically	(DHCP)		
External Memory Devices	🔘 Use special data register to configu	re the IP address		
Device Settings	Use the following IP address:			
Program Protection	IP Address:	192.168.1.5		
Self Diagnostic	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		
Calendar & Clock	Default gateway:	0.0.0.0		
Network Settings	DNS Settings			
Network Management	Obtain DNS server address automat	tically (DHCP)		
Connection Settings	Use special data register to configu			
	Use the following DNS server address	ses:		
	Preferred DNS Server:	0.0.0.0		
	Alternate DNS Server:	0.0.0.0		
<u>D</u> efault				OK Cancel

- 3. Click Connection Settings.
- **4.** Click **Communication Mode** for the connection that will be used and select **Maintenance Communication Server**. The Maintenance Communication Server dialog box appears.

	Function Area Settings	? 🗙								
Run/Stop Control Configure parameters for connections.										
Input Configuration	Configuration									
Communication Ports	No. Communication Mode									
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Communication Server V TCP Configure									
Device Settings	Unused 2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure									
Program Protection	User Communication Server									
Self Diagnostic	Modbus TCP Server									
Calendar & Clock	4 Modbus TCP Client Mantenance communication server TCP Configure									
Network Settings	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure									
Network Management	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure									
Connection Settings	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure									
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure									
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel								



5. Set the parameters to match the communication settings of the PC or operator interface.



Local Host Port No.: Receive Timeout (ms): Allow Access by IP Address: 2101 (The port number that the FC6A Series MICROSmart uses for the maintenance communication server) 2000 (100 to 25500)

Disabled (Enabling this option makes it possible to prevent access from devices having any IP addresses other than the one entered.)

Enable Pass-Through over Modbus RTU (Port1):

Port 1 can be used as the pass-through port. In this case, set **Communication Mode** for port 1 to **Modbus RTU Master**. Specify a port number different from the port numbers of the other server connections as the local host port number of the connection used for the pass-through.

Note: The number of clients that can be connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart simultaneously is one client per connection. If connections 1 to 8 are all set to the maintenance communication server, eight clients can connect to the FC6A Series MICROSmart at the same time.

6. Click OK.

This completes maintenance communications settings.

Download User Program and Confirm IP Addresses via USB Port

Before starting Ethernet communication, configure the function area settings and download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart via USB.

- 7. Connect the PC and the FC6A Series MICROSmart using a USB cable.
- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Online > Transfer > Download. The Download dialog box appears.
- 9. Click OK.

The user program is downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

	Downlo	ad	?	×
Transfer Mode				
<u> </u>				
Download Options				
Automatic start after download				
Keep output during download				
Suspend I/O force before download	I			
Automatic de <u>v</u> ice clear after downlo	bad			
Write <u>P</u> ID module parameters after	download			
Synchronize PLC clock with your cor	nputerclock a	fterdownload		
Write device data file to the PLC afte	er download	Setting		
Download comment data Settin	ng			
Download system and user web pa	ges			
Download system <u>s</u> oftware Latest	version 💌	De <u>t</u> ail		
Program Information				
Program Size:	4	bytes (Max: 72,000 bytes)		
Comment Size:	4	bytes (Max: 262,000 bytes)		
User Web Page Size:	0	bytes (Max: 1,048,576 byte	s)	
<u>Communication Settings</u>		ОК	Ca	ncel

10. After the user program has been successfully downloaded, go to Monitor Mode to check the status of the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Select Online > Monitor > Monitor from the WindLDR menu bar.



- **11.** From the WindLDR menu bar, select **Online** > **Monitor** > **Batch**. The **Batch Monitor** dialog box appears.
- **12.** Confirm that the IP address entered in step 2 is correctly shown in D8330 to D8333.

					Batch Mo	nitor				?	×
Device:	D (Sp	ecial Data	Register)		• 833	D 🗘	Monitor Type:		DEC (W)	[•
Comm	ent Port	2 AT Comm	and String								
	+0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6	+7	+8	+9	
D8330	192	168	1	5	255	255	255	0	0	0	٦
D8340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
D8360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
D8380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8390	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8410	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
D8450	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8460	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٦
D8470	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	
D8480	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	1
D8490	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	33023	0	

This concludes downloading the user program via the USB port and checking the IP address.

Monitor FC6A Series MICROSmart via the Ethernet Port 1 and 2

Monitor the FC6A Series MICROSmart via Ethernet using WindLDR.

- **13.** From the WindLDR menu bar, select **Online** > **Communication** > **Set Up**. The **Communication Settings** dialog box appears.
- 14. Select the Ethernet tab and click Browse.

The IP Address Settings dialog box appears.

	Commun	ication Settings ? X			
Serial	Ethernet Port Settin	igs			
Ethernet	IP Address:	192.168.1.5 <u>B</u> rowse			
USB	Port:	2101			
	Timeout:	3000 🔹 ms			
	Retry:	1			
	PLC Network Settin	g			
	1:1				
		er: 0			
	Monitor Settings				
	Time delay between co	mmunication: 0 💭 ms			
	Download Settings				
	The maximum data size: 8 x 64 bytes				
	Time delay between p				
	Communication Opt				
	Use HGxG Pass-Th	-			
	🔲 Use maintenance c	ommunication over Modbus TCP			
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel			

15. Click New.

The Input IP address dialog box appears.

		? ×		
IP Address	Port No.	MAC address	Comment	New
				Edit
				Delete
				Search Web Server Unit
				Configure Web Server Unit
Always use the	selected IP addres	s to monitor, upload, o	or download the programs.	
				OK Cancel



16. Enter the IP address entered in step 2 and click **OK**.

Input IP address								
IP address:	192.168.1.5	ОК						
Port No:	2101	Cancel						
MAC address:		<u>C</u> lear						
Comment:								

- **17.** From the WindLDR menu bar, select **Online** > **Monitor** > **Monitor**. The **IP Address Settings** dialog box appears.
- 18. Select the IP address you entered and click **OK**.

_		? ×			
	IP Address	Port No.	MAC address	Comment	New
	192.168.1.5	2101			Edit
					<u>D</u> elete
					Search Web Server Unit
					<u>C</u> onfigure Web Server Unit
	Always use the sele	cted IP address t	o monitor, upload,	or download the programs.	
					OK Cancel

19. From the WindLDR menu bar, select **Online** > **PLC** > **Status**. The **PLC Status** dialog box appears.

20. Check that the FC6A Series MICROSmart module type and system software version are displayed correctly.

	PLC Status	? ×
General Network Connection	FC6A-C40X1XE	
PLC Type: System Software Version:	1.00.07	
Operation Status		
Run/Stop Status:	Running	
Scan Time:	Current: 1 m Maximum: 2 m	
TIM/CNT Change Status:	Unchanged <u>C</u> lear	Confirm
Calendar:	11/26/2015 PM 08:02:18	C <u>h</u> ange
Write Protection:	Unprotected	
Read Protection:	Unprotected	
Error Status:	Clear	Details
Battery Voltage:	100 %	
		ОК

Configuring the initial Ethernet setup for the maintenance communication server is now complete. You can download and upload user programs and monitor and change device values via Ethernet.



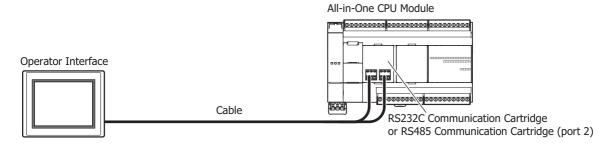
Maintenance Communication via Port 2 to 33

Expand the FC6A Series MICROSmart in the following manner to allow the FC6A Series MICROSmart to connect to a computer or operator interface with an RS232C or RS485 port and monitor and change device values.

- Connect an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge to the cartridge slot of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module.
- Connect an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge to cartridge slot 2 of a cartridge base module added to the Plus CPU module.
- Connect an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge to the cartridge slot of the HMI module added to the Plus CPU module.
- Connect a communication module to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

For the communication cable, see Appendix "Cables" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

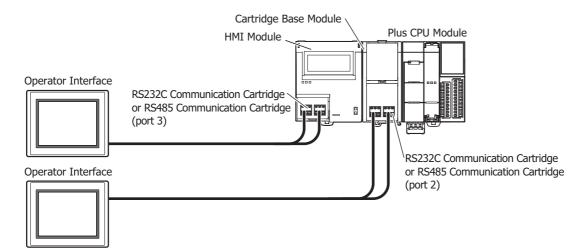
All-in-One CPU Module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU Module Port 2 and 3



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions		
Cable	RS232C communication cartridge: Shielded multicore cable RS485 communication cartridge: Shielded twisted-pair cable		
Maintenance Communication Function	Monitor/change device values		

Plus CPU Module Port 2 and 3

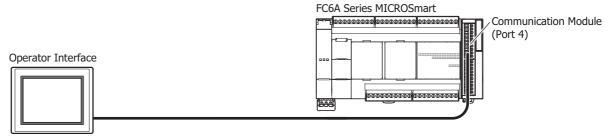


Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions	
Cable	RS232C communication cartridge: Shielded multicore cable	
Cubic	RS485 communication cartridge: Shielded twisted-pair cable	
Maintenance Communication	Monitor/change device values	
Function		



FC6A Series MICROSmart Port 4 to 33



The All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can be expanded with up to three communication modules to add ports 4 to 9.

The Plus CPU module can be expanded with up to 15 communication modules to add ports 4 to 33. For details on communication modules, see Chapter 2 "Communication Modules" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions		
Cable	RS232C communication cartridge: Shielded multicore cable RS485 communication cartridge: Shielded twisted-pair cable		
Maintenance Communication Function	Monitor/change device values		

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"

Programming WindLDR

Configure the settings for maintenance communication.

- **1.** On the **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Comm. Ports**. The **Function Area Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for port 2 to 33 and select Maintenance Protocol. The Maintenance Protocol (Port n) dialog box is displayed.

Function Area Settings ?					? ×		
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Con	figure the communication ports.					
Input Configuration	Communi	cation Ports					
Communication Ports	Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface	
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C	
Device Settings	2	Maintenance Protocol 🗸 🗸	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Program Protection	3	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Self Diagnostic		Data Link Master Data Link Slave					
Calendar & Clock		Modbus RTU Master					
Network Settings		Modbus RTU Slave					
Network Management							
Connection Settings							
<u>D</u> efault						ОК	Cancel

3. Set the parameters to match the communication format used by the computer or operator interface.

Maintenance Protocol (Por	t2) ? ×
Baud Rate(bps):	115200
Data Bits:	7 🔹
Parity:	Even 💌
Stop Bits:	1 💌
Receive Timeout (ms):	500
Slave Number:	
Constant:	0
🔘 Data Register:	
<u>D</u> efault OK	Cancel

Baud Rate (bps)	: 115200 bps (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200)
Data Bits	: 7 (7 or 8)
Parity	: Even (None, Even, Odd)
Stop Bit	: 1 (1 or 2)
Receive Timeout	: 500 ms (10 ms to 2550 ms)
Slave Number	: 0 (0 to 31)
	Slave numbers are specified by constants or data registers.

Туре	Details
Constant	Set within the range of 0 to 31
Data Register	Store the slave numbers 0 to 31 in the following special data registers
	Port 1: D8100
	Port 2: D8102
	Port 3: D8103
	Port 4 to 9 ^{*1} : D8040 to D8045
	Port 10 to 33 ^{*1*2} : D8735 to D8758

*1 When using a communication module.

*2 Plus CPU module only.

* Values not in parentheses are the default settings.

4. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the maintenance communications settings.

Maintenance Communication via Port 1 to 3 (Bluetooth)

Computers or smart phones having Bluetooth interface can be connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart, and monitoring and changing device values are possible. Bluetooth communication is possible by inserting a Bluetooth communication cartridge on the cartridge slot 1, 2, or 3 (Plus CPU module only).

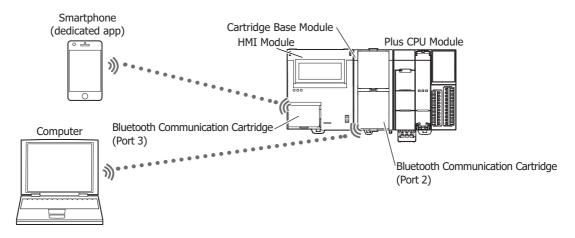
All-in-One CPU Module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU Module Bluetooth



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions		
Maintenance Communication	Monitor/change device values		
Function	Download/upload user programs		

Plus CPU Module Bluetooth



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions		
Maintenance Communication	Monitor/change device values		
Function	Download/upload user programs		

Notes:

- The following functions are not supported by maintenance communication using a Bluetooth communication cartridge.
 - Download system software
 - Run-time download
- Bluetooth communication may fail and a download error may occur after a user program is downloaded and Bluetooth communication cartridge settings are changed.

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

For details, see the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

• Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"

Programming WindLDR

For details, see "Bluetooth Communication" on page 9-1.



Maintenance Communication via HMI-Ethernet port

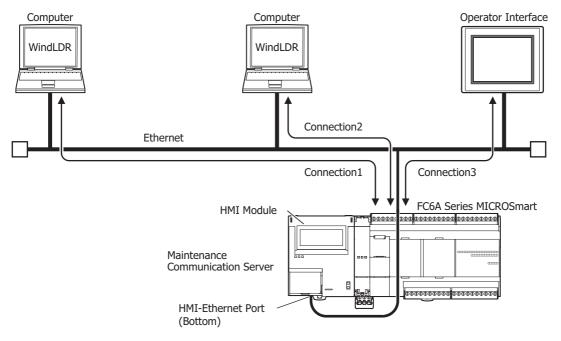
It is possible to use the HMI-Ethernet port of an HMI module connected to the CPU module to perform maintenance communication with network-enabled devices such as computers and operator interfaces.

It is possible to monitor and change FC6A Series MICROSmart device values from, download user programs from, and upload user programs to an external device connected to the network.

The HMI-Ethernet port can be used to add a maximum of eight connections to the connections of Ethernet port 1 (eight connections maximum), which is standard equipment on the All-in-One CPU module, and the connections of Ethernet port 1 and 2 (16 connections maximum), which are standard equipment on the Plus CPU module.

The maintenance communication server can be assigned to the expanded connections (up to eight) provided by the HMI-Ethernet port.

HMI Module HMI-Ethernet Port 1



Maintenance Communication Specifications

Item	Specifications/Functions	
Cable	Ethernet cable (Cat 5. STP)	
Maintenance communication functions	Monitor/change device values Download/upload user programs	
	Download system software Run-time download	

Detailed Operations for Maintenance Communication Functions

- See the following in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".
 - Monitor/change device values: Chapter 4 "Monitor Operation"
 - Download/upload user programs: Chapter 4 "Download Program"
 - Download system software: Appendix "Upgrade FC6A Series MICROSmart System Software"
 - Run-time download: Chapter 5 "Online Edit"



Programming WindLDR

Configure the settings for maintenance communication.

- Use the Module Configuration Editor to configure the HMI module network settings and connection settings. On the **Configuration** tab, in the **PLCs** group, select **Expansion Modules**.
- **2.** Click the inserted HMI module in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box is displayed.

Note: You can also display the HMI Module Configuration dialog box by double-clicking HMI Module in the Project Window.

	÷ project01.pjw - WINDLDR		×
Home Configuration Onli			🕐 Help 🔸
PLC Expansion Type Modules PLCs			
Project Window 🛛 🗛 🗙	Main Program Module Configuration		4 Þ 🗙
Proječil Lijiv Pruction Area Settings Question Models Question Models Question Models Question Monitors Question Monitors	Weiły Allowabie Current (5V): 150mA/ 1070mA Image: State of the st	Bead Module Configuration Allowable Current (241): 9mA/270mA.	Digital ILO Module ▲ ▲ FC6A-N0881 ▲ FC6A-N1883 ▲ FC6A-N1883 ■ FC6A-N1883 ■ FC6A-N1883 ■ FC6A-N28811 ■ FC6A-N28811 ■ FC6A-N28811 ■ FC6A-N2881 ■ FC6A-P202P ■
Project Win 7 Toolb Prope			FC6A-PK2AV FC6A-PK2AW
FC6A-C40X1XE - Ethernet Network: 1:	1 Mode: Edit Rung: 1 Line: 1 Column: 1		100% ⊖

3. Click the Network Settings tab, and then configure the IP Settings and DNS Settings.

		HMI Module Configuration	? ×
LCD Settings	Configure the network sett	ings.	
Network Settings			
E-mail Settings	IP Settings		
Connection Settings	Obtain an IP Address automatically (DHCP)		
Web Server	Use special data register to configure the IP address		
	 Use the following IP address: 		
	IP Address:	192.168.1.10	
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
	Default gateway:	0.0.0.0	
	DNS Settings		
	Obtain DNS server address au		
	🔘 Use special data register to co		
	Use the following DNS server addresses:		
	Preferred DNS Server:	0.0.0.0	
	Alternate DNS Server:	0.0.0.0	
Default			OK Cancel

- 4. Click Connection Settings.
- 5. Click Communication Mode for the port to be used and select communication mode of the connection to use.

	HMI Module Settings	? 🗙			
LCD Settings Network Settings	Configure parameters for connections.				
E-mail Settings	Connections				
Connection Settings	No. Communication Mode				
Web Server	1 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	3 Maintenance Communication Server V TCP Configure				
	4 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure				
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel			

6. Set the parameters to match the communication format used by the computer or operator interface.

Maintenance Communication Server	? ×			
Local Host Port No.:	2101			
Receive Timeout (ms):	2000			
Allow Access by IP Address:	0.0.0			
🔲 Enable Pass-Through over Modbus RTU (Port1)				
<u>D</u> efault OK	Cancel			

Local Host Port No.	: 2101 (The port number that the FC6A Series MICROSmart uses for the maintenance	
	communication server)	
Receive Timeout (ms)	: 2000 (100 to 25500)	
Allow Access by IP Address	: Disabled (Enabling this option makes it possible to prevent access from devices having any IP	
	addresses other than the one entered.)	

Note: The number of clients that can be connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart simultaneously is one client per connection. If connections 1 to 8 are all set to the maintenance communication server, eight clients can connect to the FC6A Series MICROSmart at the same time.

7. Click OK.

This completes maintenance communications settings.

5: USER COMMUNICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Introduction

This chapter describes user communication to send and receive specific data by converting it to data types for external devices connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

The user communication instructions are used to execute user communication.

The user communication instructions differ according to the communication interface that will be used.

- When performing user communication with an external device using port 1 to port 33 via serial communication (RS232C/RS485) When performing user communication with an external device using port 1 to port 3 via serial communication (Bluetooth) "TXD (Transmit)" on page 5-2
 "RXD (Receive)" on page 5-10
- When performing user communication with an external device using Ethernet port 1 and 2 via Ethernet communication "ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet)" on page 5-23
 "ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet)" on page 5-23

Communication Ports Used in User Communication

Supported models and communication ports are as follows.

	All-i	All-in-One CPU Module			Plus CPU Module				
Communication Port	16-I/O Type	24-I/O Type	40-I/O Type	All-in-One CPU Module	Plus 16-I/O Type	Plus 32-I/O Type			
Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}			
Port 2	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}			
Port 3	_	_	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*3}	Yes ^{*3}			
Port 4 to 33		Yes (Po	rt 4 to 9) ^{*4}		Yes (Port	4 to 33) ^{*5}			
Ethernet Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Ethernet Port 2	—	_	—	_	Yes	Yes			
HMI-Ethernet Port	_	—	—		—	—			

*1 When a communication cartridge is connected.

*2 When a cartridge base module and communication cartridge are connected.

*3 When the HMI module and a communication cartridge are connected.

- *4 Up to three communication modules can be connected to the All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 9.
- *5 Up to 15 communication modules can be connected to the Plus CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 33.

User Communication Settings

The user communication settings supported by each communication port are as follows.

- Serial communication with an external device connected to port 1 to port 33 (RS232C/RS485) Serial communication with an external device connected to port 1 to port 3 (Bluetooth)
 "User Communication via Serial Communication" on page 5-24
- Ethernet communication with an external device connected by the Ethernet port 1 and 2 "User Communication via Ethernet Communication" on page 5-40

TXD (Transmit)



The transmit data is converted to the set data type and transmitted to the external device using port 1 to 33.

Valid Devices

Device	Function	I	Q	М	R	Т	С	D	Р	Constant	Repeat
S1 (Source 1)	Transmit data	_	_	—	_	_	_	Х	—	Х	_
D1 (Destination 1)	Transmit completion output		Х	X^{*1}	—	_	_	—	—	_	_
D2 (Destination 2)	Transmit status register	_	_	_	_	_	—	X*2	_	_	_

For valid device address ranges, see "Devices" on page 2-1.

*1 Special internal relays cannot be designated as D1.

*2 Special data registers cannot be used.

Transmit data designated by device S1 can be a maximum of 1,536 bytes.

When transmission is complete, an output or internal relay, designated by device D1, is turned on.

Destination 2 occupies two consecutive data registers starting with the device designated by D2. The transmit status data register stores the status of transmission and error code. The next data register stores the byte count of transmitted data. The same data registers cannot be used as transmit status registers for TXD1 through TXD33 instructions and receive status registers for RXD1 through RXD33 instructions.

The TXD instructions cannot be used in an interrupt program. If used, a user program execution error will result, turning on special internal relay M8004 and the ERR LED on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. For details about the user program execution errors, see Chapter 3 "User Program Execution Errors" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

Notes:

- For details on user communication over serial communication, see "User Communication via Serial Communication" on page 5-24.
- For details on user communication over Bluetooth communication, see "User Communication via Serial Communication (Bluetooth)" on page 5-39.

Precautions for Programming TXD Instruction

- The FC6A Series MICROSmart has five formatting areas each for executing TXD1 through TXD33 instructions, so five instructions each of TXD1 through TXD33 can be processed at the same time. If inputs to more than five of the same TXD instructions are turned on at the same time, an error code is set to the transmit status data register, designated by device D2, in the excessive TXD instructions that cannot be executed.
- If the input for a TXD instruction turns on on while another TXD instruction is executed, the subsequent TXD instruction is executed 2 scan times after the preceding TXD instruction is completed.
- Since TXD instructions are executed in each scan while input is on, a pulse input from a SOTU or SOTD instruction should be used.
- The data register used to store the transmit/receive status and the transmit/receive data byte count must be different for the TXD instruction and the RXD instruction.
- The TXD instruction cannot be used in an interrupt program. If used, a user program execution error occurs, the execution of the instruction is canceled, and the next instruction is executed. For details about the user program execution errors, see Chapter 3 "User Program Execution Errors" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

	TXD (Transmit)		? ×
Type TXD RXD Port No: Port 1	S1	Tag Name: Device Address: Comment:	D1	D2
	,		ОК	Cancel

User Communication Transmit Instruction Dialog Box in WindLDR

Selections and Devices in Transmit Instruction Dialog Box

Туре	TXD	Transmit instruction
туре	RXD	Receive instruction
Port No.	Port 1 - Port 33	Transmit user communication from port 1 (TXD1) through port 33 (TXD33)
S1	Source 1	Enter the data to transmit in this area.
51	Source 1	Transmit data can be constant values (character or hexadecimal), data registers, or BCC.
D1	Destination 1	Transmit completion output can be an output or internal relay.
D2	Destination 2	Transmit status register can be data register.
DZ	Destination 2	The next data register stores the byte count of transmitted data.

Transmit Data

Transmit data is designated by source device S1 using constant values or data registers. BCC code can also be calculated automatically and appended to the transmit data. One TXD instruction can transmit a maximum of 1,536 bytes of data.

S1 (Source 1)

Transmit Data	Conversion Type	Transmit Digits (Bytes)	Repeat	BCC Calculation	Calculation Start Position	
Constant (Character)	No conversion	1				
Constant (Hexadecimal)		1			_	
Data Register	A: Binary to ASCII B: BCD to ASCII -: No conversion	1-4 1-5 1-2	1-99	_	_	
всс	A: Binary to ASCII -: No conversion	1-2	_	X: XOR A: ADD C: Add-2comp M: Modbus ASCII M: Modbus RTU	1-15	

Note: Total byte count of the transmit data is shown in S1 of TXD instruction on the ladder diagram of WindLDR.

Designating Constant as S1

When a constant value is designated as source device S1, one-byte data is transmitted without conversion. The valid transmit data value depends on the data bits selected in the Communication Parameters dialog box. These data bits are set in **Configuration** > **Comm. Ports**, followed by selecting **User Protocol** in Port 1 through Port 33 list box and clicking the **Configure** button. When 7 data bits are selected as default, 00h through 7Fh is transmitted. When 8 data bits are selected, 00h through FFh is transmitted. Constant values are entered in character or hexadecimal notation into the source data.

Constant (Character)

Any character available on the computer keyboard can be entered. One character is counted as one byte.

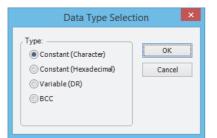
Constant (Hexadecimal)

Use this option to enter the hexadecimal code of any ASCII character. ASCII control codes NUL (00h) through US (1Fh) can also be entered using this option.

Example:

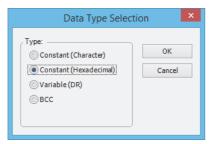
The following example shows two methods to enter 3-byte ASCII data "1" (31h), "2" (32h), "3" (33h).

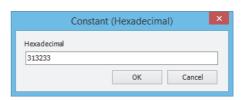
(1) Constant (Character)



	Constant (Chara	tter) ×
Character 123		
	ОК	Cancel

(2) Constant (Hexadecimal)





Designating Data Register as S1

When a data register is designated as source device S1, conversion type and transmit digits must also be assigned. The data stored in the designated data register is converted and the assigned quantity of digits of the resultant data is transmitted. The conversion types that are available are: Binary to ASCII, BCD to ASCII, and no conversion.

When repeat is designated, data of data registers as many as the repeat cycles are transmitted, starting with the designated data register. Repeat cycles can be up to 99.

Conversion Type

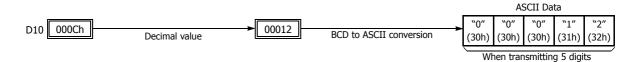
The transmit data is converted according to the designated conversion type as described below:

Example: D10 stores 000Ch (12)

(1) Binary to ASCII conversion



(2) BCD to ASCII conversion



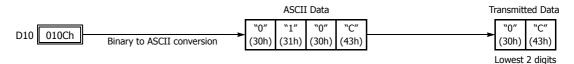
(3) No conversion



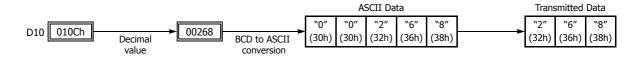
Transmit Digits (Bytes)

After conversion, the transmit data is taken out in specified digits. Possible digits depend on the selected conversion type. Example: D10 stores 010Ch (268)

(1) Binary to ASCII conversion, Transmit digits = 2



(2) BCD to ASCII conversion, Transmit digits = 3



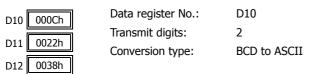
(3) No conversion, Transmit digits = 1



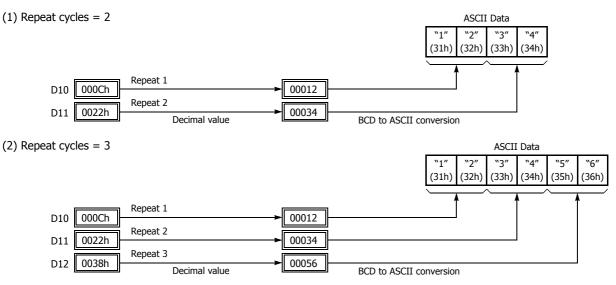
Repeat Cycles

When a data register is assigned to repeat, as many consecutive data registers, as the repeat cycles, are used to transmit data in the same conversion type and transmit digits.

Example:

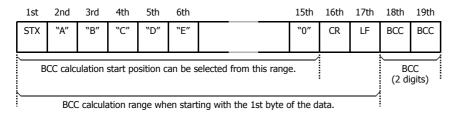


Data from data registers starting with D10 is converted in BCD to ASCII and is transmitted according to the designated repeat cycles.



BCC (Block Check Character)

Block check characters can be appended to the transmit data. The start position for the BCC calculation can be selected from the first byte through the 15th byte. The BCC can be 1 or 2 digits.

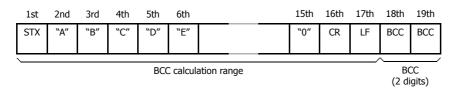


BCC Calculation Start Position

The start position for the BCC calculation can be specified from the first byte through the 15th byte. The BCC is calculated for the range starting at the designated position up to the byte immediately before the BCC of the transmit data.

Example: Transmit data consists of 17 bytes plus 2 BCC digits.

(1) Calculation start position = 1



(2) Calculation start position = 2

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th		15th	16th	17th	18th	19th
STX	"A″	"В″	"C″	"D″	"E″		"0″	CR	LF	BCC	BCC
					BCC ca	lculation range				BC (2 di	CC gits)

BCC Calculation Formula

BCC calculation formula can be selected from XOR (exclusive OR), ADD (addition), ADD-2comp, Modbus ASCII, or Modbus RTU.

Example: Conversion results of transmit data consist of 41h, 42h, 43h, and 44h.

ASCII Data										
``A″	``В″	"C″	"D″							
(41h)	(42h)	(43h)	(44h)							

(1) BCC calculation formula = XOR Calculation result = 41h \oplus 42h \oplus 43h \oplus 44h = 04h

(2) BCC calculation formula = ADD

Calculation result = $41h + 42h + 43h + 44h = 10Ah \rightarrow 0Ah$ (Only the last 1 or 2 digits are used as BCC.)

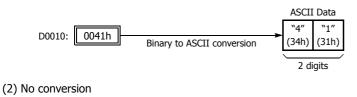
- (3) BCC calculation formula = ADD-2comp Calculation result = FEh, F6h (2 digits without conversion)
- (4) BCC calculation formula = Modbus ASCII Calculation result = 88 (ASCII)
- (5) BCC calculation formula = Modbus RTU Calculation result = 85h 0Fh (binary)

Conversion Type

The BCC calculation result is converted or not according to the designated conversion type as described below:

Example: BCC calculation result is 0041h.

(1) Binary to ASCII conversion

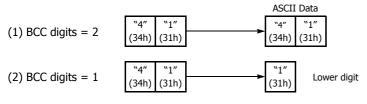




BCC Digits (Bytes)

The quantity of digits (bytes) of the BCC code can be selected from 1 or 2.

Example:



D1 (Destination 1)

Set an internal relay or an output for the transmit completion output.

When the start input for a TXD instruction is turned on, preparation for transmission is initiated, followed by data transmission. When this sequence of operations is complete, the transmit completion output is turned on.

D2 (Destination 2)

Set the data register in which to store the transmit status and the transmit data byte count.

The transmit status is stored in D2+0 and the transmit data byte count is stored in D2+1.

D2+0 (Transmit Status)

Transmit Status Code	Status	Description
16	Preparing transmission	From turning on the start input for a TXD instruction, until the transmit data is stored in the internal transmit buffer
32	Transmitting data	From enabling data transmission by an END processing, until all data transmission is completed
48	Data transmission complete	From completing all data transmission, until the END processing is completed for the TXD instruction
64	Transmit instruction complete	All transmission operation is completed and the next transmission is made possible

If the transmit status code is other than shown above, a transmit instruction error is suspected. See "User Communication Error" on page 5-52.

Note: On WindLDR, Modbus ASCII is defaulted to binary to ASCII conversion.

Note: On WindLDR, Modbus RTU is defaulted to no conversion.

Note: On WindLDR, Modbus ASCII and Modbus RTU are defaulted to 2 digits.

D2+1 (Transmit Digits (Bytes))

The transmit data byte count is stored in the data register after that set with D2 (D2+1). BCC data is also included in the transmit data byte count.

The data register next to the device designated for transmit status stores the byte count of data transmitted by the TXD instruction. When BCC is included in the transmit data, the byte count of the BCC is also included in the transmit data byte count.

Example: Data register D100 is designated as a device for transmit status.

D100 Transmit status
D101 Transmit data byte count

RXD (Receive)



When input is on, data from an RS232C/RS485 remote terminal received by port 1 through port 33 is converted and stored in data registers according to the receive format assigned by S1.

Valid Devices

Device	Function	I	Q	М	R	Т	С	D	Ρ	Constant	Repeat
S1 (Source 1)	Receive format	_	—	_	_	—	_	Х	_	Х	_
D1 (Destination 1)	Receive completion output	_	Х	X^{*1}	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
D2 (Destination 2)	Receive status	_	_	_	_	_	—	X*2	_	_	_

For valid device address ranges, see "Devices" on page 2-1.

*1 Special internal relays cannot be designated as D1.

*2 Special data registers cannot be used.

Receive format designated by device S1 can be a maximum of 1,536 bytes.

When data receive is complete, an output or internal relay, designated by device D1, is turned on.

Destination 2 occupies two consecutive data registers starting with the device designated by D2. The receive status data register stores the status of data receive and error code. The next data register stores the byte count of received data. The same data registers can not be used as transmit status registers for TXD1 through TXD33 instructions and receive status registers for RXD1 through RXD33 instructions.

The RXD instructions cannot be used in an interrupt program. If used, a user program execution error will result, turning on special internal relay M8004 and the ERR LED on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. For details about the user program execution errors, see Chapter 3 "User Program Execution Errors" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

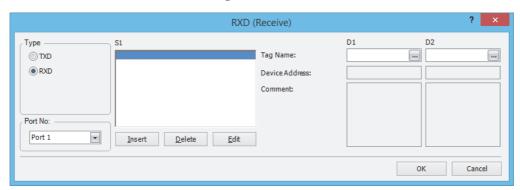
Notes:

- For details on user communication over serial communication, see "User Communication via Serial Communication" on page 5-24.
- For details on user communication over Bluetooth communication, see "User Communication via Serial Communication (Bluetooth)" on page 5-39.

Precautions for Programming the RXD Instruction

- The FC6A Series MICROSmart can execute a maximum of five instructions each of RXD1 through RXD33 that have a start delimiter at the same time. If a start delimiter is not programmed in RXD1 through RXD33 instructions, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can execute only one instruction each of RXD1 through RXD33 at a time. If the start input for a RXD1 through RXD33 instruction is turned on while another RXD1 through RXD33 instruction, without a start delimiter is executed, a user communication error occurs.
- Since RXD instructions are executed in each scan while input is on, a pulse input from a SOTU or SOTD instruction should be used.
- Once the input to the RXD instruction is turned on, the RXD is activated and ready for receiving incoming communication even after the input is turned off. When the RXD completes data receiving, the RXD is deactivated if the input to the RXD is off. Or, if the input is on, the RXD is made ready for receiving another communication. Special internal relays are available to deactivate all RXD instructions waiting for incoming communication. For user communication receive instruction cancel flags, see "User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag" on page 5-22.

User Communication Receive Instruction Dialog Box in WindLDR



Selections and Devices in Receive Instruction Dialog Box

Туре	TXD	Transmit instruction
туре	RXD	Receive instruction
Port No.	Port 1 - Port 33	Receive user communication to port 1 (RXD1) through port 33 (RXD33)

S1	Source 1	Enter the receive format in this area. The receive format can include a start delimiter, data register to store incoming data, constants, end delimiter, BCC, and skip.
D1	Destination 1	Receive completion output can be an output or internal relay.
D2	Destination 2	Receive status register can be data register. The next data register stores the byte count of received data.

Receive Format

Receive format, designated by source device S1, specifies data registers to store received data, data digits for storing data, data conversion type, and repeat cycles. A start delimiter and an end delimiter can be included in the receive format to discriminate valid incoming communication. When some characters in the received data are not needed, "skip" can be used to ignore a specified number of characters. BCC code can also be appended to the receive format to verify the received data. One RXD instruction can receive 1,536 bytes of data at the maximum.

S1 (Source 1)

Receive Format	Receive Digits (Bytes)	Conversion Type	Repeat	BCC Calculation	Calculation Start Position	Skip Bytes	Delimiter
Data Register	1-4 1-5 1-2	A:ASCII to Binary B:ASCII to BCD -:No conversion	1-99	_	_	_	Hex ASCII
Start Delimiter	_	No conversion	_	_	_	_	
End Delimiter	_	No conversion	_	_	_	_	
Constant for Verification	_	No conversion	_	_	_	_	
всс	1-2	A:Binary to ASCII -:No conversion	_	X:XOR A:ADD C:Add-2comp M:Modbus ASCII M:Modbus RTU	1-15	_	
Skip	—	—	_	—	—	1-99	

Note: Total byte count of the receive format is shown in S1 of RXD instruction on the ladder diagram of WindLDR.

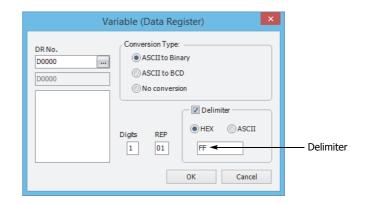
Designating Data Register as S1

When a data register is designated as source device S1, receive digits and conversion type must also be assigned. The received data is divided into blocks of specified receive digits, converted in a specified conversion type, and stored to the designated data registers. Conversion types are available in ASCII to Binary, ASCII to BCD, and no conversion.

When repeat is designated, received data is divided, converted, and stored into as many data registers as the repeat cycles, starting with the designated data register. There can be up to 99 repeat cycles.

When a data register is designated as source device S1, a delimiter can be included in the data register designation to end receiving communication.

Data Type Select	ion ×
Type: Constant (Character) Constant (Hexadecimal) Variable (DR) BCC Skip	OK Cancel



Receive Digits

The received data is divided into blocks of specified receive digits before conversion as described below:

Example: Received data of 6 bytes are divided in different receive digits. (Repeat is also designated.)



Conversion Type

The data block of the specified receive digits is then converted according to the designated conversion type as described below:

Example: Received data has been divided into a 2-digit block.

(1) ASCII to Binary conversion



(2) ASCII to BCD conversion



(3) No conversion

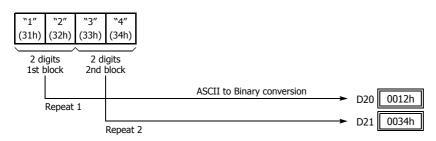


Repeat Cycles

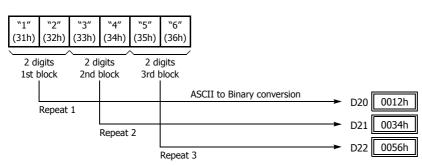
When a data register is assigned to repeat, the received data is divided and converted in the same way as specified, and the converted data is stored to as many consecutive data registers as repeat cycles.

Example: Received data of 6 bytes is divided into 2-digit blocks, converted in ASCII to Binary, and stored to data registers starting at D20.

(1) Repeat cycles = 2



(2) Repeat cycles = 3





Delimiter

A delimiter for the data register in the receive format can be assigned. Using a delimiter, incoming data of variable length can be received and stored to data registers.

Delimiter	How the incoming data is stored to data registers
Designated	The incoming data is stored to data registers until all the data specified with receive digits, conversion type, and repeat
Designated	is processed or the specified delimiter is received.
No delimiter	The incoming data is stored to data registers until all the data specified with receive digits, conversion type, and repeat
No demniter	is processed.

Note: Delimiters for data registers can be used in the receive format of RXD instructions only.

Designating Constant as Start Delimiter

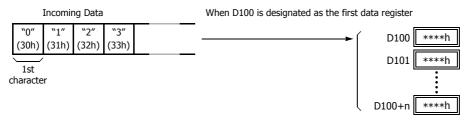
A start delimiter can be programmed at the first byte in the receive format of a RXD instruction; the FC6A Series MICROSmart will recognize the beginning of valid communication, although a RXD instruction without a start delimiter can also be executed. When a constant value is designated at the first byte of source device S1, the one-byte data serves as a start delimiter to start the processing of the received data.

A maximum of five instructions each of RXD1 through RXD3 with different start delimiters can be executed at the same time. When the first byte of the incoming data matches the start delimiter of a RXD instruction, the received data is processed and stored according to the receive format specified in the RXD instruction. If the first byte of the incoming data does not match the start delimiter of any RXD instruction that is executed, the FC6A Series MICROSmart discards the incoming data and waits for the next communication.

When a RXD instruction without a start delimiter is executed, any incoming data is processed continuously according to the receive format. Only one instruction each of RXD1 through RXD3 without a start delimiter can be executed at a time. If start inputs to two or more RXD instructions without a start delimiter are turned on simultaneously, the one at the smallest address is executed and the corresponding completion output is turned on.

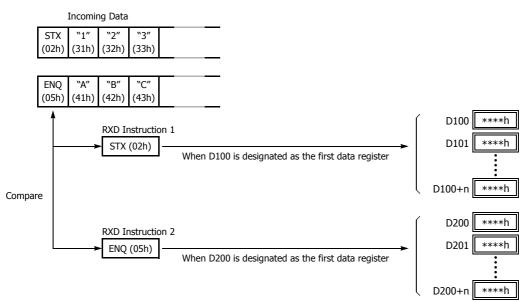
Example:

(1) When a RXD instruction without a start delimiter is executed



The incoming data is divided, converted, and stored to data registers according to the receive format.

(2) When RXD instructions with start delimiters STX (02h) and ENQ (05h) are executed



The incoming data is divided, converted, and stored to data registers according to the receive format. Start delimiters are not stored to data registers.



Multi-byte Start Delimiter

A start delimiter can be programmed at the first bytes in the receive format of a RXD instruction; the FC6A Series MICROSmart will recognize the beginning of valid communication, although a RXD instruction without a start delimiter can also be executed. A maximum of 5 consecutive constants that are either character or hexadecimal from the first byte of the receive format are considered a multi-byte start delimiter.

If a RXD instruction with a start delimiter is executed and another RXD instruction with the same start delimiter is executed, user communication error code 5 is stored in the data register designated as the receive status of the second RXD instruction. When the error occurs, the second RXD instruction is canceled, and the first RXD instruction executed is kept.

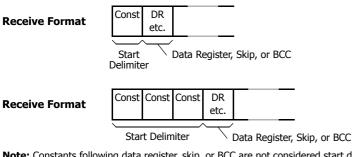
If a multi-byte start delimiter is assigned, and the incoming data does not match the entire multi-byte start delimiter, the FC6A Series MICROSmart discards the incoming data and waits for the next communication.

When the first one byte is received, a timer is started to monitor the interval between incoming data even when a multi-byte start delimiter is assigned. If data is not received in the period specified for the receive timeout value after receiving one byte of data, a receive timeout error occurs, and user communication error code 11 is stored in the status data register.

Examples: Multi-byte Start Delimiter

Multi-byte start delimiter is determined in the structure of the Receive Format. The following examples show how multi-byte start delimiter is determined.

• Constants are followed by data register, skip, or BCC



Note: Constants following data register, skip, or BCC are not considered start delimiter even if these are in the first five bytes of the receive format.

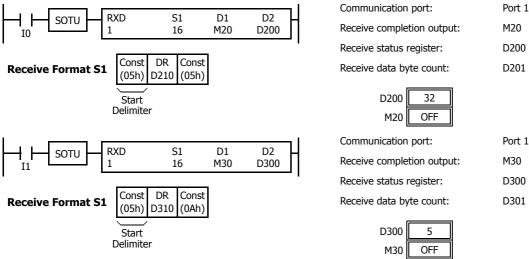
More than 5 constants are specified from the first byte



Note: Constants that are neither start delimiters or end delimiters are considered constants for verification. See "Constant for Verification" on page 5-17.

Example: Start Delimiter Duplication Error

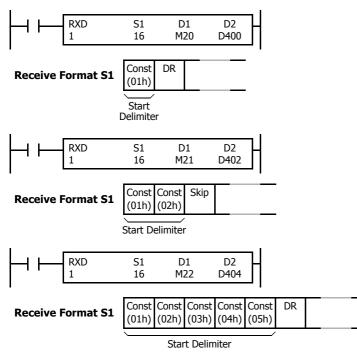
When input I0 is turned on, the first RXD instruction is executed and status code 32 is stored in the receive status D200, indicating the RXD instruction is waiting for the incoming data. When input I1 is turned on, another RXD instruction is executed, but since two RXD instructions have the same start delimiter, the second RXD instruction is not executed, and user communication error code 5 is stored in the receive status D300.







Note: If you execute two or more RXD instructions with multi-byte start delimiters simultaneously, the start delimiters of those RXD instructions must be unique from the others. When the length of the multi-byte start delimiters of the RXD instructions is different, the length of the shortest one is applied to check the duplicated start delimiters. The start delimiter of any of two RXD instructions in the following RXD instructions are considered the same.

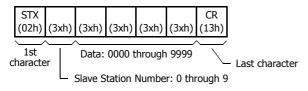


Example: Using Multi-byte Start Delimiter

The following example shows the advantages of using a multi-byte start delimiter rather than a single-byte start delimiter. A RXD instruction processes incoming data from the master station. The incoming data is sent to multiple slave stations 0 through 9, and the local slave station number is 1. Therefore, incoming data from the master station must be received only when the incoming data is sent for the slave station 1.

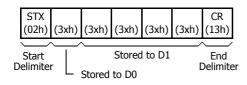
• Incoming data

Incoming data consists of start delimiter STX, a slave station number which can be 0 through 9, data 0000 through 9999, and end delimiter CR.



• Single-byte start delimiter

Only the first byte can be the start delimiter. The second byte of the incoming data, which is the slave station number, has to be stored to data register D0, and extra ladder programming is needed to see whether the slave station number of the incoming communication is 1 or not. Only when the slave station number is 1, received data stored in D1 is valid for the local PLC.



• Multi-byte start delimiter

First two bytes can be configured as a multi-byte start delimiter. The incoming data is processed according to the receive format only when the first two bytes of the incoming data match the start delimiter. Therefore, only the incoming data sent to slave station 1 is processed. No extra ladder programming is needed to check the slave station number.



Designating Constant as End Delimiter

An end delimiter can be programmed at the end of the receive format of a RXD instruction; the FC6A Series MICROSmart will recognize the end of valid communication, although RXD instructions without an end delimiter can also be executed.

When a constant value is designated at the end of source device S1, the one-byte data serves as an end delimiter to end the processing of the received data. If data bits are set to 7 bits, the end delimiters will be between 00h and 7Fh. If data bits are set to 8 bits, the end delimiters will be between 00h and FFh. Constant values are entered in character or hexadecimal notation into the source data. When using the same RXD instruction repeatedly in a user program, assign different end delimiters for each RXD instruction.

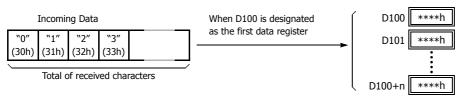
If a character in incoming data matches the end delimiter, the RXD instruction ends receiving data at this point and starts subsequent receive processing as specified. Even if a character matches the end delimiter at a position earlier than expected, the RXD instruction ends receiving data there.

If a BCC code is included in the receive format of a RXD instruction, an end delimiter can be positioned immediately before or after the BCC code. If a data register or skip is designated between the BCC and end delimiter, correct receiving is not ensured.

When a RXD instruction without an end delimiter is executed, data receiving ends when the specified bytes of data in the receive format, such as data registers and skips, have been received. In addition, data receiving also ends when the interval between incoming data characters exceeds the receive timeout value specified in the Communication Parameters dialog box whether the RXD has an end delimiter or not. The character interval timer is started when the first character of incoming communication is received and restarted each time the next character is received. When a character is not received within a predetermined period of time, timeout occurs and the RXD ends data receive operation.

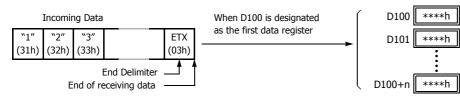
Example:

(1) When a RXD instruction without an end delimiter is executed



The incoming data is divided, converted, and stored to data registers according to the receive format. Receive operation is completed when the total characters programmed in RXD are received.

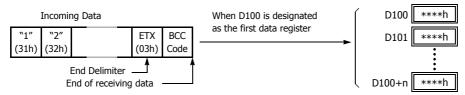
(2) When a RXD instruction with end delimiter ETX (03h) and without BCC is executed



The incoming data is divided, converted, and stored to data registers according to the receive format. The end delimiter is not stored to a data register. Any data arriving after the end delimiter is discarded.

IDEC

(3) When a RXD instruction with end delimiter ETX (03h) and one-byte BCC is executed



The incoming data is divided, converted, and stored to data registers according to the receive format. The end delimiter and BCC code are not stored to data registers.

After receiving the end delimiter, the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives only the one-byte BCC code.

Constant for Verification

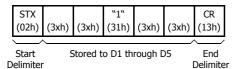
Constants excluding start and end delimiters can be configured in the receive format to verify the incoming data with the constants, which are either characters or hexadecimal values. As many constants can be configured for the verification as required. The verification result is stored in the receive status of the RXD instruction.

Example: Programming Constant for Verification

The following example shows the advantage of using constant for verification. The incoming data contains a constant value "1" in the middle, and that constant value needs to be verified to see whether the incoming data is valid.

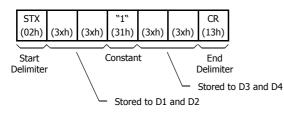
• Using Data Register

The incoming data including the constant value needs to be stored in data registers. When the RXD instruction completes receiving the incoming data, the receive status contains 64, meaning the RXD instruction has completed without errors, even if the constant value is not an expected value. Extra ladder programming is needed to see whether the constant value in the incoming data is correct or not.



• Using Constant for Verification

A constant to verify the constant value in the incoming data is designated in the receive format. If the constant value is not an expected value when the RXD instruction completes receiving the incoming data, the receive status contains 74, meaning the RXD instruction has completed but user communication error code 5 occurred. No extra ladder programming is needed to see whether the constant value in the received data is correct or not.



Note: When configuring constants, which are either characters or hexadecimal values, in the receive format, and the incoming data does not match the constants in the receive format, then a user communication error code is stored in the receive status. The error code contained in the receive status depends on whether the constants are used as a start delimiter or as constants for verification. If used as a start delimiter, user communication error code 7 is stored in the receive status, and the RXD instruction keeps waiting for valid incoming data. On the other hand, if used as constants for verification, the receive status contains 74, and the RXD instruction finishes the execution. To repeat receiving incoming communication, turn on the input for the RXD instruction.

5: USER COMMUNICATION INSTRUCTIONS

	-							-
Incoming Data	Const (02h)		(FFh)	(xxh)	(0Dh)			
Receive Format	Const (05h)	DR	Const (FFh)		Const (0Dh)	Receive status: Receive completion output:	7 0	RXD instruction keeps waiting for valid incoming data, and completes data receiving after receiving valid data including a correct start delimiter.
	Start Delimite	r						

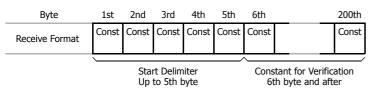
Start delimiter of incoming data does not match the receive format

· Constant for verification of incoming data does not match the receive format

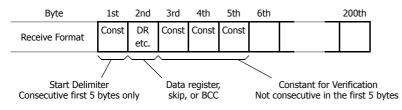
Incoming Data	(05h)	(xxh)	(0Fh)	(xxh)	(0Dh)			
Receive Format	Const (05h)	DR	Const (FFh)		Const (0Dh)	Receive status: Receive completion output:	74 1	 Receive status stores 74 (= 64 + 10) RXD instruction completes data receiving. To repeat receiving incoming communication, turn on the input for
			onstant i erificatio					the RXD instruction.

Note: Constants configured in the beginning of receive formats have different functions as shown below:

• More than five constants are configured in the beginning of the receive format



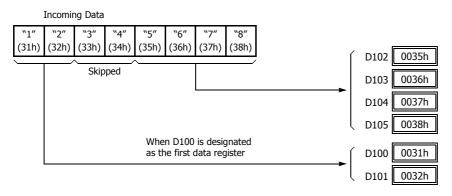
• Other than constants (data register, skip, or BCC) are included in the first five bytes of the receive format



Skip

When "skip" is designated in the receive format, a specified quantity of digits in the incoming data are skipped and not stored to data registers. A maximum of 99 digits (bytes) of characters can be skipped continuously.

Example: When a RXD instruction with skip for 2 digits starting at the third byte is executed



BCC (Block Check Character)

The FC6A Series MICROSmart has an automatic BCC calculation function to detect a communication error in incoming data. If a BCC code is designated in the receive format of a RXD instruction, the FC6A Series MICROSmart calculates a BCC value for a specified starting position through the position immediately preceding the BBC. It then compares the calculation result with the BCC code in the received incoming data. The start position for the BCC calculation can be specified from the first byte through the 15th byte. The BCC can be 1 or 2 digits.

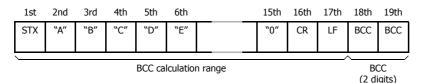
When an end delimiter is not used in the RXD instruction, the BCC code must be positioned at the end of the receive format designated in Source 1 device. When an end delimiter is used, the BCC code must be immediately before or after the end delimiter. The FC6A Series MICROSmart reads a specified number of BCC digits in the incoming data according to the receive format to calculate and compare the received BCC code with the BCC calculation results.

BCC Calculation Start Position

The start position for the BCC calculation can be specified from the first byte through the 15th byte. The BCC is calculated for the range starting at the designated position up to the byte immediately before the BCC of the receive data.

Example: Received data consists of 17 bytes plus 2 BCC digits.

(1) Calculation start position = 1



(2) Calculation start position = 2

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th		15th	16th	17th	18th	19th
	STX	"A″	"В″	"C″	"D″	"Е″		"0″	CR	LF	BCC	BCC
ļ		\									\	
					BCC	C calcula	ation range					CC igits)

BCC Calculation Formula

BCC calculation formula can be selected from XOR (exclusive OR), ADD (addition), ADD-2comp, Modbus ASCII, or Modbus RTU.

Example: Incoming data consists of 41h, 42h, 43h, and 44h.

- (1) BCC calculation formula = XOR Calculation result = $41h \oplus 42h \oplus 43h \oplus 44h = 04h$
- (2) BCC calculation formula = ADD

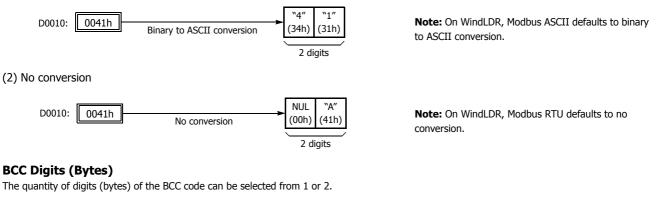
Calculation result = $41h + 42h + 43h + 44h = 10Ah \rightarrow 0Ah$ (Only the last 1 or 2 digits are used as BCC.)

- (3) BCC calculation formula = ADD-2comp Calculation result = FEh, F6h (2 digits without conversion)
- (4) BCC calculation formula = Modbus ASCII Calculation result = 88 (ASCII)
- (5) BCC calculation formula = Modbus RTU Calculation result = 85h 0Fh (binary)

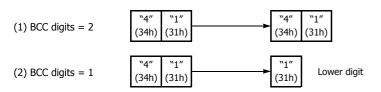
Conversion Type

The BCC calculation result can be converted or not according to the assigned conversion type as described below: **Example: BCC calculation result is 0041h.**

(1) Binary to ASCII conversion



Example:

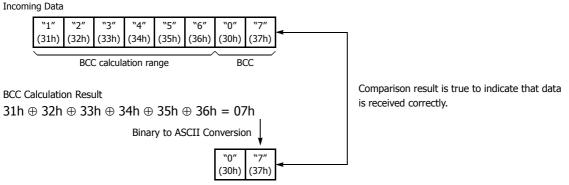


Note: On WindLDR, Modbus ASCII and Modbus RTU default is set to 2 digits.

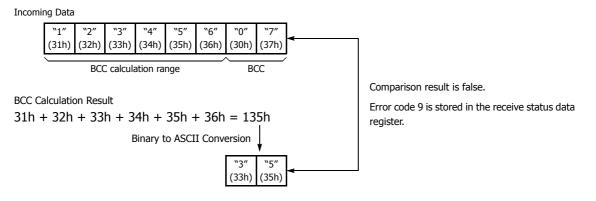
Comparing BCC Codes

The FC6A Series MICROSmart compares the BCC calculation result with the BCC code in the received incoming data to check for any error in the incoming communication due to external noises or other causes. If a disparity is found in the comparison, an error code is stored in the data register designated as receive status in the RXD instruction. For user communication error code, see "User Communication Error" on page 5-52.

Example 1: BCC is calculated for the first byte through the sixth byte using the XOR format, converted in binary to ASCII, and compared with the BCC code appended to the seventh and eighth bytes of the incoming data.



Example 2: BCC is calculated for the first byte through the sixth byte using the ADD format, converted in binary to ASCII, and compared with the BCC code appended to the seventh and eighth bytes of the incoming data.





D1 (Destination 1)

Set an internal relay or an output for the receive completion output.

When the start input for a RXD instruction is turned on, preparation for receiving data is initiated, followed by data conversion and storage. When the data receive operation sequence is complete, the designated output or internal relay is turned on.

Conditions for Completion of Receiving Data

After starting to receive data, the RXD instruction can be completed in three ways depending on the designation of end delimiter and delimiter in the receive format.

End Delimiter	Delimiter	Conditions for Completion of Receiving Data
With	With or Without	When a specified byte count of data (digits \times repeat) has been received or when an end delimiter is received. When a BCC exists immediately after the end delimiter, the BCC is received before ending data receiving.
Without	With	After the last constant (including delimiter) designated in the RXD instruction has been received, data receiving is completed when the subsequent byte count of data has been received.
Without	Without	When a specified byte count of data (digits × repeat) has been received.

Note: Whenever a receive timeout has occurred, data receiving stops arbitrarily.

Data receiving is complete when one of the above three conditions is met. To abort a RXD instruction, use the special internal relay for user communication receive instruction cancel flag. See "User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag" on page 5-22.

Example: A RXD instruction does not have an end delimiter and has a delimiter programmed in the receive format for data registers.

After delimiter FFh has been received, data receiving is
completed when subsequent 3 bytes are received.

Receive Format			DR1		FFh	BCC	DR	2	
Receive Format	4 byt	es max	. + deli	miter 1	byte	1 byte	2 bytes	max.	
	Dolin	niter:	FFh			,	Delimite	/	
									_
	Conv	version:	ASC	CII to Bi	nary		Convers	sion:	None
	Digit	s:	4				Digits:		2
	Repe	eat:	1				Repeat:		1

D2 (Destination 2)

Set the data register in which to store the receive status and the receive data byte count.

The receive status is stored in D2+0 and the receive data byte count is stored in D2+1.

D2+0 (Receive Status)

The receive status is stored in the data register set with D2. The receive status includes the reception operation status and the error information.

Receive Status Code	Status	Description
16	Preparing data receive	From turning on the start input for a RXD instruction to read the receive format, until the RXD instruction is enabled by an END processing
32	Receiving data	From enabling the RXD instruction by an END processing, until incoming data is received
48	Data receive complete	From receiving incoming data, until the received data is converted and stored in data registers according to the receive format
64	Receive instruction complete	All data receive operation is completed and the next data receive is made possible
128	User communication receive instruction cancel flag active	RXD instructions are cancelled by special internal relay for user communication receive instruction cancel flag, such as M8022, M8023, M8026, M8033, M8145 to M8147, M8170, M8176, or M8365 to M8394

If the receive status code is other than shown above, a receive instruction error is suspected. See "User Communication Error" on page 5-52.

D2+1 (Receive Digits (Bytes))

The data register next to the device designated for receive status stores the byte count of data received by the RXD instruction. When a start delimiter, end delimiter, and BCC are included in the received data, the byte counts for these codes are also included in the receive data byte count.

Example: Data register D200 is designated as a device for receive status.



User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag

If user communication receive instruction cancel is turned on when the receive pre-processing for the user communication receive instruction has already been completed and data is being received (status code 32), all receive instructions for the corresponding port will be canceled. This is effective for canceling receive instruction execution when waiting a long time to receive data. To activate a receive instruction that was canceled, turn off the user communication receive instruction cancel flag, and then turn on the receive instruction input conditions again.

Device Address	Description	CPU Stopped	Power OFF	R/W
M8022	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 1)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8023	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 2)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8026	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 3)	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8033	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 4) *1	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8145	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 5) ^{*1}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8146	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 6) *1	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8147	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 7) *1	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8170	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 8) ^{*1}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8176	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 9) ^{*1}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8365	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 10)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8366	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 11)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8367	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 12)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8370	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 13)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8371	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 14)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8372	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 15)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8373	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 16)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8374	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 17)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8375	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 18)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8376	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 19)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8377	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 20)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8380	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 21)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8381	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 22)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8382	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 23)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8383	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 24)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8384	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 25)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8385	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 26)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8386	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 27)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8387	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 28)*1*2	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8390	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 29) ^{*1*2}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8391	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 30) ^{*1*2}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8392	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 31) ^{*1*2}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8393	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 32) ^{*1*2}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W
M8394	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Port 33) ^{*1*2}	Cleared	Cleared	R/W

User communication receive instruction cancel flags are allocated as follows to each communication port as a special internal relay.

*1 When using a communication module.

*2 Plus CPU module only.

Note: "R/W" is the abbreviation for read/write. When R/W, it can be read and written. When R, it can only be read. When W, it can only be written.



ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet)



The ETXD instruction converts transmission data to the specified data type and sends it to the external device connected over Ethernet port 1 and 2.

When the input is on, the transmission data designated by S1 is transmitted to the device connected with the specified connection.

When transmission is complete, the device designated by D1 is turned on. Transmit status (the transmission status and error code) is stored to the device designated by D2.

The byte count of transmitted data is stored to D2+1.

Apart from the connection settings, the settings of ETXD and TXD instructions are the same. For details on TXD instruction, see "TXD (Transmit)" on page 5-2.

The ETXD instruction cannot be used in an interrupt program.

If used, a user program execution error will result, turning on special internal relay M8004 and the ERR LED on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. For details about the user program execution errors, see Chapter 3 "User Program Execution Errors" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

Note: For details on the user communication client and user communication server specifications and for details on user communication over Ethernet, see "User Communication via Ethernet Communication" on page 5-40.

ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet)



The ERXD instruction receives data from an external device connected over Ethernet port 1 and 2, converts the received data in the specified format, and stores the converted data to data registers.

When the input is on, the received data designated by S1 is received from the device connected with the specified connection.

When all data has been received, the device designated by D1 is turned on. Receive status (the receive status and error code) is stored to the device designated by D2.

The byte count of received data is stored to D2+1.

When user communication receive instruction cancel flag (M8200 - M8207 and M8334 - M8343) is turned on while receiving incoming data, the execution of all active receive instructions for the corresponding connection is canceled.

Apart from the connection settings and the allocation of the user communication receive instruction cancel flags, the settings of ERXD and RXD instructions are the same. For details on RXD instruction, see "RXD (Receive)" on page 5-10.

The ERXD instruction cannot be used in an interrupt program.

If used, a user program execution error will result, turning on special internal relay M8004 and the ERR LED on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. For details about the user program execution errors, see Chapter 3 "User Program Execution Errors" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

Note: For details on the user communication client and user communication server specifications and for details on user communication (UDP), see "User Communication via Ethernet Communication" on page 5-40.

User Communication via Serial Communication

With user communication via serial communication, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can send and receive data between external devices connected to port 1 to port 33, such as a printer or barcode reader, by using the TXD (user communication transmit) and RXD (user communication receive) instructions.

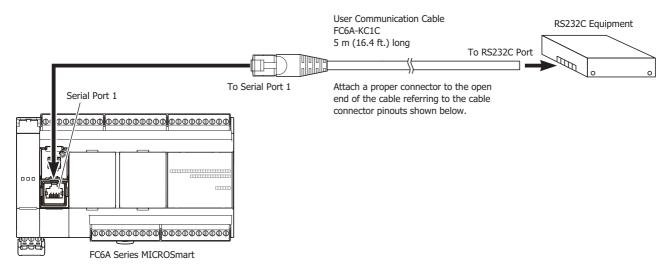
User Communication Overview

By installing a communication cartridge on the FC6A Series MICROSmart expansion communication port, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can communicate with two external devices simultaneously.

When using an RS485 communication cartridge, FC6A Series MICROSmart modules can communicate with a maximum of 31 RS485 devices using the user communication.

User communication transmit and receive instructions can be programmed to match the communication protocol of the equipment to communicate with. Possibility of communication using the user communication mode can be determined referring to the user communication mode specifications described below.

An RS232C equipment is connected to port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.



User Communication Mode Specifications

Туре	RS232C User Communication	RS485 User Communication							
Communication Port	Port 1 to port 33	Port 1 to port 33							
Maximum Nodes	1 per port 31 maximum								
Standards	EIA RS232C EIA RS485								
Baud Rate	1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600	1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115,200 bps (Default: 115,200)							
Data Bits	7 or 8 bits (Default: 7)	7 or 8 bits (Default: 7)							
Parity	Odd, Even, None (Default: Even)								
Stop Bits	1 or 2 bits (Default: 1)								
	10 to 2,540 ms (10 ms increments) or none								
Receive Timeout	(Receive timeout is disabled when 2,550 ms is selected.)								
	The receive timeout has an effect when using RXD instructions.								
Communication Method	Start-stop synchronization system								
Maximum Cable Longth	FC6A-PC1: 5 m	FC6A-PC3: 200 m							
Maximum Cable Length	FC6A-SIF52: 15 m	FC6A-SIF52: 1,200 m							
Maximum Transmit Data	1,536 bytes	·							
Maximum Receive Data	1,536 bytes								
BCC Calculation	XOR, ADD, ADD-2comp *, Modbus ASCII *, Modbus RTU *								
BCC Calculation	(* For calculation examples, see "BCC Calculation I	(* For calculation examples, see "BCC Calculation Examples" on page 5-58.)							

Programming WindLDR

When using the user communication function to communicate with an external RS232C or RS485 device, set the communication parameters for the FC6A Series MICROSmart to match those of the external device.

Note: Since communication parameters in the Function Area Settings relate to the user program, the user program must be downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart after changing any of these settings.

1. From the WindLDR menu bar, select **Configuration** > **Communication Ports**.

The **Function Area Settings** dialog box for Communication Ports appears.

Function Area Settings ? ×										
Run/Stop Control Configure the communication ports.										
Memory Backup										
Input Configuration	Communication Ports									
Communication Ports		Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface			
External Memory Devices		1		Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C			
Device Settings		2	Maintenance Protocol User Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0				
Program Protection		3	Data Link Master	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0				
Self Diagnostic	115		Modbus RTU Master Modbus RTU Slave							
Calendar & Clock			Moubus RTO Slave							
Network Settings										
Network Management										
Connection Settings										
<u>D</u> efault							OK Cancel			

 In the Communication Mode pull-down list for Port 1 to Port 3, select User Protocol. (Click the Configure button when changing previous settings.)

The **User Protocol** dialog box appears.

User Protocol (Port1)	? ×
Baud Rate(bps):	115200 -
Data Bits:	7 🔹
Parity:	Even 💌
Stop Bits:	1 🔹
Receive Timeout (ms):	500
<u>D</u> efault OK	Cancel

When 2550 ms is selected in the Receive Timeout box, the receive timeout function is disabled.

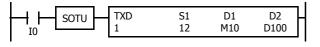
- 3. Select communication parameters to the same values for the device to communicate with.
- 4. Click the OK button.



Programming TXD Instruction Using WindLDR

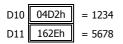
The following example demonstrates how to program a TXD instruction including a start delimiter, BCC, and end delimiter using WindLDR.

TXD sample program:



Communication port:	Port 1
Transmit completion output:	M10
Transmit status register:	D100
Transmit data byte count:	D101

Data register contents:



Transmit data example:

			E	BCC ca	lculatio	n range	5					
	STX (02h)	"1″ (31h)	"2″ (32h)	"3″ (33h)	``4″ (34h)	``5″ (35h)	"6″ (36h)	[°] 7″ (37h)	``8″ (38h)	BCC (H) (41h)	BCC (L) (36h)	ETX (03h)
C	Constan (hex)	\it	D	10	/		D	11	/	B		Constant (hex)

Start to program a TXD instruction. Move the cursor where you want to insert the TXD instruction, and type **TXD**. You can also
insert the TXD instruction by clicking the User Communication icon in the menu bar and clicking where you want to insert the
TXD instruction in the program edit area.

The TXD (Transmit) dialog box appears.

TXD (Transmit) ?								
Type TXD RXD ETXD ETXD Port No: Port 1	S1	Tag Name: Device Address: Comment:		D2				
			0	K Cancel				

- Check that TXD is selected in the Type box and select Port 1 in the Port No. box. Then, click Insert. The Data Type Selection dialog box appears. You will program source device S1 using this dialog box.
- Click Constant (Hexadecimal) in the Type box and click OK. Next, in the Constant (Hexadecimal) dialog box, type 02 to program the start delimiter STX (02h). When finished, click OK.

Data Type Selection								
Type: Constant (Character) Constant (Hexadecimal) Variable (DR) BCC	OK Cancel							

	Constant (Chara	acter) ×
Character		
02		
	ОК	Cancel

4. Since the TXD (Transmit) dialog box reappears, repeat the above procedure. In the Data Type Selection dialog box, click Variable (DR) and click OK. Next, in the Variable (Data Register) dialog box, type D0010 in the DR No. box and click BCD to ASCII to select the BCD to ASCII conversion. Enter 4 in the Digits box (4 digits) and 2 in the REP box (2 repeat cycles). When finished, click OK.

Data Type Selection						
Type: Constant (Character) Constant (Hexadecimal) Variable (DR) BCC	OK Cancel					

Var	Variable (Data Register)						
DR No. D0010	Conversion Type: Binary to ASCII BCD to ASCII No conversion Digits REP 4 02 OK Cancel						

 Again in the Data Type Selection dialog box, click BCC and click OK. Next, in the BCC dialog box, enter 1 in the Calculation Start Position box, select ADD for the Calculate Type, click Binary to ASCII for the Conversion Type, and click 2 for the Digits. When finished, click OK.

Data Type Selection ×	BCC
stant (Character) OK stant (Hexadecimal) Cancel able (DR)	Start Position Calculation Type 01 Conversion Type Digit I Binary to ASCII I No conversion

6. Once again in the **Data Type Selection** dialog box, click **Constant (Hexadecimal)** and click **OK**. Next, in the Constant (Hexadecimal) dialog box, type **03** to program the end delimiter ETX (03h). When finished, click **OK**.

Data Type Selec	tion ×	Constant (Hexadec	imal)
Type: Constant (Character) Constant (Hexadecimal) Variable (DR)	OK Cancel	Hexadecimal 03 OK	Cancel
©BCC	ļ		

7. In the **TXD (Transmit)** dialog box, type **M0010** in the destination D1 box and type **D0100** in the destination D2 box. When finished, click **OK**.

TXD (Transmit) ? 🗙								
Type TXD RXD ETXD ETXD Fort No: Port 1	S1 *02* <d0010 02="" b4=""> [BCC AA2 01] 103 </d0010>	Tag Name: Device Address: Comment:	D1 M0010 mm	D2 D0100 m D0100				
			0	K Cancel				

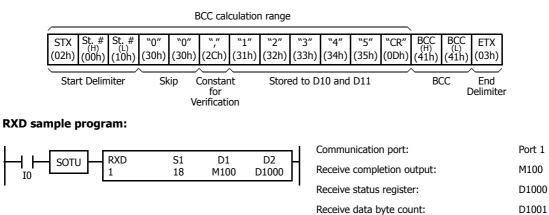
Programming of the TXD1 instruction is complete and the transmit data is specified as follows:

		E	BCC ca	lculatio	n range	2					
STX (02h)	"1″ (31h)	"2″ (32h)	"3″ (33h)	``4″ (34h)	``5″ (35h)	``6″ (36h)	[°] 7″ (37h)	``8″ (38h)	BCC (H) (41h)	BCC (L) (36h)	ETX (03h)
Constan (hex)	it	D	10	/		D	11	/	BC		Constant (hex)

Programming RXD Instruction Using WindLDR

The following example demonstrates how to program an RXD instruction including a start delimiter, skip, constant for verification, BCC, and end delimiter using WindLDR. Converted data is stored to data registers D10 and D11. Internal relay M100 is used as destination D1 for the receive completion output. Data register D1000 is used as destination D2 for the receive status, and data register D1001 is used to store the receive data byte count.

Receive data example:



1. Start to program an RXD instruction. Move the cursor where you want to insert the RXD instruction, and type **RXD**. You can also insert the RXD instruction by clicking the User Communication icon in the menu bar and clicking where you want to insert the RXD instruction in the program edit area, then the Transmit dialog box appears. Click **RXD** to change the dialog box to the Receive dialog box.

The **RXD (Receive)** dialog box appears.

RXD (Receive)		? ×
Type S1 TXD © RXD © ETXD © ETXD © EFXD Port No: Port 1 I Insert Delete Edit	Tag Name: Device Address: Comment:	D1	D2

- Check that RXD is selected in the Type box and select Port 1 in the Port box. Then, click Insert. The Data Type Selection dialog box appears. You will program source device S1 using this dialog box.
- 3. Click Constant (Hexadecimal) in the Type box and click OK. Next, in the Constant (Hexadecimal) dialog box, type 020010 to program the start delimiter STX (02h), Station No. H (00h), and Station No. L (10h). When finished, click OK.

Data Type Select	ion ×
Type: © Constant (Character) © Constant (Hexadecimal) © Variable (DR) © BCC © Skip	OK Cancel

Consta	nt (Hexadecimal)	×
Hexadecimal		
020010		
	ОК Са	ancel

4. Since the RXD (Receive) dialog box reappears, repeat the above procedure. In the Data Type Selection dialog box, click Skip and click OK. Next, in the Skip dialog box, type 02 in the Digits box and click OK.

Data Type Selection		SKIP	SKIP
Type:OK_	Digits 02	02	UK

 Again in the Data Type Selection dialog box, click Constant (Character) and click OK. Next, in the Constant (Character) dialog box, type, (2Ch) in the Character box to program a comma as a constant to verify. When finished, click OK.

stant (Character) Cancel OK OK OK OK

6. Again in the Data Type Selection dialog box, click Variable (DR) and click OK. Next, in the Variable (Data Register) dialog box, type D10 in the DR No. box and click ASCII to Binary to select ASCII to binary conversion. Enter 4 in the Digits box (4 digits) and 2 in the REP box (2 repeat cycles). Click Variable, select HEX, and type OD to designate a delimiter. When finished, click OK.

Data Type Selectio	n ×
Type: Constant (Character) Constant (Hexadecimal) Variable (DR) BCC Skip	OK Cancel

Va	ariable (Data Register) 🛛 🗙	
DR No. D0010 D0010	Conversion Type:	
	Digits REP 4 02 00 Cancel	— Delimiter

 Again in the Data Type Selection dialog box, click BCC and click OK. Next, in the BCC dialog box, enter 01 in the Calculation Start Position box, select ADD for the Calculation Type, click Binary to ASCII for the Conversion Type, and click 2 for the Digits. When finished, click OK.

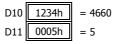
Data Type Selection	BCC
Type:	Start Position Calculation Type
Constant (Character)	01 ADD
Constant (Hexadecima)	Conversion Type
Variable (DR)	Binary to ASCII
<u>BCC</u>	No conversion
Skip	OK Cancel

8. Once again in the Data Type Selection dialog box, click Constant (Hexadecimal) and click OK. Next, in the Constant (Hexadecimal) dialog box, type 03 to program the end delimiter ETX (03h). When finished, click OK.

9. In the RXD (Receive) dialog box, type M0100 in the destination D1 box and type D1000 in the destination D2 box. When finished, click OK.

	RXD (Receive)		? ×
Type TXD RXD ETXD ETXD ETXD	S1 '02"00"10' #SKIP 02# ', (D0010 A4 02 V '0D') [BCC AA2 01] '03'	Tag Name: Device Address: Comment:		D2 D 1000 D 1000
Port No:	Insert Delete Edit]	0	K Cancel

Programming of the RXD instruction is complete and the receive data will be stored as follows:



RS232C Line Control Signals

While the FC6A Series MICROSmart is in user communication mode, special data registers can be used to enable or disable DSR and DTR control signal options for port 1 through port 33.

Line control signals cannot be used with RS485 communication.

The RS-232C communication cartridge (FC6A-PC1) RS signal is an always on output signal.

In the maintenance communication mode, DSR has no effect and DTR remains on.

Special Data Registers for RS232C Line Control Signals

Special data registers D8104 through D8734 are allocated for RS232C line control signals.

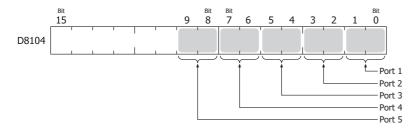
DR No.	Data Register Function	Data Register Value Updated	R/W
D8104	Control signal status (port 1 to port 5)	Every scan	R
D8105	DSR input control signal option (port 1 to port 5)	Every scan	R/W
D8106	DTR output control signal option (port 1 to port 5)	Every scan	R/W
D8204	Control signal status (port 6 to port 9)	Every scan	R
D8205	DSR input control signal option (port 6 to port 9)	Every scan	R/W
D8206	DTR output control signal option (port 6 to port 9)	Every scan	R/W
D8717	Control signal status (port 10 to port 13)	Every scan	R
D8718	DSR input control signal option (port 10 to port 13)	Every scan	R/W
D8719	DTR output control signal option (port 10 to port 13)	Every scan	R/W
D8720	Control signal status (port 14 to port 17)	Every scan	R
D8721	DSR input control signal option (port 14 to port 17)	Every scan	R/W
D8722	DTR output control signal option (port 14 to port 17)	Every scan	R/W
D8723	Control signal status (port 18 to port 21)	Every scan	R
D8724	DSR input control signal option (port 18 to port 21)	Every scan	R/W
D8725	DTR output control signal option (port 18 to port 21)	Every scan	R/W
D8726	Control signal status (port 22 to port 25)	Every scan	R
D8727	DSR input control signal option (port 22 to port 25)	Every scan	R/W
D8728	DTR output control signal option (port 22 to port 25)	Every scan	R/W
D8729	Control signal status (port 26 to port 29)	Every scan	R
D8730	DSR input control signal option (port 26 to port 29)	Every scan	R/W
D8731	DTR output control signal option (port 26 to port 29)	Every scan	R/W
D8732	Control signal status (port 30 to port 33)	Every scan	R
D8733	DSR input control signal option (port 30 to port 33)	Every scan	R/W
D8734	DTR output control signal option (port 30 to port 33)	Every scan	R/W

Control Signal Status

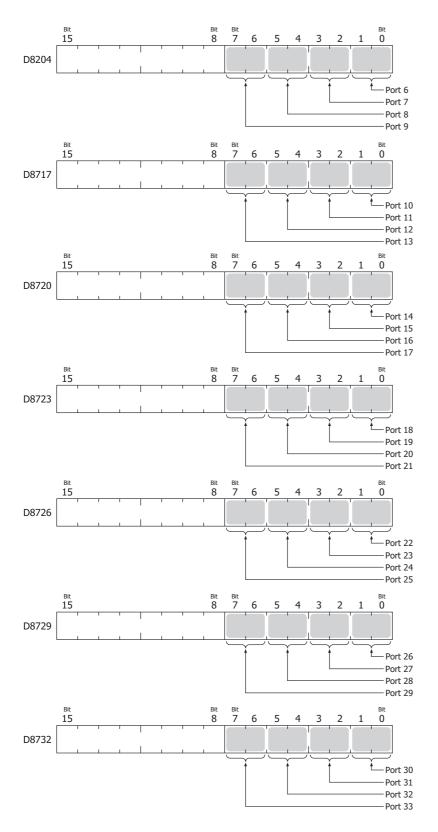
The signal statuses of the control signals (DSR and DTR) are stored in D8104, D8204, D8717, D8720, D8723, D8726, D8729, and D8732.

The statuses of the DSR and DTR signals are stored in the above devices that correspond to the communication port. The values in the devices are updated in END processing when stopped and while running.

The allocation of communication ports in the device (bit assignment) is as follows.







2-bit Binary Value	DTR	DSR	Description
00	OFF	OFF	Both DSR and DTR are off
01	OFF	ON	DSR is on
10	ON	OFF	DTR is on
11	ON	ON	Both DSR and DTR are on

DSR Control Signal Status in RUN and STOP Modes

Communication Mode	2 hit Binam Value	DSR (Input) Status		
	3-bit Binary Value	RUN Mode	STOP Mode	
000 (default) 001	000 (default)	No effect	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)	
	ON: Enable TXD/RXD OFF: Disable TXD/RXD	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)		
lser	munication	ON: Disable TXD/RXD OFF: Enable TXD/RXD	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)	
lode		ON: Enable TXD OFF: Disable TXD	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)	
		ON: Disable TXD OFF: Enable TXD	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)	
	≥ 101	No effect	No effect (TXD/RXD disabled)	
Aaintenance Mode	_	No effect	No effect	

DTR Control Signal Status in RUN and STOP Modes

Communication Mode	2-bit Binary Value	DTR (Output) Status		
		RUN Mode	STOP Mode	
	00 (default)	ON	OFF	
	01	OFF	OFF	
Communication	10	RXD enabled: ON	OFF	
Mode 10 11		RXD disabled: OFF	OFF	
	11	ON	OFF	
Maintenance Mode	—	ON	ON	

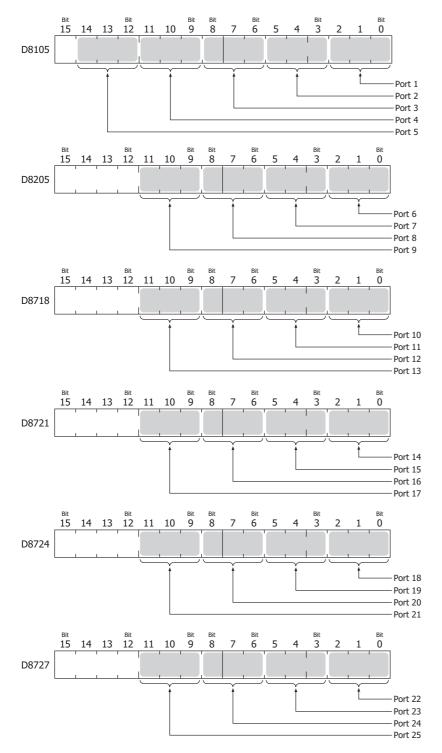
DSR Input Control Signal Option

The external device uses the DSR signal to indicate that it is ready to receive data or to tell the FC6A Series MICROSmart its status, such as if it is transmitting valid data.

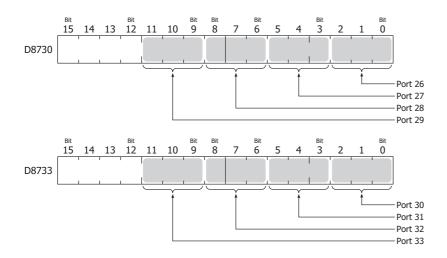
The FC6A Series MICROSmart determines whether or not to transmit and receive data depending on the status of the DSR signal of the external device.

The DSR signal can be controlled by setting values in D8105, D8205, D8718, D8721, D8724, D8727, D8730, and D8733. These registers are only valid during user communication.

The allocation of communication ports in the devices (bit assignment) is as follows.



5: USER COMMUNICATION INSTRUCTIONS

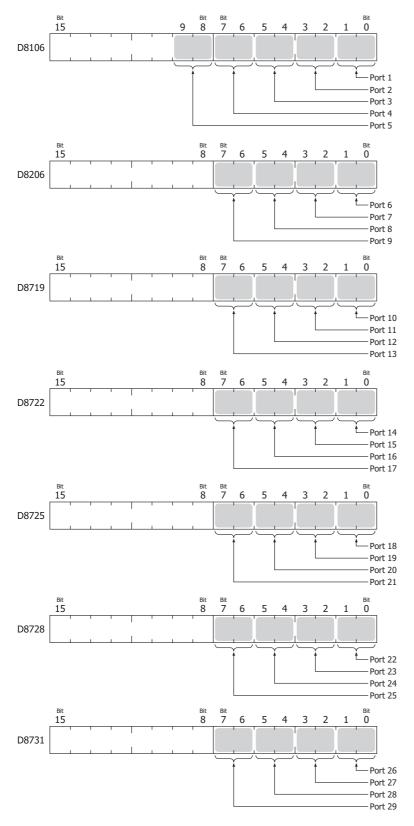


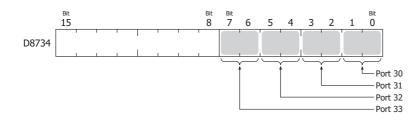
-bit Binary Value		Desc	ription		
000	DSR is not used for data flow control. Use this status if DSR signal control is not required.				
	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series	MICROSmart can transm	nit and receive data.		
001	DSR signal OFF	[ļ	
	Transmit/receive	Impossible	Possible	Impossible	
	When DSR is off, the FC6A Series	MICROSmart can transm	nit and receive data.		
010	ON — DSR signal OFF	1			
	Transmit/receive	Impossible	Possible	Impossible	
	Transmit/receive	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with	nit data. This function is a a slow processing spee	usually called "Busy Control	
011	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series used for controlling transmission t	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with	nit data. This function is a a slow processing spee	usually called "Busy Control	
011	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series used for controlling transmission t remote terminal is busy, data inpu DSR signal	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with	nit data. This function is a a slow processing spee	usually called "Busy Control	
011	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series used for controlling transmission t remote terminal is busy, data inpu DSR signal OFF	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with ut to the remote terminal Impossible	hit data. This function is a a slow processing spee is restricted. Possible	usually called "Busy Control d, such as a printer. When t	
011	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series used for controlling transmission t remote terminal is busy, data inpu DSR signal ON OFF Transmit	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with ut to the remote terminal Impossible	hit data. This function is a a slow processing spee is restricted. Possible	usually called "Busy Control d, such as a printer. When t	
	When DSR is on, the FC6A Series used for controlling transmission t remote terminal is busy, data inpu DSR signal ON OFF Transmit When DSR is off, the FC6A Series ON	MICROSmart can transm to a remote terminal with ut to the remote terminal Impossible	hit data. This function is a a slow processing spee is restricted. Possible	usually called "Busy Control d, such as a printer. When t	

DTR Output Control Signal Option

The FC6A Series MICROSmart tells the external device of its control status and transmit/receive status using the DTR signal. The DTR signal can be controlled by setting values in D8106, D8206, D8719, D8722, D8725, D8728, D8731, and D8734. These registers are only valid during user communication.

The allocation of communication ports in the devices (bit assignment) is as follows.





2-bit Binary Value		De	scription		
	While the FC6A Series MICROSn receiving data. While the FC6A S Series MICROSmart operating st	Series MICROSmart is st			2
00	FC6A Series MICROSmart	Stopped	Running	Stopped	
	ON DTR signal OFF —				
	Whether the FC6A Series MICRC	Smart is running or sto	opped, DTR remains off.		
01	FC6A Series MICROSmart	Stopped	Running	Stopped	
	ON DTR signal OFF —				
	While the FC6A Series MICROSm receive data, DTR remains off. U				t can not
10	Receive	Impossible	Possible	Impossible	
	ON DTR signal OFF —				
11	The operation is the same as the	e setting "00".			



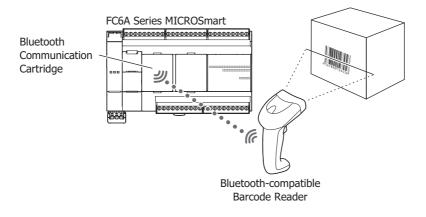
User Communication via Serial Communication (Bluetooth)

Connect a Bluetooth communication cartridge to the cartridge slot of the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, the cartridge slot of a cartridge base module connected to the Plus CPU module, or the cartridge slot of the HMI module to use user communication over Bluetooth communication.

With user communication over Bluetooth communication, the FC6A MICROSmart can send and receive data between external devices connected over Bluetooth, such as barcode reader, using the TXD (user communication transmit) and RXD (user communication receive) instructions.

Example of Receiving Data Read with a Barcode Reader

Connect the Bluetooth communication cartridge to cartridge slot 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart and communicate with the barcode reader.



For details on communication specifications and WindLDR settings, see "Bluetooth Communication" on page 9-1.

User Communication via Ethernet Communication

This section describes the Ethernet user communication. Ethernet user communication works on TCP/UDP protocol. The FC6A Series MICROSmart can be used as a user communication client/server. With Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD and ERXD instructions), the FC6A Series MICROSmart can exchange the data with devices on the network.

Except for the port number and the allocation of the user communication receive instruction cancel flags, Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD and ERXD instructions) are identical to TXD and RXD instructions. For details about TXD and RXD instructions, see "TXD (Transmit)" on page 5-2 and "RXD (Receive)" on page 5-10.

Ethernet User Communication Overview

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can be used as an Ethernet user communication (TCP) client/server. The Plus CPU module can also be used for user communication (UDP). It can be used simultaneously with the maintenance communication server, Modbus TCP server, and Modbus TCP client.

When using the FC6A Series MICROSmart user communication client, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can access and communicate with the server devices using the protocol of the server device. A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/ CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to each type of communication.

User communication client functions and configuration are described in "To use the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a user communication client" on page 5-41. User communication server functions and configuration are described in "User Communication Server" on page 5-47.

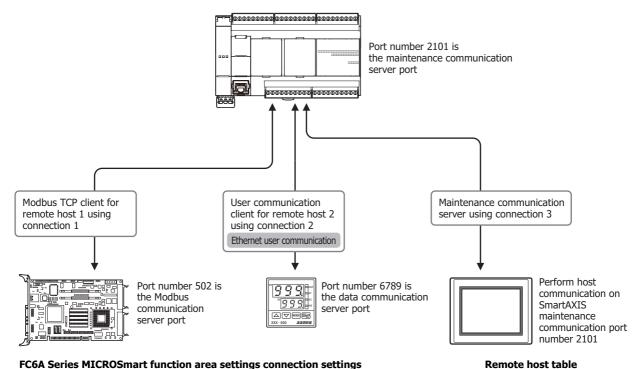
The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports the TCP/UDP protocol.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can send data to and receive data from devices on a network by using the ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet) instruction and the ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) instruction.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can be used as both an Ethernet user communication client and server.

Each of the eight connections possessed by the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be allocated to different types of communication. Ethernet user communication can simultaneously use the maintenance communication server, Modbus TCP server, and Modbus TCP client.

Ethernet communication example using three connections



FC6A Series MICROSmart function area settings connection settings

Connection	Communication Protocol	Other Settings		Remote Host Number	IP Address	Port Number
1	Modbus TCP client	Destination: Remote host 1	-	1	192.168.0.12	502
2	User communication client	Destination: Remote host 2		2	192.168.0.13	6789
3	Maintenance communication server	Port number: 2101	-			

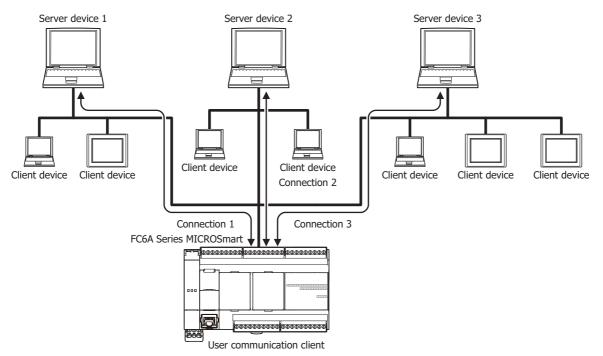


To use the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a user communication client

Connect the FC6A Series MICROSmart to the server device via the network and communicate with the server device using the Ethernet user communication instructions.

A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to user communication clients, which allows the FC6A Series MICROSmart to simultaneously connect to and communicate with different server devices.



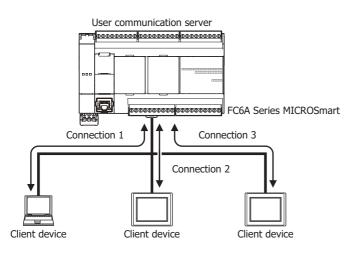


To use the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a user communication server

The client devices connect to the FC6A Series MICROSmart and the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates with the client devices using Ethernet user communication instructions.

A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to user communication servers, which enables FC6A Series MICROSmart to simultaneously connect to and communicate with a maximum of eight different client devices or a maximum of 16 different client devices, respectively.

When three connections are allocated to user communication server

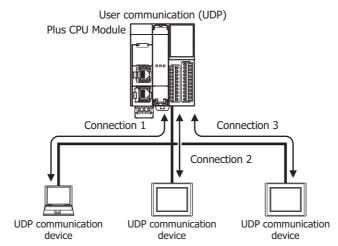


To use the FC6A Series MICROSmart for user communication (UDP)

The Plus CPU module can be connected to a UDP communication device and communicate with that device using the Ethernet user communication instructions.

The Plus CPU module can simultaneously connect to and communicate with a maximum of 16 UDP communication devices by allocating a maximum of 16 connections to user communication (UDP).

When three connections are allocated to user communication (UDP)



User Communication Client

When a client connection is configured as the user communication client, the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates with the specified server device according to the settings configured in the ETXD and ERXD instructions that are programmed for the client connection. The remote host number and other communication settings can be configured in the Connection Settings tab in the Function Area Settings dialog box.

Specifications (User Communication Client)

Item	User Communication Client	
Remote Host Number	1 to 255 Switch the remote host number with the special data registers (D8268 to D8275 and D8774 to D8781).	
Establish Connection	 When ETXD/ERXD Instructions are executed When the FC6A Series MICROSmart starts to run^{*1} 	
Disconnect Connection	 When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is stopped When special internal relays (M8222 to M8231 and M8355 to M8364) are turned on 	
Number of Remote Hosts that the FC6A Series MICROSmart Can Communicate Simultaneously	One remote host per a user communication client ^{*2}	
Receive Timeout Time	100 to 25,500 ms (100 ms increments)*3	

*1 Can be enabled or disabled in Function Area Settings, Connection Settings.

*2 A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to user communication clients, which enables FC6A Series MICROSmart to simultaneously communicate with a maximum of eight server devices or a maximum of 16 server devices, respectively.

*3 Numeric values not in parentheses are the default settings.

Switching Remote Host Numbers

When user communication clients have been configured, the communication devices can be changed by using the special data registers (D8268 to D8275 and D8774 to D8781). Specify the remote host number of the communication devices to change to with the special data registers. If a value other than 1 to 255 is specified, the remote host number set in the Function Area Settings will be used.

Special Data Register	Description
D8268	Remote Host Number of Connection 1 (1 to 255)
D8269	Remote Host Number of Connection 2 (1 to 255)
D8270	Remote Host Number of Connection 3 (1 to 255)
D8271	Remote Host Number of Connection 4 (1 to 255)
D8272	Remote Host Number of Connection 5 (1 to 255)
D8273	Remote Host Number of Connection 6 (1 to 255)
D8274	Remote Host Number of Connection 7 (1 to 255)
D8275	Remote Host Number of Connection 8 (1 to 255)
D8774 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 9 (1 to 255)
D8775 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 10 (1 to 255)
D8776 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 11 (1 to 255)
D8777 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 12 (1 to 255)
D8778 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 13 (1 to 255)
D8779 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 14 (1 to 255)
D8780 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 15 (1 to 255)
D8781 ^{*1}	Remote Host Number of Connection 16 (1 to 255)

*1 Plus CPU module only.

Establishing/Disconnecting User Communication Client Connections

When user communication clients are configured, connections are established on TCP protocol. The connections are established when ETXD/ERXD instructions are executed or when the FC6A Series MICROSmart starts running (See above)^{*1}. Once a connection is established, the connection will be kept open until either the FC6A Series MICROSmart is stopped or a special internal relay (M8222 to M8231 and M8355 to M8364) allocated to the connection is turned on.

Special Internal Relay	Description	Operation
M8222	Connection 1 Disconnect	
M8223	Connection 2 Disconnect	
M8224	Connection 3 Disconnect	
M8225	Connection 4 Disconnect	
M8226	Connection 5 Disconnect	
M8227	Connection 6 Disconnect	
M8230	Connection 7 Disconnect	
M8231	Connection 8 Disconnect	When the relay is turned on, the corresponding
M8355 ^{*2}	Connection 9 Disconnect	connection is disconnected.
M8356 ^{*2}	Connection 10 Disconnect	
M8357 ^{*2}	Connection 11 Disconnect	
M8360 ^{*2}	Connection 12 Disconnect	
M8361 ^{*2}	Connection 13 Disconnect	
M8362 ^{*2}	Connection 14 Disconnect	
M8363 ^{*2}	Connection 15 Disconnect	
M8364 ^{*2}	Connection 16 Disconnect	

*1 Can be enabled or disabled in Function Area Settings, Connection Settings.

*2 Plus CPU module only.

User Communication Receive over Ethernet Instruction (ERXD) Cancel Flag

The allocation of the user communication receive instruction cancel flags for each client connection is shown in the table below. For details about the user communication receive instruction cancel flag, see "User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag" on page 5-22.

Special Internal Relay	Description
M8200	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 1)
M8201	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 2)
M8202	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 3)
M8203	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 4)
M8204	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 5)
M8205	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 6)
M8206	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 7)
M8207	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 8)
M8334 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 9)
M8335 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 10)
M8336 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 11)
M8337 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 12)
M8340 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 13)
M8341 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 14)
M8342 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 15)
M8343 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 16)

*1 Plus CPU module only.

Programming WindLDR (User Communication Client)

To use the user communication client, configure the user client communication settings in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box and then download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

- **1.** Select **Configuration** from the WindLDR menu bar, and then click **Connection Settings**. The **Function Area settings** dialog box appears.
- 2. Select the User Communication Client as the communication mode for the client connection 1.

	Function Area Settings	? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure parameters for connections.	
Input Configuration	Connections	
Communication Ports	No. Communication Mode	
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Communication Server Y TCP Configure	
Device Settings	2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure	
Program Protection	User Communication Server	
Self Diagnostic	Modbus TCP Server	
Calendar & Clock	4 Modbus TCP Client TCP Configure	
Network Settings	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure	
Network Management	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure	
Connection Settings	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure	
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure	
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel

The User Communication Client dialog box appears.

User Communic	ation Client ? ×
Remote Host No.:	Select a remote host 🔹
Receive Timeout (ms):	1000
Default	OK Cancel

Configure the remote host number and receive timeout. If you want the FC6A Series MICROSmart to establish the connection when it starts to run, select "Make Connection when PLC starts." Click **OK** button to close the dialog box.

3. Edit the user program.

To insert Ethernet user communication instructions to the ladder editor, select the Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD or ERXD instructions) in the **Coil Selection** dialog box.

	Coil Selection ?	×
Symbol	Name	^
EI	Enable Interrupt	
EMAIL	Send E-mail	
ENCO	Encode	
END	END	- 11
ERXD	Receive over Ethernet	
ETXD	Transmit over Ethernet	
EXP	Exponent	
FIEX	First-in Execution	
FIFOF	First-in, First-out Format	
FI WA	Analog Flow Totalizer	<u> </u>
	OK Cancel	

The ETXD (Transmit over Ethernet) dialog box appears.

	ETXD (Transmit	t over Ethernet)	? 🗙
Type ○ TXD ○ RXD ○ ETXD ○ ERXD Port No: Connection 1 ▼		D1 Tag Name:	
Connection 2 Connection 3 Connection 4 Connection 5 Connection 6 Connection 7			OK Cancel

Select **ETXD** (Transmit over Ethernet) to transmit data or **ERXD** (Receive over Ethernet) to receive data as the instruction type. Select the client connection from 1 through 8 and designate S1, D1, and D2. Click **OK** button to close the dialog box.

SOTU	E	TXD	S1	D1	D2
M0	1	L	1	M100	D100

4. Download the user program.

The settings for the user communication client have been finished.

The specifications of Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD and ERXD instructions) are identical to TXD and RXD instructions. For details about TXD and RXD instructions, see "TXD (Transmit)" on page 5-2 and "RXD (Receive)" on page 5-10.

User Communication Server

When a server connection is configured as the user communication server, a client device can access and communicate with the FC6A Series MICROSmart. The FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates with the client device according to the settings configured in the ETXD and ERXD instructions that are programmed for the server connection. The local host number and other communication settings can be configured in the **Connection Settings** tab in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box.

Specifications (User Communication Server)

Item	User Communication Server
Local Host Port Number	2102 to 2117 (Can be changed between 0 and 65535)
Number of Clients That Can Simultaneously Communicate with the FC6A Series MICROSmart	One client per a user communication server ^{*1}
Receive Timeout Time	100 to 25,500 ms (100 ms increments)

*1 A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to user communication servers, which enables a maximum of eight client devices or a maximum of 16 client devices to connect to and communicate with the FC6A Series MICROSmart, respectively.

User Communication Receive over Ethernet Instruction (ERXD) Cancel Flag

The allocation of the user communication receive instruction cancel flags for each server connection is shown in the table below. For details about the user communication receive instruction cancel flag, see "User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag" on page 5-22.

Device Address	Description
M8200	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 1)
M8201	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 2)
M8202	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 3)
M8203	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 4)
M8204	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 5)
M8205	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 6)
M8206	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 7)
M8207	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 8)
M8334 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 9)
M8335 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 10)
M8336 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 11)
M8337 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 12)
M8340 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 13)
M8341 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 14)
M8342 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 15)
M8343 ^{*1}	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 16)

*1 Plus CPU module only.

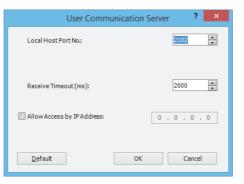
Programming WindLDR (User Communication Server)

To use the user communication server, configure the user communication server settings in the Function Area Settings dialog box and then download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

- Select Configuration from the WindLDR menu bar, and then click Connection Settings. The Function Area Settings dialog box appears.
- 2. Select the User Communication Server as the communication mode for the server connection 1.

	Function Area Settings	? ×									
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure parameters for connections.										
Input Configuration	Connections										
Communication Ports	No. Communication Mode										
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Communication Server V TCP Configure										
Device Settings	Unused 2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure										
Program Protection	User Communication Server										
Self Diagnostic	3 Modbus TCP Server										
Calendar & Clock	4 Modbus TCP Client Maintenance communication Server TCP Configure										
Network Settings	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure										
Network Management	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure										
Connection Settings	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure										
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure										
Default		OK Cancel									

The User Communication Server dialog box appears.



Configure the local host port number and receive timeout. If you want to restrict the access using IP address, configure the allowed IP address.

3. Edit the user program.

To insert Ethernet user communication instructions to the ladder editor, select the Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD or ERXD instructions) in the **Coil Selection** dialog box.

	Coil Selection ? ×
Symbol	Name
EI	Enable Interrupt
EMAIL	Send E-mail
ENCO	Encode
END	END
ERXD	Receive over Ethernet
ETXD	Transmit over Ethernet
EXP	Exponent
FIEX	First-in Execution
FIFOF	First-in, First-out Format
FI WA	Analog Flow Totalizer
	OK Cancel

The ERXD (Receive over Ethernet) dialog box appears.

	ERXD (Receive over Ethernet)	? ×
Type TXD RXD ETXD ETXD ETXD EFXD Port No: Connection 1	S1 D1 D2 Tag Name: Device Address: Comment: Insert Delete Edit	
Connection 1 Connection 3 Connection 4 Connection 5 Connection 6 Connection 7 Connection 8	ОК	Cancel

Select **ETXD** (Transmit over Ethernet) to transmit data and **ERXD** (Receive over Ethernet) to receive data as the instruction type. Select the server connection from 1 through 16 and designate S1, D1, and D2. Click **OK** button to close the dialog box.

SOTU		ERXD	S1	D1	D2	
MO	J	1	1	M100	D100	

4. Download the user program.

The settings for the user communication server have been finished.

The specifications of Ethernet user communication instructions (ETXD and ERXD instructions) are identical to TXD and RXD instructions. For details about TXD and RXD instructions, see "TXD (Transmit)" on page 5-2 and "RXD (Receive)" on page 5-10.

User Communication (UDP)

The Plus CPU module can communicate with UDP communication devices through a user communication server according to the ETXD (User Communication Transmit over Ethernet) and ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) instructions set to the corresponding connection number.

The port number settings and the communication settings of the user communication server are configured on the **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, under **Connection Settings**.

Specifications

Item	User Communication Server
Remote host number	1 to 255
Local host port number	0 to 65535
Allow access by IP address	0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

Allocation of Receive Cancel Flags for ERXD (User Communication Receive over Ethernet) Instructions The following table shows the allocation of receive cancel flags for each connection.

When preparations for receiving data is finished and the instruction is in Receiving Data state (status code 32), and the corresponding user communication receive instruction cancel flag is turned on, execution of all receive instructions for the corresponding connection will be canceled. This is effective when receiving data is taking too long time and you want to cancel the execution of the receive instruction.

To activate a receive instruction that is canceled, turn off the user communication receive cancel flag, and then turn on the input to the receive instruction again.

User communication receive instruction cancel flags are allocated in special internal relays for each connection as follows.

Special Internal Relay	Description
M8200	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 1)
M8201	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 2)
M8202	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 3)
M8203	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 4)
M8204	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 5)
M8205	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 6)
M8206	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 7)
M8207	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 8)
M8334	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 9)
M8335	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 10)
M8336	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 11)
M8337	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 12)
M8340	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 13)
M8341	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 14)
M8342	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 15)
M8343	User Communication Receive Instruction Cancel Flag (Connection 16)

Programming WindLDR

Configure the Plus CPU module for user communication (UDP).

The following example provides a explanation of the procedure to configure user communication (UDP) for connection 1 using WindLDR.

- **1.** On the WindLDR **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Connection Settings**. The **Function Area Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for connection number 1 and select User Communication (UDP). The User Communication (UDP) dialog box is displayed.

Run/Stop Control		Configure parameters for connections.										
Memory Backup												
Input Configuration	Connec	tions										
Communication Ports	No.	No. Communication Mode Interface										
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Communication Server V	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1							
Device Settings	2	Unused Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1							
Program Protection	3	User Communication Server User Communication Client	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1							
Self Diagnostic	4	User Communication (UDP) Modbus TCP Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1							
Calendar & Clock	5	Modbus TCP Server 50 Modbus TCP Client	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 1							
Ethernet Port 1	6	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	_						
Ethernet Port 2	7	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	_						
Connection Settings	8	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	-						
Access Control	9	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_						
	10	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_						
	11	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	-						
	12	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	-						
	13	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_						
	14	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	-						
	15	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2							
	16	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_						
		nication Port of Modbus RTU Gateway and Pass-Thr										

3. Configure Remote Host No. and Local Host Port No. To enable access restrictions by IP address, select the Allow Access by IP Address check box and configure the IP address to allow.

For details on the remote host number, see	"Remote Host List"	on page 3-18.
--	--------------------	---------------

User Communi	cation (UDP) ? ×
Remote Host No.:	Select a remote host 💌
Local Host Port No.:	2101
Allow Access by IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Default	OK Cancel

4. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings for user communication (UDP).

Next, create a user program that uses the user communication instructions that correspond to the configured connection, and then download the user program to the Plus CPU module.



User Communication Error

When a user communication error occurs, an error code is stored in the data register designated as a transmit status in the TXD instruction or as a receive status in the RXD instruction. When multiple errors occur, the final error code overwrites all preceding errors and is stored in the status data register.

The status data register also contains transmit/receive status code. To extract a user communication error code from the status data register, divide the value by 16. The remainder is the user communication error code. See "D2 (Destination 2)" on page 5-8 for the Transmit Status and "D2 (Destination 2)" on page 5-21 for the Receive Status.

To correct the error, correct the user program by referring to the error causes described below:

User Communication Error Code

User Communication Error Code	Error Cause	Transmit/Receive Completion Output				
1	Start inputs to more than 5 TXD instructions are on simultaneously.	Transmit completion outputs of the first 5 TXD instructions from the top of the ladder diagram are turned on.				
2	Transmission destination busy timeout	The transmit completion output goes on.				
3	Start inputs to more than 5 RXD instructions with a start delimiter are on simultaneously.	Among the first 5 RXD instructions from the top of the ladder diagram, receive completion outputs of RXD instructions go on if the start delimiter matches the first byte of the received data.				
4	While a RXD instruction without a start delimiter is executed, another RXD instruction with or without a start delimiter is executed.	The receive completion output of the RXD instruction at a smaller address goes on.				
5	While a RXD instruction with a start delimiter is executed, another RXD instruction with the same start delimiter is executed.	No effect on the receive completion output.				
7	The first bytes of received data do not match the specified start delimiter.	No effect on the receive completion output. If incoming data with a matching start delimiter is received subsequently, the receive completion output goes on.				
8	When ASCII to binary or ASCII to BCD conversion is specified in the receive format, any code other than 0 to 9 and A to F is received. (These codes are regarded as 0 during conversion.)	The receive completion output goes on.				
9	BCC calculated from the RXD instruction does not match the BCC appended to the received data.	The receive completion output goes on.				
10	Constants including the end delimiter code specified in the RXD instruction do not match the received constants.	The receive completion output goes on.				
11	Receive timeout between characters (After receiving one byte of data, the next byte is not received in the period specified for the receive timeout value.)	The receive completion output goes on.				
12	Overrun error (Before the receive processing is completed, the next data is received.)	The receive completion output goes off.				
13	Framing error (Detection error of start bit or stop bit)	No effect on the completion output.				
14	Parity check error (Error is found in the parity check.)	No effect on the completion output.				
15	A user communication instruction was used even though the port settings or the connection settings were not set to user communication mode.	No effect on the completion output.				

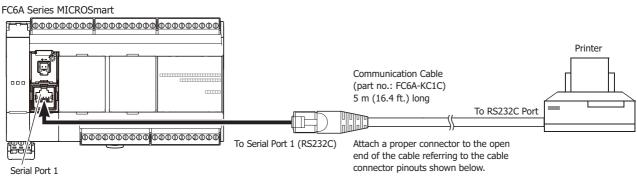
ASCII Character Code Table

	Upper																
Lowe Bit	Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
	0	NUL	$D_{L_{E}}$	SP	0	@	Р	`	р								
	Decimal	0	16	32	48	64	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240
	1	s _{OH}	$^{D}C_{1}$	ļ	1	А	Q	а	q								
	Decimal	1	17	33	49	65	81	97	113	129	145	161	177	193	209	225	241
	2	s _T X	D _{C2}	"	2	В	R	b	r								
	Decimal	2	18	34	50	66	82	98	114	130	146	162	178	194	210	226	242
	3	^Е Т _Х	D_{C_3}	#	3	С	S	С	S								
	Decimal	3	19	35	51	67	83	99	115	131	147	163	179	195	211	227	243
	4	^Е О _Т	D _{C4}	\$	4	D	Т	d	t								
	Decimal	4	20	36	52	68	84	100	116	132	148	164	180	196	212	228	244
	5	^E NQ	$^{N}A_{K}$	%	5	Е	U	е	u								
	Decimal	5	21	37	53	69	85	101	117	133	149	165	181	197	213	229	245
	6	A _C K	$s_{Y_{N}}$	&	6	F	V	f	v								
	Decimal	6	22	38	54	70	86	102	118	134	150	166	182	198	214	230	246
	7	$B_{E_{L}}$	^Е ТВ	,	7	G	W	g	W								
	Decimal	7	23	39	55	71	87	103	119	135	151	167	183	199	215	231	247
	8	BS	° _{AN}	(8	Н	Х	h	Х								
	Decimal	8	24	40	56	72	88	104	120	136	152	168	184	200	216	232	248
	9	ΗT	ΕM)	9	Ι	Y	i	у								
	Decimal	9	25	41	57	73	89	105	121	137	153	169	185	201	217	233	249
	А	LF	SUB	*	:	J	Ζ	j	Z								
	Decimal	10	26	42	58	74	90	106	122	138	154	170	186	202	218	234	250
	В	VT	E _{SC}	+	;	К	[k	{								
	Decimal	11	27	43	59	75	91	107	123	139	155	171	187	203	219	235	251
	С	FF	FS	1	<	L	١	Ι	I								
	Decimal	12	28	44	60	76	92	108	124	140	156	172	188	204	220	236	252
	D	CR	GS	-	=	М]	m	}								
	Decimal	13	29	45	61	77	93	109	125	141	157	173	189	205	221	237	253
	Е	SO	RS		>	Ν	^	n	~								
	Decimal	14	30	46	62	78	94	110	126	142	158	174	190	206	222	238	254
	F	SI	US	/	?	0	_	0									
	Decimal	15	31	47	63	79	95	111	127	143	159	175	191	207	223	239	255

Sample Program – User Communication TXD

This example demonstrates a program to send data to a printer using the user communication TXD1 (transmit) instruction.

System Setup



Cable Connection and Pinouts

	Description	Color	Pin		Pin		Description	
Shield		—	Cover	<u>Λ Λ</u>		Shield		
RXD	Receive Data	White/Orange	1		1	NC	No Connection	
TXD	Transmit Data	Orange	2		2	NC	No Connection	
DTR	Equipment Ready	White/Green	3		3	DATA	Receive Data	
А		Blue	4		4	NC	No Connection	
В		White/Blue	5		- 5	SG	Signal Ground	
DSR	Data Set Ready	Green	6	\leftarrow	6	NC	No Connection	
NC	No Connection	White/Brown	7		7	NC	No Connection	
SG	Signal Ground	Brown	8		- 8	BUSY	Busy Signal	
				V V	9	NC	No Connection	

The name of BUSY terminal differs depending on printers, such as DTR. The function of this terminal is to send a signal to remote equipment whether the printer is ready to print data or not. Since the operation of this signal may differ depending on printers, confirm the operation before connecting the cable.

Caution Do not connect any wiring to the NC (no connection) pins; otherwise, the FC6A Series MICROSmart and the printer may not work correctly and may be damaged.

Description of Operation

The data of counter C2 and data register D30 are printed every minute. A printout example is shown on the right.

Programming Special Data Register

Special data register D8105 is used to monitor the BUSY signal and to control the transmission of print data.

Special DR	Value	Description			
D8105	3 (011)	While DSR is on (not busy), the FC6A Series MICROSmart sends data. While DSR is off (busy), the FC6A Series MICROSmart stops data transmission. If the off duration exceeds a limit (approx. 5 s), a transmission busy timeout error will occur, and the remaining data is not sent. The transmit status data register stores an error code. See "User Communication Error" on page 5-52.			

Printout Example

PRINT TEST
11H 00M
CNT20050 D0303854
PRINT TEST
11H 01M
CNT20110 D0302124

The FC6A Series MICROSmart monitors the DSR signal to prevent the receive buffer of the printer from overflowing. For the DSR signal, see "DSR Input Control Signal Option" on page 5-35.



Setting User Communication Mode in WindLDR Function Area Settings

Since this example uses the Serial Port 1 (RS232C), select User Protocol for Port 1 in the **Function Area Settings** using WindLDR. See "Programming WindLDR" on page 5-25.

Setting Communication Parameters

Set the communication parameters to match those of the printer. See "Programming WindLDR" on page 5-25. For details of the communication parameters of the printer, see the user's manual for the printer. An example is shown below:

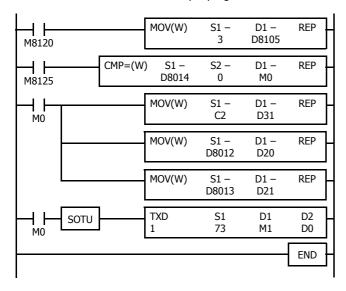
Communication Parameters:

Baud rate:	9,600 bps
Data bits:	8
Parity check:	None
Stop bits:	1

Note: The receive timeout value is used for the RXD instruction in the user communication mode. Since this example uses only the TXD instruction, the receive timeout value has no effect.

Ladder Diagram

The second data stored in special data register D8014 is compared with 0 using the CMP= (compare equal to) instruction. Each time the condition is met, the TXD1 instruction is executed to send the C2 and D30 data to the printer. A counting circuit for counter C2 is omitted from this sample program.



M8120 is the initialize pulse special internal relay. $3 \rightarrow D8105$ to enable the DSR option for busy control. M8125 is the in-operation output special internal relay. CMP=(W) compares the D8014 second data with 0. When the D8014 data equals 0 second, M0 is turned on. Counter C2 current value is moved to D31. D8012 hour data is moved to D20.

D8013 minute data is moved to D21.

TXD1 is executed to send 73-byte data through the Serial Port 1 (RS232C) to the printer.

Details of S1 Settings in the Transmit Instruction

SP	SP	SP	-	-	-	SP	Ρ	R	Ι	Ν	Т	SP	Т
20h	20h	20h	2Dh	2Dh	2Dh	20h	50h	52h	49h	4Eh	54h	20h	54h
Е	S	Т	SP	-	-	-	CR	LF	CR	LF	SP	SP	SP
45h	53h	54h	20h	2Dh	2Dh	2Dh	0Dh	0Ah	0Dh	0Ah	20h	20h	20h
		D2	0 Co	nvers	ion: B	CD→	ASCII	Digi	ts: 2	REP:	01		
Н	SP												
48h	20h												
		D2	1 Co	nvers	ion: B	CD→	ASCII	Digit	ts: 2	REP:	01		
М	CR	LF	CR	LF									
4Dh	0Dh	0Ah	0Dh	0Ah									
SP	SP	SP	С	Ν	Т	2							
20h	20h	20h	43h	4Eh	54h	32h	2Eh	2Eh	2Eh				
		D3	1 Co	nvers	ion: B	CD→	ASCII	Digi	ts: 4	REP:	01		
CR	LF	SP	SP	SP	D	0	3	0					
0Dh	0Ah	20h	20h	20h	44h	30h	33h	30h	2Eh	2Eh	2Eh		
		D3	0 Co	nvers	ion: B	CD→	ASCII	Digi	ts: 4	REP:	01		
CR	LF	CR	LF										
0Dh	0Ah	0Dh	0Ah										

D20 hour data is converted from BCD to ASCII, and 2 digits are sent.

D21 minute data is converted from BCD to ASCII, and 2 digits are sent

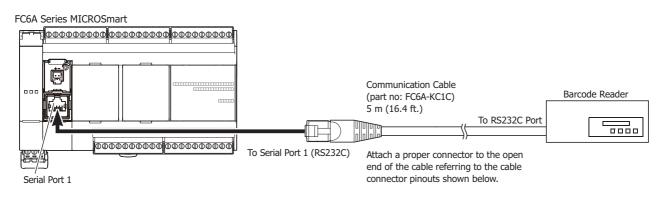
 $\mathsf{D31}$ counter C2 data is converted from BCD to ASCII, and 4 digits are sent.

D30 data is converted from BCD to ASCII, and 4 digits are sent.

Sample Program – User Communication RXD

This example demonstrates a program to receive data from a barcode reader with an RS232C port using the user communication RXD1 (receive) instruction.

System Setup



RJ45 Connector

345 Connector				D-sub 2	5-pin Co	nnector Pinouts
	Description	Color	Pin	Pin		Description
Shield		—	Cover	1	FG	Frame Ground
RXD	Receive Data	White/Orange	1	2	TXD1	Transmit Data
TXD	Transmit Data	Orange	2	3	RXD1	Receive Data
DTR	Equipment Ready	White/Green	3	7	GND	Ground
А		Blue	4		·	
В		White/Blue	5			
DSR	Data Set Ready	Green	6			
NC	No Connection	White/Brown	7			
SG	Signal Ground	Brown	8			

Do not connect any wiring to the NC (no connection) pins; otherwise, the FC6A Series MICROSmart and the barcode reader Caution may not work correctly and may be damaged.

Description of Operation

A barcode reader is used to scan barcodes of 8 numerical digits. The scanned data is sent to the FC6A Series MICROSmart through the Serial Port 1 (RS232C) and stored to data registers. The upper 8 digits of the data are stored to data register D20 and the lower 8 digits are stored to data register D21.

Setting User Communication Mode in WindLDR Function Area Settings

Since this example uses the Serial Port 1 (RS232C), select User Protocol for Port 1 in the Function Area Settings using WindLDR. See "Programming WindLDR" on page 5-25.

Setting Communication Parameters

Set the communication parameters to match those of the barcode reader. See "Programming WindLDR" on page 5-25. For details of the communication parameters of the barcode reader, see the user's manual for the barcode reader. An example is shown below:

Communication Parameters:

Baud rate:	9,600 bps
Data bits:	7
Parity check:	Even
Stop bits:	1

Configuring Barcode Reader

The values shown below are an example of configuring a barcode reader. For actual settings, see the user's manual for the barcode reader.

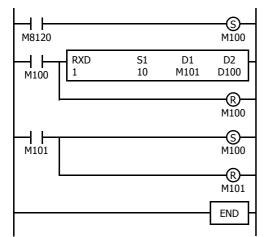
Synchronization Mode	Auto			
Read Mode	Single read or			
Read Mode	multiple read			
Communication Parameter	Baud rate:	9,600 bps	Data bits:	7
communication Parameter	Parity check:	Even	Stop bit:	1
	Header:	02h	Terminator:	03h
	Data echo back:	No	BCR data output:	Yes
Other Communication Settings	Output timing:	Output priority 1	Character suppress:	No
	Data output filter:	No	Main serial input:	No
	Sub serial:	No		
Comparison Preset Mode	Not used			

Device Addresses

M100	Input to start receiving barcode data				
M101	Receive completion output for barcode data				
M8120	Initialize pulse special internal relay				
D20	Store barcode data (upper 4 digits)				
D21	Store barcode data (lower 4 digits)				
D100	D100 Receive status data register for barcode data				
D101	D101 Receive data byte count data register				

Ladder Diagram

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart starts operation, the RXD1 instruction is executed to wait for incoming data. When data receive is complete, the data is stored to data registers D20 and D21. The receive completion signal is used to execute the RXD1 instruction to wait for another incoming data.



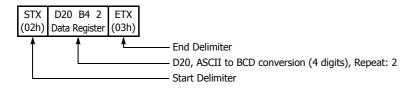
M8120 is the initialize pulse special internal relay used to set M100.

At the rising edge of M100, RXD1 is executed to be ready for receiving data.

Even after M100 is reset, RXD1 still waits for incoming data.

When data receive is complete, M101 is turned on, then M100 is set to execute RXD1 to receive the next incoming data.

RXD1 Data



BCC Calculation Examples

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can use three new BCC calculation formulas of ADD-2comp, Modbus ASCII, and Modbus RTU for transmit instructions TXD1, TXD2 and TXD3 and receive instructions RXD1, RXD2 and RXD3. These block check characters are calculated as described below.

ADD-2comp

Add the characters in the range from the BCC calculation start position to the byte immediately before the BCC, then invert the result bit by bit, and add 1.

- 1. Add the characters in the range from the BCC calculation start position to the byte immediately before the BCC.
- 2. Invert the result bit by bit, and add 1 (2's complement).
- **3.** Store the result to the BCC position according to the designated conversion type (Binary to ASCII conversion or No conversion) and the designated quantity of BCC digits.

Example: Binary to ASCII conversion, 2 BCC digits

When the result of step **2** is 175h, the BCC will consist of 37h, 35h.

Modbus ASCII — Calculating the LRC (longitudinal redundancy check)

Calculate the BCC using LRC (longitudinal redundancy check) for the range from the BCC calculation start position to the byte immediately before the BCC.

- 1. Convert the ASCII characters in the range from the BCC calculation start position to the byte immediately before the BCC, in units of two characters, to make 1-byte hexadecimal data. (Example: 37h, $35h \rightarrow 75h$)
- 2. Add up the results of step 1.
- 3. Invert the result bit by bit, and add 1 (2's complement).
- **4.** Convert the lowest 1-byte data to ASCII characters. (Example: 75h \rightarrow 37h, 35h)
- 5. Store the two digits to the BCC (LRC) position. If the BCC calculation range consists of an odd number of bytes, the BCC calculation results in an indefinite value. Modbus protocol defines that the BCC calculation range is an even number of bytes.

Modbus RTU — Calculating the CRC-16 (cyclic redundancy checksum)

Calculate the BCC using CRC-16 (cyclic redundancy checksum) for the range from the BCC calculation start position to the byte immediately before the BCC. The generation polynomial is: $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$.

- 1. Take the exclusive OR (XOR) of FFFFh and the first 1-byte data at the BCC calculation start position.
- 2. Shift the result by 1 bit to the right. When a carry occurs, take the exclusive OR (XOR) of A001h, then go to step 3. If not, directly go to step 3.
- 3. Repeat step 2, shifting 8 times.
- 4. Take the exclusive OR (XOR) of the result and the next 1-byte data.
- 5. Repeat step 2 through step 4 up to the byte immediately before the BCC.
- **6.** Swap the higher and lower bytes of the result of step **5**, and store the resultant CRC-16 to the BCC (CRC) position. (Example: $1234h \rightarrow 34h, 12h$)

Introduction

This chapter describes the Modbus communication functions for the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Overview

For Modbus communication, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be used as a Modbus RTU communication master and slave and Modbus TCP communication client and server to communicate with external devices.

Communication Ports Used in Modbus Communication

Supported models and communication ports are as follows.

	All-in-One CPU Module			CAN J1939	Plus CPU Module		
Communication Port	16-I/O Type	24-I/O Type	40-I/O Type	All-in-One CPU Module	Plus 16-I/O Type	Plus 32-I/O Type	
Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	_	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 2	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 3	—	_	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*3}	Yes ^{*3}	
Port 4 to 33		Yes (Po	ort 4 to 9) ^{*4}		Yes (Port 4 to 33)*5		
Ethernet Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Ethernet Port 2	—	_	—	-	Yes	Yes	
HMI-Ethernet Port	—	—	—	—	—	—	

*1 When an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge is connected.

*2 When a cartridge base module and an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge are connected.

*3 When the HMI module and an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge are connected.

*4 Up to three communication modules can be connected to the All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 9.

*5 Up to 15 communication modules can be connected to the Plus CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 33.

Modbus Communication Settings

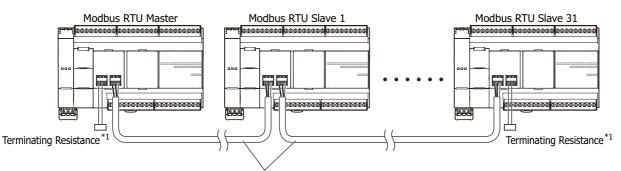
The Modbus communication settings supported by each communication port are as follows.

- Serial communication with an external device connected to port 1 to port 33 (RS232C/RS485) "Modbus RTU Communication via RS232C/RS485" on page 6-2
- Ethernet communication with an external device connected by the Ethernet port 1 and 2 "Modbus TCP Communication via Ethernet Communication" on page 6-21

Modbus RTU Communication via RS232C/RS485

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports the Modbus RTU protocol and can be used as the Modbus RTU master and the Modbus RTU slave. When configured as a Modbus RTU master, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can monitor and change the data of Modbus RTU slave devices. When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is configured as a Modbus RTU slave, the device data of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be monitored and changed from the Modbus RTU master device.

For the Modbus RTU master function and how to configure it, see "Modbus RTU Master Communication" on page 6-3. For the Modbus RTU slave function and how to configure it, see "Modbus RTU Slave Communication" on page 6-9.



Shielded Twisted-pair Cable, total length 200 m

*1 When communication quality is unstable, add terminating resistance matched to the characteristic impedance to both ends. Use resistance with a rating of 1/2 W or higher.

Modbus RTU Master Communication

When configured as a Modbus RTU master, the FC6A Series MICROSmart sends communication requests to Modbus RTU slaves to read/write data. Each communication request is sent to a Modbus RTU slave according to the configured request table.

Modbus RTU master communication settings and request tables for Modbus RTU slave stations can be programmed using the WindLDR **Function Area Settings**. Communication with slave stations are performed in synchronism with user program execution, and the communication data are processed at the END processing in the order of request numbers specified in the request table. When request execution devices are designated, requests are executed only when the corresponding request execution device is turned on. When request execution devices are not designated, all requests are executed continuously.

Modbus RTU Master Communication Specifications

Item	Description				
Baud Rate (bps)	9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 115,200				
Data Bits	8 bits (fixed)				
Stop bits	1, 2 bits				
Parity	Even, Odd, None				
Slave Number	1 to 247 (0: broadcast slave number) ^{*1}				
Maximum Number of Slaves	RS-232C: 1				
Maximum Number of Slaves	RS-485: 31				
	Modbus Communication via RS-232C				
	FC6A-PC1: 5 m				
Maximum Cable Length	FC6A-SIF52: 15 m				
Maximum Cable Length	Modbus Communication via RS-485				
	FC6A-PC3: 200 m				
	FC6A-SIF52: 1,200 m				
Receive Timeout *2	10 to 2,550 ms (in increments of 10 ms)				
Timeout between Characters	10 ms				
Transmission Wait Time	0 to 5,000 ms (in increments of 1 ms)				
Retry Cycles	0 to 10				

*1 A communication request becomes the broadcast when slave number 0 is specified. The broadcast communication request is received by all Modbus RTU slaves. Modbus RTU slave does not reply to the broadcast communication. Broadcast can be used to write the same data to all Modbus RTU slaves.

*2 Specifies the period of time before receiving a response frame from a slave.

Modbus RTU Master Communication Start and Stop

When request execution devices are designated in the Modbus RTU master request table, internal relays or data register bits as many as the request quantity are allocated to execute Modbus RTU master communication. The internal relays or data register bits are allocated in the order of requests. For example, when internal relay M0 is designated as the request execution device, M0 is allocated to request No. 1, M1 to request No. 2, and so on. To execute a request, turn on the corresponding request execution device.

When communication is completed, the request execution device turns off automatically. When it is required to send requests continuously, keep the corresponding request execution device on using a SET or OUT instruction.

When request execution devices are not designated, all requests programmed in the request table are executed continuously.

Communication Completion and Communication Error

Modbus RTU communication finishes when a read or write process is completed successfully or when a communication error occurs. Communication error occurs when communication failure has repeated more than the designated retry cycles or when the master station does not receive response within the designated receive timeout period. When a communication error occurs, the request is canceled and the next request is processed. When the error status data register is designated, the communication status of each request can be confirmed.

Note: Modbus master processes a maximum of one Modbus request per scan.

Communication Error Data

When Error Status is configured in the Request Table from the **Function Area Settings**, the error data of each request can be confirmed.

Use a Single DR for All Communication Requests	Error Data of Each Communication Request
Unchecked	Error data, the remote host number (high-order byte) and error code (low-order byte), of each request in the entire request table can be confirmed. Data registers as many as the quantity of requests are reserved for storing error data. When an error occurs for a request, error data is stored to the corresponding data register
Checked	A single data register is shared by all requests. When an error occurs for a request, error data is stored to the data register and the old error data is overwritten.
Bit Allocation	

Bit Allocation	
Remote Host Number (high-order byte)	1 to 255
	00h: Normal completion
	01h: Function code error (unsupported function code)
	02h: Access destination error (address out of range, address+device quantity out of range)
Error Code	03h: Device quantity error, 1-bit write data error (specified device quantity of 1-bit write is unsupported)
(low-order byte)	12h: Frame length error (frame length of transmitted request exceeds range)
	13h: BCC error (BCC does not match)
	14h: Slave number error (received slave number is invalid)
	16h: Timeout error (timeout occurs)

Communication Error Data of Each Request

Error data of each request in the entire request table can be confirmed. To confirm error data of each request, select to use Error Status in the Request Table from the **Function Area Settings** and enter the data register number.

When Use a single DR for all communication requests is not selected, starting with the data register number, data registers as many as the quantity of requests are reserved for storing error data. When an error occurs for a request, an error code is stored to a corresponding data register.

When Use a single DR for all communication requests is selected, the same data register is shared by all requests. When an error occurs for a request, an error code is stored to the data register and the old value is overwritten.

Number of Requests in Modbus RTU Master

The number of requests that can be programmed in a request table is shown in the table below:

Port	Port 1 to Port 33
No. of Requests	255

Note: 8 bytes of the user program area are needed per each request.

Programming Modbus RTU Master Using WindLDR

Modbus master communication is programmed for Modbus RTU mode using WindLDR. Since these settings relate to the user program, the user program must be downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart after changing any of these settings.

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Communication Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box for Communication Ports appears.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for the port to use and select Modbus RTU Master.

		Fur	nction Are	ea Settings		? ×
Run/Stop Control	Ca	onfigure the communication ports.				
Memory Backup						
Input Configuration	Commu	nication Ports				
Communication Ports	Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C
Device Settings	2		Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	
Program Protection	3		Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	
Self Diagnostic		Data Link Master Data Link Slave				
Calendar & Clock		Modbus RTU Master Modbus RTU Slave				
Network Settings		Modbus RTU Slave US				
Network Management						
Connection Settings						
Default						OK Cancel

3. Click the Configure button for Port 2. The Modbus RTU Master Request Table appears.

					Upo	date error status only	when communication fails	
Req. No.	Function Code	Master Device Address	Data Size	Word/Bit	Slave Number (0 to 247)	Modbus Slave Address	Req. Execution Device	Error Status
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
40								

4. Click the **Communication Settings** button. The **Communication Settings** dialog box appears. Change settings, if required.

Communicat	ion Settings ? ×
Baud Rate(bps):	115200
Parity:	Even 💌
Stop Bit:	1
Retry Cycle:	1
Receive Timeout (10ms):	50
Transmission Wait Time (ms):	0
	OK Cancel

Baud Rate (bps)	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200				
Parity	Even, Odd, None				
Stop Bits	1 or 2				
Retry Cycle	0 to 10				
Receive Timeout	1 to 255 (×10 ms)				
Transmission Wait Time	0 to 5000 (ms)				

5. Click the **OK** button to return to the Modbus RTU Master Request Table. Designate requests under the **Function Code**. A maximum of 255 requests can be entered in one request table.

Choose to use **Req. Execution Device** and **Error Status** data registers if necessary. When using **Req. Execution Device** and **Error Status** data registers, enter the first number of the devices.

eques Use	t Execution Device	Error Status Use	D0051	OUnuse		-	ommunication requests	
					🔲 Up	date error status only	when communication fails	
Req. No.	Function Code	Master Device Address	Data Size	Word/Bit	Slave Number (0 to 247)	Modbus Slave Address	Req. Execution Device	Error Status
1	01 Read Coil Status	D0000	08	Bit	012	001622		D0051
2	02 Read Input Status	D0012	04	Bit	014	101624		D0052
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
40								

Notes for Editing the Request Table

Request execution devices and error status data registers are allocated in the order of request numbers. When deleting a request or changing the order of requests, the relationship of the request to the request execution devices and error status data register is changed. If the internal relay or data register is used in the user program, the device addresses must be changed accordingly. After completing the changes, download the user program again.

- 6. When editing of the Master Request Table is complete, click the **OK** button to save changes.
- **7.** Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Now, programming for the Modbus master is complete. Details about parameters and valid values are as follows.

Function Code

The Modbus RTU of the FC6A Series MICROSmart supports eight function codes as listed in the table below. Supported function codes and valid slave addresses vary with each Modbus slave device to communicate with. Configure the function codes according to the specifications of the Modbus slave devices.

Function Code	Data Size	Slave Address	FC6A Series MICROSmart as Modbus Slave
01 Read Coil Status	1 to 128 bits	000001 - 065535	Reads bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
02 Read Input Status	1 to 128 bits	100001 - 165535	Reads bit device statuses of I (input), T (timer contact), or C (counter contact).
03 Read Holding Registers	1 to 64 words	400001 - 465535	Reads word device data of D (data register), T (timer preset value), or C (counter preset value).
04 Read Input Registers	1 to 64 words	300001 - 365535	Reads word device data of T (timer current value) or C (counter current value).
05 Force Single Coil	1 bit	000001 - 065535	Changes a bit device status of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
06 Preset Single Register	1 word	400001 - 465535	Changes word device data of D (data register).
15 Force Multiple Coils	1 to 128 bits	000001 - 065535	Changes multiple bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
16 Preset Multiple Registers	1 to 64 words	400001 - 465535	Changes multiple word device data of D (data register).

Master Device Address

When function code 01, 02, 03, or 04 is selected to read data from Modbus slaves, designate the first data register or internal relay number to store the data received from the Modbus slave. When function code 05, 06, 15, or 16 is selected to write data to Modbus slaves, designate the first data register or internal relay number to store the data to write to the Modbus slave. Data registers and internal relays can be designated as the master device address.

Data Size and Word/Bit

Designate the quantity of data to read or write. The valid data size depends on the function code. When function code 01, 02, 05, or 15 is selected, designate the data size in bits. When function code 03, 04, 06, or 16 is selected, designate the data size in words. For valid data sizes, see the table above.

Slave No.

Designate slave numbers 0 through 247. The same slave number can be designated repeatedly for different request numbers which can be 1 through 255. In the Modbus communication, slave number 0 is used for a broadcast slave number. The broadcast can be used to write the same data to all Modbus slaves.

Slave Address

Designate data memory addresses of Modbus slaves. The valid slave address range depends on the function code. For valid slave addresses, see the table above. The allocations of memory addresses vary with each Modbus slave device. Refer to manuals for each Modbus slave device.

Request Execution Device

To use request execution devices, click the radio button for "Use" and designate the first internal relay in the Modbus RTU Master Request Table. Devices used for executing requests are automatically listed in the table. To execute a request, turn on the corresponding request execution device.

Data registers can also be designated as the Request Execution Device. When the first data register is designated as the Request Execution Device, data register bits as many as the number of requests are allocated from the least significant bit of the first data register. Data register bits assigned as the execution relays are automatically listed in the Request Table.

When request execution devices are not designated, all requests programmed in the Request Table are executed continuously.

Error Status Data Register

To use error status data registers, click the radio button for "Use" and designate the first data register in the Modbus RTU Master Request Table. Data registers used for storing error statuses are automatically listed in the table. When Use a single DR for all communication requests is selected, the first data register is shared by all requests.

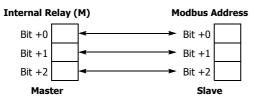
6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

Processing Requests

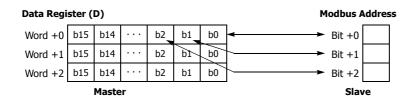
The data for Modbus communication are processed between the master and slaves as shown below.

Bit Data at Slaves (Function Codes 01, 02, 05, and 15)

• Master Device Address: Internal Relay

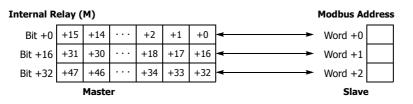


• Master Device Address: Data Register

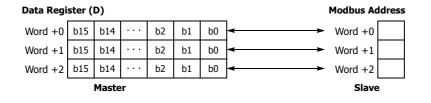


Word Data at Slaves (Function Codes 03, 04, 06, and 16)

• Master Device Address: Internal Relay



• Master Device Address: Data Register





Modbus RTU Slave Communication

Modbus slave communication can be configured by selecting Modbus RTU Slave for Port 1, Port 2 and Port 3 in the WindLDR **Function Area Settings**. When a Modbus RTU slave receives a request from the Modbus RTU master, the Modbus RTU slave reads or writes data according to the request. The request is processed at the END processing of the user program. Modbus RTU slaves do not reply to the Modbus RTU master for the broadcast requests.

Modbus RTU Slave Communication Specifications

Item		Description
Baud Rate (bps)	9,600, 19,200, 38,	400, 57,600, 115,200
Data Bits	8 bits (fixed)	
Stop bits	1, 2 bits	
Parity	Odd, even, none	
	Constant	1 to 247
		Set the special data register values between 1 and 247 Port 1: D8100
Slave Number	Data wasistaw	Port 2: D8102
	Data register	Port 3: D8103
		Port 4 to 9 ^{*2} : D8040 to D8045
		Port 10 to 33 ^{*2*3} : D8735 to D8758
Timeout between Characters ^{*1}	1.5 characters min	imum ^{*4}
Timeout between Frames *1	3.5 characters min	imum ^{*5}

*1 When timeout occurs, the FC6A Series MICROSmart discards the received data and waits for the first frame of the next valid communication.

*2 When using a communication module.

*3 Plus CPU module only.

*4 For communication at 19,200 bps or higher, the timeout between characters needs to be a minimum of 0.75 ms.

*5 For communication at 19,200 bps or higher, the timeout between frames needs to be a minimum of 1.75 ms.

Map of Slave Addresses for Modbus RTU Slaves

Modbus Device Name	Modbus Address Map (Decimal) ^{*1}	Communication Frame Address ^{*2}	FC6A Series MICROSmart Device ^{*3}	Applicable Function Code	
	000001 - 000516	0000 - 0203	Q0 - Q643		
	000701 - 000956	02BC - 03BB	R000 - R255		
	001001 - 003048	03E8 - 0BE7	M0000 - M2557		
	003049 - 007400	0BE8 - 1CE7	M2560 - M7997		
	009001 - 009256	2328 - 2427	M8000 - M8317		
	009257 - 010600	2428 - 2967	M8320 - M9997		
	011001 - 017000	2AF8 - 4267	M10000 - M17497		
	017001 - 020000	4268 - 4E1F	M17500 - M21247		
Coil	030001 - 030480	7530 - 770F	Q1000 - Q1597	1 5 15	
(000000 and above)	030481 - 030960	7710 - 78EF	Q2000 - Q2597	— 1, 5, 15 —	
	030961 - 031440	78F0 - 7ACF	Q3000 - Q3597		
	031441 - 031920	7AD0 - 7CAF	Q4000 - Q4597		
	031921 - 032400	7CB0 - 7E8F	Q5000 - Q5597		
	032401 - 032880	7E90 - 806F	Q6000 - Q6597	1	
	032881 - 033360	8070 - 824F	Q7000 - Q7597		
	033361 - 033840	8250 - 842F	Q8000 - Q8597		
	033841 - 034320	8430 - 860F	Q9000 - Q9597		
	034321 - 034800	8610 - 87EF	Q10000 - Q10597]	

6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

Modbus Device Name	Modbus Address Map (Decimal) ^{*1}	Communication Frame Address ^{*2}	FC6A Series MICROSmart Device*3	Applicable Function Code	
	100001 - 100516	0000 - 0203	I0 - I643		
	101001 - 101256	03E8 - 04E7	T000 - T255 (timer contact)		
	101501 - 101756	05DC - 06DB	C000 - C255 (counter contact)		
	102001 - 102768	07D0 - 0ACF	T256 - T1023 (timer contact)		
	102769 - 103744	0AD0 - 0E9F	T1024 - T1999 (timer contact)	1	
	104001 - 104256	0FA0 - 109F	C256 - C511 (counter contact)		
	130001 - 130480	7530 - 770F	I1000 - I1597		
Input Relay	130481 - 130960	7710 - 78EF	I2000 - I2597	2	
(100000 and above)	130961 - 131440	78F0 - 7ACF	I3000 - I3597	_ 2	
	131441 - 131920	7AD0 - 7CAF	I4000 - I4597		
	131921 - 132400	7CB0 - 7E8F	I5000 - I5597		
	132401 - 132880	7E90 - 806F	I6000 - I6597	1	
	132881 - 133360	8070 - 824F	24F 17000 - 17597		
	133361 - 133840	8250 - 842F	I8000 - I8597		
	133841 - 134320	8430 - 860F I9000 - I9597			
	134321 - 134800	8610 - 87EF	I10000 - I10597	<u>] </u>	
	300001 - 300256	0000 - 00FF	T000 - T255 (timer current value)		
To a li Douteto	300501 - 300756	01F4 - 02F3	C000 - C255 (counter current value)		
Input Register (300000 and above)	302001 - 302768	07D0 - 0ACF	T256 - T1023 (timer current value)	4	
	302769 - 303744	0AD0 - 0E9F	T1024 - T1999 (timer current value)		
	304001 - 304256	0FA0 - 109F	C256 - C511 (counter current value)		
	400001 - 408000	0000 - 1F3F	D0000 - D7999		
	408001 - 408500	1F40 - 2133	D8000 - D8499	3,6,16	
	408501 - 408900	2134 - 22C3	D8500 - D8899		
	409001 - 409256	2328 - 2427	T000 - T255 (timer preset value)	3	
Holding Register	409501 - 409756	251C - 261B	C000 - C255 (counter preset value)	- 3	
(400000 and above)	410001 - 456000	2710 - DABF	D10000 - D55999	2616	
	456001 - 462000	DAC0 - F22F	D56000 - D61999	3,6,16	
	462001 - 462768	F230 - F52F	T256 - T1023 (timer preset value)		
	462769 - 463744	F530 - F8FF	T1024 - T1999 (timer preset value)	3	
	464001 - 464256	FA00 - FAFF	C256 - C511 (counter preset value)	1	

*1 Addresses generally used for Modbus communication. "Calculating Modbus Addresses for FC6A Series MICROSmart Devices" on page 6-11 shows the method to calculate slave addresses from FC6A Series MICROSmart devices.

*2 These 4-digit addresses are used in the communication frame. To calculate the address used in communication frame, extract lower 5 digits of the Modbus address, subtract 1 from the value, and convert the result into hexadecimal.

*3 Access within the device range for the FC6A Series MICROSmart type used.



FC6A Seri	es MICROS	Smart Device	Calculating Modbus	Address	Calcula	tion Example
I, Q, M	Q, M		$((1) - (4)) \times 8 + (2) + (5)$ \uparrow Minimum Address Minimum Minimum Minimum Address		Example: M325 $(32 - 0) \times 8 + 5 + 1001 = 1262$ Modbus address: 1262 1262 - 1 = 1261 = 04ED Slave addresses in communication: 04ED	
R, T, C, D	D <u>XXX</u>	(XX (3): Decimal	((3) - (4)) + (5) Minimum Offser address	1	Example: D756 (756 - 0) + 400001 Modbus address: 40 Extract lower 5 digits 757 - 1 = 756 = 021 Slave addresses in co	0757 s → 757 =4
Modbus Device	e Name	FC6A Series M	ICROSmart Device	Minin	num Address (4)	Offset (5)
		Q0 - Q643		0		1
		R000 - R255		0		701
		M0000 - M2557		0		1001
		M2560 - M7997		256		3049
		M8000 - M8317		800		9001
		M8320 - M9997		832		9257
·		M10000 - M17497		1000		11001
		M17500 - M21247				17001
		Q1000 - Q1597		1750 100		30001
Coil		Q2000 - Q2597		200		30481
		Q3000 - Q3597		300		30961
		Q4000 - Q4597		400		31441
		Q5000 - Q5597		500		31921
		Q6000 - Q6597		600		32401
		Q7000 - Q7597		700		32881
		Q8000 - Q8597		800		33361
		Q9000 - Q9597		900		33841
		Q10000 - Q10597		1000		34321
		I0 - I643		0		100001
		T000 - T255 (timer c	ontact)	0		101001
		C000 - C255 (counter	r contact)	0		101501
		T256 - T1023 (timer	contact)	256		102001
		T1024 - T1999 (timer		1024		102769
		C256 - C511 (counter	r contact)	256		104001
		I1000 - I1597		100		130001
Input Relay		I2000 - I2597		200		130481
input itelay		I3000 - I3597		300		130961
		I4000 - I4597		400		131441
		15000 - 15597		500		131921
		I6000 - I6597		600		132401
		I7000 - I7597		700		132881
		I8000 - I8597		800		133361
		I9000 - I9597		900		133841
		I10000 - I10597	urront volue)	1000		134321
		T000 - T255 (timer ci	,	0		300001
Input Docistor		C000 - C255 (counter		0		300501
Input Register		T256 - T1023 (timer T1024 - T1999 (timer		256		302001 302769
			r current value)	1024		

Calculating Modbus Addresses for FC6A Series MICROSmart Devices

6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

Modbus Device Name	FC6A Series MICROSmart Device	Minimum Address (4)	Offset (5)
	D0000 - D7999	0	400001
	D8000 - D8499	8000	408001
	D8500 - D8899	8500	408501
	T000 - T255 (timer preset value)	0	409001
Holding Register	C000 - C255 (counter preset value)	0	409501
	D10000 - D55999	10000	410001
	D56000 - D61999	56000	456001
	T256 - T1023 (timer preset value)	256	462001
	T1024 - T1999 (timer preset value)	256	462769
	C256 - C511 (counter preset value)	256	464001

Programming Modbus Slave Using WindLDR

Modbus slave communication is programmed for Modbus RTU mode using WindLDR. Since these settings relate to the user program, the user program must be downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart after changing any of these settings.

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Communication Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box for Communication Ports appears.
- 2. In the Communication Mode pull-down list for Port, select Modbus RTU Slave.

Function Area Settings ? ×						
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure the communication ports					
Input Configuration	Communication Ports					
Communication Ports	Port Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface	
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C	
Device Settings	2 Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Program Protection	3 Maintenance Protocol User Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Self Diagnostic	Data Link Master Data Link Slave	-				
Calendar & Clock	Modbus RTU Master					
Network Settings	Modbus RTU Slave					
Network Management						
Connection Settings						
<u>D</u> efault					OK Cancel	

3. Click the **Configure** button. The **Modbus RTU Slave** dialog box appears. Change settings, if required.

Modbus RT	J Slave (Port2) ? ×
Baud Rate(bps):	115200
Data Bits:	8
Parity:	Even
Stop Bits:	1
Slave Number:	
Constant:	1
🔘 Data Register:	
<u>D</u> efault	OK Cancel

	9600				
Baud Rate (bps)	19200				
	38400				
	57600				
	115200				
Data Bits	8				
Parity	Even, Odd, None				
Stop Bits	1 or 2				
	Constant	1 to 247			
Slave Number		The value in D8100 (port 1), D8102 (port 2),			
Slave Nulliber	Data register	D8103 (port 3), D8040 to D8045 (port 4 to 9 ^{*1}), or			
		D8735 to D8758 (port 10 to 33^{*1*2}) is used.			
*1 When using a	communication i	module			

⁶1 When using a communication module.

*2 Plus CPU module only.

- 4. Click the **OK** button to save changes.
- Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Now, programming for the Modbus slave is complete. Details about parameters and valid values are as follows.

Communication Protocol

This section describes the communication frame format used for Modbus RTU communication.

Modbus RTU Mode Communication Format

Request from Modbus Master

Idle 3.5 characters	Slave No.	Function Code	Data	CRC	Idle 3.5 characters
	1 byte	1 byte		2 bytes	

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Idle 3.5 characters	Slave No.	Function Code	Data	CRC	Idle 3.5 characters
	1 byte	1 byte		2 bytes	

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Idle 3.5 characters	Slave No.	Function Code + 80H	Error Code	CRC	Idle 3.5 characters
	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	

Note: Idle means no data flowing on the communication line.

Communication Frame Format

Modbus RTU mode requires a minimum of 3.5-character-long idle time between frames to determine the beginning of a frame. The FC6A Series MICROSmart Modbus master sends requests at idle intervals of 5 ms, which can be changed in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box.

Slave No.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can be assigned slave numbers 1 through 247. In the 1:1 communication using RS232C, the same slave number must be set in the master and the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Slave No. 0 is reserved for broadcast slave number and is used to write the same data to all Modbus RTU slaves. In this case, the Modbus RTU slaves do not send a reply to the master.

Modbus RTU Communication NG Reply Error Code

One of the following error codes is stored in NAK reply.

- 01h: Function code error (unsupported function code)
- 02h: Access destination error (address out of range, address+device quantity out of range)
- 03h: Device quantity error, 1-bit write data error

CRC

Modbus RTU mode uses CRC check codes.

• Modbus RTU Mode — Calculating the CRC-16 (cyclic redundancy checksum)

Calculate the BCC using CRC-16 for the range from the slave number to the byte immediately before the BCC. The generation polynomial is: $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$.

- 1. Take the exclusive OR (XOR) of FFFFh and the first 1-byte data at the slave number.
- Shift the result by 1 bit to the right. When a carry occurs, take the exclusive OR (XOR) of A001h, then go to step 3.
- 3. Repeat step 2, shifting 8 times.
- 4. Take the exclusive OR (XOR) of the result and the next 1-byte data.
- 5. Repeat step 2 through step 4 up to the byte immediately before the BCC.
- 6. Swap the higher and lower bytes of the result of step 5, and store the resultant CRC-16 to the BCC (CRC) position. (Example: $1234h \rightarrow 34h$, 12h)



Communication Format

This section describes the communication format for each function code from the slave number up to immediately before the check code.

Function Code 01 (Read Coil Status) and Function Code 02 (Read Input Status)

Function code 01 reads bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay). One through 128 consecutive bits can be read out.

Function code 02 reads bit device statuses of I (input), T (timer contact), or C (counter contact). One through 128 consecutive bits can be read out.

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	No. of Bits
xxh	01h / 02h	xxxxh	xxxxh

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Quantity of Data	First 8 Bits	Second 8 Bits	\rangle	Last 8 Bits
xxh	01h / 02h	xxh	xxh	xxh	\leftarrow	xxh
					//	

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code
xxh	81h / 82h	xxh

Communication Example

Purpose	Read 15 bits starting at output Q10. Q10 \rightarrow (1 - 0) \times 8 + 0 + 1 = 9 Modbus address: 9
	9 - 1 = 8 = 8h Communication frame address: 0008h
Condition	Slave No. 8 Q10 through Q27 binary data: 1234h

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 01 0008 0010 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 01 02 34 12 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 81 xx (CRC)

Function Code 03 (Read Holding Registers) and Function Code 04 (Read Input Registers)

Function code 03 reads word device data of D (data register), T (timer preset value), or C (counter preset value). 1 through 64 consecutive words can be read out.

Function code 04 reads word device data of T (timer current value) or C (counter current value). 1 through 64 consecutive words can be read out.

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	No. of Words
xxh	03h / 04h	xxxxh	xxxxh

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Slave No.	Function Code	Quantity of Data	First High Byte	First Low Byte		\rangle	Last Low Byte
xxh	03h / 04h	xxh	xxh	xxh	$ \langle \langle$	\	xxh
					/	. /	

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code
xxh	83h / 84h	xxh

Communication Example

	Read 2 words starting at data register D1710.
D	$D1710 \rightarrow (1710 - 0) + 400001 = 401711$ Modbus address: 401711
Purpose	Extract lower 5 digits \rightarrow 1711 1711 – 1 = 1710 = 6AEh
	Communication frame address: 06AEh
	Slave No. 8
Condition	D1710 data: 1234h
	D1711 data: 5678h

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 03 06AE 0002 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 03 04 12 34 56 78 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 83 xx (CRC)

Function Code 05 (Force Single Coil)

Function code 05 changes a bit device status of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	OFF: 0000h ON: FF00h
xxh	05h	xxxxh	xxxxh

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	OFF: 0000h ON: FF00h
xxh	05h	xxxxh	xxxxh

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code
xxh	85h	xxh

Communication Example

Purpose	Force internal relay M1320 on. M1320 \rightarrow (132 - 0) \times 8 + 0 + 1001 = 2057 Modbus address: 2057				
	2057 - 1 = 2056 = 808h Communication frame address: 0808h				
Condition	Slave No. 8				

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 05 0808 FF00 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 05 0808 FF00 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 85 xx (CRC)

Function Code 06 (Preset Single Register)

Function code 06 changes word device data of D (data register).

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	New Data	
xxh	06h	xxxxh	xxxxh	

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Slave No. Function Code		Acknowledge Data	
xxh	06h	xxxxh	xxxxh	

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

	Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code		
_	xxh	86h	xxh		

Communication Example

Purpose	Write 8000 to data register D1708. D1708 \rightarrow (1708 - 0) + 400001 = 401709 Modbus address: 401709			
	Extract lower 5 digits \rightarrow 1709 1709 – 1 = 1708 = 6ACh Communication frame address: 06ACh			
Condition	Slave No. 8			

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 06 06AC 1F40 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 06 06AC 1F40 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 86 xx (CRC)

Function Code 15 (Force Multiple Coils)

Function code 15 changes bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay). One through 128 consecutive bits can be changed.

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

								\	
Slave No.	Function	Address	No. of Bits	Quantity of	First	Second			Last
Slave NO.	Code	Address	NO. OF DICS	Data	8 Bits	8 Bits		//	8 Bits
xxh	0Fh	xxxxh	xxxxh	xxh	xxh	xxh	\langle	$\langle $	xxh
								$\overline{)}$	

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	No. of Bits	
xxh	0Fh	xxxxh	xxxxh	

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code
xxh	8Fh	xxh

Communication Example

_	Write the follow M610 (ON) M620	M611 (OFF) M621	M612 (ON) M622	M613 (ON) M623	M614 (OFF) M624	524. M605 (ON) M615 (OFF)	M606 (ON) M616 (ON)	M607 (OFF) M617 (OFF)
Purpose	(OFF)	(OFF)	(OFF)	(OFF)	(OFF)			
	M605 (LSB) thr	ough M614 (MSB) binary	data: 6B				
	M615 (LSB) thr	ough M624 (MSB) binary	data: 02				
	$M605 \rightarrow (60 -$	0) × 8 + 5 +	1001 = 1480	5				
	Modbus addres	s: 1486						
	1486 - 1 = 148	35 = 5CDh						
	Communication	frame addre	ess: 05CDh					
Condition	Slave No. 8							

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 0F 05CD 0010 02 6B 02 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 0F 05CD 0010 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 8F xx (CRC)

Function Code 16 (Preset Multiple Registers)

Function code 16 changes word device data of D (data register). One through 64 consecutive words can be changed.

Communication Frame

Request from Modbus RTU Master

							\	\	
Slave No.	Function Code	Address	No. of Words	Quantity of Data	First High Byte	First Low Byte		$\rangle\rangle$	Last Low Byte
xxh	10h	xxxxh	xxxxh	xxh	xxh	xxh		$\langle \rangle$	xxh

ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Address	No. of Words
xxh	10h	xxxxh	xxxxh

NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave

Slave No.	Function Code	Error Code	
xxh	90h	xxh	

Communication Example

	Write the fo	llowing data to	four data regist	ers D1708 through D1711.	
	D1708	D1709	D1710	D1711	
	(1234h)	(5678h)	(ABCDh)	(EF01h)	
Durmana	$D1708 \rightarrow (1708 - 0) + 400001 = 401709$				
Purpose	Modbus address: 401709				
	Extract lower 5 digits \rightarrow 1709				
	1709 - 1 = 1708 = 6ACh				
	Communication frame address: 06ACh				
Condition	Slave No. 8				

Request from Modbus RTU Master	08 10 06AC 0004 08 12 34 56 78 AB CD EF 01 (CRC)
ACK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 10 06AC 0004 (CRC)
NAK Reply from Modbus RTU Slave	08 90 xx (CRC)



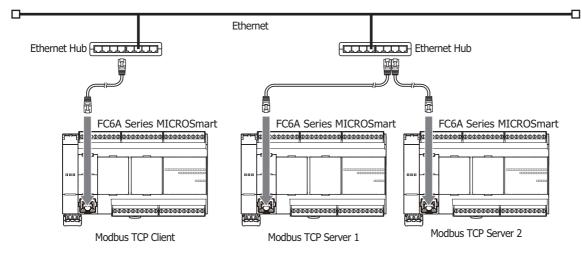
Modbus TCP Communication via Ethernet Communication

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports Modbus TCP clients and Modbus TCP servers. Connect the Ethernet port 1 and Ethernet port 2 (Plus CPU module only) on the FC6A Series MICROSmart to enable the FC6A Series MICROSmart to communicate with Modbus TCP compliant devices.

When configured as a Modbus TCP client, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can monitor and change the data memory of the network devices supporting Modbus TCP server. A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to Modbus TCP clients. Each connection can communicate with multiple Modbus TCP server devices (1 to 255).

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is configured as a Modbus TCP server, the device data of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be monitored and changed from Modbus TCP client devices. A maximum of eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module can be allocated to Modbus TCP servers.

For the Modbus TCP client function and how to configure it, see "Modbus TCP Client" on page 6-22. For the Modbus TCP server function and how to configure it, see "Modbus TCP Server" on page 6-27.



Modbus TCP Client

When configured as a Modbus TCP client, the FC6A Series MICROSmart sends communication requests to a Modbus TCP server to read/write data. Each communication request is sent to a Modbus Server according to the configured request table.

Modbus TCP client communication settings and request tables for Modbus TCP servers can be configured using the WindLDR **Function Area Settings**. The FC6A Series MICROSmart communicate with the Modbus TCP servers according to those settings. Communication with Modbus TCP servers are performed in sync with the user program execution, and the communication data is processed at the END, in the order of request numbers specified in the request table. In Plus CPU module Modbus TCP client communication, the Plus CPU module can perform Modbus TCP communication for the first 128 requests without disconnecting the connection with the Modbus TCP server. For 129 and subsequent requests, the connection with the Modbus TCP server will be connected and disconnected each time Modbus TCP communication is performed.

Modbus TCP Client Specifications

Parameter	Modbus TCP Client
Slave Number	1 to 247
Maximum Number of Servers	8 (one server per one connection)
Receive Timeout *1	100 to 25,500 ms (in increments of 100 ms)
Transmission wait time	0 to 5,000 ms (0 ms)

*1 Specifies the period of time before receiving a response frame from a server.

Request Execution Device	Start/stop
Used	 When request execution devices are designated in the Modbus TCP Client request table, internal relays or data register bits (as many as the request quantity) are allocated to execute Modbus TCP Client communication. For example, when internal relay M0 is designated as the request execution device, M0 is allocated to request No. 1, M1 to request No. 2, and so on. To execute a request, turn on the corresponding request execution device. When communication is completed, the request execution device turns off automatically. When it is required to send requests continuously, keep the corresponding request execution device on using a SET or OUT instruction. When request execution devices are not designated, all requests programmed in the request table are executed continuously.
Unused	The internal relays or data register bits are allocated in the order of requests.
	Whether or not to send a request from the Modbus TCP client can be controlled with online status on/off via auto ping
Auto ping linking	linking. This eliminates unnecessary timeouts by not sending requests to remote hosts that are not part of the network.
	For details on auto ping linking, see "Auto Ping Function" on page 3-20.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart operation when combining the request execution setting is as follows.

Request Execution Setting		Auto Ping Linking			
		Do Not Use	Use		
Request execution	Do not use	Always send all requests.	Send the applicable request only when the online status is on, and when it is off, do not send the applicable request.		
device	Use	Send the applicable request only when the communication execution device is on, and when it is off, do not send the applicable request.	Send the applicable request only when the online status and the communication execution device are both on, and do not send the applicable request in all other cases.		

Communication Completion and Communication Error

Modbus communication finishes when a read or write process is completed successfully or when a communication error occurs. A communication error occurs when communication failure has repeated three times. When a communication error occurs, the request is canceled and the next request is processed. When the error status data register is designated, the communication status of each request can be confirmed.

Communication Error Data

When Error Status is configured in the Request Table from the **Function Area Settings**, the error data of each request can be confirmed.



Use a single DR for all communication requests	Error data of each communication request		
Unchecked	Error data, the remote host number (high-order byte) and error code (low-order byte), of each request in the entire request table can be confirmed. Data registers as many as the quantity of requests are reserved for storing error data. When an error occurs for a request, error data is stored to the corresponding data register.		
Checked	A single data register is shared by all requests. When an error occurs for a request, error data is stored to the data register and the old error data is overwritten.		

Bit Allocation	
Remote Host Number (high-order byte)	1 to 255
	00h: Normal completion
	01h: Function code error (unsupported function code)
	02h: Access destination error (address out of range, address+device quantity out of range)
Error Code	03h: Device quantity error, 1-bit write data error (specified device quantity of 1-bit write is unsupported)
(low-order byte)	12h: Frame length error (frame length of transmitted request exceeds range)
	13h: BCC error (BCC does not match)
	14h: Slave number error (received slave number is invalid)
	16h: Timeout error (timeout occurs)

Modbus TCP Communication Request Table

A maximum of 255 requests can be configured in the Modbus TCP Client Request Table.

Notes:

- 10 bytes of the user program area are needed per each request.
- Request execution devices and error status data registers are allocated in the order of request numbers. When deleting a request or changing the order of requests, the relationship of the request to the request execution devices and error status data register is changed. If the allocated internal relays or data registers are used in the user program, those device addresses must be updated accordingly.

6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

Programming WindLDR (Modbus TCP Client)

In order to use the Modbus TCP client, configure the Modbus TCP client in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box and then download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Connection Settings. The Function Area Settings dialog box appears.
- 2. Select Modbus TCP Client as the communication mode for the connection 1.

Function Area Settings ? ×						
Run/Stop Control	Configure parameters for connections.					
Memory Backup						
Input Configuration	Connections					
Communication Ports	No. Communication Mode					
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Communication Server V TCP Configure					
Device Settings	2 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure					
Program Protection	User Communication Server 3 User Communication Client TCP Configure					
Self Diagnostic	3 Modeus TCP Server					
Calendar & Clock	4 Modbus TCP Client manteriance communication server > TCP Configure					
Network Settings	5 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure					
Network Management	6 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure					
Connection Settings	7 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure					
	8 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure					
	o Maintenance communication server					
L						
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel				

The Modbus TCP Client dialog box appears.

	Use a single DR for all communication requests Update error status only when communication fails
	e Number to 247) Modbus Slave Address Req. Execution Online Err Device Status Sta
4	
6	
7	
8	
9	

3. Click on the **Communication Settings** button.

The **Communication Settings** dialog box appears. Configure the receive timeout and the transmission wait time. Click **OK**.





4. Configure the requests of the Modbus TCP Client.

A maximum of 255 requests can be entered in one request table. Specify the Modbus TCP servers with the remote host numbers. After all requests are configured, click **OK** button to close the dialog box.

Choose to use **Req. Execution Devices** and **Error Status** data registers if necessary. When using **Req. Execution Devices** and **Error Status** data registers, enter the first number of the devices.

Req. No.	Function Code	Master Device Address	Data Size	Word/Bit	Remote Host No.	Slave Number (1 to 247)	Modbus Slave Address	Req. Execution Device	Online Status	Error Status
1	01 Read Coil Status	D0001	08	Bit	1: 192.168.102.250 (502)	220	002246			
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										

5. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Programming for the Modbus TCP client is complete. Details about parameters and valid values are as follows.

Function Code

The Modbus TCP of the FC6A Series MICROSmart supports eight function codes as listed in the table below. Supported function codes and valid slave addresses vary with each Modbus server device to communicate with. Configure the function codes according to the specifications of the Modbus server devices.

Function Code	Data Size	Slave Address	FC6A Series MICROSmart as Modbus Slave
01 Read Coil Status	1 to 128 bits	000001 - 065535	Reads bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
02 Read Input Status	1 to 128 bits	100001 - 165535	Reads bit device statuses of I (input), T (timer contact), or C (counter contact).
03 Read Holding Registers	1 to 64 words	400001 - 465535	Reads word device data of D (data register), T (timer preset value), or C (counter preset value).
04 Read Input Registers	1 to 64 words	300001 - 365535	Reads word device data of T (timer current value) or C (counter current value).
05 Force Single Coil	1 bit	000001 - 065535	Changes a bit device status of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
06 Preset Single Register	1 word	400001 - 465535	Changes word device data of D (data register).
15 Force Multiple Coils	1 to 128 bits	000001 - 065535	Changes multiple bit device statuses of Q (output), R (shift register), or M (internal relay).
16 Preset Multiple Registers	1 to 64 words	400001 - 465535	Changes multiple word device data of D (data register).

Master Device Address

When function code 01, 02, 03, or 04 is selected to read data from Modbus servers, designate the first data register or internal relay number to store the data received from the Modbus server. When function code 05, 06, 15, or 16 is selected to write data to Modbus servers, designate the first data register or internal relay number to store the data to write to the Modbus server. Data registers and internal relays can be designated as the master device address.

Data Size and Word/Bit

Designate the quantity of data to read or write. The valid data size depends on the function code. When function code 01, 02, 05, or 15 is selected, designate the data size in bits. When function code 03, 04, 06, or 16 is selected, designate the data size in words. For valid data sizes, see "Function Code" on page 6-25.

Remote Host No.

Designate the remote host number configured in the Remote Host List dialog box. In the Remote Host List dialog box, IP address and port number are configured for each remote host. The default port number of Modbus TCP communication is 502. If the Modbus TCP server uses a different port number, configure that port number in the Remote Host List dialog box.

Slave No.

Designate slave numbers 1 through 247. The same slave number can be designated repeatedly for different request numbers which can be 1 through 255. If the Modbus TCP Server will not reference the slave number, set the slave number to any desired number.

Slave Address

Designate data memory addresses of Modbus servers. The valid slave address range depends on the function code. For valid slave addresses, see the table above. The allocations of memory addresses vary with each Modbus server device. Refer to manuals for each Modbus server device.

Request Execution Device

To use request execution devices, click the radio button for "Use" and designate the first internal relay or data register in the Modbus TCP Client Request Table. Internal relays or data register bits used for executing requests are automatically listed in the table. To execute a request, turn on the corresponding request execution device.

When request execution devices are not designated, all requests programmed in the Request Table are executed continuously.

Error Status Data Register

To use error status data registers, click the radio button for "Use" and designate the first data register in the Modbus TCP Client Request Table. Data registers used for storing error statuses are automatically listed in the table. When **Use a single DR for all communication requests** is selected, the first data register is shared by all requests.

Modbus TCP Server

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is configured as the Modbus TCP server, Modbus TCP client devices can read/write data to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. When the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives a valid request from a Modbus TCP client device, the data is read or written according to the request received. The communication data received from Modbus TCP clients is processed at the END processing of the user program.

Modbus TCP Server Specifications

Parameter	Modbus TCP Server				
Slave Number	Ignored				
Response Time	1.5 ms				
Number of Clients that can Access Simultaneously ^{*1}	All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module: 8 (1 client per 1 connection)				
Number of Clients that can Access Simulaneously	Plus CPU module: 16 (1 client per 1 connection)				
Port Number	502 (can be changed between 0 and 65535)				
	01 Read Coil Status				
	02 Read Input Status				
	03 Read Holding Registers				
Supported Eulertion Code	04 Read Input Registers				
Supported Function Code	05 Force Single Coil				
	06 Preset Single Register				
	15 Force Multiple oils				
	16 Preset Multiple Registers				

*1 The number of connections when all eight connections for the All-in-One CPU module/CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module and 16 connections for the Plus CPU module are set to Modbus TCP server.

Map of Slave Addresses for the Modbus TCP Server

Modbus TCP client can access the Modbus devices (Coil, Input Relay, Input Register, and Holding Register) of Modbus server to read or write the device data (I, Q, M, R, T, C, and D) of FC6A Series MICROSmart. Refer to the following table to configure the Modbus TCP clients.

Modbus Device Name	Slave Addresses	Slave Addresses in Communication ^{*1}	FC6A Series MICROSmart Device ^{*2}	Applicable Function Code
	000001 - 000516	0000 - 0203	Q0 - Q643	
	000701 - 000956	02BC - 03BB	R000 - R255	
	001001 - 003048	03E8 - 0BE7	M0000 - M2557	-
	003049 - 007400	0BE8 - 1CE7	M2560 - M7997	
	009001 - 009256	2328 - 2427	M8000 - M8317	
	009257 - 010600	2428 - 2967	M8320 - M9997	
	011001 - 017000	2AF8 - 4267	M10000 - M17497	
	017001 - 020000	4268 - 4E1F	M17500 - M21247	
Coil	030001 - 030480	7530 - 770F	Q1000 - Q1597	1 5 15
(000000 and above)	030481 - 030960	7710 - 78EF	Q2000 - Q2597	1,5,15
	030961 - 031440	78F0 - 7ACF	Q3000 - Q3597	-
	031441 - 031920	7AD0 - 7CAF	Q4000 - Q4597	
	031921 - 032400	7CB0 - 7E8F	Q5000 - Q5597	
	032401 - 032880	7E90 - 806F	Q6000 - Q6597	
	032881 - 033360	8070 - 824F	Q7000 - Q7597	
	033361 - 033840	8250 - 842F	Q8000 - Q8597	1
	033841 - 034320	8430 - 860F	Q9000 - Q9597	1
	034321 - 034800	8610 - 87EF	Q10000 - Q10597	1

6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

Modbus Device Name	Slave Addresses	Slave Addresses in Communication ^{*1}	FC6A Series MICROSmart Device ^{*2}	Applicable Function Code	
	100001 - 100516	0000 - 0203	I0 - I643		
	101001 - 101256	03E8 - 04E7	T000 - T255 (timer contact)		
	101501 - 101756	05DC - 06DB	C000 - C255 (counter contact)		
	102001 - 102768	07D0 - 0ACF	T256 - T1023 (timer contact)		
	102769 - 103744	0AD0 - 0E9F	T1024 - T1999 (timer contact)		
	104001 - 104256	0FA0 - 109F	C256 - C511 (counter contact)		
	130001 - 130480	7530 - 770F	I1000 - I1597		
Input Relay	130481 - 130960	7710 - 78EF	I2000 - I2597		
(100000 and above)	130961 - 131440	78F0 - 7ACF	I3000 - I3597	- 2	
	131441 - 131920	7AD0 - 7CAF	I4000 - I4597		
	131921 - 132400	7CB0 - 7E8F	15000 - 15597		
	132401 - 132880	7E90 - 806F	I6000 - I6597		
	132881 - 133360	8070 - 824F	17000 - 17597		
	133361 - 133840	8250 - 842F	I8000 - I8597	1	
	133841 - 134320	8430 - 860F	19000 - 19597		
	134321 - 134800 8610 - 87EF I10000 - I10597				
	300001 - 300256	0000 - 00FF	T000 - T255 (timer current value)		
The L Deviate	300501 - 300756	01F4 - 02F3	C000 - C255 (counter current value)	4	
Input Register (300000 and above)	302001 - 302768	07D0 - 0ACF	T256 - T1023 (timer current value)		
(SUUUUU and above)	302769 - 303744	0AD0 - 0E9F	T1024 - T1999 (timer current value)		
	304001 - 304256	0FA0 - 109F	C256 - C511 (counter current value)		
	400001 - 408000	0000 - 1F3F	D0000 - D7999		
	408001 - 408500	1F40 - 2133	D8000 - D8499	3,6,16	
	408501 - 408900	2134 - 22C3	D8500 - D8899		
	409001 - 409256	2328 - 2427	T000 - T255 (timer preset value)	2	
Holding Register	409501 - 409756	251C - 261B	C000 - C255 (counter preset value)	- 3	
(400000 and above)	410001 - 456000	2710 - DABF	D10000 - D55999	26.16	
	456001 - 462000	DAC0 - F22F	D56000 - D61999	3,6,16	
	462001 - 462768	F230 - F52F	T256 - T1023 (timer preset value)		
	462769 - 463744	F530 - F8FF	T1024 - T1999 (timer preset value)	3	
	464001 - 464256	FA00 - FAFF	C256 - C511 (counter preset value)	1	

*1 Slave addresses in communication are 4-digit values used in the address portion of the communication frame. Subtract 1 from the lower 5 digits of the slave address and store that value in hexadecimal. For details, see "Modbus RTU Slave Communication" on page 6-9.

*2 Access within the device range for the FC6A Series MICROSmart type used.



Programming WindLDR (Modbus TCP Server)

In order to use Modbus TCP server, configure the Modbus TCP server in the **Function Area Settings** dialog box and then download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Connection Settings. The Function Area Settings dialog box appears.
- 2. Select Modbus TCP Server as the communication mode for connection 1.

	Function Area Settings ? ×						
Run/Stop Control	_ o	Configure parameters for connections.					
Memory Backup							
Input Configuration	Connec	ctions					
Communication Ports	No.	Communication Mode					
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Communication Server V	TCP	Configure			
Device Settings	2	Unused Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Program Protection	3	User Communication Server User Communication Client	тср	Configure			
Self Diagnostic	3	Modbus TCP Server					
Calendar & Clock	4	Maintenance communication server	TCP	Configure			
Network Settings	5	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Network Management	6	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Connection Settings	7	Maintenance Communication Server	тср	Configure			
	8	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure			
Default						ОК	Cancel

The Modbus TCP Server dialog box appears.

3. Configure the parameters and click on **OK** button.

Modbus TCP Server ? ×	
Local Host Port No.:	
Allow Access by IP Address:	
Enable Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU (Port1) Gateway Default OK Cancel	

Note: For details about each parameter, see the following page.

4. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

Programming for the Modbus TCP server is complete.

Modbus TCP Server Communication Settings

Local Host Port No.

Configure the local host port number between 0 and 65,535. The same local host port number can be used with multiple connection numbers.

If the same port number is used with multiple connections, Modbus TCP clients (as many as the number of the connections) can communicate with FC6A Series MICROSmart through the same port number.

Allow Access by IP Address

You can set the IP address for a device to permit access. By setting the allowed IP address, only the device with the specified IP address can establish a connection with the FC6A Series MICROSmart and communicate with the Modbus TCP server. When the same local host port number is configured in multiple connections, all the allowed IP address settings are effective. If a connection in which the allowed IP address it not configured uses the same local host port number, arbitrary access is allowed through the port.

- Example 1) If two connections use the same local port number and an allowed IP address is not configured for both connections, access from a total of two clients with any IP addresses is accepted.
- Example 2) If two connections use the same local port number and 192.168.1.101 and 192.168.1.102 are configured as the allowed IP addresses, access from a total of two clients whose IP addresses are 192.168.1.101 and 192.168.1.102 is accepted.
- Example 3) If connection 1 and 2 use the same local port number, an allowed IP address 192.168.1.101 is configured for connection 1, and the allowed IP address is not configured for connections, access from a total of two clients with any IP addresses is accepted.

Modbus TCP Communication Format

This section describes the communication format used for Modbus TCP client and server communication. Modbus TCP communication format starts with the Modbus TCP header followed by the RTU mode communication format without the idle 3.5 characters at both ends and CRC as shown below.

Modbus TCP Communication Format

Transaction ID	Protocol ID	Message Length (bytes)	Unit ID	Function Code	Data			
2 bytes	2 bytes	2 bytes	1 byte	1 byte	N bytes			
Modbus TCP Hea		ader						
	RTU Mode		RTU Mode Idle	Slave No.	Function	Data	CRC	Idle
Communicat		3.5 characters	Slave No.	Code	Data	CILC	3.5 characters	
continuation		5.5 characters	1 byte	1 byte	N bytes	2 bytes	5.5 characters	

Transaction ID

The Modbus TCP server (slave) returns the request ID sent from the client (master) without any change. When receiving the returned request ID, the client can confirm to which request the response was returned. When confirmation is not required, designate 0 as a transaction ID.

Protocol ID

Designate 0 to identify Modbus TCP protocol.

Message Length

Designate the length of the following message in bytes.

Unit ID

The ID for identifying the device. Store the slave number of the Modbus TCP server. The FC6A Series MICROSmart Modbus TCP server accepts and processes requests when the unit ID of the received request is not 0. When the unit ID is 0, the received request is processed as broadcast communication and no response is returned to the Modbus TCP client.

Function Code

Designate a function code, such as 01 (read coil status) and 02 (read input status).

Data

Designate required data for each function.



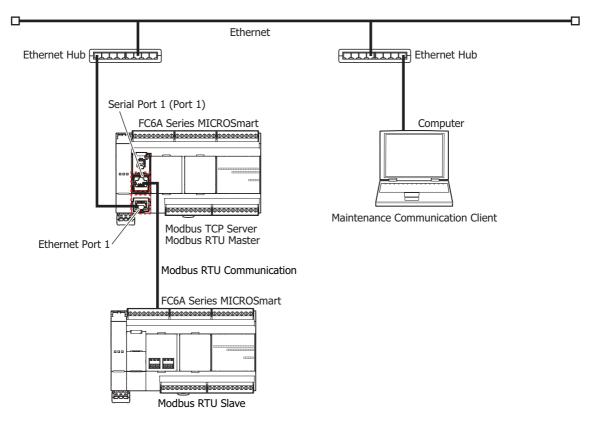
Modbus RTU Pass-Through Function

The Modbus RTU pass-through function allows a Modbus TCP client connected to a Modbus TCP network to access a Modbus RTU slave connected to a Modbus RTU network. Modbus RTU pass-through is supported in the All-in-One CPU module and the Plus CPU module but not supported in CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module.

For the All-in-One CPU module, this function can read and write device information on a Modbus RTU slave device connected to serial port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart from the Modbus TCP client device connected to Ethernet port 1.

The Modbus RTU pass-through function is only supported between Ethernet port 1 and the serial port 1 on the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

For the Plus CPU module, a Modbus RTU slave device connected to port 1 to 33 of the Plus CPU module can be selected and device information can be read and written from the Modbus TCP client device connected to Ethernet port 1 or 2. The Modbus RTU pass-through function is only supported between Ethernet port 1 and 2 and port 1 to 33 on the Plus CPU module.

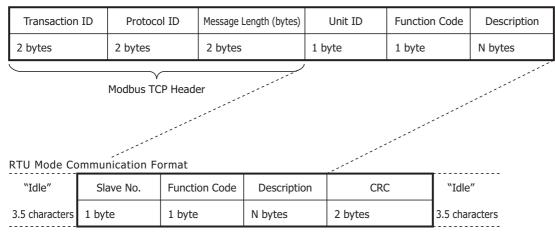


Modbus TCP communication format in the Modbus RTU pass-through function

The Modbus RTU pass-through function deletes the Modbus TCP headers from the Modbus TCP communication frame received by the Modbus TCP server and sends the frames with a CRC added to the "Unit ID", "Function code", and "Description" frames to the Modbus RTU slave specified by the unit ID.

The Modbus TCP communication format in the Modbus RTU pass-through function is as follows.

Modbus TCP Communication Format



Transaction ID

The Modbus TCP server returns the transaction ID from the client as is. The client can confirm to which request the response was returned. Enter 0 when there is no particular check to perform.

Protocol ID

This number indicates the Modbus TCP protocol and is 0.

Message Length

Represents the length of the message that follows in bytes.

Unit ID

The ID for identifying the device. It stores the slave number of the Modbus RTU slave. The Unit ID and subsequent frames are passed through to the Modbus RTU network.

If 255 is specified for the unit ID, the frames are processed by the Modbus TCP server (local station) and not passed through to the Modbus RTU slave.

Function Code

The function number such as reading or writing.

Description

The data required for processing.

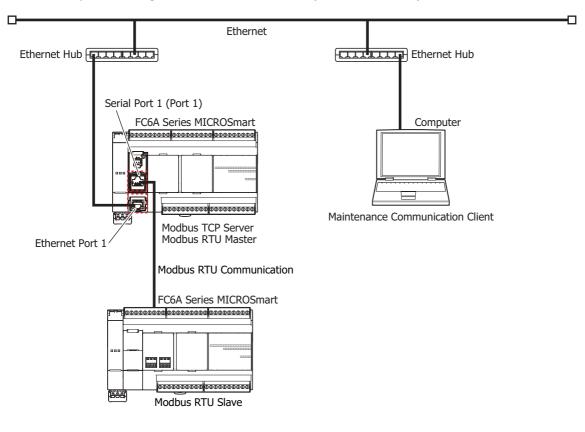
Modbus RTU	pass-through	function	specifications
------------	--------------	----------	----------------

	Ethernet	All-in-One CPU module: Ethernet port 1					
Supported Port	Communication	Plus CPU module: Ethernet p	port 1 and 2				
Supported Port	Serial	All-in-One CPU module: port	1				
	Communication	Plus CPU module: port 1 to 3	33				
Communication Mo	de	Modbus TCP server (slave) a	nd Modbus RTU master				
		Configure in Function Area	Settings.				
Enable/disable Set	tings	* There is no limit on the nu	mber of server connections that can be enabled.				
Enable/ disable Set	ungs		n with pass-through through the maintenance				
		communication server.					
		frame unit ID.	ve for pass-through with the Modbus TCP communication				
		When the Modbus RTU pass	When the Modbus RTU pass-through function is enabled				
Specifying the Pase	-through Destination	Unit ID (0 to 254):	Modbus RTU pass-through is performed.				
		Unit ID (255):	Processed by the Modbus TCP server.				
		When the Modbus RTU pass	When the Modbus RTU pass-through function is disabled				
		Unit ID (0 to 255):	Processed by the Modbus TCP server.				
		512 bytes					
Available Number o	of Bytes for	* Data (a frame) that exceed	ds 512 bytes cannot be passed through with the pass-				
Communication		through function. When mor	e than 512 bytes of data are received, that data including				
		the previously received data	is discarded.				
		```	ion number) is not 255, the FC6A Series MICROSmart				
			issues a pass-through request to communication port and waits for a response from				
			n the unit ID is 255, the FC6A Series MICROSmart handle				
Pass-Through Oper	ation		on to the local station and returns a response to the				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Modbus TCP client.					
			h requests via the ModbusTCP Server, those requests are				
			rity than the communication requests of the ModbusRTU				
		master.					

# 6: MODBUS COMMUNICATION

# Modbus RTU Pass-Through Using the Maintenance Communication Server

When the FC6A Series MICROSmart is set as a maintenance communication server, it can access Modbus RTU slaves connected to a Modbus RTU network. From a maintenance communication client, such as WindLDR or Data File Manager installed in a remote computer, devices of an FC6A Series MICROSmart set as a Modbus RTU slave can be read and written and project data can be downloaded and uploaded through an FC6A Series MICROSmart (Modbus RTU Master) connected to Ethernet.



# Modbus RTU Pass-Through Function Settings

#### **Programming WindLDR**

To use the Modbus RTU pass-through function, download a user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart configured in **Function Area Settings**.

All-in-One CPU module

- **1.** On the WindLDR **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Connection Settings**. The **Function Area Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for Port 1 and select Modbus TCP Server. The Modbus TCP Server dialog box is displayed.

	Function Area	Settings	? 🗙
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Configure parameters for connections.		
Input Configuration	Connections		
Communication Ports	No. Communication Mode		
External Memory Devices	1 Maintenance Communication Server V	TCP Configure	
Device Settings	2 Maintenance Communication Server	TCP Configure	
Program Protection	User Communication Server		
Self Diagnostic	Modbus TCP Server	TCP Configure	
Calendar & Clock	4 Modbus TCP Client	TCP Configure	
Network Settings	5 Maintenance Communication Server	TCP Configure	
Network Management	6 Maintenance Communication Server	TCP Configure	
Connection Settings	7 Maintenance Communication Server	TCP Configure	
	8 Maintenance Communication Server	TCP Configure	
<u>D</u> efault			OK Cancel

3. Select the **Enable Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU (Port1) Gateway** check box and configure the local host port number and the allow access by IP address.

Specify a number that is different from the other server connections for the local host port number of the port that will use the pass-through function.

Modbus TCP Server	? ×
Local Host Port No.:	502
Allow Access by IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Enable Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU (Port1) Ga	teway
<u>D</u> efault OK	Cancel

4. Click OK.

5. Click Communication Mode for Port 1 and select Modbus RTU Master. The Modbus RTU Master Request Table dialog box is displayed.

		Fur	nction Are	ea Settings			? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup	Confi	gure the communication ports.					
Input Configuration	Communica	ation Ports					
Communication Ports	Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface	
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C	
Device Settings	2	Maintenance Protocol 🗸 🗸	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Program Protection	3	Maintenance Protocol User Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		
Self Diagnostic		Data Link Master	Connigure	110200 / 2001-1	v		
Calendar & Clock		Data Link Slave Modbus RTU Master					
Network Settings		Modbus RTU Slave					
Network Management							
Connection Settings							
<u>D</u> efault						ОК	Cancel

- **6.** Configure the **Modbus RTU Master Request Table** dialog box items. For details, see "Modbus RTU Master Communication" on page 6-3.
- 7. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

This concludes configuring the settings to use the Modbus RTU pass-through function.

Plus CPU module

- **1.** On the WindLDR **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Connection Settings**. The **Function Area Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for the connection number that will be used and select Modbus TCP Server. The Modbus TCP Server dialog box is displayed.

Run/Stop Control		onfigure parameters for connections.				
Memory Backup	-					
Input Configuration	Connect	tions				
Communication Ports	No.	Communication Mode			Interface	
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Device Settings	2	Maintenance Communication Server V	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Program Protection		Unused Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Self Diagnostic	4	User Communication Server User Communication Client	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Calendar & Clock	5	User Communication (UDP)	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	_
Ethernet Port 1		Modbus TCP Server Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	_
Ethernet Port 2	7	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Connection Settings	8	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Access Control	9	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	10	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	11	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
	12	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	13	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	14	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	-
	15	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	16	Maintenance Communication Server	ТСР	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	_
	Commun	ication Port of Modbus RTU Gateway and Pass-Th	rough	1		

**Note:** For Modbus RTU pass-through using the maintenance communication server, select **Maintenance Communication Server**. The **Maintenance Communication Server** dialog box is displayed.

3. Select the **Enable Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU Gateway** check box and configure the local host port number and allow access by IP address.

Set a number that is different from the other server connections for the local host port number of the port that will use the pass-through function.

Modbus TCP Server	? ×
Local Host Port No.:	502
Allow Access by IP Address:	. 0 . 0 . 0
Enable Modbus TCP to Modbus RTU Gateway	
Default OK	Cancel

Note: For the Maintenance Communication Server dialog box, select the Enable Pass-Through over Modbus RTU check box and configure the local host port number and allow access by IP address.

4. Click OK.

5. With Communication Port of Modbus RTU Gateway and Pass-Through, set the port number that will be used (1 to 33).

Connection       Connections         Communication Ports       No.       Communication Mode       Interface         Device Settings       1       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         2       Modbus TCP Server       V       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         3       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       4       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Calendar & Clock       5       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1<	Run/Stop Control	🥭 Ca	onfigure parameters for connections.				
No.       Communication Mode       Interface         External Memory Devices       1       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Device Settings       2       Modbus TCP Server       v       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       3       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       4       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Calendar & Clock       5       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         9       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         9       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2	Memory Backup						
International Polycos       International Polycos       International Polycos         Device Settings       1       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       3       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       4       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Calendar & Clock       5       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         9       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         11       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10		Connect	ions			1	
Device Settings     2     Modbus TCP Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       3     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Self Diagnostic     4     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Calendar & Clock     5     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Ethernet Port 1     6     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Fibernet Port 2     7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12		No.	Communication Mode				
Program Protection       3       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Self Diagnostic       4       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Calendar & Clock       5       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Ethernet Port 1       6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Ethernet Port 2       7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         Comection Settings       8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         9       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         11       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         11       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         12       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         12       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP	External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Self Diagnostic     1     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Calendar & Clock     5     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Ethernet Port 1     6     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Ethernet Port 2     7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maint	Device Settings	2	Modbus TCP Server V	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Calendar & Clock     5     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethemet Port 1       Ethernet Port 1     6     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Tope     Configure     Ethernet Port 1     7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Comection Settings     8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2	Program Protection	3	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
3       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         6       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         7       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 1         8       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         9       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         10       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         11       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         11       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         12       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         13       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         14       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         15       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure       Ethernet Port 2         15       Maintenance Communication Server       TCP       Configure	Self Diagnostic	4	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
B     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Connection Settings     8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2	Calendar & Clock	5	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
7     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Conngure     Ethernet Port 1       Connection Settings     8     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 1       Access Control     9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2	Ethernet Port 1	6	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
Access Control 9 Maintenance Communication Server 1 9 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 9 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 Maintenance Communication Server 1 0 Configure Ethernet Port 2 1 1 0 Configure E	Ethernet Port 2	7	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
9     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       10     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2	Connection Settings	8	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 1	
11     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       12     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2	Access Control	9	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
I2     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2		10	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
Image: Configure     Image: Configure       13     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       14     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2       15     Maintenance Communication Server     TCP     Configure     Ethernet Port 2		11	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
14         Maintenance Communication Server         TCP         Configure         Ethernet Port 2           15         Maintenance Communication Server         TCP         Configure         Ethernet Port 2		12	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
15         Maintenance Communication Server         TCP         Configure         Ethernet Port 2		13	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
		14	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
16 Maintenance Communication Server TCP Configure Ethernet Port 2		15	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP	Configure	Ethernet Port 2	
		16	Maintenance Communication Server	TCP		Ethernet Port 2	
						U	

6. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

This concludes configuring the settings to use the Modbus RTU pass-through function.



# 7: DATA LINK COMMUNICATION

# Introduction

This chapter describes the data link communication function used to set up a distributed control system.

In data link communication, data can be exchanged between a master station and slave stations by connecting a maximum of 31 slave station FC6A Series MICROSmarts to a master station FC6A Series MICROSmart. The master station has a total of 13 words worth of data registers for each slave station: 6 words for sending data to the slave station, 6 words for receiving data from the slave station, and 1 word for the communication status/error. Each slave station has a total of 13 words worth of data registers: 6 words for sending data to the master station, and 1 word for the communication, 6 words for receiving data from the master station, and 1 word for the communication status/error.

Data link communication proceeds independently of the user program execution, and the data registers for the data link communication are updated at the END processing.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart data link function is compatible with the data link functions of the MICROSmart FC5A Series and FC4A Series.

One CPU module can be either a master station or a slave station. Data link master and slave cannot be used at the same time.

#### **Communication Ports Used in Data Link Communication**

	All-i	All-in-One CPU Module CAN J1939			Plus CPL	Plus CPU Module	
Communication Port	16-I/O Type	24-I/O Type	40-I/O Type	All-in-One CPU Module	Plus 16-I/O Type	Plus 32-I/O Type	
Port 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 2	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*2}	Yes ^{*2}	
Port 3	_	_	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*1}	Yes ^{*3}	Yes*3	
Port 4 to 33		Yes (3 maximum) ^{*4}				aximum) ^{*5}	

Supported models and communication ports are as follows.

*1 When an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge is connected.

*2 When a cartridge base module and an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge are connected.

*3 When the HMI module and an RS232C communication cartridge or RS485 communication cartridge are connected.

*4 Up to three communication modules can be connected to the All-in-One CPU module and CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 9.

*5 Up to 15 communication modules can be connected to the Plus CPU module, expanding the communication ports 4 to 33.

# **Data Link Specifications**

Mode	Details
Electric Specifications	Compliance with EIA RS485
Baud Rate	19,200, 38,400, 57,600 bps
	Start-stop synchronization
	Start bit: 1
Synchronization	Data bits: 7
	Parity: Even
	Stop bit: 1
Communication Cable	Shielded twisted pair cable
Maximum Cable Length	200 m (656 feet)
Maximum Slave Stations	31 slave stations
	Transmit data: 186 words maximum, Receive data: 186 words maximum
Transmit/Receive Data	0 through 6 words each for transmission and receiving per slave station

# **Data Updating**

Mode	Details
Effect on Scan Time	Communication processing between masters and slaves is not synchronized with the user program, and there is no effect on the scan time.
Data Update Timing	Data updating for both masters and slaves is performed in END processing. The update timing can be checked with the communication completed flag.
Master-compatible Models	FC6A Series MICROSmart (FC4A Series MICROSmart/FC5A Series MICROSmart)
Slave-compatible Models	FC6A Series MICROSmart (FC4A Series MICROSmart/FC5A Series MICROSmart)

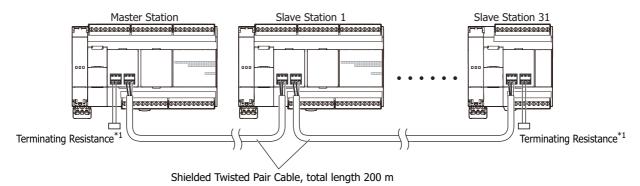
The master station sends the appropriate amount of data (in units of words) to the slave stations. The slave stations that received this transmission send an amount of data matching the number of words received to the master station. In this way data is exchanged. The data refresh is performed on the master and slave stations during the END processing. The master station can only exchange data with one slave station during one communication cycle.

If 31 slave stations are connected, the master station requires 31 communication cycles to exchange data with all slave stations. The master station turns on the communication complete relay for only one scan after the completion of the communication cycle with a slave station.



# **Data Link System Setup**

The data link function can be used by setting port 1 of the FC6A Series MICROSmart to RS-485 or by using a RS-485 communication cartridge in port 2 or port 3.



*1 When communication quality is unstable, add terminating resistance matched to the characteristic impedance to both ends. Use resistance with a rating of 1/2 W or higher.

## Data Register Allocation for Transmit/Receive Data

The master station has 12 data registers assigned for data communication with each slave station. Each slave station has 12 data registers assigned for data communication with the master station. When data is set in data registers at the master station assigned for data link communication, the data is sent to the corresponding data registers at a slave station. When data is set in data registers at a slave station assigned for data link communication, the data link communication, the data is sent to the corresponding data registers at a slave station. When data registers at the master station assigned for data link communication, the data is sent to the corresponding data registers at the master station.

# **Master Station**

Slave Station Number	Data Register	Transmit/Receive Data	Slave Station Number	Data Register	Transmit/Receive Data
Clave 1	D900-D905	Transmit data to slave 1	Claura 17	D1092-D1097	Transmit data to slave 17
Slave 1	D906-D911	Receive data from slave 1	<ul> <li>Slave 17</li> </ul>	D1098-D1103	Receive data from slave 17
Claure 2	D912-D917	Transmit data to slave 2	Clause 10	D1104-D1109	Transmit data to slave 18
Slave 2	D918-D923	Receive data from slave 2	<ul> <li>Slave 18</li> </ul>	D1110-D1115	Receive data from slave 18
	D924-D929	Transmit data to slave 3	Clause 10	D1116-D1121	Transmit data to slave 19
Slave 3	D930-D935	Receive data from slave 3	<ul> <li>Slave 19</li> </ul>	D1122-D1127	Receive data from slave 19
Claure 4	D936-D941	Transmit data to slave 4	Claura 20	D1128-D1133	Transmit data to slave 20
Slave 4	D942-D947	Receive data from slave 4	<ul> <li>Slave 20</li> </ul>	D1134-D1139	Receive data from slave 20
	D948-D953	Transmit data to slave 5	Claura 21	D1140-D1145	Transmit data to slave 21
Slave 5	D954-D959	Receive data from slave 5	<ul> <li>Slave 21</li> </ul>	D1146-D1151	Receive data from slave 21
Clave	D960-D965	Transmit data to slave 6	Claura 22	D1152-D1157	Transmit data to slave 22
Slave 6	D966-D971	Receive data from slave 6	<ul> <li>Slave 22</li> </ul>	D1158-D1163	Receive data from slave 22
Claura 7	D972-D977	Transmit data to slave 7	Claura 22	D1164-D1169	Transmit data to slave 23
Slave 7	D978-D983	Receive data from slave 7	<ul> <li>Slave 23</li> </ul>	D1170-D1175	Receive data from slave 23
	D984-D989	Transmit data to slave 8	Claura 24	D1176-D1181	Transmit data to slave 24
Slave 8	D990-D995	Receive data from slave 8	<ul> <li>Slave 24</li> </ul>	D1182-D1187	Receive data from slave 24
Slave 9	D996-D1001	Transmit data to slave 9	– Slave 25	D1188-D1193	Transmit data to slave 25
Slave 9	D1002-D1007	Receive data from slave 9	- Slave 25	D1194-D1199	Receive data from slave 25
Slave 10	D1008-D1013	Transmit data to slave 10	Slave 26	D1200-D1205	Transmit data to slave 26
Slave 10	D1014-D1019	Receive data from slave 10	- Slave 20	D1206-D1211	Receive data from slave 26
Slave 11	D1020-D1025	Transmit data to slave 11	Slave 27	D1212-D1217	Transmit data to slave 27
Slave 11	D1026-D1031	Receive data from slave 11	- Slave 27	D1218-D1223	Receive data from slave 27
Slave 12	D1032-D1037	Transmit data to slave 12	Slave 28	D1224-D1229	Transmit data to slave 28
Slave 12	D1038-D1043	Receive data from slave 12	- Slave 28	D1230-D1235	Receive data from slave 28
Slave 13	D1044-D1049	Transmit data to slave 13	Slave 29	D1236-D1241	Transmit data to slave 29
Slave 15	D1050-D1055	Receive data from slave 13	- Slave 29	D1242-D1247	Receive data from slave 29
Slave 14	D1056-D1061	Transmit data to slave 14	– Slave 30	D1248-D1253	Transmit data to slave 30
JIdve 14	D1062-D1067	Receive data from slave 14	- Slave SU	D1254-D1259	Receive data from slave 30
Slavo 1E	D1068-D1073	Transmit data to slave 15	Slave 21	D1260-D1265	Transmit data to slave 31
Slave 15	D1074-D1079	Receive data from slave 15	<ul> <li>Slave 31</li> </ul>	D1266-D1271	Receive data from slave 31
Elavo 16	D1080-D1085	Transmit data to slave 16		1	
Slave 16	D1086-D1091	Receive data from slave 16			

If any slave stations are not connected, master station data registers which are assigned to the vacant slave stations can be used as ordinary data registers.

# **Slave Station**

Data	Data Register	Transmit/Receive Data
Slave Station Data	D900-D905	Transmit data to master station
	D906-D911	Receive data from master station

Slave station data registers D912 through D1271 can be used as ordinary data registers.

## Special Data Registers for Data Link Communication Error

In addition to data registers assigned for data communication, the master station has 31 special data registers and each slave station has one special data register to store data link communication error codes. If any communication error occurs in the data link system, communication error codes are set to a corresponding data register for link communication error at the master station and to data register D8069 at the slave station. For details of link communication error codes, see below.

If a communication error occurs in the data link communication system, the data is resent two times. If the error still exists after three attempts, then the error code is set to the data registers for data link communication error. Since the error code is not communicated between the master and slave stations, error codes must be cleared individually.

## **Master Station**

Special Data Register	Data Link Communication Error Data	Special Data Register	Data Link Communication Error Data
D8069	Slave station 1 communication error	D8085	Slave station 17 communication error
D8070	Slave station 2 communication error	D8086	Slave station 18 communication error
D8071	Slave station 3 communication error	D8087	Slave station 19 communication error
D8072	Slave station 4 communication error	D8088	Slave station 20 communication error
D8073	Slave station 5 communication error	D8089	Slave station 21 communication error
D8074	Slave station 6 communication error	D8090	Slave station 22 communication error
D8075	Slave station 7 communication error	D8091	Slave station 23 communication error
D8076	Slave station 8 communication error	D8092	Slave station 24 communication error
D8077	Slave station 9 communication error	D8093	Slave station 25 communication error
D8078	Slave station 10 communication error	D8094	Slave station 26 communication error
D8079	Slave station 11 communication error	D8095	Slave station 27 communication error
D8080	Slave station 12 communication error	D8096	Slave station 28 communication error
D8081	Slave station 13 communication error	D8097	Slave station 29 communication error
D8082	Slave station 14 communication error	D8098	Slave station 30 communication error
D8083	Slave station 15 communication error	D8099	Slave station 31 communication error
D8084	Slave station 16 communication error	—	_

If any slave stations are not connected, master station data registers which are assigned to the vacant slave stations can be used as ordinary data registers.

#### **Slave Station**

Special Data Register	Data Link Communication Error Data
D8069	Slave station communication error

Note: Slave station data registers D8070 through D8099 can be used as ordinary data registers.

#### **Data Link Communication Error Code**

When an error occurs during the data link, the data is sent again (the operation is retried) up to twice.

If an error occurs on the third attempt to send the data, the error number is set in the data register for the communication status/ error of the master station and the corresponding slave station.

Error Code	Error Details
1h (1)	Overrun error (data is received when the receive data registers are full)
2h (2)	Framing error (failure to detect start or stop bit)
4h (4)	Parity error (an error was found by the parity check)
8h (8)	Receive timeout (line disconnection)
10h (16)	BCC (block check character) error (disparity with data received up to BCC)
20h (32)	Retry cycle over (error occurred in all 3 trials of communication)
40h (64)	I/O definition quantity error (discrepancy of transmit/receive station number or data quantity)

When more than one error is detected in the data link system, the total of error codes is indicated. For example, when framing error (error code 2h) and BCC error (error code 10h) are found, error code 12h (18) is stored.

## **Data Link Communication between Master and Slave Stations**

The master station has 6 data registers assigned to transmit data to a slave station and 6 data registers assigned to receive data from a slave station. The quantity of data registers for data link can be selected from 0 through 6 using WindLDR. The following examples illustrate how data is exchanged between the master and slave stations when 2 or 6 data registers are used for data link communication with each of 31 slave stations.

Master Station			Slave Stations		
D8069	Communication Error	]	D8069	Communication Error	
D900 - D901	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 1
D906 - D907	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	
D8070	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D912 - D913	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 2
D918 - D919	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	
D8071	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D924 - D925	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 3
D930 - D931	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	
D8072	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D936 - D937	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 4
D942 - D943	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	
	•				
D8098	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D1248 - D1249	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 30
D1254 - D1255	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	
D8099	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D1260 - D1261	Transmit Data		D900 - D901	Transmit Data	Slave Station 31
D1266 - D1267	Receive Data		D906 - D907	Receive Data	

## Example 2: Transmit Data 6 Words and Receive Data 6 Words

# Master Station

#### **Slave Stations**

D8069	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D900 - D905	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 1
D906 - D911	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	ĺ
D8070	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D912 - D917	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 2
D918 - D923	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	ĺ
D8071	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D924 - D929	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 3
D930 - D935	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	ĺ
D8072	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D936 - D941	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 4
D942 - D947	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	ĺ
			•		
D8098	Communication Error		D8069	Communication Error	
D1248 - D1253	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 30
D1254 - D1259	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	ĺ
D8099	Communication Error	1	D8069	Communication Error	
D1260 - D1265	Transmit Data		D900 - D905	Transmit Data	Slave Station 31
D1266 - D1271	Receive Data		D906 - D911	Receive Data	1

Note: When using port 2 or port 3, the communication status and error are stored in the registers configured in Function Area Settings.

# **Special Internal Relays for Data Link Communication**

Special internal relays M8005 through M8007 and M8080 through M8117 are assigned for the data link communication.

#### M8005 Data Link Communication Error

When an error occurs during communication in the data link system, M8005 turns on. The M8005 status is maintained when the error is cleared and remains on until M8005 is reset using WindLDR or until the CPU is turned off. The cause of the data link communication error can be checked using **Online > Monitor > Monitor**, followed by **Online > Status > Error Status: Details**. See "Data Link Communication Error Code" on page 7-5.

When performing communication on port 2 or port 3, this function is disabled.

#### M8006 Data Link Communication Prohibit Flag (Master Station)

When M8006 at the master station is turned on in the data link system, data link communication is stopped. When M8006 is turned off, data link communication resumes. The M8006 status is maintained when the CPU is turned off and remains on until M8006 is reset using WindLDR.

When M8006 is on at the master station, M8007 is turned on at slave stations in the data link system.

# M8007 Data Link Communication Initialize Flag (Master Station)

#### Data Link Communication Stop Flag (Slave Station)

M8007 has a different function at the master or slave station of the data link communication system.

#### Master station: Data link communication initialize flag

When M8007 at the master station is turned on during operation, the link configuration is checked to initialize the data link system. When a slave station is powered up after the master station, turn M8007 on to initialize the data link system. After a data link system setup is changed, M8007 must also be turned on to ensure correct communication.

#### Slave station: Data link communication stop flag

When a slave station does not receive communication data from the master station for 10 seconds or more in the data link system, M8007 turns on. When a slave station does not receive data in 10 seconds after initializing the data link system, M8007 also turns on at the slave station. When the slave station receives correct communication data, M8007 turns off.

#### M8080-M8116 Slave Station Communication Completion Relay (Master Station)

Special internal relays M8080 through M8116 are used to indicate the completion of data refresh. When data link communication with a slave station is complete, a special internal relay assigned for the slave station is turned on for one scan time at the master station.

Special Internal Relay	Slave Station Number	Special Internal Relay	Slave Station Number	Special Internal Relay	Slave Station Number
M8080	Slave Station 1	M8092	Slave Station 11	M8104	Slave Station 21
M8081	Slave Station 2	M8093	Slave Station 12	M8105	Slave Station 22
M8082	Slave Station 3	M8094	Slave Station 13	M8106	Slave Station 23
M8083	Slave Station 4	M8095	Slave Station 14	M8107	Slave Station 24
M8084	Slave Station 5	M8096	Slave Station 15	M8110	Slave Station 25
M8085	Slave Station 6	M8097	Slave Station 16	M8111	Slave Station 26
M8086	Slave Station 7	M8100	Slave Station 17	M8112	Slave Station 27
M8087	Slave Station 8	M8101	Slave Station 18	M8113	Slave Station 28
M8090	Slave Station 9	M8102	Slave Station 19	M8114	Slave Station 29
M8091	Slave Station 10	M8103	Slave Station 20	M8115	Slave Station 30
_	_	—	_	M8116	Slave Station 31

#### M8080 Communication Completion Relay (Slave Station)

When data link communication with a master station is complete, special internal relay M8080 at the slave station is turned on for one scan time.

#### M8117 All Slave Station Communication Completion Relay

When data link communication with all slave stations is complete, special internal relay M8117 at the master station is turned on for one scan time. M8117 at slave stations does not go on.



## **Programming WindLDR**

The Communication page in the Function Area Settings is used to program the data link master and slave stations.

Since these settings relate to the user program, the user program must be downloaded to the CPU module after changing any of these settings.

#### **Data Link Master Station**

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Comm. Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box for Communication Ports appears.
- 2. Click Communication Mode for the port to use and select Data Link Master. The Data Link Master Settings dialog box appears.

		Fur	nction Are	ea Settings		? ×
Run/Stop Control	Confi	gure the communication ports.				
Memory Backup	1.00					
Input Configuration	Communica	ation Ports				
Communication Ports	Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface
External Memory Devices	1	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	RS232C
Device Settings	2	Maintenance Protocol 🗸 🗸	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	
Program Protection	3	Maintenance Protocol User Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0	
Self Diagnostic		Data Link Master Data Link Slave				
Calendar & Clock		Modbus RTU Master Modbus RTU Slave				
Network Settings		Modbus RTU Slave				
Network Management						
Connection Settings						
<u>D</u> efault						OK Cancel

- 3. Set the Baud Rate, Slaves, and Status DR under Master Settings.
- **4.** Select a slave number from the list, and then set the number of words to transmit/receive. To make the same settings for all slave stations in the list, click **Apply to all slaves**.

Data Link M	laster Settings	? ×
Slave01: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave02: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave03: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave03: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave06: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave06: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave07: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave08: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave09: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave09: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave11: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave12: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave12: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave14: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave14: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave17: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave17: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave17: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave20: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0         Slave21: Transmit: 0 Receive: 0	Master Settings Baud Rate: Slaves: Status DR: Slave01 Setting Choose slave station nur from the list on the left. Apply to all slave OK	

Number of words to transmit: The number of words worth of data to transmit from the master station to the slave stations Number of words to receive: The number of words worth of data that the master station receives from each slave station



- 5. Click OK.
- **6.** Create the user program.
- 7. Transfer the user program.

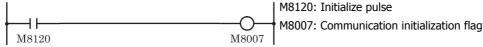
This concludes configuring the settings.

**Note:** When you use data link communication, you have to turn on the slave stations first before turning on the master station. If you turn on the master station before turning on the slave stations, the master station cannot recognize the slave stations. If the master station cannot recognize the slave stations, you have to initialize the data link. To initialize the data link, click **Initialize Data Link** in WindLDR or turn on special internal relay M8007 in the user program.

- Select Online > Monitor > Monitor > Start Monitor. WindLDR enters monitor mode.
- Select Online > PLC > Initialize > Initialize Data Link. The slave stations are recognized by the master station.

If you cannot perform WindLDR maintenance communication, insert the following program into the master station's user program.

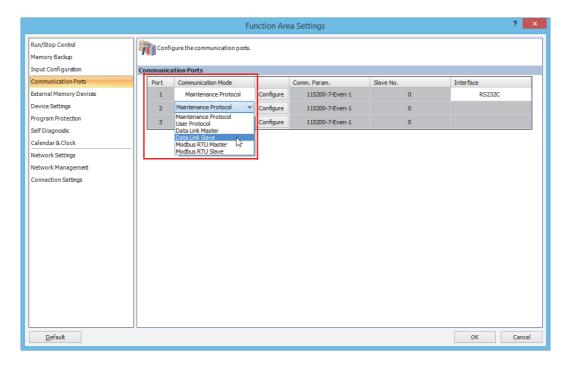
Stop and then run the master station to have it recognize the slave stations.



When operation (RUN) starts, M8007 is turned on for a period of one scan, and the data link is initialized.

#### **Data Link Slave Station**

- From the WindLDR menu bar, select Configuration > Comm. Ports. The Function Area Settings dialog box for Communication Ports appears.
- 2. Click **Communication Mode** for the port to use and select **Data Link Slave**. The **Data Link Slave Settings** dialog box appears.



3. Set the Data Link Station Number and the Baud Rate.

Select **Constant** or **Data Register** under **Data Link Station Number**. If you select **Constant**, set the data link station number. If you select **Data Register**, write the data link station number into the special data register.

Data Link Sla	ave Settings 🛛 ? 🗙
Status DR:	D0000
Slave No.:	
Constant:	1
🔘 Data Register:	
Baud Rate:	57600 💌
	OK Cancel

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Create the user program.
- 6. Transfer the user program.

This concludes configuring the settings.

**Note:** If you select **Data Register** under **Data Link Station Number** in the **Data Link Slave Settings** dialog box, you can change the data link station number of the slave station without downloading the user program by writing the data link station number into the following special data registers.

Communication Port	Special Data Register
Port 1	D8100
Port 2	D8102
Port 3	D8103
Port 4 to 9 ^{*1}	D8040 to D8045
Port 10 to 33*1*2	D8735 to D8758

*1 When communication modules are connected.

*2 Plus CPU module only.

Note: After making changes, correctly initialize the master station and set the slave stations.

- Use one of the following methods to initialize the master station.
- (1) Turn off the master station, and then turn it back on.

(2) Set M8007 on the master station.

#### (3) Select Online > PLC > Initialize > Initialize Data Link.

The valid data link station numbers are 1 to 31. If you specify any other value, the station number set in the Function Area Settings will be used.

# **Data Refresh**

In the data link communication, the master station communicates with only one slave station in one communication cycle. When a slave station receives a communication from the master station, the slave station returns data stored in data registers assigned for data link communication. After receiving data from slave stations, the master station stores the data into data registers allocated to each slave station. The process of updating data into data registers is called refresh. When the maximum 31 slave stations are connected, the master station requires 31 communication cycles to communicate with all slave stations.

Mode	Separate Refresh Mode
Scan Time	Since the communication between the master station and slave stations proceeds independently of the
Scan Time	user program scanning, the scan time is not affected.
Data Refresh Timing	At both master and slave stations, received data is refreshed at the END processing. Refresh completion
Data Kerresh Tilling	can be confirmed with communication completion special internal relays M8080 through M8117.
Applicable Master Station	FC6A Series MICROSmart (FC4A/FC5A MICROSmart)
Applicable Slave Station	FC6A Series MICROSmart (FC4A/FC5A MICROSmart)

Both master and slave stations refresh communication data at the END processing. When data refresh is complete, communication completion special internal relays M8080 through M8116 (slave station communication completion relay) go on at the master station for one scan time after the data refresh. At each slave station, special internal relay M8080 (communication completion relay) goes on.

When the master station completes communication with all slave stations, special internal relay M8117 (all slave station communication completion relay) goes on at the master station for one scan time.

#### Total Refresh Time at Master Station for Communication with All Slave Stations (Trfn)

The master station requires the following time to refresh the transmit and receive data for communication with all slave stations, that is the total of refresh times.

[Baud Rate 19,200 bps]Trfn =  $\Sigma$  Trf =  $\Sigma$  {4.2 ms + 2.4 ms × (Transmit Words + Receive Words) + 1 scan time} [Baud Rate 38,400 bps]Trfn =  $\Sigma$  Trf =  $\Sigma$  {2.2 ms + 1.3 ms × (Transmit Words + Receive Words) + 1 scan time}

[Baud Rate 57,600 bps] Trfn =  $\sum$  Trf =  $\sum$  {1.6 ms + 0.9 ms × (Transmit Words + Receive Words) + 1 scan time}

#### **Refresh Time**

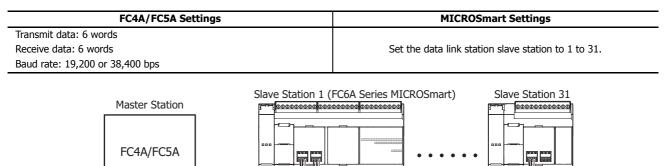
When data link communication is performed with such parameters as transmit words 6, receive words 6, slave stations 8, and average scan time 20 ms, then the total refresh time Trf8 for communication with all eight slave stations will be:

[Baud Rate 19,200 bps] Trf8 =  $\{4.2 \text{ ms} + 2.4 \text{ ms} \times (6 + 6) + 20 \text{ ms}\} \times 8 = 424.0 \text{ ms}$ [Baud Rate 38,400 bps] Trf8 =  $\{2.2 \text{ ms} + 1.3 \text{ ms} \times (6 + 6) + 20 \text{ ms}\} \times 8 = 302.4 \text{ ms}$ [Baud Rate 57,600 bps] Trf8 =  $\{1.6 \text{ ms} + 0.9 \text{ ms} \times (6 + 6) + 20 \text{ ms}\} \times 8 = 259.2 \text{ ms}$ 

# **Data Link with Other PLCs**

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can exchange data by communicating with IDEC FC4A Series and FC5A Series MICROSmart (data link).

#### Data Link with FC4A/FC5A



¢

00000000



This chapter describes J1939 communication in the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module.

Abbreviation	Official Name
CAN	Controller Area Network
ECU	Electronic Controller Unit
NIECU	Network Interconnection ECU
CA	Controller Application
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PGN	Parameter Group Number
SA	Source Address
DA	Destination Address
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SPN	Suspect Parameter Number

The following abbreviations are used in the text to simplify the descriptions.

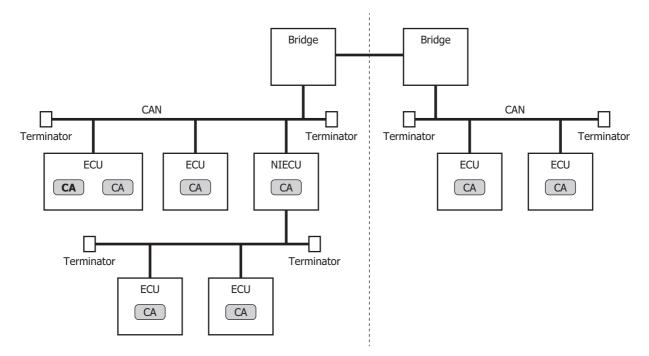
# **Overview of J1939 Communication over CAN**

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module is compatible with CAN communication based on SAE J1939. The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can communicate with other J1939 communication-compatible devices by connecting the CAN port to a J1939 communication network. For details on J1939 communication, refer to the SAE J1939 standard.

## **SAE J1939 Overview**

## **J1939** Communication Network

A J1939 communication network is composed of ECUs (engine, brake, etc.) and NIECUs (repeaters, routers, etc.), and each ECU has one or more CAs. A CA is assigned an address between 0 and 253 and a unique 64-bit ID (NAME), and messages can be exchanged between CAs using the addresses. If there is an address conflict between CAs, the conflict will be resolved based on the priority indicated in NAME.



## **Device Address**

Addresses are defined between 0 and 255.

However, 254 (null address) is the result of an address conflict and is only used when an address cannot be obtained. 255 (global address) is used when broadcasting messages to all CAs without specifying a specific CA.

Address	Description	Details
0 to 253	Address range allocated to CAs	For a portion of addresses, the use has been determined according to the type of connected device. For details, refer to the SAE J1939 standard.
254	Null address	Set as the result of an address conflict when an address between 0 and 253 could not be obtained.
255	Global address	Used when transmitting a message as a broadcast.

## NAME (64 bits total)

The 64-bit NAME is split into multiple fields. The content for a portion of the fields is already defined in the standard. NAME must be set to a value that is not duplicated by another device on the same J1939 communication network. For details on the definition of each bit, refer to the SAE J1939 standard.

Field Name	Bit Length	SAE Defined ^{*1}	Item
Arbitrary Address Capable	1 (high order)	—	Dynamic address support
Industry Group	3	Yes	Industry group
Vehicle System Instance	4	—	Vehicle system instance
Vehicle System	7	Yes	Vehicle system
Reserved	1	Yes	Reserved (fixed as 0)
Function	8	Yes	Function
Function Instance	5	_	Function instance
ECU Instance	3	_	ECU instance
Manufacturer Code	11	Yes	Manufacturer code
Identify Number	21 (low order)	—	ID number

*1 "Yes" items are defined in the standard. Set those items according to the used network and purpose.

Note: If the network that will be used is not known, set NAME as the maximum value of each field.

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module resolves address conflicts with CAs according to the value of the Arbitrary Address Capable bit.

#### If the Arbitrary Address Capable bit is 0

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module operates as a fixed address CA. If there is a CA that has the same address as the local address, the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can exchange messages with the set local address if its priority is high. If the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module priority is low, the local address is 254 (null address).

## If the Arbitrary Address Capable bit is 1

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module operates as a dynamic address CA. If there are CAs that duplicate the local address, the local address is compared to that of the corresponding CA, and if the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module priority is lower, it repeatedly attempts to acquire another address. When the local address has been determined, messages can be exchanged. If the local address was not determined by the last address, it is set to 254 (null address).

## PGN

CAs exchange parameter information such as the engine RPM and the on/off status of switches. These parameters are defined in advance and assigned unique ID numbers (SPNs). The parameters are also grouped according to content, and these parameter groups are assigned unique ID numbers (PGN).

CAs exchange messages for each PGN.

Example: SPNs that make up PGN 1792 General Purpose Valve Pressure*1

SPN	Parameter Name	Data Size
4086	Valve Load Sense Pressure	2 bytes
4087	Valve Pilot Pressure	1 byte
4088	Valve Assembly Load sense Pressure	2 bytes
4089	Valve Assembly Supply Pressure	2 bytes

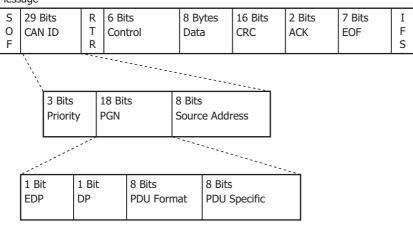
*1 From J1939-71



## Message

CAs use the data frame in the CAN extended frame format that holds the 29-bit CAN ID to exchange messages. The CAN ID is composed of the priority, PGN, and source address. The PGN is composed of the EDP, DP, PDU Format (PDUF), and PDU Specific (PDUS).

#### Message



## PDU 1 format

When PDUF is 00h to EFh, the PGN is defined in the format called the PDU1 format. The PGN is defined with EDP, DP, and PDUF, and it is handled as a PGN for one-to-one communication. At this time, the destination address is stored in the PDUS. However, when the PDUS is specified as 255 (global address), the PGN is handled as a broadcast PGN, not as one-to-one communication.

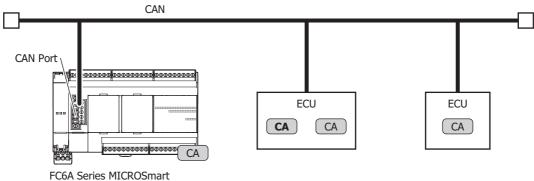
#### PDU 2 format

When PDUF is F0h to FFh, the PGN is defined in the format called the PDU2 format. The PGN is defined with EDP, DP, PDUF, and PDUS, and it is handled as a PGN for broadcast communication.

Since the data that can be stored in the CAN data frame is a maximum of 8 bytes, when the PGN data is 9 bytes or longer, messages are split into 8-byte packets and exchanged as multi-packet messages.

#### Overview of J1939 Communication Supported by the All-in-One CPU Module

The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module can connect to a J1939 communication network as an ECU that has one CA. It is compatible with the network management function that manages addresses between CAs so address conflicts can be resolved and dynamic addresses can be assigned.



(CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU Module) (ECU)

# 8: J1939 COMMUNICATION

## Specifications

Item	Description	Comments
Supported SAE J1939	SAE J1939-11: Physical Layer, 250 K bits/s, Twisted Shielded Pair SAE J1939-15: Reduced Physical Layer, 250 K bits/s, Un-Shielded Twisted Pair SAE J1939-21: Data Link Layer SAE J1939-71: Vehicle Application Layer SAE J1939-73: Application Layer - Diagnostics SAE J1939-75: Application Layer - Generator Sets and Industrial SAE J1939-81: Network Management	
Baud Rate	250 k [bps]	
Transmit Methods	Event transmission, cycle transmission	
Receive Methods	Receive in ladder END, with cycle monitoring	
Maximum Number of Nodes	128 nodes	The number of CAs that can be managed with address management
Maximum Number of Send Message	100	
Maximum Number of Received Messages	200	
Maximum Length of Transmitted Message	252 bytes	
Maximum Length of Receive Message	252 bytes	
Network Management	Enabled	Resolves address conflicts, monitors the addresses of neighboring CAs

## Special PGNs Handled by the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU Module

A portion of PGNs are used internally to control the MICROSmart. These PGNs cannot be received, even when they are set as receive messages.

#### PGNs that cannot be set as receive messages

PGN	Parameter Name	Description
59392 (E800h)	Acknowledgment	Used for responses between CAs.
59904 (EA00h)	Request	Used to request PGN transmission.
60160 (EB00h)	Data Transfer Message	Used to exchange multi-packet messages 9 bytes or longer.
60416 (EC00h)	Connection Management Message	- Osed to exchange multi-packet messages 9 bytes of longer.
60928 (EE00h)	Address Claim	Used for address management on the network.

## **Communication Control**

Checking if J1939 communication is permitted/prohibited and checking the communication status can be performed with special internal relays and special data registers.

Note: R/W stands for read/write and allows reading and writing. R is read-only. W is write-only.

## **Special Internal Relay Allocations**

Special Internal Relays	Description	Setting Timing	R/W
M8300	J1939 Communication Permitted Flag		R/W
M8301	J1939 Online Status	Every scan	R
M8302	J1939 Local Station Address Confirmation Status	Every scan	R
M8303	J1939 Communication Error Output	Every scan	R
M8304	J1939 Communication Bus Off Occurrence Output	Every scan	R

## J1939 Communication Permitted Flag (M8300)

Controls whether J1939 communication is permitted or prohibited. Turn on M8300 to start J1939 communication after initialization processing has been performed.

OFF: Communication prohibited (default)

ON: Communication permitted

**Note:** If there is no response from any CAs to a message sent in initialization processing, the transmission will be repeatedly retried and Error Passive (error code 2002) will occur. Turn on M8300 after CAs on the network are able to send and receive data.



## J1939 Online Status (M8301)

Indicates the J1939 communication online status. While offline, messages cannot be exchanged because the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module is not connected to a J1939 communication network.

OFF: Offline

ON: Online

## J1939 Local Station Address Confirmation Status (M8302)

Indicates the local address confirmation status during J1939 communication. This relay turns on when the local address is between 0 and 253. While online, this relay turns off immediately after starting communication and when an address conflict has occurred and the local address is 254 (null address). When M8302 is off, messages cannot be exchanged using the ladder program.

OFF:Local address unconfirmed

ON:Local address confirmed

#### J1939 Communication Error Output (M8303)

Indicates the status of a J1939 communication error. M8303 turns on when a value other than "0" is stored in D8052 (J1939 Communication Error Code).

OFF: No communication error

ON: Communication error has occurred

## J1939 Communication Bus Off Occurrence Output (M8304)

Indicates the bus off status during J1939 communication. Bus off is the status where devices cannot participate in communication on the bus. All transmit and receive operations are prohibited. The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module has an internal transmit error counter and receive error counter, and when these counters reach a certain value, the bus off status is set.

When bus off occurs, the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module stops communication and goes offline. To restart communication, M8300 must be turned on to go back online. When M8300 is turned on, M8304 is turned off.

OFF: Bus off has not occurred

ON: Bus off has occurred

#### **Special Data Register Allocations**

Special Data Register	Function	Setting Timing	R/W
D8052	J1939 Communication Error Code	When error occurred	R/W

#### J1939 Communication Error Code (D8052)

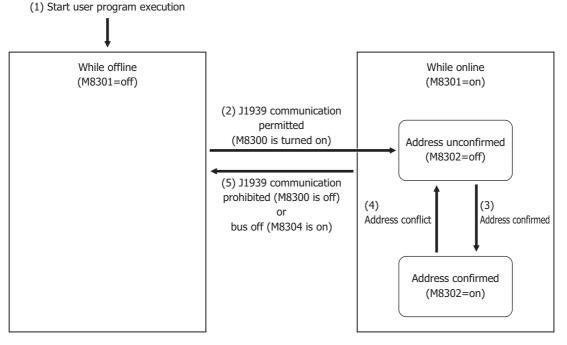
This register stores the J1939 communication error code. To initialize this register, write "0".

Details on the J1939 communication error code are as follows.

Status Code	Description	Details
0	Normal	
100	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected BAM frame was received.
101	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected RTS frame was received.
102	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected CTS frame was received.
103	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected EOM frame was received.
104	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected Connection Abort frame was received.
105	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	An unexpected DT frame was received.
106	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	The length of the multi-packet transmitted/received message was out of range.
107	Multi-packet transmit/receive error	Failed to transmit the Connection Abort message.
110	NACK transmission failure	NACK could not be transmitted for a PGN transmit request.
200	Internal transmit queue overflow	The limit of messages that can be sent at one time has been exceeded.
201	Internal receive queue overflow	The limit of messages that can be received at one time has been exceeded.
1000	Local address unconfirmed	The local address is 254.
2000	CAN communication initialization error	The CAN controller could not be initialized.
2001	CAN communication initialization error	The CAN controller could not be reset.
2002	Error Passive	An error/warning interrupt has occurred, and the CAN controller has entered the Error Passive state.
2003	Error Active	The CAN controller has entered the Error Active state.
2004	Data overrun error	The data overrun interrupt occurred.
3000	Bus off error	Bus off occurred on the CAN.

## **Communication Control Status Transitions**

J1939 communication status and initialization processing transitions are as follows.



- (1) The offline status is set immediately after starting execution of the user program.
- (2) When M8300 is turned on, the online status is set and initialization processing is performed. In initialization processing, initialization messages are sent to CAs, duplicate addresses are checked, and conflicts are resolved for those duplicate addresses.

Before confirming the local address in initialization processing, the address is the address unconfirmed status (M8302=off).

- (3) When a local address is confirmed between 0 and 253, the status is the address confirmed status (M8302=on). Messages can be exchanged between the MICROSmart and CAs. If the local address is 254, the status remains the address unconfirmed status.
- (4) When an address conflict occurs and the local address is 254 (null address), the status is the address unconfirmed status.

(5) When M8300 is turned off, communication processing is stopped and the offline status is set.

The offline status is also set when bus off occurs during communication (M8304 is turned on). M8300 remains off at this time. To set the online status again, turn off M8300 and then turn it on again.

# **J1939** Communication Settings

This section describes the operation procedure and details about the items related to J1939 communication.

# **Programming WindLDR**

Configure J1939 communication according to the usage environment.

- 1. On the **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Comm. Port.** The **Function Area Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- Select J1939 from the CAN port group communication mode. The J1939 Communication Settings dialog box is displayed.

Function Area Settings ? ×										
Run/Stop Control		Confi	gure the communication ports.							
Memory Backup										
Input Configuration	Сог	Communication Ports								
Communication Ports		Port	Communication Mode		Comm. Param.	Slave No.	Interface	Slot		
External Memory Devices		1								
Device Settings		2	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		Cartridge Slot 1		
Program Protection		3	Maintenance Protocol	Configure	115200-7-Even-1	0		Cartridge Slot 2		
Self Diagnostic		4			1			Unprotected		
Calendar & Clock	-	5						Unprotected		
Network Settings		6						Unprotected		
Network Management		7						Unprotected		
Connection Settings										
Access Control		8						Unprotected		
		9						Unprotected		
	CAI	N Ports								
		Port	Communication Mode		Address	NAME		Baud Rate		
		1	J1939 🗸							
	<b>'</b>		Unused J1939							
<u>D</u> efault								OK Cancel		

**3.** Under **PLC Setting**, on the **Address Settings** tab, set the local address, device name (NAME), and CA address table. Set the local address and device name (NAME).

			J1939 Communi	cation Settings	5		? 🗙
PLC Setting Designated CA	Address Settings	Communication Settings					_
Undesignated CA	Address:						
		Parameter Name	Setting Value	Input Range	Bit Area	Description	
	Arbitrary A	address Capable	0	0 to 1	1	Defined by SAE(Most significant bit)	
	Industry G	roup	0	0 to 7	3	Defined by SAE	
	Vehicle Sy	stem Instance	0	0 to 15	4		
	Vehicle Sy	stem	0	0 to 127	7	Defined by SAE	
	Reserved		0	0	1	Defined by SAE(Fixed value)	
	Function		0	0 to 255	8	Defined by SAE	
	Function In	istance	0	0 to 31	5		
	ECU Instar		0	0 to 7	3		
	Manufactu		0	0 to 2047	11	Defined by SAE	
	Identify Nu	mber	0	0 to 2097151	21	Least significant bit	
							]
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	Inp	ut NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value					OK Cancel

# 8: J1939 COMMUNICATION

4. Click the Communication Settings tab and set the device address to store the CA address table.

			J1939 Communication S	ettings		? ×
PLC Setting	Address Settings	Communication Settings				
Designated CA Undesignated CA	CA Address Ta		D0000 (D0000 to D0004)			
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	🔲 Inpu	it NAME and PGN by hexadecim	al value		ОК	Cancel .::

5. Click Add CA to add a node to configure a CA.

		1939 Communication Settings	? 🗙
PLC Setting Designated CA	Address Settings Communication Settings		
Undesignated CA	Address: 0		
Chacaignated CA			
	NAME: 0		
	Parameter Name	Setting Value Input Range Bit Are-	a Description
	Arbitrary Address Capable	0 0 to 1 1	Defined by SAE(Most significant bit)
	Industry Group	0 0 to 7 3	Defined by SAE
	Vehicle System Instance	0 0 to 15 4	
	Vehicle System	0 0 to 127 7	Defined by SAE
	Reserved	0 0 1	Defined by SAE(Fixed value)
	Function	0 0 to 255 8	Defined by SAE
	Function Instance	0 0 to 31 5	
	ECU Instance	0 0 to 7 8	
	Manufacturer Code	0 0 to 2047 11	Defined by SAE
	Identify Number	0 0 to 2097151 21	Least significant bit
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value		OK Cancel

**6.** Click the node that corresponds to the CA to configure and click the **Address Settings** tab. Configure the address and the device name for the CA.

			J1939 Communic	ation Settings			? 🗙
PLC Setting	Address Settings	Receive Message Send Message					
1 CA (0)	Address:	0 💌					
Undesignated CA	NAME:	0					
		Parameter Name	Setting Value	Input Range	Bit Area	Description	
	Arbitrary A	ddress Capable	0	0 to 1	1	Defined by SAE(Most significant bit)	
	Industry Gr	oup	0	0 to 7	3	Defined by SAE	
	Vehicle Sys	stem Instance	0	0 to 15	4		
	Vehicle Sys	stem	0	0 to 127	7	Defined by SAE	
	Reserved		0	0	1	Defined by SAE(Fixed value)	
	Function		0	0 to 255	8	Defined by SAE	
	Function In	stance	0	0 to 31	5		
	ECU Instan		0	0 to 7	3		
	Manufactur		0	0 to 2047	11	Defined by SAE	
	Identify Nu	mber	0	0 to 2097151	21	Least significant bit	
	Comment:						
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	🔲 Inpu	ut NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value					OK Cancel



		J1939	Ocommunication	Settings	? 🗙
PLC Setting	Address Settings Receive Message S	end Message			
Designated CA 1 CA (0)	Device Settings:				7
Undesignated CA	Device	Tag Name	Device Address	Comment	
	S1 (Control Register)	D0000	D0000		
	S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)	M0000	M0000		
	D1 (Receive Alert Flag)	M0100	M0100		
	Message Settings:	Data Storage	S1	S2 D1 Comment	· · · · · · ·
Add <u>C</u> A D <u>e</u> lete CA	Input NAME and PGN by hexe	adecimal value			OK Cancel

7. Click the **Receive Message** tab and first configure the devices that will used with received messages.

8. Click Add to add a received message.

		J1!	939 Communication S	ettings			?	×
PLC Setting								
- Designated CA	Address Settings Receive Message	Send Message				A CAN ID		
1 CA (0)	Device Settings:					PGN	61184	
Undesignated CA	Device	Tag Name	Device Address	Comment		Туре	Polling	
Undesignated CA	S1 (Control Register)	D0000	D0000			Max Data Length		8 🌻
	S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)	M0000	M0000			Receive Cycle Timeout (ms) 4 Data Storage	0 D0200	
	D1 (Receive Alert Flag)	M0100	M0100			Address	D0200	
	DT(heceive High( hagy	MOTOO	Motoo			Comment		
						Comment		
	Message Settings:							
	Add Delete							
	No 🖌 PGN Type	Data Storage	S1 5	2 D1 (	Comment			
	1 🔽 61184 Polling		D0000 to D0004 M0000	M0100		1		
	I CITOT Found	00200 00 00200	20000 10 2000 1 140000	10100				
	]]							
Add <u>C</u> A D <u>e</u> lete CA	Input NAME and PGN by he	exadecimal value				ОК	Car	ncel

9. Select any of the cells for the message settings to display the parameters for the messages on the right side. Configure the items.

		J19	39 Communication	Settings			?	×
PLC Setting	Address Settings Receive Message	Send Message						
Designated CA		-				4 CAN ID		
1 CA (0)	Device Settings:					PGN	61184	
Undesignated CA	Device	Tag Name	Device Address	Comment		Туре	Polling	8
	S1 (Control Register)	D0000	D0000			Max Data Length Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)	0	0 <b>T</b>
	S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)	M0000	M0000			4 Data Storage	D0200	
	D1 (Receive Alert Flag)	M0100	M0100			Address	D0200	
						Comment		
						Comment		_
	Message Settings:							
	Add Delete							
	No. 🖌 PGN Type	Data Storage	S1	S2 D1 C	Comment			
	1 2 61184 Poling		0000 to D0004 M000		omment			
	1 2 01104 Poling	00200 10 00203 0	0000 10 00004 14000	0 M0100		a a		
						PGN		
						This is used to specify parameter message.	group for	
						-		
						Designated CA: The range of value is 0 to 61184. to be 00h.	Lower 1 byt	e has
						Undesignated CA: The range of value is 0 to 61184		
						65535. When value is between 0	to 61184, lo	o wer 1
						byte has to be 00h.		
Add <u>C</u> A D <u>e</u> lete C	A Input NAME and PGN by her	cadecimal value				ОК	Can	cel

10. Click the Send Message tab and configure it in the same manner as the Receive Message tab.

	J1939 Communication Settings		? ×
PLC Setting	Address Settings Receive Message Send Message		
- Designated CA	Device Settings:	CAN ID     PGN 0     Priority	6 🖨
Undesignated CA	Device         Top Name         Device Podress         Comment           S1 (Control Register)         D0300         D0300         S000         S000 <td>Type Event Max Data Length Cycle to Send (ms) 0</td> <td></td>	Type Event Max Data Length Cycle to Send (ms) 0	
	D1 (Reply Permission Flag for REQ) M0300 M0300	A Data Storage     D0400     Address     D0400     Comment	
	Message Settings:	Comment	
	<u>A</u> dd <u>D</u> elete		
	No.         ✔         PGN         Type         Data Storace         S1         S2         D1         Comment           1         2         0         Event         D0400 to D0403         D0300 to D0304         M0200         M0300		
	2 🗹 2048 Event D0410 to D0413 D0305 to D0309 M0201 M0301	Data Storage Configuration address to store data for Devices of maximum data length are noc starting with configured device address. Data register can be configured.	
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value	ОК	Cancel

**11.** Click **Undesignated CA**. Configure the **Receive Message** tab and the **Send Message** tab in the same manner as those under **Designated CA**.

		J1939 Communicat	ion Settings		? ×
PLC Setting					
Designated CA	Receive Message Send Message				
- 1 CA (0)	Device Settings:			CAN ID PGN	65262
	Device	Tag Name Device Addres	s Comment	Туре	Polling
Undesignated CA	S1 (Control Register)	D1000 D1000	Gomman	Max Data Length	8 🜲
	S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)	M1000 M1000		<ul> <li>Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)</li> <li>4 Data Storage</li> </ul>	0 D1220 ····
				Address	D1220
	D1 (Receive Alert Flag)	M1100 M1100		Comment	01220
				Comment	
	Message Settings:				
	Add Delete				
	Add Delete				
	No. 🖌 PGN Type	Data Storage S1	S2 D1 Comment		
	1 📝 61443 Poling		41000 M1100		
	2 📝 61444 Poling	D1210 to D1213 D1005 to D1009	41001 M1101	Data Storage	
	3 📝 65262 Poling	D1220 to D1223 D1010 to D1014	41002 M1102	Configure device address to store message.	data for
				Devices of maximum data length	are occupied
				starting with configured device ad Data register can be configured.	dress.
				Data register can be compared.	
				-	
Add CA Delete CA	Input NAME and PGN by he	undering unline			
Add CA Delete CA	imput NAME and PGN by ne	skaueumai value		ОК	Cancel

		J1939 Communication Settings	? 🗙
PLC Setting	Receive Message Send Message		
⊡- Designated CA 	Device Settings:         Tag N           S1 (Control Register)         D1300           S2 (Send Trigger)         M1200           D1 (Ropp) Permission Flag for RED)         M1200	ame Device Address Comment D1800 M1200 M1800	
	Message Settings:		Address D1420 Comment Comment
	No.         √         PGN         Type         Data Stor           1         12         5281         Event         D1400 to D1           2         25282         Event         D1400 to D1           3         (2)         65283         Event         D1400 to D1           3         (2)         65283         Event         D1420 to D1	03 D1300 to D1304 M1200 M1300 13 D1305 to D1309 M1201 M1301	Configure divice address to store data for message. Devices of maximum data length are occupied strating with conjuned device address. Data register can be configured.
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value		OK Cancel

## **12.** Click **OK**.

This concludes configuring the settings.



## **J1939 Communication Parameters**

This section describes the **J1939 Settings** dialog box parameter settings required to use J1939 communication.

## **PLC Setting**

These settings configure the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module local address, local NAME, and CA address table.

#### Address Settings tab

This tab configures the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module local address and local NAME.

		L	J1939 Communic	ation Setting	s		? 🗙
PLC Setting Designated CA	Add	Iress Settings Communication Settings					
Undesignated CA	(1) Add	dress: 0 🗘					
	(2) NAI						
			Setting Value	Input Range	Bit Area	Description	1
	(3)	Arbitrary Address Capable	Setting value	0 to 1	Dit Area	Description Defined by SAE(Most significant bit)	
		Industry Group	0	0 to 7	8	Defined by SAE	
		Vehicle System Instance	0	0 to 15	4		
		Vehicle System	0	0 to 127	7	Defined by SAE	
		Reserved	0	0	1	Defined by SAE(Fixed value)	
		Function	0	0 to 255	8	Defined by SAE	
		Function Instance	0	0 to 31	5		
		ECU Instance	0	0 to 7	3		
		Manufacturer Code	0	0 to 2047	11	Defined by SAE	
		Identify Number	0	0 to 2097151	21	Least significant bit	
							'
Add <u>C</u> A Delete	CA	Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value					OK Cancel

#### (1) Address

Sets the initial value of the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module local address between 0 and 253.

When **Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value** check box is selected, enter them as hexadecimal values. Example: When hexadecimal: 01, F0, etc.

When an address conflict occurs with a CA connected to the same network, the local address is reacquired according to the Arbitrary Address Capable bit of the local NAME.

#### (2) NAME

Sets the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module local NAME in 64 bits.

When Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value check box is selected, enter them as hexadecimal values.

Example: When hexadecimal: 123456789ABCDEF1, 0000FFFFFFFF0A, etc.

Set this value so that it is not duplicated by other CAs on the same network. For details, see "NAME (64 bits total)" on page 8-2. The device name (NAME) is composed of the set values in the device name field list (3). When the device name (NAME) is changed, those changes are reflected under **Setting Value** in the device name field list.

## (3) Device name field list

Displays each field of the device name (NAME) (2). When a **Setting Value** is changed, the result is reflected in the device name (NAME).

## Communication Settings tab

This tab configures the CA address table monitor. The CA address table monitor is the table that manages the CA addresses registered by the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module (local) and **Designated CA**.

	J1939 Communication Settings	? ×
PLC Setting Designated CA	Address Settings Communication Settings	
Undesignated CA	(1) CA Address Table Monitor:	
	Tag Name / Device Address: D0000 D0000 (D0000 to D0004)	

## (1) CA Address Table Monitor

Sets the starting address of the data registers that will store the CA address table.

The values set in WindLDR are stored in the CA address table as the initial values, and when the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module address changes due to an address conflict, the CA address table is updated with that. When address information is received from a CA, the address of the CA that matches the NAME is updated. The CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module exchanges messages based on the addresses in the CA address table.

## **CA Address Table Monitor Definition**

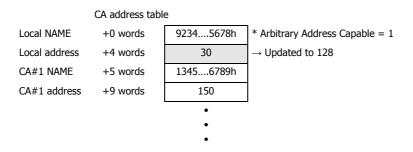
CA	Storage Destination	Function	Setting Details
	Starting number+0		
	Starting number+1	Local NAME	Stores the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module NAME.
	Starting number+2		Stores the CAN J1939 All-II-One CFO module NAME.
Local	Starting number+3		
	Starting number+4	Local address ^{*1}	Stores the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module address. If the address changes while online, exchanging messages after that is performed based on the new address.
	Starting number+5		
	Starting number+6	CA#1 NAME ^{*2}	Stores the CA#1 NAME.
	Starting number+7	- CA#1 NAME -	Stores the CA#1 NAME.
CA#1 (5 words)	Starting number+8		
u 1 (o	Starting number+9	CA#1 address ^{*2*3}	Stores the CA#1 address. When NAME has been set, the address may change when online. If the address changes while online, exchanging messages after that is performed based on the new address.
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
	Starting number+5xN		
	Starting number+5xN+1	CA#N NAME*2	Stores the CA#N NAME.
	Starting number+5xN+2		Stores the CA#IN NAME.
CA#N ^{*3} (5 words)	Starting number+5xN+3		
CA#N ³ (5 words)	Starting number+5xN+4	CA#N address ^{*2*3}	Stores the CA#N address. When NAME has been set, the address may change when online. If the address changes while online, exchanging messages after that is performed based on the new address.

*1 If an address cannot be assigned due to address conflicts with CAs on the network, the address is 254 (null address). In this case, messages cannot exchanged.

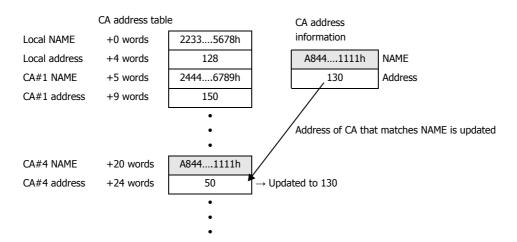
*2 If the address is outside the range of 0 to 253, messages cannot be exchanged with the corresponding CA.

*3 N is 1 to 253.

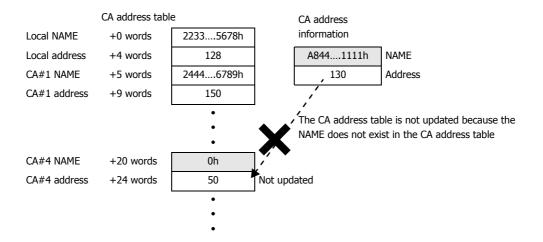
Example 1: When updated by local address conflict



Example 2: When updated by receiving CA address information



Example 3: When CA#4 NAME is set to 0 in Example 2



## **Designated CA**

For each added CA, these settings configure the address and NAME of the CA to exchange messages with and the transmitted and received messages.

## Address Settings tab

This tab configures the address and NAME of the CA selected on the CA list.

				1939 Communic	ation Setting	s		?	×
PLC Setting Designated CA	Add		Message 0 🜲						
Undesignated CA (2	2) NAI	ME:	0						
	(2)	Parameter Name		Setting Value	Input Range	Bit Area	Description		
	(3)	Arbitrary Address Capable		0	0 to 1	1	Defined by SAE(Most significant bit)		
		Industry Group		0	0 to 7	3	Defined by SAE		
		Vehicle System Instance		0	0 to 15	4			
		Vehicle System		0	0 to 127	7	Defined by SAE		
		Reserved		0	0	1	Defined by SAE(Fixed value)		
		Function		0	0 to 255	8	Defined by SAE		
		Function Instance		0	0 to 31	5			
		ECU Instance		0	0 to 7	3			
		Manufacturer Code		0	0 to 2047	11	Defined by SAE		
		Identify Number		0	0 to 2097151	21	Least significant bit		
(2	<b>4)</b> Cor	mment:							
Add <u>C</u> A Delete CA	]	Input NAME and PGN by hexadeci	mal value					OK Cancel	

## (1) Address

Sets the address of the CA to exchange messages with from between 0 and 254. When **Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value** check box is selected, enter them as hexadecimal values. Example: When hexadecimal: 01, F0, etc.

## (2) NAME

Sets the CA NAME in 64 bits. If CA NAME is not defined, set it to 0.

When Input NAME and PGN by hexadecimal value check box is selected, enter them as hexadecimal values.

Example: When hexadecimal: 123456789ABCDEF1, 0000FFFFFFFFFAA, etc.

The device name (NAME) is composed of the set values in the device name field list (3). When the device name (NAME) is changed, those changes are reflected under **Setting Value** in the device name field list.

## (3) Device name field list

Displays each field of the device name (NAME) (2). When a **Setting Value** is changed, the result is reflected in the device name (NAME).

## (4) Comment

Sets a comment for the CA as a maximum of 127 characters. This is reflected in the CA list under Designated CA.

# Receive Message tab

This tab configures the messages that the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module receives from the CA selected in the CA list.

			J19:	39 Communication	Settings			?	×
PLC Setting		Address Settings Receive Message	Send Message				(4)		
Designated CA     ICA (0)	(1)	Device Settings:					CAN ID PGN	61184	
Undesignated CA		Device	Tag Name	Device Address	Comment		Type Max Data Length	Polling	8 🌩
		S1 (Control Register)	D0000	D0000			Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)	0	•
		S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)	M0000	M0000			Data Storage	D0200	
		D1 (Receive Alert Flag)	M0100	M0100			Address	D0200	
							Comment		_
		Message Settings:							
	(2)	Add Delete							
	(2)	Add Delete							
	(3)	No. 🖌 PGN Type	Data Storage	S1	S2 D1 C	omment			
	(3)	1 C 61184 Polling		00000 to D0004 M000		ommeric			
		roung	00200 10 00203	0000 10 20004 11000	5 110100		a a		_
							PGN		
							This is used to specify parameter message.	group for	
							Designated CA:		
							The range of value is 0 to 61184. to be 00h.	Lower 1 byt	e has
							Undesignated CA: The range of value is 0 to 61184	and 61440 t	
							65535. When value is between 0	to 61184, lo	wer 1
							byte has to be 00h.		
·							L		
Add CA Delete 0	~^	Input NAME and PGN by he	auley leminaber						
Add CA		impactive and notice by the	Kadoomiar value				ОК	Can	cei

## (1) Device Settings

Sets the data registers that will be used by the received messages.

Settings	Description				
Tag Name	Specifies the tag name of the device or the device address.				
Device Address	e Address Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name.				
Comment	Shows the comment for the device address. This item can be edited.				

# S1 (Control Register)

Sets the starting address of the data registers that will store the receive results.

Storage Destination		Item	Description		
Starting number+0	Received data length		This register stores the length of the received message data. If the message that will be received exceeds 8 bytes, a multi- packet message split into 8-byte packets will be received. After the multi-packet message has finished being received, the split data is combined and stored in the data storage destination. If the length of the received message data is longer than the maximum data length, the maximum data length is stored and 100 is stored in the receive results status.		
Starting number+1	Reserved				
Starting number+2	Receive result	ts status	This register stores the receive results. To initialize this register, write "0". For details on the receive results status, see "Receive results status" on page 8-16.		
	Receive action	n flag	Stores the action flag for receiving.		
Starting number+3	Bit 0	Receive buffer overwrite flag	When the internal receive buffer was overwritten by the next message before the message data stored in the receive buffer could be written to the data storage destination, this register turns on for one scan.		
	Bits 1 to 15	Reserved			
Starting number+4	Reserved				

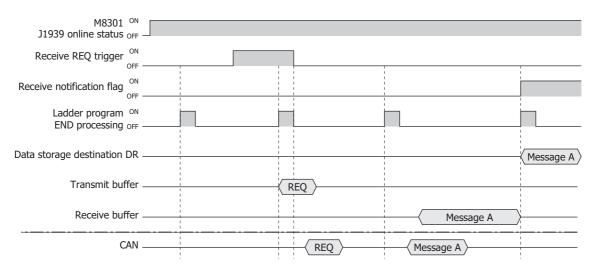
#### Receive results status

Status Code	Description	ption Details		
0	Normal			
10	Receive cycle timeout	The set time for the receive cycle timeout has been exceeded since the previous message was received.		
100	Received data length error	The length of the received message data was longer than the maximum data length.		
101	Received data length error	The received message was 252 bytes or longer.		
102	Multi-packet receive error	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer could not be received.		

#### S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)

This function issues a request to the corresponding CA to transmit a message. When the receive REQ trigger is turned on, PGN 59904 (Request) will be sent to the CA in ladder program END processing.

Receive REQ trigger usage example



## D1 (Receive Alert Flag)

Sets the flag for notification of a received message. This register is on for one scan when a message is received.

## (2) Add button/Delete button

Click **Add** to add a received message to the message list (3).

To delete a message, select the message to delete in the message list, and then click **Delete**.

#### (3) Message list

Displays the content configured by the message parameter settings (4). The received message can also be enabled or disabled. The message is enabled when the check box is selected and disabled when the check box is cleared.

#### Notes:

Click the check box column header to perform the following operations.

- If all received message check boxes are on, all of the check boxes are cleared.
- If any received message check boxes are off, all of the check boxes are selected.

#### (4) Message parameter settings

These settings configure the details of the received message selected in the message list.

CAN ID

PGN: Sets the PGN of the message to receive. The range of the PGN that can be set is 0 to 61,184 (0000h to EF00h) (PDU1 format). Set the low order 1 byte (PDU Specific) that indicates the destination address in PDU1 format to 00h.

Click ... and a PGN can be selected in the displayed PGN Manager. For details, see "PGN Manager" on page 8-29.



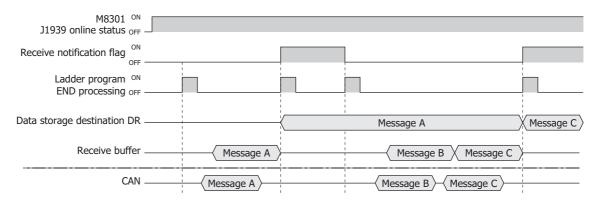
### Туре

The receive method for messages is fixed as "Polling".

Received message are temporarily saved to the internal receive buffer, and the contents of the receive buffer are written to the data registers set as the data storage destination in the ladder program END processing. At this time, the receive notification flag is turned on for only one scan.

If the same PGN message is received from the same CA multiple times during the period from the ladder program END processing until the next END processing, the content of the last received message is written to the data storage destination.

#### Polling reception example



#### Max Data Length

Sets the maximum data length of the PGN to receive. The maximum value that can be set is 252 bytes.

## **Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)**

Sets the time to monitor the receive message cycle that periodically receives messages in 10 ms increments. The range that can be set is 0 to 655,350. If set to 0, the receive cycle is not monitored.

#### **Data Storage**

Sets the data registers that will store the received message. The maximum data length is used starting from the set device.

Address: Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address.

Comment: Shows the comment that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address. This item can be edited.

#### Comment

Sets the comment for the received message. The comment that can be set is a maximum of 127 bytes.

## Send Message tab

This tab configures the messages that the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module transmits to the CA selected in the CA list.

		J193	39 Communication Setti	ngs			? ×
PLC Setting	Address Settings Receive Message	Send Message				(4)	
E Designated CA	Device Settings:					A CAN ID PGN	0
Undesignated CA	Device	Tag Name	Device Address	Comme	nt	Priority	6 🌩
	S1 (Control Register)	D0300	D0300			Type Max Data Length	Event 8 🌩
	S2 (Send Trigger)	M0200	M0200			Cycle to Send (ms)	0
	D1 (Reply Permission Flag for REQ)	M0300	M0300			▲ Data Storage	D0400
						Address	D0400
						Comment	
	Message Settings:						
()							
(2	Add Delete						
(7							
(3	) No. √ PGN Type	Data Storage	S1 S2	D1	Comment		
	1 🔽 0 Event	D0400 to D0403 D	00300 to D0304 M0200	M0300			
	2 📝 2048 Event	D0410 to D0413	00305 to D0309 M0201	M0301		Data Storage	
						Configure device address to stor	e data for
						message. Devices of maximum data length	are occupied
						starting with configured device a	idress.
						Data register can be configured.	
Add CA Delete CA	Input NAME and PGN by he	xadecimal value				OK	Cancel
						UK	Cancer

## (1) Device Settings

Sets the data registers that will be used by the sent messages.

Settings	Description			
Tag name	Specifies the tag name of the device or the device address.			
Device Address	Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name.			
Comment	Shows the comment for the device address. This item can be edited.			

## S1 (Control Register)

Sets the starting address of the data registers that will store the transmit settings and transmit results.

Storage Destination		Item	Description
Starting number+0	Transmit data length		This register stores the length of the message data to transmit. Starting from the data storage destination, data in the length of the transmit data length will be transmitted to the CA. When 0 is stored for the transmit data length, data of the maximum data length will be transmitted to the CA. This cannot be set larger than the maximum data length. If the message that will be transmitted exceeds 8 bytes, the message is split into 8-byte packets and transmitted as a multi- packet message.
Starting number+1	Reserved		
Starting number+2	Transmit resu	lts status	This register stores the transmit results. To initialize this register, write "0". For details on the transmit results status, see "Transmit results status" on page 8-19.
	Transmit action	on flag	Stores the action flag for transmitting.
Starting number+3	Bit 0	REQ received flag	This flag is turned on when a request PGN from a CA was received. This flag is turned off when the corresponding PGN is transmitted.
	Bits 1 to 15	Reserved	
Starting number+4	Reserved		



Transmit results status

Status Code	Description	Details
0	Normal	
1	Multi-packet message transmitted	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer has finished being transmitted.
10	Transmit data length error	The length of the transmitted message data was longer than the maximum data length.
20	Internal transmit queue overflow	The limit on the number of messages that can be queued for transmission has been reached.
100	Multi-packet transmit error	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer could not be transmitted.
200	Local address unconfirmed	The message could not be transmitted because the local address is unconfirmed.
201 Destination address unconfirmed		The message could not be transmitted because the destination CA address is unconfirmed.

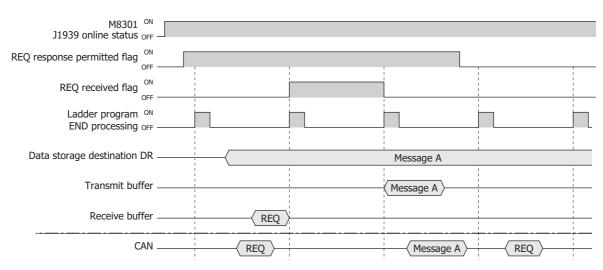
## S2 (Send Trigger)

Sets the transmit trigger when "Event transmission" is selected for **Type**. When the transmit trigger is turned on, the message is transmitted in ladder program END processing. After the message is transmitted, the transmit trigger is turned off.

#### D1 (Reply Permission Flag for REQ)

This function transmits a PGN in response to a transmit request PGN received from the corresponding CA while the REQ response permitted flag is on. When PGN 59904 (Request) is received from a CA, the transmit action flag's REQ received flag is turned on, and in the next END processing a message for the corresponding PGN will be transmitted.

Request response example



## (2) Add button/Delete button

Click Add to add a transmitted message to the message list (3).

To delete a message, select the message to delete in the message list, and then click **Delete**.

### (3) Message list

Displays the content configured by the message parameter settings (4). The send message can also be enabled or disabled. The message is enabled when the check box is selected and disabled when the check box is cleared.

#### Note:

Click the check box column header to perform the following operations.

- If all transmitted message check boxes are on, all of the check boxes are cleared.
- If any transmitted message check boxes are off, all of the check boxes are selected.

### (4) Message parameter settings

These settings configure the details of the transmitted message selected in the message list.

## CAN ID

PGN: Sets the PGN of the message to transmit. The range of the PGN that can be set is 0 to 61,184 (0000h to EF00h) (PDU1 format). Set the low order 1 byte (PDU Specific) that indicates the destination address in PDU1 format to 00h.

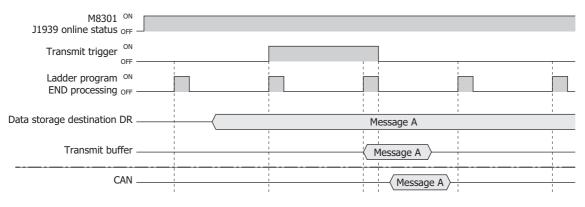
Click ... and a PGN can be selected in the displayed PGN Manager. For details, see "PGN Manager" on page 8-29. Priority: Sets the priority for the message to transmit between 0 and 7.

## Туре

Sets the transmit method for the message. Select as "Event" or "Cycle".

Event: When the transmit trigger is turned on, the transmit data stored in the data storage destination is transmitted in END Processing.

#### Designated CA event transmission example



Cycle: While the cycle transmission permitted flag is on and when the transmit cycle occurs, the transmit data stored in the data storage destination is transmitted in END processing. The actual transmit cycle is affected by the ladder program scan time.

Designated CA cycle transmission example

M8301 ^{ON} J1939 online status _{OFF} -			
Cycle transmission ON permitted flag OFF -		, ,	1
Ladder program ^{ON} END processing _{OFF} -			
END processing orr	Transmit cycle	Transmit cycle	Transmitcycle
Data storage destination DR -	 Message A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Message B
Transmit buffer -	 Message A	Message A	Message B
CAN -	 (Message A)	(Message A)	Message B

#### Max Data Length

Sets the maximum data length of the PGN to transmit. The maximum value that can be set is 252 bytes.

## Cycle to Send (ms)

Sets the transmit cycle in 10 ms increments when "Cycle transmission" is selected for **Type**. The range of the value that can be set is 10 to 655,350.



## Data Storage

Sets the data registers that will store the transmitted message. The maximum data length is used starting from the set device. When transmitting a message, the data is first copied from the data storage destination to the internal transmit buffer and then transmitted.

- Address: Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address.
- Comment: Shows the comment that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address. This item can be edited.

## Comment

Sets the comment for the transmitted message. The comment that can be set is a maximum of 127 bytes.

# **Undesignated CA**

These settings configure messages that are exchanged as broadcasts without specifying specific CAs.

#### Receive Message tab

This tab configures messages that are transmitted from other CAs to the J1939 communication network as broadcasts.

	J1939 Communication Settings ? 🗙							×				
PLC Setting	][	Receive I	Message Ser	d Message						(4)		
1 CA (0)	(1)	Device Se	Device Settings:							PGN	65262	
Undesignated CA			Device	9	Tag Name	Device Add	ress	Co	omment	Type Max Data Length	Polling	8 🜩
			rol Register)		D1000	D1000				Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)	0	
			ive REQ Trigge		M1000	M1000				Data Storage Address	D1220 D1220	
		D1 (Rece	eive Alert Flag)		M1100	M1100				Comment	DIZZU	
										Comment		
		Message	Settings:									
	(2)	Add	D	elete								
	(3)								1			
	(3)	No.	V PGN	Туре	Data Storage	S1	S2	D1	Comment			
		-	61443	Polling	D1200 to D1203	D1000 to D1004	M1000	M1100				
			<ul> <li>61444</li> <li>65262</li> </ul>	Polling Polling	D1210 to D1213	D1005 to D1009	M1001	M1101		Data Storage		
		3	05262	Polling	D1220 to D1223	D1010 to D1014	M1002	M1102		Configure device address to stor message.		
										Devices of maximum data length starting with configured device and	are occupie Idress.	ed
										Data register can be configured.		
Add CA Delete	CA		Input NAME	E and PGN by hex	adecimal value					OK	Car	ncel

#### (1) Device Settings

Sets the data registers that will be used by the received messages.

Settings	Description				
Tag name	Specifies the tag name of the device or the device address.				
Device address	Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name.				
Comment	Shows the comment for the device address. This item can be edited.				

## S1 (Control Register)

Sets the starting address of the data registers that will store the receive results.

Storage Destination		Item	Description		
Starting number+0	Received data	a length	This register stores the length of the received message data. If the message that will be received exceeds 8 bytes, a multi- packet message split into 8-byte packets will be received. After the multi-packet message has finished being received, the split data is combined and stored in the data storage destination. If the length of the received message data is longer than the maximum data length, the maximum data length is stored and 100 is stored in the receive results status.		
Starting number+1	Source address		This register stores the source address of the received message.		
Starting number+2	Receive results status		This register stores the receive results. To initialize this register, write "0". For details on the receive results status, see "Receive results status" on page 8-23.		
	Receive actio	n flag	Stores the action flag for receiving.		
Starting number+3	Bit 0	Receive buffer overwrite flag	When the internal receive buffer was overwritten by the next message before the message data stored in the receive buffer could be written to the data storage destination, this register turns on for one scan.		
	Bits 1 to 15	Reserved			
Starting number+4	Reserved				



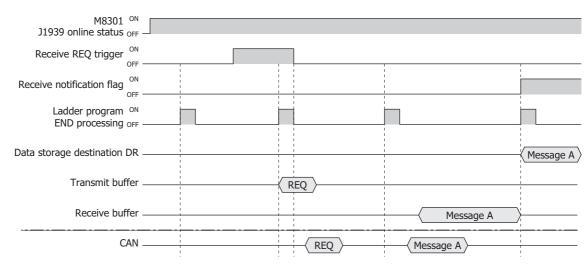
Status Code	Description Details	
0	Normal	
10	Receive cycle timeout	The set time for the receive cycle timeout has been exceeded since the previous message was received.
100	Received data length error	The length of the received message data was longer than the maximum data length.
101	Received data length error	The received message was 252 bytes or longer.
102	Multi-packet receive error	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer could not be received.

Receive results status

#### S2 (Receive REQ Trigger)

This function issues a PGN transmit request as a broadcast to the J1939 communication network. If the receive REQ trigger is turned on, PGN 599034 (Request) is transmitted as a broadcast in ladder program END processing.

#### Receive REQ trigger usage example



#### D1 (Receive Alert Flag)

Sets the flag for notification of a received message. This register is on for one scan when a message is received.

#### (2) Add button/Delete button

Click **Add** to add a received message row to the message list (3).

To delete a message, select the message to delete in the message list, and then click **Delete**.

#### (3) Message list

Displays the content configured by the message parameter settings (4). The received message can also be enabled or disabled. The message is enabled when the check box is selected and disabled when the check box is cleared.

## Notes:

Click the check box column header to perform the following operations.

- If all received message check boxes are on, all of the check boxes are cleared.
- If any received message check boxes are off, all of the check boxes are selected.

#### (4) Message parameter settings

These settings configure the details of the received message selected in the message list.

## CAN ID

PGN: Sets the PGN of the message to receive in 2 bytes. The range of the PGN that can be set is 0 to 61,184 (0000h to EF00h) (PDU1 format) and 61,440 to 65,535 (F000h to FFFFh) (PDU2 format). Set the low order 1 byte (PDU Specific) that indicates the destination address in PDU1 format to 00h.

When the PGN is set in the PDU1 format range, only messages with a destination address of 255 (global address) can be received.

Click ... and a PGN can be selected in the displayed PGN Manager. For details, see "PGN Manager" on page 8-29.



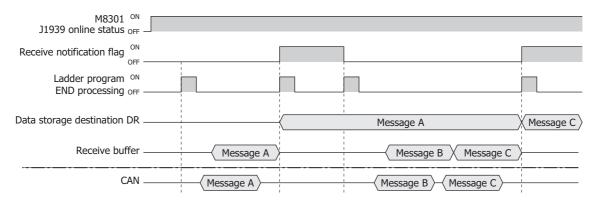
## Туре

The receive method for messages is fixed as "Polling".

Received message are temporarily saved to the internal receive buffer, and the contents of the receive buffer are written to the data registers set as the data storage destination in the ladder program END processing. At this time, the receive notification flag is turned on for only one scan.

If the same PGN message is received from the same CA multiple times during the period from the ladder program END processing until the next END processing, the content of the last received message is written to the data storage destination.

#### Polling reception example



#### Max Data Length

Sets the maximum data length of the PGN to receive. The maximum value that can be set is 252 bytes.

## **Receive Cycle Timeout (ms)**

Sets the time to monitor the receive message cycle that periodically receives messages in 10 ms increments. The range that can be set is 0 to 655,350. If set to 0, the receive cycle is not monitored.

#### Data Storage

Sets the data registers that will store the received message. The maximum data length is used starting from the set device.

Address: Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address.

Comment: Shows the comment that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address. This item can be edited.

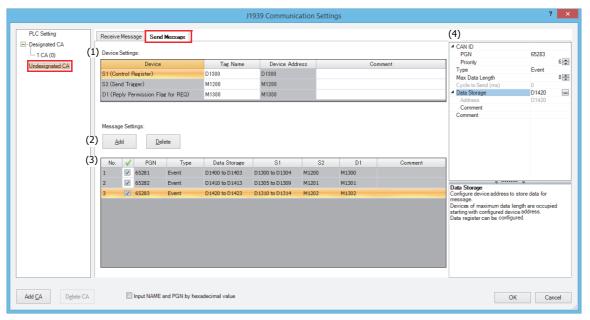
#### Comment

Sets the comment for the received message. The comment that can be set is a maximum of 127 bytes.



## Send Message tab

This tab configures messages that the CAN J1939 All-in-One CPU module transmits to the J1939 communication network as broadcasts.



#### (1) Device Settings

Sets the data registers that will be used by the sent messages.

Settings	Description	
Tag Name	Specifies the tag name of the device or the device address.	
Device Address	Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name.	
Comment	Shows the comment for the device address. This item can be edited.	

#### S1 (Control Register)

Sets the starting address of the data registers that will store the transmit settings and transmit results.

Storage Destination	Item		Description	
Starting number+0	Transmit data length		This register stores the length of the message data to transmit. Starting from the data storage destination, data in the length of the transmit data length will be transmitted to the CA. When 0 is stored for the transmit data length, data of the maximum data length will be transmitted to the CA. This cannot be set larger than the maximum data length. If the message that will be transmitted exceeds 8 bytes, the message is split into 8-byte packets and transmitted as a multi- packet message.	
Starting number+1	Request resp	onse destination address	Stores the source address of the received request PGN as the PGN response destination address.	
Starting number+2	Transmit resu	lts status	This register stores the transmit results. To initialize this register, write "0". For details on the transmit results status, see "Transmit results status" on page 8-26.	
	Transmit action	on flag	Stores the action flag for transmitting.	
Starting number+3	Bit 0	REQ received flag	This flag is turned on when a request PGN from a CA was received. This flag is turned off when the corresponding PGN is transmitted.	
	Bits 1 to 15	Reserved		
Starting number+4	Reserved			

Transmit results status

Status Code	Description	Details
0	Normal	
1	Multi-packet message transmitted	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer has finished being transmitted.
10	Transmit data length error	The length of the transmitted message data was longer than the maximum data length.
20	Internal transmit queue overflow	The limit on the number of messages that can be queued for transmission has been reached.
100	Multi-packet transmit error	A message with a data length of 9 bytes or longer could not be transmitted.
200	Local address unconfirmed	The message could not be transmitted because the local address is unconfirmed.
201	Destination address unconfirmed	The message could not be transmitted because the destination CA address is unconfirmed.

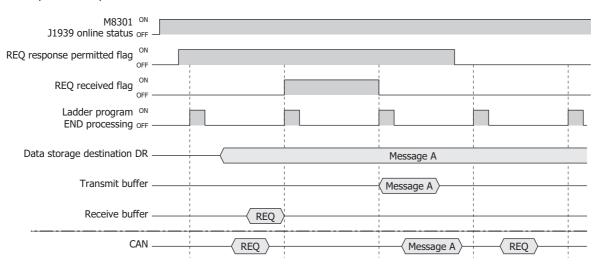
## S2 (Send Trigger)

Sets the transmit trigger when "Event transmission" is selected for **Type**. When the transmit trigger is turned on, the message is transmitted in ladder program END processing. After the message is transmitted, the transmit trigger is turned off.

#### D1 (Reply Permission Flag for REQ)

This function responds to the transmit request in a message transmitted as a broadcast. When PGN 59904 (Request) transmitted as a broadcast is received, if the REQ response permitted flag for the corresponding PGN is on, the PGN 59904 (Request) source address is stored in the request response destination address, and the transmit action flag's REQ received flag is turned on. In the next END processing, the requested PGN message is transmitted to the request response destination address.

#### Request response example



### (2) Add button/Delete button

Click **Add** to add a transmitted message to the message list (3).

To delete a message, select the message to delete in the message list, and then click **Delete**.

## (3) Message list

Displays the content configured by the message parameter settings (4). The send message can also be enabled or disabled. The message is enabled when the check box is selected and disabled when the check box is cleared.

#### Notes:

Click the check box column header to perform the following operations.

- If all transmitted message check boxes are on, all of the check boxes are cleared.
- If any transmitted message check boxes are off, all of the check boxes are selected.



## (4) Message parameter settings

These settings configure the details of the transmitted message selected in the message list.

## CAN ID

PGN: Sets the PGN of the message to transmit. The range of the PGN that can be set is 0 to 61,184 (0000h to EF00h) (PDU1 format) and 61,440 to 65,535 (F000h to FFFFh) (PDU2 format). Set the low order 1 byte (PDU Specific) that indicates the destination address in PDU1 format to 00h. When the PGN is set in the PDU1 format range, it is transmitted as a message with a destination address of 255 (global address).

Click ... and a PGN can be selected in the displayed PGN Manager. For details, see "PGN Manager" on page 8-29.

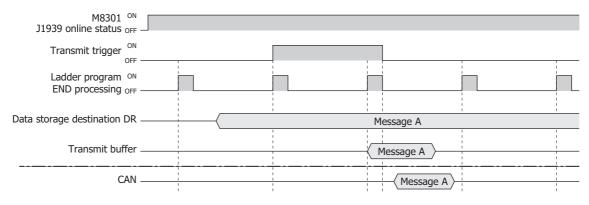
Priority: Sets the priority for the message to transmit between 0 and 7.

#### Туре

Sets the transmit method for the message. Select as "Event" or "Cycle".

Event: When the transmit trigger is turned on, the transmit data stored in the data storage destination is transmitted in END Processing.

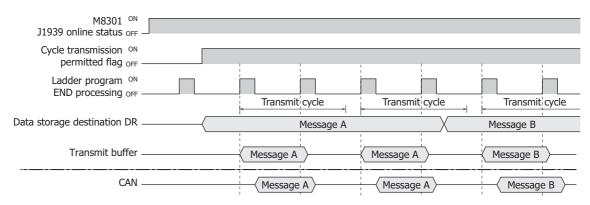
#### Undesignated CA event transmission example



#### Cycle:

While the cycle transmission permitted flag is on and when the transmit cycle occurs, the transmit data stored in the data storage destination is transmitted in END processing. The actual transmit cycle is affected by the ladder program scan time.

#### Undesignated CA cycle transmission example



#### Max Data Length

Sets the maximum data length of the PGN to transmit. The maximum value that can be set is 252 bytes.

#### Cycle to Send (ms)

Sets the transmit cycle in 10 ms increments when "Cycle transmission" is selected for **Type**. The range of the value that can be set is 10 to 655,350.



## Data Storage

Sets the data registers that will store the transmitted message. The maximum data length is used starting from the set device. When transmitting a message, the data is first copied from the data storage destination to the internal transmit buffer and then transmitted.

- Address: Shows the device address that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address.
- Comment: Shows the comment that corresponds to the tag name of the device or the device address. This item can be edited.

#### Comment

Sets the comment for the transmitted message. The comment that can be set is a maximum of 127 bytes.

## **PGN Manager**

PGNs for transmitted and received messages are collectively managed with PGN Manager.

	_			PGN Manager
		Group: Find: (6)	(1) J1939-0 (4) (7) (8) (7) ×	1 (2) × (3) (5) <u>Next</u> (9) (10)
(1	1)	No.	PGN	Description
Ì	Ĺ	1	0	Torque/Speed Control 1
		2	256	Transmission Control 1
		3	1024	External Brake Request
		4	1792	General Purpose Valve Pressure
		5	2048	Auxiliary Input/Output Status 5
		6	39680	Proprietary Method Identification
		7	39936	Auxiliary Input/Output Status 7
		8	40192	Auxiliary Input/Output Status 6
		9	42240	Auxiliary Input/Output Status 4
		10	42496	Auxiliary Input/Output Status 3
				(12) Select Close (13)

#### (1) Group list

Displays the registered PGN groups.

When the group is changed, the PGNs registered to the selected group are displayed in the PGN list (11). **J1939** has been registered in advance. A maximum of 20 groups including **J1939** can be registered.

## (2) Add group button

Adds a group.

Click this button to display PGN Group Editor. Add a new group with PGN Group Editor. For details, see "PGN Group Editor" on page 8-31.

The added group is added to the group list.

#### (3) Delete group button

Deletes a group.

Select a group from the group list and click this button to delete it. The default group **J1939** cannot be deleted.

#### (4) Find

Enter a string to find in the PGN list as a maximum of 128 bytes.

#### (5) Next

Finds the string entered in **Find** in the PGN list. Enter a string in **Find** and click this button.

# (6) Add PGN button

Adds a PGN to the group.

Select the group in the group list where the PGN will be added and click this button to display PGN Editor. Add a new PGN with PGN Editor. For details, see "PGN Editor" on page 8-31. The added PGN is added to the PGN list.

## (7) Edit PGN button

Edits a PGN.

Select a registered group in the group list that contains the PGN to edit, and then select the PGN to edit in the PGN list. Click this button to display PGN Editor.

Edit the PGN in PGN Editor. For details, see "PGN Editor" on page 8-31.

The content of the PGN selected in the PGN is updated.

#### (8) Delete PGN button

## Deletes a PGN.

Select a registered group in the group list that contains the PGN to delete, and then select the PGN to delete in the PGN list. Click this button to delete the PGN.



## (9) Import PGNs button

Imports PGNs saved as a CSV file.

Select the group where the PGNs will be imported in the group list. PGNs that are already registered to the selected group are all deleted before the import is executed.

Click this button to display the **Open** dialog box.

		Open			×
	PNG		♥ 🖒 Search	PNG	<i>م</i>
Organize 🔻 New fol				-	
☆ Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
🏠 OneDrive	☐ J1939.csv	11/26/2015 7:16 PM	CSV File	1 KB	
🤞 Homegroup					
🗣 Network					
File	name: //1939.csv		✓ CSV(*.	-cv)	~
	11333/234				ancel

Select the CSV file where the PGNs are saved and click **Open** to import the PGNs in that file to the PGN list for the group selected in the group list.

## (10) Export PGNs button

Exports the PGNs registered to the group selected in the group list as a CSV file. Click this button to display the **Save As** dialog box.

	Save As	×
	✓ 🖒 Search PNG	P
Organize 🔻 New folder	₿≕ ▼	0
☆ Favorites Name	Date modified Type Size	
🏠 OneDrive	No items match your search.	
🤞 Homegroup		
1툪 This PC		
🙀 Network		
File name: J1939.csv		~
Save as type: CSV(*.csv)		~
Hide Folders	Save Cancel	

Select the location to save the file, enter a file name, and then click **Save** to save the PGNs registered to the group as a CSV file.

## (11) PGN list

Displays the PGNs registered to the group selected in the group list.

No.: Displays the control number for the registered PGN (1 to 65,535).

PGN: Displays the PGN.

Name: Displays the PGN name.

#### (12) Select button

Closes PGN Manager and sets CAN ID in the calling message parameter to the PGN selected in the PGN list.

#### (13) Close button

Closes PGN Manager.



# PGN Group Editor

Adds a new group.

	Group Editor	×
Group Name (1) J1939-01	(2) (3) Add Qose	.1

## (1) Group Name

Enter the group name for the group that will be used to register PGNs as a maximum of 64 bytes.

#### (2) Add button

Closes PGN Group Editor and adds the group to the PGN Manager group list.

#### (3) Close button

Closes PGN Group Editor.

#### PGN Editor

Adds new PGNs and edits existing PGNs.

	PGN Editor	×
PGN: (1)		0
(3) 🔲 Input PGN by hexadecimal value	(4) ок	Cancel (5)

### (1) PGN

Enter the PGN to register as a maximum of 5 characters.

When the **Input PGN by hexadecimal value** check box is cleared, enter this as a decimal value. When the check box is selected, enter this is a hexadecimal value.

Example: When hexadecimal: 0001, FF00, etc.

## (2) Description

Enter the name of the PGN to register as a maximum of 128 bytes.

#### (3) Input PGN by hexadecimal value check box

Specifies the PGN entry format.

When cleared, enter the value as a decimal value. When selected, enter the value as a hexadecimal value.

### (4) OK button

Closes PGN Editor and adds the PGN to the PGN Manager group list.

# (5) Cancel button

Closes PGN Editor.



# 9: BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION

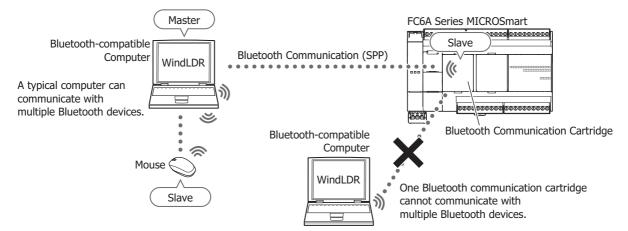
This chapter describes the Bluetooth communication of the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

## **Overview**

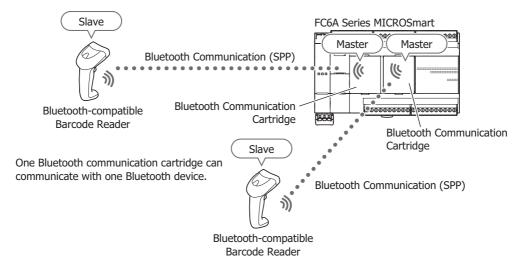
Bluetooth communication can be used by connecting a Bluetooth communication cartridge to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Bluetooth communication cartridge can be connected to the three cartridge slots, cartridge slots 1, 2, and 3 (Plus CPU module only). Bluetooth communication cartridges can have the serial communication with Bluetooth devices that support SPP profile. The FC6A Series MICROSmart with a connected Bluetooth communication cartridge can connect to a Bluetooth network as a master or slave. Regardless of whether the FC6A Series MICROSmart is a master or slave, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can connect to and communicate with only one Bluetooth device per Bluetooth communication cartridge.

On a Bluetooth network, the source of the connection is called the master and the destination of the connection is called the salve.

#### Example of Computer and FC6A Series MICROSmart Connection



**Example of FC6A Series MICROSmart and Bluetooth Device Connection** 



# 9: BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION

## **Wireless Communication Specifications**

Type No.	FC6A-PC4	
Bluetooth Standard	Bluetooth ver.2.1 + EDR	
Profile	SPP (Serial Port Profile) iAP (iPod Accessory Protocol)	
Frequency Range	2,402 MHz to 2,480 MHz	
Wireless Transmission Distance ^{*1}	10 m (Class 2)	
Multi-point Function	8 units	
Communication Protocol	Maintenance communication protocol, user communication protocol	
Bluetooth Wireless Approved Regions ^{*2}	Japan, China, USA, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Europe	

*1 Connection effective range is affected by obstacles (human, metal, wall) and wave signal condition. Make sure to confirm the connection status before actual operation.

*2 Depending on countries or regions, evaluations on the device equipped with FC6A may be necessary.

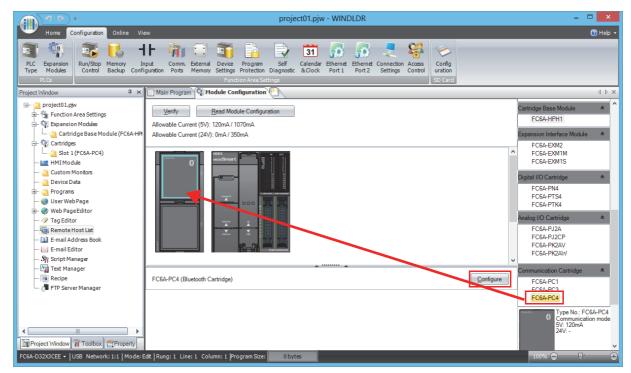
Note: Communication performance (required time) in maintenance communication is as follows.

- User program upload equivalent to 10,000 steps: 2 minutes 40 seconds approx.
- User program download equivalent to 10,000 steps: 2 minutes 30 seconds approx.
- User program upload equivalent to 20,000 steps: 5 minutes 20 seconds approx.
- User program download equivalent to 20,000 steps: 5 minutes approx.
- 100 KB CSV file retrieval: 1 minute 30 seconds approx.
- 200 KB CSV file retrieval: 3 minutes approx.

# **Configuring the Bluetooth Communication Cartridge**

## **Programming WindLDR**

- The Bluetooth communication cartridge is configured with the Module Configuration Editor. On the Configuration tab, in the PLCs group, select Expansion Modules.
- **2.** Click the Bluetooth communication cartridge inserted in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** dialog box is displayed.



3. Configure the Bluetooth communication cartridge settings.

Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration (Slot 1)
Bluetooth Device Name Setting: IDEC_BT_007 Communication Mode Settings   Maintenance Protocol  User Protocol
Switch the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device
Paring Settings
PIN Code: 1234
© 0pen
Device Address Settings
Control Register: D7000 D7000 - D7018
Control Relay: M0100 M0100 - M0102
Device Allocation
Establish Conection from PLC
Connection trigger: M0101
Disconnection trigger: M0102
MAC Address of Remote Bluetooth Device
Constant: 55:32:00:83:42:55
Data Register: D7007 - D7012
OK Cancel

4. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

This concludes configuring the Bluetooth communication cartridge.



## 9: BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION

**Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** 

Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Co	onfiguration (Slot 1) ? ×
Bluetooth Device Name Setting: (1) DEC_BT_007 (2) Communication Mode Settings Maintenance Protocol User Protocol (3) Switch the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device	(4)
	Remote Blueto oth Device List
(5) Paring Settings PIN Code: 1234 Open Device Address Settings Control Register: (6) D7000 D7000 - D7018 Control Relay: (7) M0100 M0100 - M0102	(8)
(9) 🕢 Establish Conection from PLC	
Connection trigger: M0101	
Disconnection trigger: M0102 MAC Address of Remote Bluetooth Device	
Onstant: 55:32:00:83:42:     Onstant: D7007 - D7012	:55
	OK Cancel

#### (1) Bluetooth Device Name Setting

Set the name that will be displayed on a computer or smartphone when Bluetooth devices in the area are detected from that computer or smartphone.

### (2) Communication Mode Settings

Select the communication mode of the FC6A Series MICROSmart in Bluetooth communication from **Maintenance Protocol** or **User Protocol**.

When Switching the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device (3) is selected, the communication mode configured in (3) is applied with a higher priority.

#### (3) Switch the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device

Select this check box to switch the communication mode of the FC6A Series MICROSmart according to the connected Bluetooth device.

For example, use this option to switch to maintenance communication when the FC6A Series MICROSmart connects to a smart phone and to switch to user communication when the FC6A Series MICROSmart connects to a barcode reader after it is disconnected from the smart phone.

If this check box is not selected or this check box is selected but no Bluetooth devices are registered in the **Remote Bluetooth Device List** dialog box, the FC6A Series MICROSmart will operate with the communication mode set by Communication Mode Settings (2).

When Switching the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device (3) is configured and FC6A Series MICROSmart establishes a connection with a Bluetooth device, the FC6A Series MICROSmart determines the communication mode. Therefore, the FC6A Series MICROSmart does not receive the SPP data for a few seconds from when the connection is established. SPP communication is possible when the communication mode is changed and the Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) status in the control register (6) is changed.

## (4) Remote Bluetooth Device List button

MAC address and communication mode for the remote Bluetooth devices to connect for Switching the mode depending on Remote Bluetooth Device (3) can be configured.

Click this button to display the Remote Bluetooth Device List dialog box.

The MAC address, communication mode, and comment of each Bluetooth device are displayed in the dialog box. For details, see "Remote Bluetooth Device List" on page 9-6.



#### (5) Pairing Settings

Select the security when making a Bluetooth connection from the following.

PIN Code	: Requires the input of the configured PIN code when making a connection with the Bluetooth
	device. The communicated content is encrypted.
	This pairing method is typically used with devices up to Bluetooth v2.0.
Open	: The communicated content is not encrypted.

: The communicated content is not encrypted.

This setting is used to communicate with devices up to Bluetooth v2.0 with no security.

#### (6) Control Registers

Specify the first data register of the control registers storing MAC addresses of the remote Bluetooth device and the Bluetooth communication cartridge connected to the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Special data registers cannot be specified.

Device Address	Item	Description	R/W
Starting number+0	Status of Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot)	<ul> <li>Stores the status and communication mode of the Bluetooth communication cartridge.</li> <li>0: No operation</li> <li>255: In operation, such as waiting for Bluetooth connection and disconnection</li> <li>1: Maintenance communication</li> <li>2: User communication</li> <li>The default setting is 0 (No operation).</li> </ul>	R
Starting number+1			
Starting number+2	-	Stores the MAC address of the Bluetooth communication cartridge	
Starting number+3	MAC address of Bluetooth	connected to the cartridge slot.	
Starting number+4	communication cartridge (cartridge slot)	Example: MAC address: AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF Starting number+1=AA, starting number+2=BB, starting number+3=CC,	R
Starting number+5		starting number+1=AA, starting number+2=BB, starting number+3=CC, starting number+4=DD, starting number+5=EE, starting number+6=FF	
Starting number+6		Starting humber ( 1–22), starting humber ( 3–22), starting humber ( 3–1	
Starting number+7	MAC address of the remote		
Starting number+8	Bluetooth device with which the Bluetooth communication cartridge	Store the MAC address of the remote Bluetooth device to connect.	
Starting number+9		Example: MAC address: AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF	D (M)
Starting number+10		Starting number+1=AA, starting number+2=BB, starting number+3=CC,	R/W
Starting number+11	makes a connection	starting number+4=DD, starting number+5=EE, starting number+6=FF	
Starting number+12	(cartridge slot)		
Starting number+13			
Starting number+14	1		
Starting number+15	Decouved		
Starting number+16	- —Reserved—		_
Starting number+17	1		
Starting number+18	1		

## (7) Control Relays

Specify the first internal relay of the control relays storing the Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) communication status and connection and disconnection triggers for the Establish Connection (9). Special internal relays cannot be specified.

Device Address	Item	Description	R/W
Starting number+0	Status of Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot)	0: Cannot communicate with the remote Bluetooth device 1: Can communicate with the remote Bluetooth device	R
Starting number+1	Connection trigger of Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot)	0: Do not process 1: Connect the connection target Bluetooth device	R/W
Starting number+2	Disconnection trigger of Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot)	0: Do not process 1: Disconnect the connection target Bluetooth device	R/W

## (8) Device Allocation button

Click this button to display the **Device Allocation** dialog box.

The dialog box displays a table with the Bluetooth communication cartridge settings and corresponding data registers and internal relays. For details, see "Device Allocations" on page 9-7.



#### (9) Establish Connection from PLC

Select this check box to connect to and disconnect from the remote Bluetooth device when FC6A Series MICROSmart is the master. When this check box is selected, iOS devices cannot be connected.

Connection Trigger	: The device address of the control relay, which is configured in (7), + 1 is displayed as the connection trigger. When this is turned off to on, a connection is made with the remote Bluetooth device configured in <b>MAC Address of Remote Bluetooth Device</b> .
Disconnection Trigger	: The device address of the control relay, which is configured in (7), + 2 is displayed as the disconnection trigger. When this is turned off to on, a connection with the remote Bluetooth device configured in <b>MAC Address of Remote Bluetooth Device</b> is disconnected.
MAC Address of Remote Bluetooth Device	: The remote Bluetooth device to connect can be specified with either <b>Constant</b> or <b>Data Register</b> .
	When <b>Constant</b> is selected, MAC address configured in the <b>Bluetooth</b> <b>Communication Cartridge Configuration</b> dialog box becomes the target to connect.
	When <b>Data Register</b> is selected, MAC address configured with the first data register $+7$ to $+12$ of the control register (6) becomes the target to connect.

#### **Remote Bluetooth Device List**

<u>A</u> dd <u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> elete	(2) (3)
	(3)
<u>D</u> elete	
	(4)
Cancel	
	Cancel

#### (1) Bluetooth Device List

Displays the MAC address, communication mode, and comment of each Bluetooth device.

#### (2) Add

Click this button to display the **Remote Bluetooth Device Settings** dialog box. This dialog box is used to enter the MAC address of the connected Bluetooth device, communication mode to switch to at the start of the connection, and comment. A maximum of 20 devices can be registered. For details, see "Remote Bluetooth Device Settings" on page 9-7.

#### (3) Edit

Select a Bluetooth device in the Bluetooth Device List (1) and click this button to display the **Remote Bluetooth Device Settings** dialog box. This dialog box is used to edit the MAC address of the connected Bluetooth device, communication mode to switch to at the start of the connection, and comment. For details, see "Remote Bluetooth Device Settings" on page 9-7.

#### (4) Delete

Select a Bluetooth device in the Bluetooth Device List (1) and click this button to delete the Bluetooth device.

## **Remote Bluetooth Device Settings**

Rem	? ×	
MAC address	(1) 35:32:00:83:42:55	ОК
Communication Mode	(2) Maintenance Protoc 🔹	Cancel
Comments	(3) .DEC-iPhone01	

## (1) MAC address

Set the MAC address of the connected Bluetooth device.

# (2) Communication Mode

Select the communication mode to switch to at the start of the connection from Maintenance Protocol or User Protocol.

#### (3) Comments

Enter the MAC address of the connected Bluetooth device.

#### **Device Allocations**

Data Register	Internal Relay
Device Address	B Description
D7000	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Status
D7001	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 1/6
D7002	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 2/6
D7003	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 3/6
D7004	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 4/6
D7005	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 5/6
D7006	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) MAC Address 6/6
D7007	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7008	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7009	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7010	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7011	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7012	Bluetooth Cartridge (Slot 1) Target Device MAC
D7013	Reserved
D7014	Reserved

## (1) Device Allocations List

Displays a table with the Bluetooth communication cartridge settings, data registers, and internal relays.

#### (2) Allocate Comments button

Click this button to set the content in the table as the comments of the devices.

# **Configuring and Communicating with Bluetooth Devices**

### Maintenance Communication with a Computer

This section describes how to perform maintenance communication with a computer using the Bluetooth communication.

This enables you to have a computer, in which WindLDR is installed, connect with the Bluetooth communication cartridge to monitor and change device values and to upload and download the user program.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart waits for the connection as the slave and the computer acts as the master to make the connection on the Bluetooth network.



Bluetooth Communication Cartridge

#### FC6A Series MICROSmart Settings

- 1. Connect the Bluetooth communication cartridge to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
- Configure the Bluetooth communication cartridge with WindLDR. For details, see "Programming WindLDR" on page 9-3.

#### Example: Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box settings

Settings		Description
Bluetooth Device Name Setting		IDEC_BT_007
Communication Mode		Maintenance Communication
Pairing Setting		PIN Code "1234"
Device Cattings	Control Registers	D7000
Device Settings	Control Relays	M0100

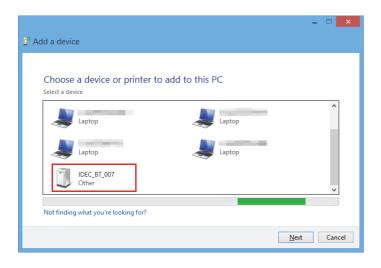
3. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

## **Computer Settings**

1. Search for the name of the Bluetooth communication cartridge with the computer.

The name is set with the **Bluetooth Device Name Setting** in the **Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** dialog box in WindLDR.

(IDEC_BT_007)





2. Connect to the Bluetooth communication cartridge and create a virtual COM port. When connecting the first time, pairing is necessary and entering the PIN code "1234" is required.

IDEC_BT_007 Properties	×		
General Hardware Services Bluetooth			
IDEC_BT_007			
Device Functions:			
Name Type	•		
BLUEC_BT_007 Bluet	ooth		
Standard Serial over Bluetooth link (COM22) Ports	(COM		
Device Function Summary			
Manufacturer: Microsoft			
Location: on Bluetooth Device (RFCOMM Protocol TDI)			
Device status: This device is working properly.			
P	roperties		
OK Cancel	Apply		

## **Checking Bluetooth Communication**

1. Perform the serial communication using the virtual COM port. Select Use Bluetooth communication.

Communication Settings ? ×					×
Serial	Serial Port Setting				
Ethernet	Port:	COM22	-		
USB	Baud Rate:	9600 bps	-		
	Data Bits:	7 bits	•		
	Parity:	Even	-		
	Stop Bits:	1 bit	•		
	Timeout:	1200	🔹 ms		
	Retry:	2	<b></b>		
	PLC Network Setting 1:1 1:N Slave Number				
	Monitor Settings	-			
		Time delay between communication: Download Settings			ms
	The maximum data size	The maximum data size:			
	Communication Opt	ions	0 🌩		
	Use HGxG Pass-Th	ough			
	Use Bluetooth com	munication			
<u>D</u> efault			ОК	Cance	

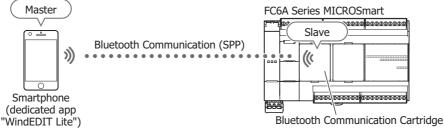
- **2.** Run the monitor in WindLDR.
- Check the value of the device that indicates the Bluetooth communication status. Check if the Bluetooth communication cartridge status (M0100) is 1. The Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) status is the first internal relay + 0 of the control relays configured in Device Address Settings in Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box.

# 9: BLUETOOTH COMMUNICATION

#### Maintenance Communication with a Smartphone

This section describes how to perform maintenance communication with a smartphone using the Bluetooth communication. This enables you to have a smart phone, in which the dedicated app is installed, connect with the Bluetooth communication cartridge to monitor and change device values and to upload and download the user program.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart waits for the connection as the slave and the smartphone acts as the master to make the connection on the Bluetooth network.



Unspecified access can be prevented by using password authentication to restrict access to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

#### FC6A Series MICROSmart Settings

- 1. Connect the Bluetooth communication cartridge to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
- Configure the Bluetooth communication cartridge with WindLDR. For details, see "Programming WindLDR" on page 9-3.

Example: Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box settings

Settings		Description
Bluetooth Device Name Setting		IDEC_BT_007
Communication Mode		Maintenance Communication
Pairing Setting		PIN Code "1234"
Device Settings	Control Registers	D7000
Device Settings	Control Relays	M0100

3. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

#### **Smartphone Settings**

**1.** Search for the name of the Bluetooth communication cartridge with a smart phone.

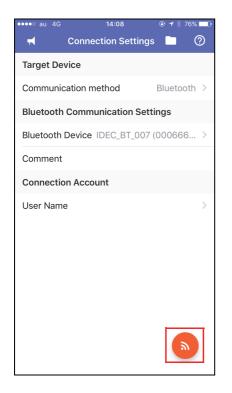
The name is set with the **Bluetooth Device Name Setting** in the **Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** dialog box in WindLDR.

(IDEC_BT_007)



Note: The search screen for the Bluetooth communication devices depends on each smart phone to use.

2. Connect to the Bluetooth communication cartridge from the dedicated app.



#### **Checking Bluetooth Communication**

 Check the device value that indicates the Bluetooth communication status with the dedicated app WindEDIT Lite. Check if the Bluetooth communication cartridge status (M0100) is 1. The Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) status is the first internal relay + 0 of the control relays configured in Device Address Settings in Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box.

Note: For how to use the dedicated app WindEDIT Lite, see the "WindEDIT Lite User's Manual".

# **User Account Settings**

## **Creating User Accounts**

# • Operation procedure

- 1. In the Function Area Settings dialog box, under Access Control, select the Enable access control for App check box.
- 2. Click Configure.

The User Account Settings dialog box is displayed.

	Function Area Settings	? ×	
Run/Stop Control	Configure the access control settings.		1
Memory Backup			
Input Configuration	Access Control for App		1
Communication Ports	Enable access control for App		
External Memory Devices	Configure user accounts to access PLC from App Configure		
Device Settings			
Program Protection			
Self Diagnostic			
Calendar & Clock			
Ethernet Port 1			
Ethernet Port 2			
Connection Settings			
Access Control			
	][		_
<u>D</u> efault	OK	Cancel	

## 3. Click New User.

A user account is created in the list.

		User Ace	count Setti	ngs		?	×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App			_
	UserNa	me:					
	Passwor	d:					
New User Delete					ОК	Cancel	

4. On the General tab, set User Name and Password.

	User Account Settings	? ×
	General Web Server FTP Server Access from App	
	User Name: user 1	
	Password: #*****	
		_
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete	ОК	Cancel

- 5. Click the Access from App tab and select the Allow access to PLC from App check box.
- 6. Under Permission, select Read Only or Read/Write.

	U	ser Account Sett	ings	?	×
	General Web S	Server FTP Server	Access from App		
User 1	Read				
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete				OK Cancel	

7. Repeat the steps 2 to 6 and create the required number of user accounts.

Note: If you select a user account on the list, you can edit the settings of the selected user account on the General and Access from App tabs.

8. Click OK.

	User A	? ×	
user 1	General Web Server	FTP Server Access from App	
user2 user3	User Name:	user3	
	Password:	******	
New User Delete		ок	Cancel

This concludes creating user accounts.

## **Deleting a Created User Account**

# • Operation procedure

**1.** Select the user account on the list and click **Delete**. A confirmation message is displayed.

		User Ace	count Settir	ngs	? ×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App	
user1 user2 user3	UserNa	me:	user3		
	Passwor	d:	******		
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete				C	K Cancel

# 2. Click OK.



3. Click OK.

		User Ac	count Setti	ngs		? ×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
user1 user2	UserNar	me:	user2			
	Passwor	d:	******			
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete				[	ок	Cancel

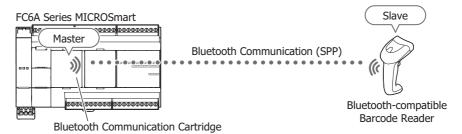
This concludes deleting a user account.

# User Communication with a Barcode Reader

This section describes how to perform user communication with a barcode reader using the Bluetooth communication.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart can connect to a supported barcode reader and perform user communication.

The configuration method depends on the specifications of the barcode reader to use. In the following description, the barcode reader waits for the connection as the slave and the FC6A Series MICROSmart acts as the master to make the connection on the Bluetooth network.



# FC6A Series MICROSmart Settings

- 1. Connect the Bluetooth communication cartridge to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.
- **2.** Configure the Bluetooth communication cartridge with WindLDR. For details, see "Programming WindLDR" on page 9-3.

#### Example: Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box settings

	Description			
Bluetooth Device Name Setting	Bluetooth Device Name Setting			
Communication Mode	Communication Mode			
Pairing Setting	Pairing Setting			
Davias Cattings	Control Registers	D7000		
Device Settings	Control Relays	M0100		
Establish Connection from PLC	Selected			

3. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

## **Barcode Reader Settings**

- Set the PIN code on the barcode reader. Configure the barcode reader by reading the PIN code setup barcode. This will depend on the specifications of the barcode reader. The PIN code is set with the **Pairing Settings** in the **Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** dialog box in WindLDR. (1234)
- Have the barcode reader wait for a connection. Configure the barcode reader by having it read the setup barcode for the wait for connection. This will depend on the specifications of the barcode reader.

## **Checking Bluetooth Communication**

- Turn on the connection trigger on the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Turn on the Bluetooth communication cartridge connection trigger. The Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) connection trigger is the first internal relay + 1 of the control relays configured in **Device Address Settings** in **Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration** dialog box. The status code of 255 is stored in D7000, which is the first control register + 0: Bluetooth communication cartridge status (cartridge slot).
- 2. Run the monitor in WindLDR.
- Check the device value that indicates the Bluetooth communication status. Check if the Bluetooth communication cartridge status (M0100) is 1. The Bluetooth communication cartridge (cartridge slot) status is the first internal relay + 0 of the control relays configured in Device Address Settings in Bluetooth Communication Cartridge Configuration dialog box.





# **10: FTP SERVER/CLIENT**

This chapter describes FTP server and client of the Plus CPU module.

## **FTP Server**

The FTP server is available with the Plus CPU module only.

## **FTP Server Overview**

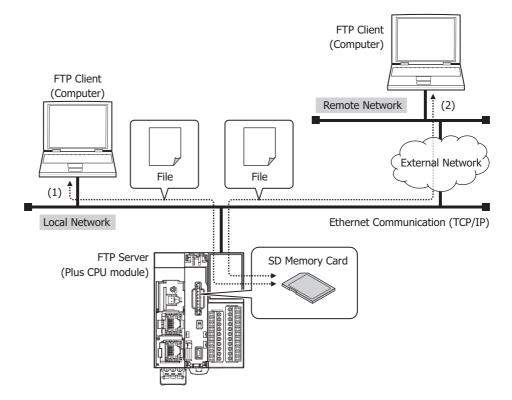
#### What the FTP Server Can Do

The FTP server enables the Plus CPU module to act as an FTP server to communicate with FTP clients, such as a computer. FTP clients can perform the following actions.

- Read files from the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module.
- Write files to the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module.

#### **Example of System Configuration**

The following diagram shows an example of a system configuration for using the FTP server.

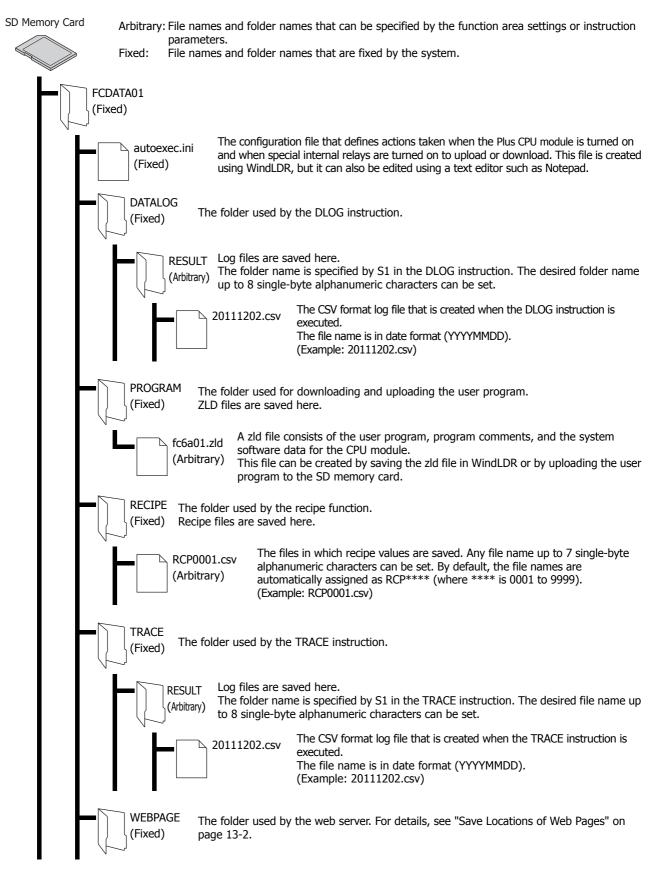


Connect Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module to the network.

- (1) Access the Plus CPU module from an FTP client connected to the network, and read files from or write files to the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module.
- (2) If the network is connected to an external network, configure the gateway and router of the local network for FTP clients connected via a remote network. Access the Plus CPU module from a remote FTP client, and read files from or write files to the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module. Contact the administrator of the network to which the Plus CPU module is connected for information about the configurations for the gateway and router.

# Files Handled by the FTP Server

All files on the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module can be accessed with the FTP server. This section shows the folder and file structure of the SD memory card.





# **Supported Commands and Connection Methods**

- Commands defined in RFC 959 are supported.
- Active mode and passive mode are supported.
- FTPS (FTP over SSL/TLS) is supported. Explicit mode is supported.
- Only one FTP client connection is allowed at one time.

The recommended FTP client software are as follows.

- Internet Explorer 8.0 or higher
- FFFTP
- FileZilla

#### **Programming WindLDR**

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click Ethernet Port 1.
- 2. Under FTP Server Settings, select the Enable FTP Server check box.
- **3.** Configure the FTP server settings.

		Functi	on Area Settings			? >	×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports External Memory Devices	Langu 📝 Use W	U Memor stem Web Page age: English eb Page Editor	y Lard				•
Device Settings Program Protection		FTP Client Source	Destination	Files to transfer			
Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock	1	Source	Destriation	Tiles to transfer	Configure		
Ethernet Port 1	2				Configure		
Ethernet Port 2 Connection Settings	3				Configure		
Access Control	5				Configure	Ţ	
					Delete		
		e <b>r Settings</b> FTP Server					
	Timer		er: Configure				
							-
<u>D</u> efault					ОК	Cancel	

4. Download the user program to the Plus CPU module.

This concludes configuring the FTP server settings.

# **FTP Server Settings**

	Func	tion Area Settings		? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports	Use System Web Page Language: English	ny caro		•
External Memory Devices Device Settings Program Protection	FTP Client Settings			
Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock	No. Source	Destination	Files to transfer Configu	
Ethernet Port 1 Ethernet Port 2 Connection Settings	3		Configu	re
Access Control	5		Configu	
(1	FTP Server Settings	ver: Configure	Delete	
Default			ОК	▼ Cancel

#### (1) Enable FTP Server

Select this check box to use the FTP server. The files on the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module can be read and written from an FTP client. The port number used for the FTP server is 21.

#### (2) Timeout

Specify the duration of time to disconnect the FTP client. When an FTP client is logged in to the Plus CPU module and there is no communication between the FTP client and the Plus CPU module for the specified duration of time, the connection is automatically disconnected. (Default: 15 minutes)

#### (3) Configure user accounts to access FTP Server

Select this check box to protect the FTP server from anonymous login with the user accounts.

Click **Configure** and create user accounts in the **User Account Settings** dialog box. For details, see "User Account Settings" on page 10-5.

## (4) Allow only secure connection (SSL) to connect

Select this check box to allow logging in to the FTP server over SSL communication only.

# **User Account Settings**

# **Creating User Accounts**

# • Operation procedure

1. In the Function Area Settings dialog box, under FTP Server Settings, select the Enable FTP Server check box.

# 2. Click Configure.

The User Account Settings dialog box is displayed.

	Function Area Settings		?	×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports External Memory Devices Device Settings	Use System Web Page Language: English Use Web Page Editor FTP Client Settings C English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English English E			
Program Protection Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock Ethemet Port 1 Ethemet Port 2 Connection Settings Access Control	No.     Source     Destination     Files to transfer       1	Configure Configure Configure Configure Configure		
Default	FTP Server Settings         Imeout:       15 mm nin         Configure user accounts to access FTP Server       Configure         Allow only secure connection (SSL) to connect	Delete	Cance	

#### 3. Click New User.

A user account is created in the list.

	User Account Settings					? ×
(maintain)	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
	UserNan	ne:				]
	Password	d:				]
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete					ОК	Cancel

4. On the General tab, set User Name and Password.

	User Account Settings	? ×
	General Web Server FTP Server Access from App	
	User Name: User 1	
	Password: ******	
New User Delete	ОК	Cancel

- 5. Click the FTP Server tab and select the Allow access to FTP server check box.
- 6. Under Permission, select Read Only or Read/Write.

	User A	ccount Settir	ngs		? ×
	General Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
	✓ Allow access to FTP Permission:	server			
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete				ОК	Cancel

7. Repeat the steps 2 to 6 and create the required number of user accounts.

Note: If you select a user account on the list, you can edit the settings of the selected user account on the General and FTP Server tabs.

8. Click OK.

		User Ace	count Setti	ngs		?	×
user 1	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App			
user2 user3	User Na	me:	user3				
	Passwor	rd:	******				
New User Delete					ОК	Canc	eli

This concludes creating user accounts.

## **Deleting a Created User Account**

# • Operation procedure

**1.** Select the user account on the list and click **Delete**. A confirmation message is displayed.

		User Ace	count Setti	ngs		? ×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
user1 user2 user3	UserNar	me:	user3			
	Passwor	d:	<b>*****</b>			
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete					ОК	Cancel

2. Click OK.



3. Click OK.

		User Ac	count Settir	ngs		? ×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
user1 user2	UserNa	me:	user2			
	Passwor	d:	*******			
<u>N</u> ew User <u>D</u> elete					ОК	Cancel

This concludes deleting a user account.

# **FTP Client**

The FTP client is available with the Plus CPU module only.

# **FTP Client Overview**

# What the FTP Client Can Do

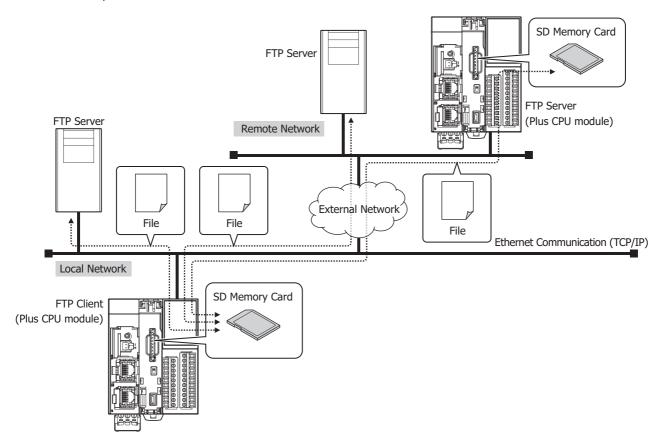
The FTP client allows the Plus CPU module to act as an FTP client and copy or move files between the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module and an FTP server.

The Plus CPU module can perform the following actions as an FTP client.

- Copy or move files from the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module to an FTP server.
- Copy files from an FTP server to the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module.

# **Example of System Configuration**

The following diagram shows an example of a system configuration for using the FTP client. Connect Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module to the network.



Configure the Ethernet settings of the Plus CPU module (IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway), and connect it to the local network.

Register the destination FTP server to the Plus CPU module.

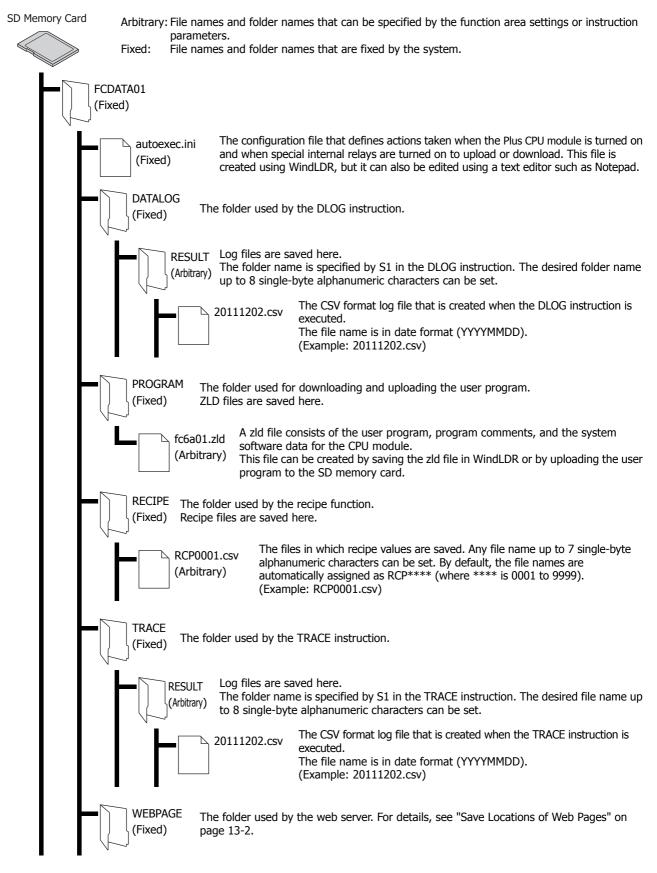
When the operating conditions for the FTP client function (file transfer settings) are satisfied, the following content is executed.

- Copy or move files from the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module to an FTP server.
- Copy files from an FTP server to the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module.



## Files Handled by the FTP Client

All files on the SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module can be accessed with the FTP client. This section shows the folder and file structure of the SD memory card.



# Supported Commands and Connection Methods

- Commands defined in RFC 959 are supported.
- Active mode and passive mode are supported.
- FTPS (FTP over SSL/TLS) is supported.

Note: The recommended FTP server software is Microsoft Internet Information Services.

## **Programming WindLDR**

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area Settings group, click Ethernet Port 1.
- 2. Select the Enable FTP Client check box.
- **3.** Click **Configure** for the FTP client to configure on the FTP client registration list. The **File Transfer Settings** dialog box is displayed.

	Func	tion Area Settings		? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports External Memory Devices Device Settings	Use System Web Page Language: English Use Web Page Editor FTP Client Settings Enable FTP Client	iry Caro		
Program Protection Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock Ethernet Port 1	No. Source	Destination		Configure
Ethernet Port 2 Connection Settings Access Control	3 4 5			Configure Configure Configure
	FTP Server Settings Image: Enable FTP Server Timeout: 15 mm Configure user accounts to access FTP See Image: Allow only secure connection (SSL) to	rver: Configure		
<u>D</u> efault			0	K Cancel

4. Configure the settings on the General and Trigger Condition tabs.

ource:	SD Memory Card
	Location:   Folder Path:  FCDATA01  Data Register:
	Files to transfer:  Specify conditions:  All files
estination:	SD Memory Card FTP Server Manager
	Location: O Folder Path: O Data Register: D0200
)peration:	<ul> <li>Сору:</li> <li>Моvе:</li> </ul>
	If the destination file exists: Skip
Store the	error information when the transfer fails: D0300
🗷 Report w	when the transfer ends: M0200

- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Repeat the steps 3 to 5 and create the required number of FTP client settings.
- 7. Download the user program to the Plus CPU module.

This concludes configuring the FTP client settings.

# **File Transfer Settings**

# **General tab**

File Transfer Settings	? 🗙
General (Trigger Condition	
(1) Source: SD Memory Card   ETP Server Manager	
(2) Location:  FODder Path: FCDATA01	
🔘 Data Register:	
(3) Files to transfer:      Specify conditions: All files	
Specify file name:	
(4) Destination: SD Memory Card   FTP Server Manager	
(5) Location: OFolder Path:	
Data Register: D0200 D0200 - D0323	
(6) Operation:      Copy:	
O Move:	
(7) If the destination file exists: Skip	
(8) Store the error information when the transfer fails:	
(9) Report when the transfer ends: M0200	
	OK Cancel

## (1) Source

Select SD Memory Card or (FTP Server) where the files that will be copied or moved are saved.

[Number]+[.(period)]+[Server name] as set in FTP Server Manager is displayed for (FTP Server).

Example: When [Number] is 1 and [Server name] is TestServer1

#### "1.TestServer1"

Click **FTP Server Manager** to display the FTP Server Manager. The FTP Server Manager can be used to add and modify FTP servers. For details, see "FTP Server Manager" on page 10-17.

#### (2) Location

Select the specification method of the location where the files that will be copied or moved are saved.

Folder Path/File Path	: Specify the folder path or file path of the location where the files that will be copied or moved are saved with a character string. The maximum length of the character string is 247 single-byte alphanumeric characters.
	Example: To copy or move files in the "DATALOG" folder in the "FCDATA01" folder on the SD memory card
	FCDATA01\DATALOG
Data Register	: Specify a word device for reading the data that will be used as the folder path of the location where the files that will be copied or moved are saved. The values are read in order starting from the specified data register, and the data up to the NULL terminating character (0x00) is handled as the character data of the folder path or file path.

#### (3) Files to transfer

Select the specification method of the files that will be copied or moved.

Specify conditions	: Specify the files that will be copied or moved with a condition. Select the condition from the following.
	All files, Latest file only, Files updated within 24 Hours, Files updated within 7 days
Specify file name	: Specify the file that will be copied or moved with a character string. The maximum length of the

: Specify the file that will be copied or moved with a character string. The maximum length of the character string is 247 single-byte alphanumeric characters.

### (4) Destination

Select SD Memory Card or (FTP Server) where the copied or moved files will be saved.

[Number]+[.(period)]+[Server name] as set in FTP Server Manager is displayed for (FTP Server).

Example: When [Number] is 1 and [Server name] is TestServer1

"1.TestServer1"

Click FTP Server Manager to display the FTP Server Manager. The FTP Server Manager can be used to add and modify FTP servers. For details, see "FTP Server Manager" on page 10-17.

#### (5) Location

Select the specification method of the destination where the copied or moved files will be saved.

Folder Path : Specify the folder path where the copied or moved files will be saved with a character string. The maximum length of the character string is 247 single-byte alphanumeric characters. Example: When saving the copied or moved files to the "DATALOG" folder in the "20170423" folder on the FTP server 20170423\DATALOG Data Register : Specify a word device for reading the data that will be used as the folder path of the location where the copied or moved files will be saved. The values are read in order starting from the specified data

register, and the data up to the NULL terminating character (0x00) is handled as the character data of the folder path.

#### (6) Operation

Select the transfer method of the files from Copy or Move. Only Copy can be selected when (FTP Server) is selected as Source.

#### (7) If the destination file exists

Select the processing method when a file with the same name already exists in the transfer destination from Skip or Overwrite.

#### (8) Store the error information when the transfer fails

To store the error information in a device address when an error occurs while copying or moving files, select this check box and specify the device address to which the error information will be written. When copying or moving files is started, zero is written to the device address. If an error occurs, one is written to the corresponding bit. The following error information is stored in each bit of the specified device address.

Bit Position	Error Information	Details	Countermeasure
0	SD memory card access error	<ul> <li>SD memory card specified as the source or destination is not inserted.</li> <li>SD memory card specified as the source or destination cannot not be accessed.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Insert an SD memory card that can be accessed.</li><li>Mount the SD memory card.</li></ul>
1	SD memory card read/write error	<ul> <li>The contents of the folder or file cannot be read from the SD memory card specified as the source or destination.</li> <li>Creating a folder, writing a file, or deleting file cannot be done in the SD memory card specified as the source or the destination.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Insert an SD memory card that can be read/ written.</li> <li>Insert an SD memory card that has sufficient available capacity.</li> </ul>
2	FTP server connection error	FTP server that is specified as the transfer source or destination cannot be accessed within the time specified as the connection timeout.	<ul> <li>Confirm that LAN cable is properly connected.</li> <li>Confirm that the network settings of the Plus CPU module are correct.</li> <li>Confirm that the IP address or port number of the FTP server are correct.</li> </ul>



Bit Position	Error Information	Details	Countermeasure
3 FTP server authentication error		The user name or password is incorrect and the	Confirm that the user name or password is
		FTP server cannot be accessed.	correct.
FTP server command		An error was returned against the command	Contact administrator of the FTP server.
4 error	error	sent to the FTP server.	Contact administrator of the FTF server.
F	FTP server transfer	There is no response from the FTP server within	Contact administrator of the FTP server.
5	error	the time specified as the transfer timeout.	Contact administrator of the FTP server.
6	— Reserved —	—	—
7	Other errors	Other errors	Contact administrator of the FTP server.
8 to 15	— Reserved —	—	—

#### (9) Report when the transfer ends

To provide a notification when copying or moving files is finished, select this check box and specify the device address to which the notification will be written.

#### Notes:

- Files cannot be copied or moved from one FTP server to another FTP server.
- Files cannot be copied or moved between SD memory cards inserted into the Plus CPU modules.
- Subfolders cannot be copied or moved.
- The following single-byte characters cannot be used in folder and file paths.
- ;:*?"<>|
- When **Data Register** is selected and the folder path limitation is exceeded or invalid characters are used, the folder path is determined as follows:
  - If the folder or file path string exceeds the maximum number of device address points (no NULL), the character string stored from the top device address to the maximum device address becomes the folder path.
  - If the folder path contains a character that cannot be used, the character string up to that invalid character becomes the folder path.

# 10: FTP Server/Client

# **Trigger Condition tab**

File Transfer Settings	? ×
General Trigger Condition	
(1) 🖉 Device:	
Trigger Type:	
Device Address: M0300	
(2) 🖉 Cycle:	
Day of the week:	
🖸 Sunday 🕼 Monday 🕼 Tuesday 🕼 Wednesday 🕼 Thursday 🕼 Friday 📄 Saturday	
(3) Triggerred time (mm:hh):	
ОК	Cancel

## (1) Device

Select this check box to specify the condition for copying or moving files with a device address.

Select Rising Edge or Falling Edge and specify the device to act as the condition.

## (2) Cycle

To specify the condition to copy or move files with days of the week and time, select this check box and the check boxes for the days of the week to execute the file transfer.

#### (3) Triggerred Time

To specify the condition to copy or move files with a time, select this check box and specify the time. Up to two times can be set between 0:00 and 24:00 (24-hour time).



# **FTP Server Settings**

### Configure the destination FTP servers.

## • Operation procedure

**1.** In the **File Transfer Settings** dialog box, on the **General** tab, click **FTP Server Manager**. The FTP Server Manager is displayed.

	File Transfer Settings ? 🗙
General Trig	gerCondition
Source:	SD Memory Card   ETP Server Manager
	Location:  Folder Path: Data Register:
	Files to transfer: <ul> <li>Specify conditions:</li> <li>Specify file name:</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Image: Specify file name:</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Image: Specify file name:</li> <li>Image: Specify file name: Specify</li></ul>
Destination:	SD Memory Card FTP Server Manager
	Location:  Folder Path: Data Register:
Operation:	Copy:     Move:  If the destination file exists:  Skip
	error information when the transfer fails:
	OK Cancel

- 2. Select the number to use to register the FTP server on the FTP server list and click **Edit**.
- The FTP Server No. n Settings dialog box for the selected number is displayed (where n: Number in FTP Server Manager).

No.	Server Name	IP Address	User Name	Password	Port No.	Transfer M	Connection Ti	Transfer Time.	<b>^</b>	<u>E</u> dit
1		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		Delete
2		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	11	_
3		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
4		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	=	
5		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
6		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
7		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
8		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	_	
9		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
10		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
11		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
1		0000			21	Door	6000C	6000C	-	

Note: To delete a registered FTP server, select the FTP server in the FTP server list, and then click Delete.

3. Configure each setting of the FTP server and click **OK**.

	FTP Server 1	lo.1 Settings	? ×
FTP Server Settings:			
FTP Server Name:	FTPServer1		
IP Address:	IP Address:     192 . 168 . 0 . •	(D0000 - D0020)	
	O Host Name:		
User Name:	test_user001	(D0021 - D0041)	
Password:	*******	(D0042 - D0062)	
Port Number:	21	(D0063)	
Transfer Mode:	Pasv O Active	(D0064)	
Connection Timeout:	60 🚔	ec (D0065)	
Transfer Timeout:	60 🚔	ec (D0066)	
Use secure connect	on (SSL)	(D0067)	
Advanced Settings:			
Specify FTP Server S	Settings by values of device addresses		
Top Device Ad	ddress: Doo		
Copy the setting	is as default value to device adderss	M0000	
		ОК	Cancel

- 4. Repeat the steps 2 to 3 to register the required number of FTP servers.
- 5. Click **OK**.

۱o.	Server Name	IP Address	User Name	Password	Port No.	Transfer M	Connection Ti	Transfer Time.	<b>^</b>	Edit
1	FTPServer1	192.168.0.44	test_user001	****	21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		Delete
2	FTPServer2	192.168.0.45	test_user002	****	21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	11	2
3		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
4		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	=	
5		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
6		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
7		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
8		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
9		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
10		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
11		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		
-12		0000			21	Doord	60coc	60000	-	

This concludes configuring the FTP server settings.

# **FTP Server Manager**

No.	Server Name	IP Address	User Name	Password	Port No.	Transfer M	Connection Ti	Transfer Time.	<b>^</b>	<u>E</u> dit	
1	FTPServer1	192.168.0.44	test_user001	****	21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		Delete	
2	FTPServer2	192.168.0.45	test_user002	****	21	Pasv	60sec	60sec		Derette	
3		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
4		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec	=		
5		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
6		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
7		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
8		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
9		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
10		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
11		0.0.0.0			21	Pasv	60sec	60sec			
4 ¹		0000			21	Door	6000C	Ellener 🕨	•		

#### (1) FTP Server List

FTP server settings corresponding to each number are listed. Double click a cell to display the **FTP Server No. n Settings** dialog box (where n: Number in FTP Server Manager) where the settings can be edited. For details, see "Individual FTP Server Settings" on page 10-18.

No.	: Displays the number (1 to 16) used to manage the FTP server settings.
Server Name	: Displays the name of the FTP server.
IP Address	: Displays the IP address of the FTP server.
User Name	: Displays the user name for the FTP server.
Password	: Displays the password for the FTP server masked with * (asterisks).
Port No.	: Displays the port number of the FTP server.
Transfer Mode	: Displays the transfer mode of the FTP server.
Connection Timeout	: Displays the time to automatically stop the connection process if there is no response from
	the FTP server after <b>Trigger Condition</b> set in <b>File Transfer Settings</b> is satisfied and the connection is attempted.
Transfer Timeout	: Displays the time to automatically stop the file transfer process if there is no response from
	the FTP server after <b>Trigger Condition</b> set in <b>File Transfer Settings</b> is satisfied and the data connection is established.
Top Device Address	: Displays the Top device address when the FTP server settings are specified with device address values.
Copy the settings as de	fault value to device address:
	Displays the bit device or bit position of a word device that acts as the condition to copy the FTP server settings as initial values.

#### (2) Edit button

Registers or changes the settings of the selected number.

Select a number in the FTP Server List (1) and click this button to display the **FTP Server No. n Settings** dialog box. The settings of the **FTP Server No. n Settings** dialog box are reflected in the selected number.

For details, see "Individual FTP Server Settings" on page 10-18.

#### (3) Delete button

Deletes the settings with the number selected in FTP Server List (1).

### Individual FTP Server Settings

	FTP Ser	ver No.	1 Settings		?	×
FTP Server Settings:						
(1) FTP Server Name:	FTPServer1		]			
(2) IP Address:	IP Address: 192 . 168 .	0.44	(D0000 - D0020)			
01	Host Name:					
(3) User Name:	test_user001		(D0021 - D0041)			
(4) Password:	******		(D0042 - D0062)			
(5) Port Number:	21		(D0063)			
(6) Transfer Mode:	Pasv     OActive		(D0064)			
(7) Connection Timeout:	6	0 🜲 sec	(D0065)			
(8) Transfer Timeout:	6	0 📥 sec	(D0066)			
(9) 🕢 Use secure connection (SS	SL)		(D0067)			
Advanced Settings:						_
(10) Specify FTP Server Setting	gs by values of device addresses					
Top Device Address	:	D0000				
(11) Copy the settings as d	lefault value to device adderss			M0000		
				ОК	Cance	1

#### (1) FTP Server Name

Enter the name of the FTP server. The maximum length of the string is 40 characters.

The default is "FTPServern". (n: FTP Server Manager number)

## (2) IP Address

Select the identification method of the FTP server.

IP Address : Enter the IP address of the FTP server.

The format is "xxx.xxx.xxx". "xxx" stands for a numeric value from 0 to 255.

#### Host Name : Enter the host name of the FTP server.

The maximum length of the host name is 40 single-byte characters. Only alphanumeric characters and symbols can be used.

#### (3) User Name

Enter the name of the user account for the FTP server.

The maximum length of the user name is 40 single-byte characters. Only alphanumeric characters and symbols can be used.

#### (4) Password

Enter the password for the FTP server.

The maximum length of the password is 40 single-byte characters. Only alphanumeric characters and symbols can be used.

#### (5) Port Number

Specify the port number (0 to 65535) of the FTP server.

#### (6) Transfer Mode

Select the transfer mode of the FTP server.

Pasv : Establishes the data connection using passive mode.

Active : Establishes the data connection using active mode.

#### (7) Connection Timeout

Specify the time (10 to 300 seconds) to automatically stop the connection process if there is no response from the FTP server after **Trigger Condition** set in **File Transfer Settings** is satisfied and the connection is attempted.

## (8) Transfer Timeout

Specify the time (10 to 300 seconds) to automatically stop the file transfer process if there is no response from the FTP server after **Trigger Condition** set in **File Transfer Settings** is satisfied and the data connection is established.

#### (9) Use secure connection (SSL)

Select this check box when SSL communication is required by the FTP server to use.

# (10) Specify FTP Server Settings by values of device addresses

Select this check box to specify the FTP Server Settings with device addresses.

Specify the device addresses to use with **Top Device Address**. The settings in the **FTP Server Settings** are allocated to device addresses starting from the address number of the specified device address.

### (11) Copy the settings as default value to device address

Select this check box to copy the settings in the **FTP Server Settings** to the device addresses as the initial values.

Specify a device address acting as the condition for copying the settings.

When 1 is written to this device address, the values set in the **FTP Server Settings** are written to the allocated device addresses starting from the address number of the device address set with **Top Device Address**.

#### Address Allocations When Specifying the FTP Server with Device Address Values

When the **Specify FTP Server Settings by values of device addresses** check box is selected, the settings in the **FTP Server Settings** are allocated to device addresses starting from the address number of the device address set with **Top Device Address**. The details of allocated device addresses are as follows.

Settings	Address Number	Number of Words	Data Type
IP Address or Host Name	+0 to +20	21*1*2	Numeric value
User Name	+21 to +41	21*2*3	Character string
Password	+42 to +62	21*2*3	Character string
Port Number	+63	1	Numeric value
Transfer Mode (0: Pasv, 1: Active)	+64	1	Numeric value
Connection Timeout (second)	+65	1	Numeric value
Transfer Timeout (second)	+66	1	Numeric value
Use Secure Connection (SSL) (0: SSL is used, 1: SSL is not used)	+67	1	Numeric value

*1 For an IP address, only the first four words are used, and the remaining 17 words are a reserved region.

*2 The 21st word is handled as the NULL terminating character (0x00), regardless of the value of the data register.

*3 When a character string to use is shorter than 20 words, add the NULL terminating character (0x00) as the end of the character string.



# **11: SEND PING FUNCTION**

## Introduction

This chapter describes the PING instruction that sends a ping packet to the specified remote host to check if communication is possible at the Internet Protocol (IP) layer.

Use the PING instruction to execute the send PING function.

# PING (Ping)

The PING instruction sends a ping packet to the specified remote host. For the Plus CPU module, Ethernet port 1 or 2 can be selected.



# **Operation Details**

When the input to the PING instruction is on, the PING instruction sends a ping packet to the remote host specified by S1. Once the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives the reply from the remote host, the completion output specified by D1 is turned on, and the operation status (operation transition state and error code) is stored in the device specified by D2. D2+1 is reserved for the system.

The PING instruction is executed when the input is on, and it sends a PING request. While that input remains on, the same PING instruction is executed after the ping is sent. To avoid this, use the PING instruction in combination with the SOTU (single output up) instruction or the SOTD (single output down) instruction so that the PING instruction input is on for only one scan. For the SOTU instruction and the SOTD instruction, see Chapter 4 "SOTU and SOTD (Single Output Up and Down)" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

In order to use the PING instruction, the FC6A Series MICROSmart remote host list must be created in advance. For details about the remote host list, see "Remote Host List" on page 3-18.

## **Valid Devices**

	Device	Function	Ι	Q	М	R	Т	С	D	Р	Constant	Repeat
<b>S1</b>	Source 1	Remote host number	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	1 - 255	-
D1	Destination 1	Completion output	-	Х	X*1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D2	Destination 2	Operation status	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	-	-

*1 Special internal relays cannot be used.

## **Devices in PING Instructions**

#### S1 (Source 1)

Specify the remote host number. A constant or data register can be specified.

### D1 (Destination 1)

Specify an internal relay or output as the completion output bit. When the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives a reply from the remote host, the completion output bit is turned on. The completion output bit is also turned on when there is no reply from the remote host within the specified timeout that is configured in the **Function Area Settings**. For details about the timeout setting, see "Ping Settings" on page 3-11.

## D2 (Destination 2)

Specify a data register as the operation status. Destination 2 occupies two consecutive data registers starting with the data register specified by D2. The operation status is stored in D2. D2+1 is reserved for the system. Specify the starting number so that the device range is not exceeded.

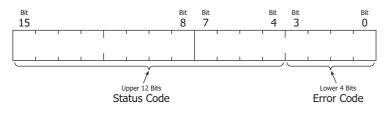


# 11: SEND PING FUNCTION

#### Notes:

- When a data register is specified as S1, do not change the data register value while PING instruction is executed.
- The FC6A Series MICROSmart does not respond to a ping packet that is sent by itself.

The operation status includes the operation transition state (status code) and the error detail (error code). The status code can be obtained by masking the least 4 bits of the operation status. The error code is stored in the least 4 bits of the operation status.



Status Code	Operation Transition State	Description
16 (00000010000)	Preparing transmission	The interval from turning on the PING instruction input to when the ping packet is sent to the specified remote host
32 (00000100000)	Waiting for response	From sending the ping packet to the specified remote host, until the response is received
64 (000001000000)	PING instruction complete	The execution of the PING instruction is completed, allowing for the next transmission to be processed

Note: If the status code is anything other than the codes listed above, an error of PING instruction is suspected.

Error Code	Error Details	Completion Output
0 (0000)	Normal	ON (The status code is 64)
1 (0001)	-	-
2 (0010)	Timeout error	ON
3 (0011)	The host name of the target remote host could not be resolved with DNS	ON
4 (0100)	The specified remote host does not exist in the remote host list	ON
5 (0101)	Multiple PING instructions are executed simultaneously	ON
6 (0110)	Parameter error	ON

# Introduction

This chapter describes the EMAIL instruction that sends preregistered e-mails.

# **Overview**

Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module and the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module support the send e-mail function. Up to 255 types of e-mails can be sent by executing the EMAIL instruction.

# **EMAIL Instruction (Send E-mail)**

The EMAIL instruction sends an e-mail.



## **Operation Details**

When the input is on, e-mail of the e-mail number set by S1 is sent from Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module or the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module. Once the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives a response from the sending e-mail server, the completion output specified by D1 is turned on, and the operation status (operation transition state and error code) is stored in the device specified by D2. D2+1 is reserved for the system.

The EMAIL instruction is executed when the input to the instruction is on. When this input continues to be on, the same EMAIL instruction is executed after the e-mail is sent. To avoid this, use the EMAIL instruction in combination with the SOTU (single output up) instruction or the SOTD (single output down) instruction so that the EMAIL instruction start input is on for only one scan. For the SOTU instruction and the SOTD instruction, see Chapter 4 "SOTU and SOTD (Single Output Up and Down)" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

To use the EMAIL instruction, you must first configure the mail server settings and create the FC6A Series MICROSmart e-mails in advance. When using the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module, click the HMI module that has been inserted into the module configuration area, click **Configure**, and configure the e-mail settings in the displayed **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box. When using Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module, configure the e-mail settings under **Ethernet Port 1** in the **Function Area Settings**.

## **Valid Devices**

	Device	Function	Ι	Q	М	R	Т	С	D	Р	Constant	Repeat
<b>S1</b>	Source 1	E-mail number	-	-	-	-	-	-	X*1	-	1 - 255	-
D1	Destination 1	Completion output	-	Х	X*2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D2	Destination 2	Operation status	-	-	-	-	-	-	X*1	-	-	-

*1 Special data registers cannot be used.

*2 Special internal relays cannot be used.

# **Devices in EMAIL Instruction**

### **Ethernet Port Number Settings**

Configure the settings of the Ethernet port that will be used to send e-mails. Configure Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module or the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module.

### S1 (Source 1)

Specify the e-mail number. A constant or data register can be specified.

## D1 (Destination 1)

Specify an internal relay or output as the completion output bit. When the FC6A Series MICROSmart receives a reply from the sending e-mail server, the completion output bit is turned on. The completion output bit is also turned on when there is no reply from the sending e-mail server within the timeout.

## D2 (Destination 2)

Specify a data register as the operation status. Destination 2 occupies two consecutive data registers starting with the data register specified by D2. The operation status is stored in D2. D2+1 is reserved for the system. Data registers D0000 to D7998, and D10000 to 55998 can be specified. Specify the starting number so that the device range is not exceeded.

**Note:** When a data register is specified as S1, do not change the data register value while EMAIL instruction is executed. The operation status includes the operation transition state (status code) and the error detail (error code). The status code can be obtained by masking the least 4 bits of the operation status. The error code is stored in the least 4 bits of the operation status.

Status Code	Operation Transition State	Description
16 (00000010000)	Preparing transmission         From turning on the start input for an EMAIL instruction, until the e-mail sent out to the sending e-mail server.	
32 (000000100000)	Waiting for response	From sending the e-mail to the sending e-mail server, until the response is received.
64 (000001000000)	EMAIL instruction complete The execution of the EMAIL instruction is completed, allowing for the r transmission to be processed.	

If the status code is anything other than the codes listed above, an error of EMAIL instruction is suspected.

Error Code	Error Details	Completion Output
0 (0000)	Normal	ON (The status code is 64)
1 (0001)	<ul><li>HMI module connection error</li><li>The HMI module is not connected</li><li>The HMI module is not operating correctly</li></ul>	ON
2 (0010)	Timeout error <ul> <li>Port number may be incorrect.</li> </ul>	ON
3 (0011)	<ul> <li>The host name of the sending e-mail server could not be resolved with DNS.</li> <li>The sending e-mail server could not be found.</li> <li>The SMTP server does not support the authentication function.</li> <li>Ethernet cable may be disconnected or broken. FC6A Series MICROSmart may not be connected to the network properly.</li> </ul>	ON
4 (0100)	The specified e-mail is not configured.	ON
5 (0101)	Multiple EMAIL instructions are executed simultaneously.	ON
6 (0110)	<ul> <li>Parameter error</li> <li>If Use data registers to configure E-mail settings is enabled, the settings are not stored in data registers.</li> </ul>	ON
7 (0111)	Other errors *1	ON
8 (1000)	Converting a data register value failed *2	ON
9 (1001)	The size of one log file that will be attached to the e-mail has exceeded the maximum file size configured for the DLOG/TRACE instruction. ^{*3}	ON
10 (1010)	The specified log file that will be attached does not exist.*3	ON
11 (1011)	The number of attached log files exceeds seven.*4	ON

*1 The detail of the error code 7 is stored in special data register D8457 (HMI-Ethernet port) or D8759 (Ethernet port 1).

*2 When converting a data register value fails, ---- is inserted in the e-mail body instead of data register value.

*3 For error code 9 or 10, the corresponding log file will not be attached to the e-mail, and the e-mail will be sent without an attachment.

For the configuration of the maximum log file size, see Chapter 5 "Functions and Settings" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".

*4 E-mails in which seven files are attached will be sent.



E-mails can be sent to the recipients by the relay of the sending e-mail (SMTP) servers. Even when the value stored in D2 is 64 after the execution of an EMAIL instruction, the recipients of the e-mail may not be able to receive the e-mail if one of the following conditions is met. The FC6A Series MICROSmart also cannot judge that e-mails cannot be received.

- The SMTP server that relays the e-mails is not functioning normally.
- The e-mail recipient filters the in-coming e-mails by specifying the e-mail address or e-mail domain.

# **Special Data Registers**

## Confirm the error detail of EMAIL instruction

When the error code stored in D2 of EMAIL instruction is 7, the response from sending e-mail server can be confirmed with special data register. The allocation of special data registers is given in the following table.

Ethernet Port Used to Send the E-mail	Special Data Register That Stores the Detailed Error Code of the E-mail
HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module	D8457
Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module	D8759

The error code that the sending e-mail servers return could vary with each sending e-mail server. For details about the error code, contact the administrator of the sending e-mail server. An example of the error codes is as follows.

Error Code	Description	Possible Cause			
451	The requested action is canceled	Sending e-mail server is not working normally			
452	Insufficient system storage	The e-mail server storage is insufficient			
500	Syntax error, unrecognizable command	error, unrecognizable command The command is not recognized by the e-mail server			
501	Parameter or argument syntax error	ument syntax error Invalid command parameter			
502	Command not implemented	The command is not implemented on the e-mail server			
504	Command parameter not implemented	The command parameter is not implemented on the e-mail server			
530	Access denied	The Authentication is required to send e-mail check box is not selected			
535	Authentication error	Account name or password for the authentication is incorrect			
550	The mailbox cannot be used	The command was refused due to the server policy			
552	Allocated capacity has been exceeded	The message is too long			
554	Transaction failure (or a no SMTP server response when starting the connection)	Sending e-mail server is not working normally			

# **Programming WindLDR**

- Use the Module Configuration Editor to configure the HMI module EMAIL settings. On the Configuration tab, in the PLCs group, select Expansion Modules.
- **2.** Click the inserted HMI module in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box is displayed.

Note: You can also display the HMI Module Configuration dialog box by double-clicking HMI Module in the Project Window.

	÷ project01.pjw - WINDLDR	- 🗆 ×
	line View	🕜 Help 🔸
PLG Expansion Type Modes PLG Project Window 4 ×		4 b x
Topole (1) py  Topol	Werfy       Bead Module Configuration         Allowable Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Allowable Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image: Current (5V): 150mA / 1070mA       Image: Current (24V): 0mA /         Image:	Bigital I/O Module         A           FCGA-N0601         FCGA-N16601           FCGA-N16603         FCGA-N16603           FCGA-N16603         FCGA-N16603           FCGA-N16603         FCGA-N16603           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A11         FCGA-N06A11           FCGA-N06A1         FCGA-N06A1           FCGA-N06A1         FCGA-N06A1
Project Vin. 11 Tools. Prope	FC6A-PH1 (HMI module)	FCGA-USOK1     FCGA-JGCN1     FCGA-JGCN1     FCGA-JGCN1     FCGA-JGCN1     FCGA-FZM1     FCGA-FZM1     HM Module      FCGA-FH1     Expansion Interface Module      FCGA-FXM2     Analog Cartridge      *     FCGA-FX2A     FCGA-FXXA     F

# 3. Click E-mail Settings.

4. Configure the settings in General Settings, Optional Settings, and Text Encoding.

HMI Module Configuration ? 🗙							
LCD Settings Network Settings	Configure e-mail settings.						
E-mail Settings	GeneralSettings						
Connection Settings	SMTP Server:						
Web Server	Host Name:						
	IP Address:						
	SMTP Server Port: 25 💭						
	Sender E-mail Address:						
	Sender Name:						
	Use secure connection (SSL)						
	Optional Settings						
	Authentication is required to send e-mail						
	Account Name:						
	Password:						
	Use data registers to configure E-mail settings:						
	Text Encoding						
	Character Set: Unicode (UTF-8)						
	Encode TextUsing: Base 64						
	Decimal Symbol:						
	Separating Character: Comma (,)						
<u>D</u> efault		OK Cancel					



5. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

This concludes configuring the e-mail settings.

Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module

- 1. On the Configuration tab, in the Function Area settings, select Ethernet Port 1.
- 2. In E-mail Settings, configure the settings under General Settings, Optional Settings, and Text Encoding.

	Function Area Settings	? ×
Run/Stop Control	E-mail Settings General Settings	-
Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports External Memory Devices Device Settings	SMTP Server:                 Host Name:                  D IP Address:                 D IP Address:                 Server Port:                 Server F-mail Address:	
Program Protection Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock	Sender Name:	
Ethernet Port 1 Ethernet Port 2 Connection Settings Access Control	Optional Settings Authentication is required to send e-mail Account Name: Password: Use data registers to configure E-mail settings: Text Encoding Character Set: Unicode (UTF-8) Encode Text Using: Base 64 Decimal Symbol: Period (.) Separating Character: Comma (.)	
Default	Web Server Settings         Image: Server Port:         Web Server Port:         0K	Cancel

**3.** Download the user program to the Plus CPU module.

This concludes configuring the e-mail settings.

# General Settings

	HMI Module Configuration ? 🗙
LCD Settings Network Settings	Configure e-mail settings.
E-mail Settings	General Settings
Connection Settings (1	) SMTP Server:
Web Server	Host Name:
	IP Address:         0 . 0 . 0 . 0
(2	SMTP Server Port: 25
(3	
(4	
(5	
	Optional Settings
(6	
	Account Name:
	(8) Password:
(9	
	Text Encoding
(10	
(11)	
(12	
(12)	Separating Character: Comma (,)
(1-	
<u>D</u> efault	OK Cancel

## (1) SMTP Server

Specify the IP address or the host name of the sending e-mail server that is used to send e-mails. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

#### (2) SMTP Server Port

Specify the port number of the sending e-mail server. Normally, SMTP uses port 25, SMTP-AUTH uses port 587, and SMTPs uses port 465.

#### (3) Sender E-mail Address

Specify the e-mail address that is included in the sender field of the e-mails to be sent from the FC6A Series MICROSmart. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

#### (4) Sender Name

Specify the name that is included in the sender field of the e-mails to be sent from the FC6A Series MICROSmart. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

#### (5) Use secure connection (SSL)

When SSL communication is required with the sending e-mail server that is used, select this check box.

Notes:

- When specifying the SMTP server with an IP address, 0 in the high order digits of the values is ignored. For example, when the IP address "192.168.1.234" and "192.168.001.234" are considered as the same IP address.
- When specifying the SMTP server with an SMTP server name, the host name of the SMTP server must be resolved using DNS. For DNS and DNS server settings, see "Network Settings" on page 3-3.

**Configuration Example:** The sender e-mail address and sender name are grouped and shown in the sender field of the e-mail. If the sender e-mail address is test@sample.com and the sender name is Test Mail, the text shown in the sender field will be as follows:

Test Mail <test@sample.com>



## Optional Settings: SMTP Authentication

Depending on the SMTP server, SMTP-AUTH or SMTPs authentication may be required to send e-mails.

The FC6A Series MICROSmart supports SMTP-AUTH and SMTPs authentication, so if the SMTP server requires authentication, it can send e-mails using this function.

Contact the administrator of the SMTP server to confirm if it requires authentication.

## (6) Authentication is required to send e-mail

Check if the sending e-mail server requires the SMTP authentication with the login method.

# (7) Account Name

Specify the account name used for the login authentication. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

## (8) Password

Specify the password used for the login authentication. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

## (9) Use data registers to configure E-mail settings

When the check box for this option is selected, the basic settings and authentication settings can be configured using strings and numeric values stored in data registers. E-mails are sent using the settings stored in 107 words of data registers starting from the specified data register.

For each setting item, the start address and end address as well as details about the setting value are as follows.

Setting Item	Data Type	Number of Used Words	Start Address of Setting Item	End Address of Setting Item	Setting Value
SMTP Server	String (40 characters)	21 ^{*1}	Starting data register	Starting data register+20	Specify the IP address or the host name of the sending e-mail server that is used to send e-mails as a string. ^{*2}
SMTP Server Port	Decimal value	1	Starting data regis	ter+21	Specify the port number of the sending e-mail server that is used to send e-mails as a decimal value.
Sender E-mail Address	String (40 characters)	21 ^{*1}	Starting data register+22	Starting data register+42	Specify the e-mail address that is included in the sender field of the e-mails to be sent from the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a string. ^{*2}
Sender Name	String (40 characters)	21 ^{*1}	Starting data register+43	Starting data register+63	Specify the name that is included in the sender field of the e-mails to be sent from the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a string. ^{*2}
Authentication is required to send e-mail	Decimal value	1	Starting data register+64		When authentication is required by the sending e-mail server that is used, specify 1. When authentication is not required, specify 0.
Account Name	String	21 ^{*1}	Starting data register+65	Starting data register+85	Specify the account name that is used with authentication as a string. ^{*2}
Password	String	21 ^{*1}	Starting data register+86	Starting data register+106	Specify the password that is used with authentication as a string. ^{*2}
Use secure connection (SSL)	Decimal value	1	Starting data register+107		When SSL communication is required with the sending e-mail server that is used, specify 1. When this communication is not required, specify 0.

*1 The string set to "Number of used words - 1" words is valid as the setting value. In order to represent the end of the string, the final word is handled as if 0000h was stored in it, regardless of the actual values in the data registers.

*2 If the set string is shorter than "Number of used words - 1", fill the data after the string with 00h.

comgaration Example. The c man setting:	s shown below are conligure
SMTP Server	: smtp.example.com
SMTP Server Port	: 587
Sender E-mail Address	: test@example.com
Sender Name	: Test
Authentication is required to send e-mail	: Checked
Account Name	: test_account
Password	: test_password
Use secure connection (SSL)	: Checked

**Configuration Example:** The e-mail settings shown below are configured by the data registers.

When D100 is specified as the starting data register, set the values for data registers D100 to D207 as follows.

Setting Item	Start Address of Setting Item	End Address of Setting Item					Settin	g Value					
SMTP Server	D100	D120	Data Register	D100	D101	D102	D103	D104	D105	D106	D107	D108	D109 to D120
SMIP Server	DIOU	D120	ASCII	's' 'm'	't' 'p'	'.' 'e'	'x' 'a'	'm' 'p'	'l' 'e'	'.' 'c'	'o' 'm'	'\0' '\0'	'\0' '\0'
			Value (hexadecimal)	736Dh	7470h	2E65h	7861h	6D70h	6C65h	2E63h	6F6Dh	0000h	0000h
SMTP Server	10	.21	Data Register					D1	21				
Port	נט	.21	Value (decimal)					58	37				
Sender E-mail		Data Register	D122	D123	D124	D125	D126	D127	D128	D129	D130	D131 to D142	
Address	D122	D142	ASCII	't' 'e'	's' 't'	'@' 'e'	'x' 'a'	'm' 'p'	'l' 'e'	'.' 'c'	'o' 'm'	'\0' '\0'	'\0' '\0'
			Value (hexadecimal)	7465h	7374h	4065h	7861h	6D70h	6C65h	2E63h	6F6Dh	0000h	0000h
				D143	D143 D144 D145 D146 to D163								
Sender Name	D143	D163	ASCII	'T' 'e'	's' 't'	'\0' '\0'	'\0' '\0'						
			Value (hexadecimal)	5465h	7374h	74h 0000h 0000h							
Authentication is required to	10	D164 D164											
send e-mail		.01	Value (decimal)					:	L				
			Data Register	D165	D166	D167	D168	D169	D170	D171	D1	72 to D1	.85
Account Name	D163	D185	ASCII	't' 'e'	's' 't'	'_''a'	'c' 'c'	'o' 'u'	'n' 't'	'\0' '\0'		'\0' '\0'	
			Value (hexadecimal)	7465h	7374h	5F61h	6363h	6F75h	6E74h	0000h		0000h	
			Data Register	D186	D187	D188	D189	D190	D191	D192	D193 to D206		206
Password	D186	D206	ASCII	't' 'e'	's' 't'	'_''p'	'a' 's'	's' 'w'	'o' 'r'	'd' '\0'			
			Value (hexadecimal)	7465h	7374h	5F70h	6173h	7377h	6F72h	6400h	0000h		
Use secure connection	Data D207							D2	07				
(SSL)		.07	Value (decimal)						L				

**Note:** Strings by data registers are composed of 1 or more consecutive data registers. 1 word of data is handled as 2 bytes and is used in high-order byte to low-order byte order, and the terminating character is 00h.

# Special Data Registers/Special Internal Relays

## Initialize sending e-mail server settings

The values set in the **Function Area settings** can be reflected to the corresponding data registers as the initial values by using special internal relay M8211.

## **Special Internal Relays**

Device Address	Description	Details
M8211	Initialize HMI module sending e-mail server settings	When this relay is turned on, the values set in the function area settings are set as the initial values in the target data registers.
M8344	Initialize Ethernet port 1 sending e-mail server settings	When this relay is turned on, the values set in the function area settings are set as the initial values in the target data registers.

**Note:** Strings can be stored in data registers. Strings start from the specified data register. The end of each string is specified with 00h which is stored in the high-order byte or the low order byte of the value in a data register. 1 word of data is handled as 2 bytes and is used in high-order byte to low-order byte order.

# Text Encoding

## (10) Character Set

The character set for the e-mail subject, body, and attached file can be specified.

ASCII: Specify when e-mail subject and body consist of ASCII characters only.

Japanese (ISO-2022-JP): Specify when e-mail subject and body consist of ASCII and Japanese characters. The character set for the attached file is Shift_JIS.

Chinese (GB2312): Specify when e-mail subject and body consist of Chinese characters.

Western European (ISO-8859-1): Specify when e-mail subject and body consist of western European characters.

Unicode (UTF-8): Specify when using Unicode characters.

In general, any characters can be used using Unicode. Depending on sending e-mail servers that relay the e-mails or the mailer used by the recipients, the e-mails sent out from the FC6A Series MICROSmart may not reach the recipients or may not be viewed correctly in the mailer.

When ASCII is used, e-mails can be viewed in the same manner in any mailer though only ASCII characters can be used. Contact the administrator of the sending e-mail server to confirm the supported character sets. Select the appropriate character set for the mailer of the recipients.

# (11) Encode Text Using

The encoding format for e-mail body can be specified. Depending on the sending e-mail servers that relay the e-mails, the e-mails in which 8-bit characters are used cannot be sent. In such case, Base64 encoding can be used to convert the 8-bit characters into 7-bit characters.

None: The e-mail body is not encoded.

Base64: The e-mail body is encoded with Base64 format.

## (12) Decimal Symbol

The decimal symbol for the floating-point values can be specified. When the data type of a data register embedded in the e-mail body is float, data register value is converted and shown as a floating-point value in the e-mail body.

Period (.): Period '.' (2Eh) is used.

Comma (,): Comma '' (2Ch) is used.

## (13) Separating Character

The separator for the attached CSV file is automatically determined by the selected **Decimal Symbol**.

Decimal Symbol	Separator Character		
Period '.' (2Eh)	Comma ',' (2Ch)		
Comma ',' (2Ch)	Semicolon ';' (3Eh)		

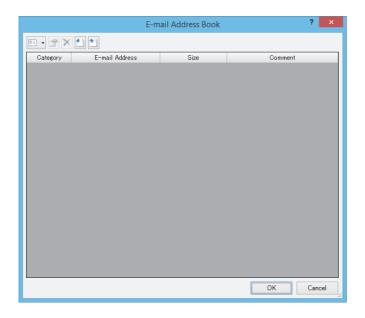
**Note:** The text encoding settings of HMI-Ethernet port and Ethernet port 1 are the identical. For example, the configured text encoding settings in Email Settings of the HMI Module Configuration dialog box are automatically reflected to the text encoding settings for the Ethernet port 1.

# **E-mail Address Book**

The e-mail addresses and e-mail address groups can be configured in E-mail Address Book dialog box. E-mail addresses can be grouped into an e-mail address group. The e-mail address group can be used to specify a group of e-mail addresses in each e-mail. A maximum of 255 combined e-mail addresses and e-mail address groups can be registered.

# **Programming WindLDR**

 Double-click on the E-mail Address Book in the Project Window. The E-mail Address Book dialog box appears.



2. Click the ▼ next to the New E-mail Address, and then click New E-mail Address. Alternatively, select an existing E-mail address, and then click the Edit button.

The E-mail Address dialog box appears.

3. Configure the settings.

	E-mail Address	?	×
E-mail Address: (1) © Direct: (2) © Data Register:			
3) Comment:	0	K Cancel	

## (1) Direct

Specify the e-mail address to register in the E-mail Address Book dialog box. A maximum of 40 ASCII characters can be entered.

## (2) Data Register

Specify the data register to store the e-mail address. When sending an e-mail, the string stored in a maximum of 30 words of data registers starting from the specified data register is used as e-mail address for the E-mail recipients (To and CC). When specifying an e-mail address with a string using data registers, the length of the e-mail address is considered as 60 bytes fixed. When specifying all e-mail addresses with data registers, a maximum of eight e-mail addresses can be set for the E-mail recipients (To and CC).

## (3) Comment

The comment for the e-mail address can be assigned. The contents or the length of the comment has no effect on the CPU module operation.



**Configuration Example:** To send an e-mail to test@example.com by specifying the data register D100, store the values in the data registers as follows.

Data Register	D100	D101	D102	D103	D104	D105	D106	D107	D108
ASCII	't' 'e'	's' 't'	'@' 'e'	'x' 'a'	'm' 'p'	'l' 'e'	'.' 'c'	'o' 'm'	'\0' '\0'
Value (hexadecimal)	7465h	7374h	4065h	7861h	6D70h	6C65h	2E63h	6F6Dh	0000h

To send an e-mail to you@example.com by specifying the data register D123, store the values in the data registers as follows.

Data Register	D123	D124	D125	D126	D127	D128	D129	D130
ASCII	y' 'o'	'u' '@'	'e' 'x'	'a' 'm'	'p' 'l' '	'e' '.'	'c' 'o'	'm' '\0'
Value (hexadecimal)	796Fh	7540h	6578h	616Dh	706Ch	652Eh	636Fh	6D00h

Notes:

• Strings by data registers are composed of 1 or more consecutive data registers. 1 word of data is handled as 2 bytes and is used in highorder byte to low-order byte order, and the terminating character is 00h.

• If 00h is not included in the 30 words (60 bytes) from the data register specified as the e-mail address, all 60 bytes are used as the e-mail address, and the FC6A Series MICROSmart operates as if the 61st byte is 00h.

#### 4. Click OK.

Click the ▼ next to the New E-mail Address, and then click New E-mail Group. Alternatively, select an existing E-mail address, and then click the Edit button.

The E-mail Group dialog box appears.

6. Configure the settings.

		E-mail Group	1	? ×
(1) (2)	Group Name: Comment:			
		~		
			ОК	Cancel

## (1) Group Name

Specify the name of e-mail address group to register in the E-mail Address Book dialog box.

## (2) Comment

The comment for the e-mail address group can be assigned. The contents or the length of the comment has no effect on the CPU module operation.

The e-mail addresses that have not been added to the e-mail address group are shown in the list box on the left. The e-mails addresses are listed in the order that they were registered in the E-mail Address Book dialog box. In order to add an e-mail address to the e-mail address group, select the e-mail address to add and click on the >> button. The selected e-mail address is moved to the list box on the right and listed to the bottom of the e-mails.

The e-mail addresses for the e-mail address group are shown on the list box on the right. The e-mail addresses are listed in the order that they were added to the e-mail address group. In order to remove an e-mail address from the e-mail address group, select the e-mail address to remove and click on the << button. The selected e-mail address is moved to the list box on the left and listed to the bottom of the e-mails.

In order to delete unused e-mail addresses or e-mail address groups from the E-mail address book, select the e-mail address or e-mail address group to delete and click Delete button in the E-mail Address Book dialog box. When the deleted e-mail address is used in the e-mail address groups, the deleted e-mail address is removed from all e-mail address groups.

## 7. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings.



# **E-mail Editor**

The e-mails can be configured in E-mail Editor dialog box. The following five parameters should be configured for each e-mail.

	E-mail Editor ? 🗙
E-mail 1	Find: (1)
E-mail 4 E-mail 5 E-mail 6	
E-mail 8	
E-mail 9 E-mail 10 E-mail 11	Bcc:
E-mail 12 E-mail 13	
E-mail 14 E-mail 15 (2)	Subject:
E-mail 16 E-mail 17 E-mail 18 (3)	(Attached File
E-mail 18 (3) E-mail 19 E-mail 20	CSV File (Data Register Value)     Configure     Logged Data (DLOG & TRACE)     Configure     Insert Data Register
Du <u>p</u> licate E-m	ail OK Cancel

# Settings in E-mail Editor

## (1) E-mail recipients (To, Cc, and Bcc)

E-mail address or e-mail group can be specified as the recipients. The maximum size of texts for **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc** is 512 bytes. Comma (,) is inserted as a separating character between e-mail addresses. For example, the total size of an e-mail group "ccc" containing two e-mail addresses "aa@example.com" (15 bytes including a comma) and "bbb@example.com" (16 bytes including a comma) is 31 bytes. If the size of e-mail addresses is 30 bytes, 16 e-mail addresses can be specified in **To**, **Cc**, and **Bcc** respectively. An e-mail can be sent to 32 e-mail addresses simultaneously.

# (2) E-mail subject and body

The maximum size of texts is 256 bytes for **Subject** and 4,096 bytes for **e-mail body**. The e-mail subject and body are composed from the following elements.

• Strings that use character set under E-mail Settings in the Function Area settings

Numeric value strings of the values of data registers that have been embedded in the body by inserting data registers
Spaces and newlines

The size of the **e-mail subject** and **body** is the text that is composed of the combination of the above elements.

The result of encoding the composed text according to **Text encoding** under **E-mail Settings** in the **Function Area settings** is sent as the e-mail.

When only single-byte ASCII characters are used, approximately 200 characters can be entered for e-mail subject and 3,500 characters for e-mail body. When multi-byte characters are used, approximately 100 characters can be entered for e-mail subject and 2,000 characters for e-mail body

# (3) Attached File

One CSV file can be attached to an e-mail. The attached file can include text and data register values. The file name of the CSV file is fixed as "data.csv". The maximum size of the attached file is 4,096 bytes.

The attached file composed from the following elements.

- Strings that use character set under E-mail settings in the Function Area settings
- Numeric value strings of the values of data registers that have been embedded in the body by inserting data registers
  Spaces, separator characters, and newlines

The size of the **attached file** is the text that is composed of the combination of the above elements.

The result of encoding the composed text according to **Text encoding** under **E-mail Settings** in the **Function Area settings** is attached to the e-mail.

When sending e-mails from Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module, log files created with the DLOG and TRACE instructions can be attached to e-mails.



# **Programming WindLDR**

- Double-click on the E-mail Editor in the Project Window. The E-mail Editor dialog box appears.
- 2. Create an e-mail.

(1)	(2) E-mail Editor	? ×
E-mail 1 E-mail 2 E-mail 3 E-mail 4 E-mail 5 E-mail 6 E-mail 7 E-mail 8 E-mail 9	Find: (4) (3)	
E-mail 9 E-mail 10 E-mail 11 E-mail 12 E-mail 13	(6) Boo: >> <<	
E-mail 14 E-mail 15 E-mail 16 E-mail 17	Subject: (7) (8) (9)	
E-mail 18 E-mail 19 E-mail 20	Attached File CSV File (Data Register Value) Configure Logged Data (DLOG & TRACE) Configure	(10) Insert Data Register
Duglicate E-	nail	OK Cancel

## (1) E-mail

Displays the registered e-mails.

## (2) E-mail content

Displays the content of the selected e-mail.

This area is composed of the following six elements: To, Cc, Bcc, Subject, Body, Attached File.

## (3) E-mail addresses

Displays the e-mail addresses registered in the E-mail Address Book.

Select the e-mail address to add to **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc** and click >> on the appropriate side to add that e-mail address to **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc**. Of the e-mail addresses in the **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc** boxes, select the e-mail address to delete and click << on the appropriate side to delete that e-mail address from **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc**.

## (4) To/(5) Cc/(6) Bcc

Specifies the addresses of the e-mail to send.

## (7) Subject

Specifies the subject of the e-mail to send.

## (8) Body

Specifies the e-mail body.

The e-mail body can be written in multiple lines.

## (9) Attached File

Select this check box to attach a file to the e-mail.

CSV File (Data Register Value)	: The attached file (CSV file) that includes text and data register values is configured with the Attached File Editor. Click <b>Edit</b> to display the Attached File Editor.
	The layout and items can be freely configured in a range that fits in the file size limit.
Logged Data (DLOG & TRACE)	<ul> <li>For details, see "Attached File Editor" on page 12-15.</li> <li>For the Plus CPU module, log files created with the DLOG and TRACE instructions can be attached to e-mails. Configure these settings in <b>Attach Log Data</b> dialog box. Click <b>Configure</b> to display the <b>Attach Log Data</b> dialog box.</li> </ul>
	For details, see "Attach Log Data" on page 12-18.



## (10) Insert Data Register

The Variable (Data Register) dialog box appears.

Variable (	(Data Register) 🛛 🗙
DR No.:	Word (W)
Data Type: Repeat:	
Conversion Type:	Decimal
OK	Cancel

The data register values can be embedded in the e-mail body when the FC6A Series MICROSmart sends e-mails.

	Item	Description			
DR Number		Specify the data register number.			
	Word (W)	The 1-word value stored in the specified data register is converted to an unsigned 16 bits value.			
	Integer (I)	The 1-word value stored in the specified data register is converted to a signed 15 bits value.			
Double (D) Data Type Long (L)		The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to an unsigned 32 bits value.			
		The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to a signed 31 bits value.			
Float (F)		The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to a floating-point value according to IEEE754 format. Digits can be specified between 1 and 7.			
	String (S)	Values in the configured data registers are encoded to a character string with the character set for the text encoding. The length of character string Characters.			

When word (W) or double (D) is selected, the conversion type can be specified. For example, when a data register value is 4660 (1234h), the data register value is converted and embedded in the e-mail body as follows:

Decimal: 4660

Hexadecimal: 1234

When the repeat is configured, the values in the consecutive data registers can be embedded in the e-mail body. A space is inserted between the data register values. For example, when the data register values are (D100) = 1234h, (D101) = 5678h, and (D102) = ABCDh, and the DR number is 100, the data type is Word, the repeat is 3, and the conversion type is hexadecimal, the following text will be embedded in the e-mail body: 1234 5678 ABCD

The text created in the E-mail Editor is encoded and sent according to the **Encoding method** settings specified on **E-mail Settings** in **Function Area Settings**.

## 3. Click OK.



# **Attached File Editor**

Edit the content of the CSV file attached to the e-mail.

The desired text and data register values can be included in the CSV file. The file name of the CSV file is fixed as "data.csv".

			Attached File		?	×
Row: 10	÷ Co	olumn: 5	🗦 (1)			
Text		Data Register	(2)			
	А	В	С	D	E	
▶ 1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
Data Size:	c2	hutes (MAY: 400	(hidee)			
		bytes (MAX: 4096	o Dytes)			
Remaining size	4033	bytes			OK Ca	incel

# **Settings in Attached File Editor**

## (1) Row, Column

The number of rows and columns in the CSV file can be changed. The number of rows and columns can be specified between 1 and 64. When the editing range is shrunk, the setting values outside the editing range are cleared.

## (2) Text, Data Register

Set the text and data registers displayed in the table to determine the content of the attached file. The file size of the CSV file is a maximum of 4,096 bytes.

**Note:** The character set, separator, and decimal symbol configured in the Function Area Settings are applied to all attached files. For those settings, see "Programming WindLDR" on page 12-4 in this chapter.

# **Programming WindLDR**

 Select the Attached File check box in the E-mail Editor and click Edit. The Attached File dialog box appears.

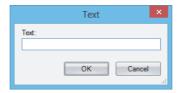
## 2. Specify Row and Column.

Set the number of rows and columns in the CSV file to determine the editing range.

Row: [10 Text		Data Register	<b>•</b>		
	A	В	С	D	E
▶ 1					
2					
3					_
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					_
Data Size:	63	bytes (MAX: 4096	bytes)		
Remaining si	ize: 4033	bytes			

The content of the CSV file can be modified at the upper part of the dialog. The current file size and the remaining size that can be used for editing the content are displayed at the bottom of the dialog. You can expand the grid area by changing the size of the dialog. The file size includes separators and line breaks to be contained in the CSV file.

- **3.** Select any cell and click **Text**. The **Text** dialog box appears.
- Enter the desired text in the selected cell. The maximum length of the text that can be specified is 63 bytes.



5. Click OK.

You are returned to the **Attached File** dialog box.

 Select any cell and click Data Register. The Variable (Data Register) dialog box appears.

# **7.** Configure the settings.

Variable (	(Data Register) 🛛 🗙
DR No.: Data Type:	Word (W)
Conversion Type:	Decimal
ОК	Cancel

The value of the data register when the e-mail is sent can be included in the selected cell.

	Item	Description			
DR Number		Specify the data register number.			
	Word (W)	The 1-word value stored in the specified data register is converted to an unsigned 16 bits value.			
Integer (I)	The 1-word value stored in the specified data register is converted to an unsigned 16 bits value.				
Data Type	Data Type Double (D) Long (L)	The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to an unsigned 32 bits value.			
		The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to a signed 31 bits value.			
	Float (F)	The 2-word value stored in the two consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register is converted to a floating-point value according to IEEE754 format. Digits can be specified between 1 and 7.			

When word (W) or double (D) is selected, the conversion type can be specified. For example, when a data register value is 4660 (1234h), the data register value is converted and embedded in the e-mail body as follows:

Decimal: 4660

Hexadecimal: 1234

# 8. Click **OK**.

You are returned to the **Attached File** dialog box.

9. Click OK.

# **Attach Log Data**

Set the log files that will be attached to the e-mail.

	Attach Log Data	×
(1)   DLOG Folder Name: Files to transfer:	(2) RESULT (3) Latest file only	
(1) ◎ TRACE Folder Name: Files to transfer:	(2) (3) Latest file only OK Cancel	

## Settings

# (1) Log File Type

Select the log file type to attach.

# DLOG and TRACE

## (2) Folder Name

Specify the folder name of the target folder to which the log files are saved by the DLOG or TRACE instructions. Up to 8 characters can be entered.

# (3) Files to transfer

Select the specification method for the log files to attach from the following.

- Files updated within 24 hours
- Files updated within 7 days
- Latest file only

**Note:** The maximum number of log files that can be attached is seven. If the number of the log files exceeds seven, eighth or later log files are not attached and the error code 11 is stored in D2 of the EMAIL instruction.



# **Programming WindLDR**

 In the E-mail Editor, select the Log Data (DLOG & TRACE) check box and click Configure. The Attach Log Data dialog box is displayed.

_	E-mail Editor ? 🗙
E-mail 1 E-mail 2 E-mail 3 E-mail 4 E-mail 5 E-mail 6 E-mail 7 E-mail 8 E-mail 9 E-mail 10 E-mail 10 E-mail 11 E-mail 13 E-mail 14 E-mail 15 E-mail 15 E-mail 16 E-mail 17	
E-mail 18	Attached File CSV File (Data Recister Value) Configure
E-mail 19 E-mail 20	CSV File (Data Register Value) Configure U Logged Data (DLOG & TRACE) Configure Insert Data Register
Duplicate	-mail OK Cancel

2. Select the type of the log file to attach to the e-mail from **DLOG** or **TRACE**.

×
ncel

- 3. With Folder Name, specify the folder name of the target folder to which the log files are saved. Up to 8 characters can be entered.
- 4. With Files to transfer, select the specification method for the log files from the following.
  - Files updated within 24 hours
  - Files updated within 7 days
  - Latest file only
- 5. Click OK.

This concludes configuring the settings.



# 13: Web Server

# Introduction

This chapter describes the Web server functions in the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

# **Overview**

Ethernet port 1 of the Plus CPU module and the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module support the Web server functions. The Web server enables you to access the FC6A Series MICROSmart using web browser on your PC in order to monitor the status or change the device data. Users can also download web page data that was freely created and build easy-to-use web sites for each project. When using the Plus CPU module, the internal memory, SD memory card, or internal memory of the HMI module can be selected for storing web pages.

On the system web page, the PLC status can be monitored and data register values can be changed. The FC6A Series MICROSmart provides CGI so that you can access data register values of the FC6A Series MICROSmart from a web browser using JavaScript. The system library is also provided so that you can show data register values on your web page using system library parts, such as numerical input, bar graph, or trend graph, without special knowledge of JavaScript.

The Web server is protected with basic authentication. Access from people who do not have user name and password can be prevented.

# The tree structure of web page

The tree of structure of the web page of web server in the FC6A Series MICROSmart is shown below:

/index.html:	System top page. Automatically generated by WindLDR.
/system/:	The root folder of the system web page. Automatically generated by WindLDR.
/system/index.html:	The top page of the system web page.
/user/:	User web page folder.

The imported files or folders in the Project Window of WindLDR are added under the root folder of the web page. If the IP address of the FC6A Series MICROSmart is 192.168.1.5, enter the following URL on the web browser to access the top page of the system web page.

## http://192.168.1.5/system/index.html

When a folder is specified as URL, index.html in the folder is displayed. For example, the following URL opens the same page with the above URL.

http://192.168.1.5/system/

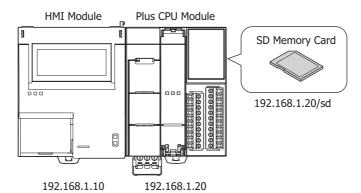
# Save Locations of Web Pages

With the Plus CPU module, you can select the save location when downloading web pages.

- Internal memory of the Plus CPU module (5 MB maximum).
- SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module (32 GB maximum). However, the maximum size of one file is 4 GB.
- Internal memory of the HMI module (5 MB maximum).

The URL when accessing downloaded web pages will depend on the save location.

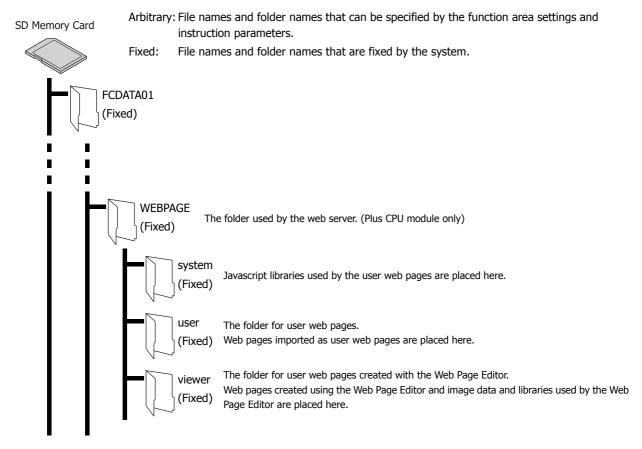
For example, the URLs are set as follows when the IP address of the Plus CPU module is 192.168.1.20 and the IP address of the HMI module connected to the Plus CPU module is 192.168.1.10.



Save Location	URL When Accessing Web Pages
Internal memory of the Plus CPU module	http://192.168.1.20/
SD memory card inserted into the Plus CPU module	http://192.168.1.20/sd
Internal memory of the HMI module connected to the Plus CPU module	http://192.168.1.10/

#### Locations of Web Pages Saved to SD Memory Card

When the save location is set to the SD memory card, downloaded web pages are saved to specific folders on the SD memory card. Only user web pages (including web pages created with the Web Page Editor) can be downloaded. The save locations on the SD memory card are as follows.





# **Programming WindLDR**

# **Plus CPU Module Web Server Settings**

- **1.** On the **Configuration** tab, in the **Function Area Settings** group, click **Ethernet Port 1**.
- 2. Under Web Server Settings, configure the web server settings and the settings for the web page and options.

	Function Area Settings	? ×
Run/Stop Control Memory Backup Input Configuration Communication Ports External Memory Devices Device Settings	Web Server Settings         Image: Contract of the server	
Program Protection	User Name: administrator Password: ******	
Self Diagnostic Calendar & Clock Ethernet Port 1	© Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server Configure	
Ethernet Port 2 Connection Settings Access Control	Web Page         Image: Construction of the second	
	Options Redirect Target:	
	Image:       English         Image:       English         Image:       Image:         <	
Default		OK Cancel

- Download the user program to the Plus CPU module.
   From the WindLDR menu bar, select Online > Transfer > Download.
   The Download dialog box appears.
- 4. Select the **Download web pages** check box.

	Downloa	ad	?	×
Transfer Mode				
<u> </u>				
Download Options				
Automatic start after download				
Keep output during download				
Suspend I/O force before downlo	ad			
Automatic de <u>v</u> ice clear after dow	nload			
Write <u>P</u> ID module parameters aft	er download			
Synchronize P <u>L</u> C clock with your c	omputerclock af	terdownload		
<u>W</u> rite device data file to the PLC a	fter download	Setting		
Items to Download				
🗷 Download user program				
☑ <u>D</u> ownload comment data <u>Set</u>	ting			
🕼 Download web pages CPU Modu	le	•		
Download system software Lates	st version 💌	De <u>t</u> ail		
Program Information				
Program Size:	4	bytes (Max: 800,000 bytes)		
Comment Size:	8	bytes (Max: 262,000 bytes)		
Web page Size:	212992	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)		
Communication Settings		ОК	Car	ncel

5. Select the save location of web pages from the following.

	pad ? ×	
Transfer Mode		
<u> </u>		
Download Options		
Automatic start after download		
Keep output during download		
Suspend I/O force before download		
Automatic de <u>v</u> ice clear after download		
Write PID module parameters after download		
Synchronize PLC clock with your computer clock	afterdownload	
🔲 Write device data file to the PLC after download	Setting	
Items to Download		
Download user program		
Download comment data     Setting		
Download web pages		
Download system see HMIModule		
Program Information CPU Module (High-speed	cand Non-retentive)	
CPU Module (SD Memory		
Program Size:	Bytes (Max: 800,000 Bytes)	
	the second se	
Comment Size: 8	bytes (Max: 262,000 bytes)	
Comment Size: 8 Web page Size: 212992	bytes (Max: 262,000 bytes) bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)	
Web page Size: 212992	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)	
Web page Size: 212992	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)	wnloaded.
Web page Size:     212992	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)           OK         Cancel           : Web pages will not be do	wnloaded. vill be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo
Web page Size: 212992 Communication Settings O Download	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)           OK         Cancel           : Web pages will not be do         convolution of the do           : Downloaded web pages will         convolution of the do	vill be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo
Web page Size:     212992       Communication Settings       o Download       PU Module       PU Module	OK Cancel : Web pages will not be do : Downloaded web pages will : Downloaded web pages will not be do	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo
Web page Size:     212992       Communication Settings       O Download       PU Module	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes)           OK         Cancel           : Web pages will not be do         .           Downloaded web pages will not be do         .           This option allows web p         .	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b>
Web page Size:     212992       Communication Settings       o Download       PU Module       PU Module	bytes (Max: 5,242,880 bytes) OK Cancel : Web pages will not be do : Downloaded web pages w : Downloaded web pages w This option allows web p selected, but the download	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the
Web page Size:     212992       Communication Settings       o Download       PU Module       PU Module	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do         : Downloaded web pages will         : Downloaded web pages will	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and
Web page Size:       212992         Communication Settings         O Download         PU Module         PU Module         High-speed and Non-retentive)	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do       Concel         : Downloaded web pages will       CPU module is turned off download web pages, su	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the . Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and ch as to check the operation of created web pages.
Web page Size:     212992       Communication Settings       o Download       PU Module       PU Module	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do       Concel         : Downloaded web pages will       CPU module is turned off download web pages, su	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and
Web page Size:       212992         Communication Settings         O Download         PU Module         PU Module         High-speed and Non-retentive)	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do       Concel         : Downloaded web pages will       CPU module is turned off download web pages, su	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the . Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and ch as to check the operation of created web pages.
Web page Size:       212992         Communication Settings         O Download         PU Module         PU Module         High-speed and Non-retentive)	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do         : Downloaded web pages will         : Downloaded web pages, su	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and ch as to check the operation of created web pages. will be saved to the SD memory card inserted into the P
Web page Size:       212992         Communication Settings       0         O Download       0         PU Module       0         High-speed and Non-retentive)       0         PU Module (SD Memory Card)       0	OK       Cancel         : Web pages will not be do         : Downloaded web pages will         : Downloaded web pages, su	will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo will be saved to the internal memory of the Plus CPU mo ages to be downloaded faster than when <b>CPU Module</b> aded web pages will be deleted when the power to the Select this option when you will repeatedly edit and ch as to check the operation of created web pages. will be saved to the SD memory card inserted into the P

- Web pages will not be downloaded when no SD memory card is inserted into the Plus CPU module but CPU Module (SD Memory Card) is selected.
- Web pages will not be downloaded when HMI module is not connected to the Plus CPU module but HMI Module is selected.

# 6. Click OK.

The web pages will be downloaded to the selected save location. When the following message appears, the download has completed successfully. Click **OK**.

	Program Download	? ×
(i)	Program Download Succeeded	
		Οκ

This concludes configuring the web server settings.



# **HMI Module Web Server Settings**

- Use the Module Configuration Editor to configure the HMI module Web server settings. On the Configuration tab, in the PLCs group, select Expansion Modules.
- **2.** Click the inserted HMI module in the module configuration area and click **Configure**. The **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box is displayed.

Note: You can also display the HMI Module Configuration dialog box by double-clicking HMI Module in the Project Window.

PLC Bopassion Type Moddle       PLC Bopassion Control Backup Configuration       Points External Device Program Self Calendar Network Network Connection Project Window       Points External Device Program Self Calendar Network Settings       Points External Device Program Self Calendar Network Network Connection         Project Window       Image: Project Window       Image: Project Window       Main Program Model Configuration       Image: Project Window       Image: Project Window <td< th=""><th>Help +</th></td<>	Help +
Proce Vision Project	map .
Bend Module       Digital IO Module         Pictual on Area Settings       Fight IO Module         Pictual on Area Settings       Event Module         Pictual on Area Settings       Allowable Current (5V): 150m / 1070mA         Pictual on Area Settings       Allowable Current (5V): 150m / 1070mA         Pictual on Area Settings       Pictual on Area Settings         Pictual on Area Settings       Allowable Current (5V): 150m / 1070mA         Pictual on Area Settings       Pictual on Area Settings         Pictual on Area Settings       <	
Function Area Settings       Verify       Bead Module Configuration         Control of the Settings       Allowable Current (24/): 0mA / 270mA       Allowable Current (24/): 0mA / 270mA         HMI Module       O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$4 \triangleright \times$
Recipe FCGA-KGA1 FCGA-LGA1 FCGA-LGA1 FCGA-LGA1	
FC6A-PH1 (HM module)     Configure     FC6A-3CU1       Network Setings     IP Setings     192 168 1.10       Subnet Mask     255 255,255,0       Defaal Gaevay     0.00,0       Prefered DS Serve     0.00,0       Remult Loguage     English       LCD Settings     Menu Loguage       Expansion Interface Module     2	*

- 3. Click Web Server.
- **4.** Configure the settings in Web Server Settings, Web Page, and Options.

	HMI Module Configuration	? ×
LCD Settings Network Settings	Configure parameters for Web server.	
E-mail Settings	Web Server Settings	
Connection Settings	🕼 Enable Web Server	
Web Server	Web Server Port: 80 🙀	
	User Settings	
	Use singleuser account to access web server	
	User Name: administrator	
	Password:	
	Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server     Configure	
	Web Page	
	Enable Data Register Monitoring	
	Monitoring Interval (ms): 1000 💭	
	Trend Monitor Interval (ms): 3 💭 x Monitoring Interval	
	Options	
	Redirect Target: System Web Top Page	
	Use System Web Page	
	Language: English 💌	
	🕼 Use Web Page Editor	
<u>D</u> efault	OK	Cancel

5. Download the user program to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

This concludes configuring the web server settings.



# Web Server Settings

		HMI Module Configuration	? ×
LCD Settings Network Settings		Configure parameters for Web server.	
E-mail Settings		Web Server Settings	
Connection Settings	(1)	Enable Web Server	
Web Server	(	2) Web Server Port: 80	
		User Settings	
	(3)	Use single user account to access web server	
		User Name: administrator	
		Password:	
	(4)	Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server     Configure	
		Web Page	
	(5)	C Enable Data Register Monitoring	
	(6)	Monitoring Interval (ms):	
	(7)	Trend Monitor Interval (ms): 3 💭 x Monitoring Interval	
		Options	
	(8)	Redirect Target: System Web Top Page	
	(9)	Use System Web Page	
		10) Language: English 🔹	
	(11)	Use Web Page Editor	
	<u> </u>		
Default		ОК	Cancel

# (1) Enable Web Server

Uncheck to disable Web server functions of the FC6A Series MICROSmart. Password authentication will be required when accessing the web page.

When the Web server is enabled, you will be asked to enter a user name and password. You can access the Web server once you enter the correct user name and the password on the dialog box shown on the browser.

When this is unchecked, the Web server port remains closed, and connection to the Web server using the Web browser is prohibited.

# (2) Web Server Port

Specify the port number for the Web server of the FC6A Series MICROSmart. The default port number is 80.

## User Settings

## (3) Use single user account to access web server

User Name : Specify the user name used for authentication. The default user name is "administrator."

Password : Specify the password used for authentication. The default password is "password." The password is shown as * in the dialog box.

## (4) Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server

Select to use multiple accounts and limit access to the web server. Click **Configure** and create user accounts in the displayed **User Account Configuration** dialog box. For details, see "User Account Settings" on page 13-8.

## Web Page

## (5) Enable Data Register Monitoring

Select this check box when using data register monitoring by embedding metacharacters in the html page and when using the graph library. Valid for only files with the extension htm and html.

## (6) Monitoring Interval (ms)

When monitoring, set the interval in ms to send requests from the web browser to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

## (7) Trend Monitor Interval (ms)

When performing monitoring that uses the trend graph, set the interval in milliseconds to send requests from the web browser to the FC6A Series MICROSmart as a whole number multiple of the monitoring interval.

## Options

## (8) Redirect Target

To redirect the web page to the system web top page after displaying the system top page, select **System Web Top Page**. Select **Disable Redirect** to disable redirect. Redirect may not work depending on each Web browser.

For the Plus CPU module, you can select the save location of the web page specified as the redirect target from **CPU Module** or **SD Memory Card**. This option can be set only when an item other than **System Web Top Page** or **Disable Redirect** is selected.



# (9) Use System Web Page

Select this check box to use the system web pages.

# (10) Language

Select language for the system web pages.

# (11) Use Web Page Editor

Select this check box to use the Web Page Editor. For details, see "Web Page Editor" on page 13-30.

# **User Account Settings**

- Creating Multiple User Accounts
  - Operation procedure
  - In the Function Area Settings dialog box, under Ethernet Port 1 and Web Server Settings or in the HMI Module Configuration dialog box, on the Web Server tab, select Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server and click Configure.

The User Account Settings dialog box is displayed.

	HMI Module Configuration	? ×
LCD Settings	Configure parameters for Web server.	
Network Settings		
E-mail Settings	Web Server Settings	
Connection Settings	Enable Web Server	
Web Server	Web Server Port: 80 🚔	
	User Settings	
	Ise singleuser account to access web server	
	User Name: administrator	
	Password:	
	© Configure access privileges with multiple user accounts for web server	
	Web Page  Enable Data Register Monitoring	
	Monitoring Interval (ms): 1000	
	Trend Monitor Interval (ms): 3 x Monitoring Interval	
	Options	
	Redirect Target: System Web Top Page	
	🗷 Use System Web Page	
	Language: English	
	🗷 Use Web Page Editor	
<u>D</u> efault	ОК	Cancel

#### 2. Click New User.

A user account is created in the list.

		User Ace	count Setti	ngs		?	×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App			
L	User Na	ne:					
	Passwor	d:					
New User Delete					ОК	Cance	

3. On the General tab, set User Name and Password.

	User Account Settings	? ×
	General Web Server FTP Server Access from App	
	User Name: user 1	
	Password: #*****	
New User Delete	0	K Cancel

4. Click the **Web Server Access Management** tab and select the check boxes of folders and servers where access will be permitted.

	User Account Settings	? ×
	General Web Server Access Management	
User 1	Folder/File	Allow Access
	/system/	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>
	/user/Folder/	<
	/user/Folder44/	
	/user/page 1.html	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>
	/user/page55.html	✓
<u>N</u> ewUser <u>D</u> elete	ОК	Cancel

5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 and create the necessary number of user accounts.

Note: If you select a user account on the list, you can edit the settings of the selected account on the **General** and **Web Server Access** Management tabs.

6. Click OK.

		User Ac	count Setti	ngs		? ×
	General	Web Server	FTP Server	Access from App		
user1 user2 user3	UserNa	me:	user3			
	Passwor	d:	******			
New User Delete					ОК	Cancel

This concludes creating multiple user accounts.

# Deleting a Created User Account

- Operation procedure
- **1.** Select the user account on the list and click **Delete**.

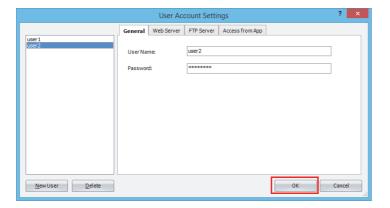
A confirmation message is displayed.

	User	Account Setti	ngs	? ×
user 1	General Web Ser	ver FTP Server	Access from App	
user1 user2 user3	User Name:	user3		
	Password:	<b>******</b>		
New User Delete				OK Cancel

# 2. Click OK.



# 3. Click OK.



This concludes deleting a user account.

# System Web Page Overview

The system web page of the FC6A Series MICROSmart consists of the following files.

/system/index.html:	The system web top page that displays the FC6A Series MICROSmart status.
/system/batch_monitor.html:	Batch monitor to monitor a group of data registers.
/system/custom_monitor.html:	Custom monitor to register and monitor a maximum of 30 data registers or internal relays.
/system/lcd_monitor.html:	The system web page with the HMI module LCD monitor function. (HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module only)
/system/device_read.cgi:	CGI for reading device data used by JavaScript.
/system/device_write.cgi:	CGI for writing device data used by JavaScript.

Separately from these system web pages, the FC6A Series MICROSmart project can contain user web pages with user-defined page data.

The placement of files that are set on the WindLDR Project window is reflected under /user/.

# Web Data Type

The following web data types can be specified in batch monitor, custom monitor.

Data Type		Data Size	Valid Range
HEX-W	Hexadecimal	1 word	0000 to FFFF
HEX-D	Hexadecimal	2 words	00000000 to FFFFFFF
DEC-W	Decimal	1 word	0 to 65535
DEC-I	Decimal	1 word	-32768 to 32767
DEC-D	Decimal	2 words	0 to 4294967296
DEC-L	Decimal	2 words	-2147483648 to 2147483647
DEC-F	Decimal	2 words	IEEE754 format. Digits is 7.
BIN-B	Binary	1 bit	0000 or 0001 (Note)

Note: BIN-B is used in the custom monitor when internal relay is monitored. 0000 is OFF and 0001 is ON.

# System Web Page

The FC6A Series MICROSmart features the built-in system web page for easily browsing the PLC status and data register values. Since the system web page is embedded in the FC6A Series MICROSmart, you can easily access and utilize the system web page.

## PLC Status

In the PLC status page, the FC6A Series MICROSmart status, such as the system program version or scan time, can be confirmed. You can also run or stop the FC6A Series MICROSmart using the Run/Stop button.

MICROSmart System Sta		
(1) 5	ystem Information	
ltem	Value	
PLC Type	FC6A-C40	
System Program Version	1.00	
(2)	Operating Status	
ltem	Value	
Run/Stop Status	Stop	
Scan Time (Current)	1ms	
Scan Time (Maximum)	2ms	
Battery Voltage	3182mV	
General Error Code	0000	
(3)	Calendar/Clock	
ltem	Value	
Clock (yy/mm/dd/DoW/hh/mm/ss)	2015/12/02 (Wed) 15:56:58	
	Network Settings	
Item MAC Address	Value 00-03-7b-f0-16-5f	
IP Address	192.168.1.5	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0	
Preferred DNS Server	0.0.0.0	
Alternate DNS Server	0.0.0.0	
(5) c	onnection Settings	
ltem	Since ton Sectings	Value
Connection1 - Maintenance Commun	ication Server	0.0.0.0
Connection2 - Maintenance Commun	ication Server	0.0.0.0
Connection3 - Maintenance Commun	ication Server	0.0.0.0
	ication Server	0.0.0.0
Connection4 - Maintenance Commun	ication Server	0.0.0.0
Connection4 - Maintenance Commun Connection5 - Maintenance Commun		
		0.0.0.0
Connection5 - Maintenance Commun	ication Server	0.0.0.0

The following data can be confirmed on the PLC status page:

#### (1) System Information

Type number and system program version of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be confirmed.

# (2) Operating Status

Run/Stop, scan time, and error code can be confirmed. By clicking on the button in the run/stop status, the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be started or stopped.

#### (3) Calender/Clock

The time information obtained with SNTP can be checked here.

# (4) Network Settings

The network settings of the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be confirmed.

## (5) Connection Settings

The IP addresses of the devices with which the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates. The IP addresses of the client devices that are accessing the server ports are shown for the **Maintenance Communication Server** and the **Server Connections**. The IP addresses of the remote hosts to which the FC6A Series MICROSmart communicates are shown for the **Client Connections**. For the Plus CPU module, the IP addresses of the remote hosts on connections 1 to 16 are displayed.



# Batch Monitor

In the batch monitor, 200 consecutive data registers can be monitored and controlled with the specified data type.

Batch M										
Data Register	0	Monitor Type: DEC-W 🔻								
	+0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6	+7	+8	+9
D0000	434	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0010	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0030	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
D0040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0060	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0070	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0080	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0090	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D0190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## • Operation procedure

1. In **Device Number**, specify the device number to monitor.

200 consecutive data registers starting with the specified data register are monitored. The valid device numbers are as follows. If an invalid value is entered or if the last device of the 200 consecutive data registers is out of the range, the value is corrected to a valid value automatically.

CPU Module Type	Device Address Range	
	0000 to 7800	
All-in-One CPU module	8000 to 8300	
	10000 to 55800	
	0000 to 7800	
Plus CPU module	8000 to 8700	
Plus CPU module	10000 to 61800	
	70000 to 269800	

Select the Monitor Type to display the data registers in the desired format.
 Data register values are shown in the format specified by the monitor type. See the web data type for the available data types.

**3.** Click on a cell in which data register value is shown. A dialog box to write a data is shown. The entered value is written to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

# Custom Monitor

In the custom monitor, a maximum of 30 devices and corresponding data types can be specified to monitor and control.

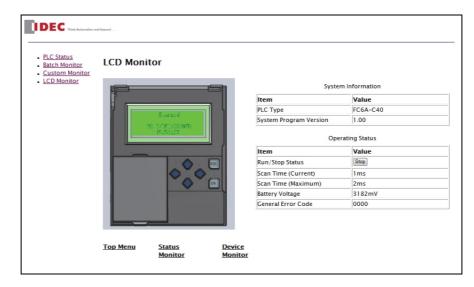
<u>r</u> Cu	stom Monito	r			
itor	nter data register/int	ernal relay	and select monitor type to	monitor.	
No	Device Address	Туре	Value	-	
1	D0000	DEC-W 🔻	434	-	
2	D0034	DEC-I 🔻	6	-	
3		DEC-W 🔻			
4		DEC-W 🔻			
5		DEC-W 👻			
6		DEC-W 🔻			
7		DEC-W 🔻		-	
8		DEC-W 🔻		-	
9		DEC-W 🔻		_	
10		DEC-W 🔻		-	
11		DEC-W 🔻		-	
12		DEC-W 🔻		-	
13		DEC-W 🔻		-	
14		DEC-W 🔻		-	
15		DEC-W 🔻		_	
16		DEC-W 👻		-	
17		DEC-W 🔻			
18		DEC-W 🔻		-	
19		DEC-W 🔻			
20		DEC-W 🔻			
21		DEC-W 🔻			
22		DEC-W 🔻			
23		DEC-W 🔻			
24		DEC-W 🔻			
25		DEC-W 🔻			
26		DEC-W 🔻			
27		DEC-W 👻			
28		DEC-W 🔻			
29		DEC-W 🔻			

# • Operation procedure

- Enter the device (type and number) in the **Device Address**.
   "D" (data register) or "m" (internal relay) can be specified. Specify data device number in decimal, such as D2058 or m0112.
- Select the Type to display the corresponding device in the desired format. Data registers or internal relays values are shown in the format specified by the monitor type. See the web data type for the available data types.
- Click the monitored data that is displayed under Value.
   A dialog box to write a data is shown. The entered value is written to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

# LCD Monitor

In the LCD monitor, the HMI module screen can be monitored. The HMI module can also be operated by clicking on the displayed buttons and shortcuts. This page can be displayed only when using the HMI-Ethernet port of the HMI module.



## • Operation procedure

The monitoring procedure is as follows.

- 1. The menus and messages displayed on the HMI module LCD are displayed on this page.
- 2. Click a button to perform the same operation on the HMI module as when the HMI module's own button is pressed.

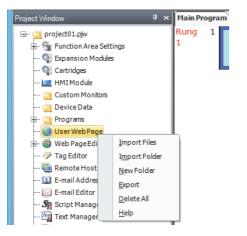
# **User Web Pages**

FC6A Series MICROSmart user web pages can be easily created for any desired purpose or application by using the Web Page Editor tool that has been prepared in WindLDR.

Highly customizable user web pages can also be created by importing web pages that have been created in HTML.

## **User Web Page Tree Operations**

The User Web Page tree can be built by performing the following operations on user web page items on the Project window and files and folders that are registered as web pages.



## **Creating a Web Page Tree**

The web page tree is created on the Project window.

The following procedure describes an example of creating a web page tree with the following structure.

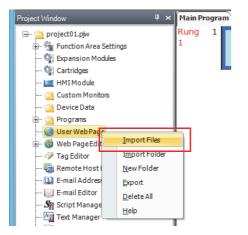
```
Web page tree structure
page1.html
Folder/page2.html
```

Before this procedure, create "page1.html" and "page2.html" that will be displayed on the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

## • Operation procedure

#### 1. Right-click User Web Page and click Import Files.

The **Open** dialog box is displayed.





2. Select "page1.html" and click **Open**.

9 🕘 • T 📕	project_html		✓ C Search p	h project_html	
Organize 🔻 New	/ folder			• =	1 6
🔆 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
	page1.html	11/9/2015 9:39 PM	HTML Document	1 KB	
출 OneDrive	age2.html	11/9/2015 9:39 PM	HTML Document	1 KB	
🍓 Homegroup					
🖳 This PC					
📬 Network					
T					

3. Right-click User Web Page and click New Folder.

The **New Folder** dialog box is displayed.

🗊 🚾 Programs	
🕂 🎯 User Web Page	
🥭 page1.htr	Import Files
🕀 🚳 Web Page Ed	Import Folder
🧇 Tag Editor	New Folder
🔤 Remote Host	hyport
🛄 E-mail Addre	Export
	<u>D</u> elete All
🔊 Script Manag	<u>H</u> elp

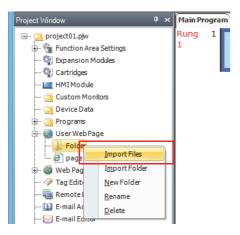
4. Enter "Folder" as the name of the folder to create and click **OK**.

The folder titled "Folder" is created in User Web Page.

	New Folder	? ×
Name: Folder		
	ОК	Cancel

If you want to rename the folder, right click the folder and click **Rename Folder** to change the folder name.

- 5. Right-click Folder created in step 4 and click Import Files.
  - The **Open** dialog box is displayed.

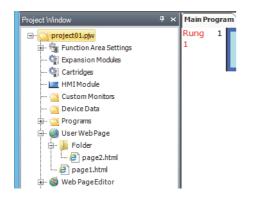




6. Select "page2.html" and click Open.

		Open			
			✓ ♂ Search p	roject_html	,
Organize 🔻 New	folder			!≡ • [	
☆ Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
	age1.html	11/9/2015 9:39 PM	HTML Document	1 KB	
🐔 OneDrive	page2.html	11/9/2015 9:39 PM	HTML Document	1 KB	
🗣 Network					
F			41151		
	ile name: page2.html		<ul> <li>All Files</li> </ul>	(^.^)	~

The following is displayed in the Project Window.



## Web Page Tree Import

If you already have an HTML file tree to use for building the tree, that entire tree can be imported and added to the user web pages.

In the Project window, right-click **User Web Page** or a folder under **User Web Page** and click **Import Folder**. A dialog box is displayed. Select the folder that contains the web page tree to import, and all of the files under the set folder will be imported.

## Web Page Tree Export

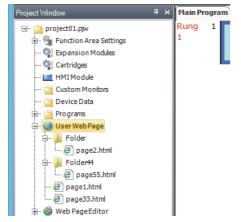
You can rebuild the user web page tree or change files by exporting the user web page data.

In the Project window, right-click **User Web Page** and click **Export**. A dialog box is displayed. Set the folder where the files will be exported, and the user web page data will be exported to that folder.

## **Deleting User Web Pages**

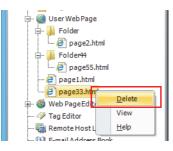
The web page tree is deleted on the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Project}}$  window.

The following procedure describes an example of deleting "page33.html" and "Folder44" from the web page tree.



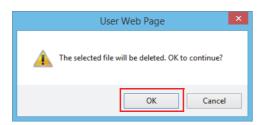
- Operation procedure
- 1. Right-click "page33.html" and click **Delete**.

A delete confirmation message is displayed.

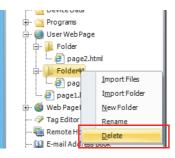


2. Click OK.

"Page33.html" is deleted.

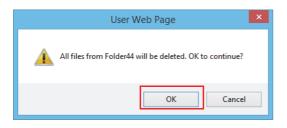


- **3.** Right-click "Folder44" and click **Delete**.
  - A delete confirmation message is displayed.



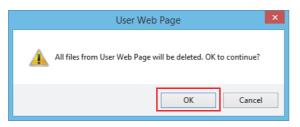
## 4. Click OK.

All of the files and folders under "Folder44" are deleted.



#### Notes:

• To delete all user web pages, right-click **User Web Page** in the Project window and click **Delete All**. The delete confirmation message is displayed. Click **OK** to delete all registered files and folders.



• Use UTF-8 as the encoding for all htm and html files that will be imported as user web pages. Separately back up all files on the PC that will be imported into WindLDR.

The operation of the web browser may change due to the type and version of the web browser. Fully validate operation using the web browser on the device that will actually be used to access the web server.

## **Monitor Function**

The values of data registers can be monitored without the use of complicated JavaScript or CGI.

In the **Function Area Settings** dialog box, under **Ethernet Port 1** and **Web Server Settings** or in the **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box, on the **Web Server** tab, the **Enable data register monitor** check box must be selected to use this function.

**Note:** Processing is added to the headers of the imported htm and html files that loads a JavaScript library when the program is converted in WindLDR. The web pages may not operate as expected in the web browser depending on the content of the imported htm and html files. To stop loading this JavaScript library, in the HMI Module Configuration dialog box, on the Web Server tab, clear the Enable data register monitor check box, and import the files.

## **Metacharacter Format (Word Device)**

When the monitor function is enabled and an html file includes a string with the following format, it is automatically converted to a JavaScript request and replaced with the value of the data register acquired via CGI.

No special knowledge of JavaScript is required.

{{Read/write type, device, device number, driver number, network number, web data type}}

#### Example: {{R,D,123,0,0,DEC-W}}

Read/write type	: R or W can be set. When R is set, the value is read only. When W is set, a value can also be written to the device.
Device	: Sets the device to monitor. The device that can be set is D (data register).
Device number	: Sets the device number to monitor as a decimal value.
Driver number	: The driver number. Set to 0.
Network number	: The network number. Set to 0.
Web data type	: Sets the web data type when the metacharacters will be replaced.

#### Notes:

- Strings that do not follow the metacharacter format will not be replaced with numeric values by JavaScript.
- If communication with the FC6A Series MICROSmart fails or the specified device does not exist, the strings are replaced with "----".
- The numeric value that had been replaced with the metacharacters (set to read/write type W) can be used to overwrite the data of the corresponding device in the web browser.

#### Example

The metacharacters are converted as follows when D2058 is 49910 (C2F6h) and D2059 is 59768 (E978h).

{{W,D,2058,0,0,HEX-W}}	$\rightarrow$	C2F6
{{W,D,2058,0,0,HEX-D}}	$\rightarrow$	C2F6E978
{{W,D,2058,0,0,DEC-W}}	$\rightarrow$	49910
{{W,D,2058,0,0,DEC-I}}	$\rightarrow$	-15626
{{W,D,2058,0,0,DEC-L}}	$\rightarrow$	-1024005768
{{W,D,2058,0,0,DEC-F}}	$\rightarrow$	-123.456

When you click the numeric values in the previous examples, a dialog box will be displayed. A numeric value entered in this dialog box will be reflected in the device.

## **Metacharacter Format (Bit Device)**

When the monitor function is enabled and an html file includes a string with the following format, it is automatically converted to a JavaScript request and replaced with the status of the bit device acquired via CGI.

{{Read/write type, device, device number, driver number, network number, web data type, OFF status display string, ON status display string}}

Example: {{R,m,123,0,0,BIT_FORM,BITOFF,BITON}}

Read/write type	: R or W can be set. When R is set, the value is read only.
	When W is set, the value becomes a form button and the status that was read from the device is
	displayed on the button. Click the button to turn the device on or off.
Device	: Sets the device to monitor. The device that can be set is m (internal relay).
Device number	: Sets the device number to monitor as a decimal value.
Driver number	: The driver number. Set to 0.
Network number	: The network number. Set to 0.
Web data type	: Sets the web data type when the metacharacters will be replaced.
	BIT_FORM is set here.
OFF status display string	: Sets the string that is displayed when the set bit device is off.
ON status display string	: Sets the string that is displayed when the set bit device is on.

## Metacharacter Format (Bit Device: Image Display)

When the monitor function is enabled and an html file includes a string with the following format, it is automatically converted to a JavaScript request and replaced with the status of the bit device acquired via CGI.

{{Read/write type, device, device number, driver number, network number, web data type, OFF status image file name, ON status image file name}}

Example: {{R,m,123,0,0,BIT,./BIT_IMG_OFF.jpg,./BIT_IMG_ON.jpg}}

Read/write type	:	R or W can be set. When R is set, the value is read only. When W is set, click the image file to turn the device on or off.
Device	:	Sets the device to monitor. The device that can be set is m (internal relay).
Device number	:	Sets the device number to monitor as a decimal value.
Driver number	:	The driver number. Set to 0.
Network number	:	The network number. Set to 0.
Web data type	:	Sets the web data type when the metacharacters will be replaced.
		BIT is set here.
-		With a relative path, sets the file name of the image to display when the set bit device is off. With a relative path, sets the file name of the image to display when the set bit device is on.

## Metacharacter Format (String)

When the monitor function is enabled and an html file includes a string with the following format, it is automatically converted to a JavaScript request and replaced with the string acquired via CGI.

{{Read/write type, device, device number, driver number, network number, format, maximum size}}

Example: {{R,D,123,0,0,STR_ASCII,20}}

Read/write type	: R or W can be set. When R is set, the value is read only. When W is set, the value can also be written.
Device	: Sets the device to monitor. The device that can be set is D (data register).
Device number	: Sets the device number to monitor as a decimal value.
Driver number	: The driver number. Set to 0.
Network number	: The network number. Set to 0.
Format	: Sets type of string that will be replaced. The string type that can be specified is STR_HOSTNAME, STR_EMAILADR, STR_PASSWORD, and STR_ASCII.
Maximum size	: Sets the maximum size in bytes to read or write. Data that exceeds this size cannot be read or written. The minimum value is 1 and the maximum value is 63.



The string that can be entered and the display in the browser differs by each string type.

String Type	String to Enter and Display
STR_HOSTNAME	Used when reading or writing a host name.
STR_EMAILADR	Used when reading or writing an e-mail address.
STR_PASSWORD	Used when entering a password. The string is masked.
STR_ASCII	Used when reading or writing an ASCII string other than those listed above.

When STR_HOSTNAME and STR_EMAILADR are specified as read/write type W, a check is performed to determine if the entered characters and string are in the appropriate format for a host name or e-mail address, and the data is only written if they are appropriate. The format is not checked for data that was read.

When STR_PASSWORD is set, masked characters determined by the web browser are displayed, not the actual characters. The characters entered in the write dialog box are also masked.

#### Notes:

- Strings that do not follow the metacharacter format will not be replaced with strings by JavaScript.
- If communication with the FC6A Series MICROSmart fails or the specified device does not exist, the strings are replaced with "-".
- The strings that had been replaced with the metacharacters (set to read/write type W) can be written to corresponding devices with the web browser.
- Strings are set as continuous data registers of 1 word or more. 2 bytes of data are 1 word and they are set from upper byte to lower byte in order. Set 00h at the end of the string.
- When STR_ASCII, STR_HOSTNAME, or STR_EMAILADR is set and the starting byte of the data register that was read is 00h, "blank" is displayed as substitute text.

#### Notes:

- When reading, the set maximum size of devices is read and the string is replaced from the starting byte up to 00h. The number of devices that are read in words is the maximum size / 2 words (rounded up). If 00h is not included in the data that was read, the string is replaced as if 00h is at maximum size + 1 byte. Note that the maximum size is set in bytes but reading is performed in words.
- When writing, the string entered in the dialog box is written. The data after the end of the entered string is filled with 00h up to the character at maximum size + 1. The number of devices that are written in words is (maximum size + 1) / 2 words (rounded up). If the byte at maximum size + 1 is an odd number, the final word is written as 0000h. If a blank string is set in the dialog, 00h is written to all bytes of data. Note that the maximum size is set in bytes but writing is performed in words.

#### Example

When D2058 is 'a' 'b' (6162h), D2059 is 'c' 'd' (6364h), and D2060 is 'e' 'f' (6566h), the metacharacters are replaced as follows.

When you click the strings in the previous examples, a dialog box will be displayed. The string entered in this dialog box will be reflected in the devices.

## Example of written data when the maximum number of bytes is odd

For {{W,D,2058,0,0,STR_ASCII,3}}, 2 words of data will be written.

	Set Values				
D	ata Register	D2058	D2059	D2060	
Poforo writing	ASCII	`a' `b'	`c' `d'	`e' `f'	
Before writing	Value (hexadecimal)	6162h	6364h	6566h	
Write A	ASCII	`A' `\0'	`\0' `\0'	`e' `f'	
	Value (hexadecimal)	4100h	0000h	6566h	
Write AB	ASCII	`A′ `B′	`\0``\0`	`e' `f'	
	Value (hexadecimal)	4142h	0000h	6566h	
Write ABC	ASCII	`A′ `B′	`C´ `\0′	`e' `f'	
	Value (hexadecimal)	4142h	4300h	6566h	

#### Example of written data when the maximum number of bytes is even

		Set Values		
Data Register		D2058	D2059	D2060
Before writing	ASCII	`a' `b'	`c' `d'	`e' `f'
	Value (hexadecimal)	6162h	6364h	6566h
Write A	ASCII	`A' `\0'	`\0´ `\0'	`\0´ `\0´
	Value (hexadecimal)	4100h	0000h	0000h
Write AB	ASCII	`A' `B'	`\0´ `\0'	`\0´ `\0´
Write AB	Value (hexadecimal)	4142h	0000h	0000h
Write ABC	ASCII	`A' `B'	`C´ `\0'	`\0` `\0`
	Value (hexadecimal)	4142h	4300h	0000h
Write ABCD	ASCII	`A' `B'	`C' `D'	`\0´ `\0´
	Value (hexadecimal)	4142h	4344h	0000h

Note: Metacharacter Format Precautions

The entire string between {{ and }} is recognized as the metacharacters. It cannot contain extra spaces, line breaks, or characters, such as HTML tags.

For example, the metacharacters cannot be coded as follows when attempting to emphasize the numeric value. This violates the metacharacter format, and it will not be replaced with the numeric value.

{{<em>W,D,2058,0,0,HEX-D</em>}}

To replace the string and emphasize the value, code the metacharacter format as follows.

<em>{{W,D,2058,0,0,HEX-D}}</em>

## **Bar Graph (Vertical)**

When the monitor function is enabled and the div tag and parameters are coded on the HTML file, it will be automatically converted to a JavaScript request and the values of the data registers acquired via CGI will be displayed in a vertical bar graph. To draw a vertical bar graph, first set the id attribute to a string that indicates a unique ID for each graph, set the data-graph attribute to "vbar" that indicates the type of data, and code the parameters in the div tag.

The parameters that can be set are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

device	:	The device. Set this to "D" (data register).
address	:	The device number. Set this as a numeric value.
driver	:	The driver number. Set this to 0.
net_no	:	The network number. Set this to 0.
format	:	The web data type string.
width	:	The width of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
height	:	The height of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
line_col	:	The line color of the div border. The default value is "#000000".
barvgutter	:	The vertical space from the div border to the graph in pixels.
		The default value is 30.
barwidth	:	The width of the graph in pixels. The default value is 20.
gutter	:	The space between graphs in pixels when displaying multiple graphs.
		The default value is 20.
type	:	The shape of the ends of the graph. Select "square", "round", "sharp", or "soft". The default setting is "square".
scalewidth	:	The width of the scale in pixels. The default value is 5.
labelvgutter	:	The vertical space from the graph where the label will be displayed in pixels.
		The default value is 20.
labelhgutter	:	The horizontal space from the graph where the label will be displayed in pixels.
		The default value is 30.
bars[]	:	An array of parameters that configures each graph. Code the parameters for each array in $\{ \}$ and
		separate each array element with ",".

45

dev B

The parameters that can be set as an element of bars[] are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

min_val	: The minimum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
max_val	: The maximum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
label	: The label name. The default is a string that combines the device and device number.
back_col	: The background color of the graph. The default value is "#FFFFFF".
front_col	: The foreground color of the graph. The default value is a color that differs for each element.
scale_on	: This parameter sets whether or not the graph has a scale. The default setting is false (no scale).
scale_lbl_on	: This parameter sets whether or not there is a label for the scale on the graph.
	The default setting is false (no label).

When the div tag is coded as follows, two vertical bar graphs are displayed using the data in double words D2040 and D2042 (decimal).

```
<div id="div11" data-graph="vbar">
 99
 100
device:"D", address:2040, driver:0, net_no:0, format:"DEC-D",
width:300, height:300, line_col:"#000000",
barvgutter:30, barwidth:20,
gutter:20, type:"square", scalewidth:5,
bars:[
{
 min_val:0, max_val:100, label:"dev A",
 back_col:"#FFFFFF", front_col:"#0000FF",
 scale_on:true, scale_lbl_on:true
},
{
 min_val:0, max_val:100, label:"dev B",
 dev A
 back_col:"#FFFFFF", front_col:"#FF0000",
 scale_on:false, scale_lbl_on:false
}
]</div>
```

#### **Bar Graph (Horizontal)**

When the monitor function is enabled and the div tag and parameters are coded on the HTML file, it will be automatically converted to a JavaScript request and the values of the data registers acquired via CGI will be displayed in a horizontal bar graph.

To draw a horizontal bar graph, first set the id attribute to a string that indicates a unique ID for each graph, set the data-graph attribute to "hbar" that indicates the type of data, and code the parameters in the div tag.

The parameters that can be set are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

device address driver net_no	<ul> <li>The device. Set this to "D" (data register).</li> <li>The device number. Set this as a numeric value.</li> <li>The driver number. Set this to 0.</li> <li>The network number. Set this to 0.</li> </ul>
format	: The web data type string.
width	: The width of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
height	: The height of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
line_col	: The line color of the div border. The default value is "#000000".
barhgutter	: The horizontal space from the div border to the graph in pixels. The default value is 30.
barwidth	: The width of the graph in pixels. The default value is 20.
gutter	: The space between graphs in pixels when displaying multiple graphs. The default value is 20.
type	: The shape of the ends of the graph. Select "square", "round", "sharp", or "soft". The default setting is "square".
scalewidth	: The width of the scale in pixels. The default value is 5.
labelvgutter	: The vertical space from the graph where the label will be displayed in pixels. The default value is 20.
labelhgutter	: The horizontal space from the graph where the label will be displayed in pixels. The default value is 30.
bars[]	: An array of parameters that configures each graph. Code the parameters for each array in { } and separate each array element with ",".



## 13: WEB SERVER

The parameters that can be set as an element of bars[] are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

min_val	:	The minimum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
max_val	:	The maximum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
label	:	The label name. The default is a string that combines the device and device number.
back_col	:	The background color of the graph. The default value is "#FFFFFF".
front_col	:	The foreground color of the graph. The default value is a color that differs for each element.
scale_on	:	This parameter sets whether or not the graph has a scale. The default setting is false (no scale).
scale_lbl_on	:	This parameter sets whether or not there is a label for the scale on the graph.
		The default setting is false (no label).

When the div tag is coded as follows, two horizontal bar graphs are displayed using the data in double words D2040 and D2042 (decimal).

```
<div id="div21" data-graph="hbar">
 device:"D", address:2040, driver:0, net_no:0, format:"DEC-D",
 width:300, height:300, line_col:"#000000",
 barhgutter:30, barwidth:20,
 gutter:20, type:"square", scalewidth:5,
 bars:[
 {
 min_val:0, max_val:100, label:"dev A",
 back_col:"#FFFFFF", front_col:"#0000FF",
 scale_on:true, scale_lbl_on:true
 },
 {
 min_val:0, max_val:100, label:"dev B",
 back_col:"#FFFFFF", front_col:"#FF0000",
 scale_on:false, scale_lbl_on:false
 }
]
</div>
 0
 100
 0
dev A
 49
dev B
```



## **Trend Graph**

When the monitor function is enabled and the div tag and parameters are coded on the HTML file, it will be automatically converted to a JavaScript request, and the values of the data registers acquired via CGI will be displayed in a trend graph.

To draw a trend graph, first set the id attribute to a string that indicates a unique ID for each graph, set the data-graph attribute to "trend" that indicates the type of data, and code the parameters in the div tag.

The parameters that can be set are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

device	: The device. Set this to "D" (data register).
address	: The device number. Set this as a numeric value.
driver	: The driver number. Set this to 0.
net_no	: The network number. Set this to 0.
format	: The web data type string.
width	: The width of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
height	: The height of the div border in pixels. The default value is 300.
line_col	: The line color of the div border. The default value is "#000000".
min_val	: The minimum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
 max_val	: The maximum value of the graph. This parameter is required.
 plot_num	: This parameter sets the number of plots of data. This parameter is required.
scale_col	: The color of the scale. The default value is "#000000".
 x_val_col	: The color of the X-axis label. The default value is "#000000".
y_val_col	: The color of the Y-axis label. The default value is "#000000".
g_x	: The position to start drawing the graph border in the horizontal direction in pixels.
5	The default value is 50.
g_y	: The position to start drawing the graph border in the vertical direction in pixels. The default value is 30.
g_width	: The horizontal width of the graph border in pixels.
9	The default value is 200.
g_height	: The vertical of the graph border in pixels.
5- 5	The default value is 100.
g_line_col	: The color of the graph border. The default value is the same as line_col.
g_line_width	: The thickness of the graph border in pixels.
5	The default value is 1.
g_back_col	: The background of the graph border. The default value is "#C0C0C0".
mode	: This parameter sets the data that will be truncated when the data exceeds the plot area. Select "one"
	(only one will be truncated), "half" (half of the entire amount will be truncated), or "all" (all will be
	truncated). The default setting is "all".
legend_gutter	: The width from the graph border to the legend in pixels.
	The default value is 30.
legend_margin_x	: The horizontal margin inside the legend in pixels.
	The default value is 10.
legend_margin_y	: The vertical margin inside the legend in pixels.
	The default value is 10.
legend_line_width	: The length of the line inside the legend in pixels.
	The default value is 20.
legend_line_gutter	: The vertical width in pixels when multiple lines are displayed inside the legend.
	The default value is 20.
legend_line_col	: The color of the lines inside the legend. The default value is the same as line_col.
legend_width	: The horizontal width inside the legend in pixels.
	The default value is 100.
line_width	: The initial value for the thickness of lines on the graph in pixels.
	The default value is 1.
marker_on	: The initial setting for whether or not to display markers on the graph. The default value is false (no
1	markers).
marker_width	: The initial value for the size of markers on the graph in pixels.
lines[]	The default value is 3.
lines[]	: An array of parameters that configures each line. Code the parameters for each array in { } and
	separate each array element with ",".

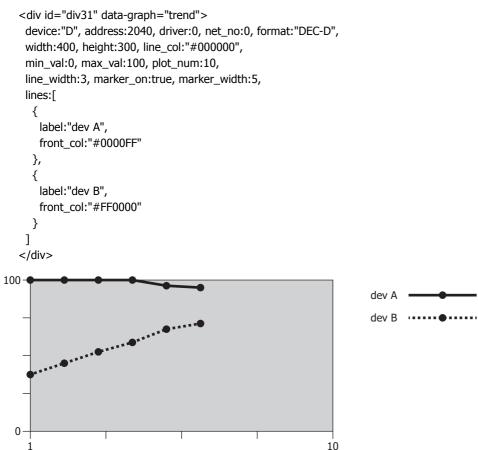
## 13: WEB SERVER

The parameters that can be set as an element of lines[] are as follows. If the default value of the parameter is acceptable, it does not need to be set.

label	: The label name. The default is a string that combines the device type and device number.
front_col	: The foreground color of the line that can be set for each line.
	The default value is a color that differs for each element.
marker_col	: The marker color of the line. The default value is the same as front_col.
line_width	: The thickness of the line in pixels that can be set for each line.
	This parameter has priority over the initial value of line_width.
marker_width	: The size of the marker in pixels that can be set for each line.

This parameter has priority over the initial value of marker_width.

When the div tag is coded as follows, the trend graph is displayed with 10 plots and markers using the data in double words D2040 and D2042 (decimal).



#### Notes:

Notes on Drawing Graphs

- The string between <div> and </div> that describes the graph is passed as a JavaScript program parameter. Note that when coding the div tag, the content can contain spaces and line breaks for formatting, but it cannot contain comments.
- If a numeric value will not be set as a parameter, enclose it with "".
- All parameters must be separated with ",". Do not put "," after the last parameter. The div tag will not be drawn as a graph if the parameter format is invalid.
- The manner in which the graph is displayed may differ according to the type of web browser.
- There may be a delay in updating the web browser display due to the update frequency and the number of data plots.



## JavaScript Functions

When the monitor function is enabled, device data can be read and written using JavaScript functions. The raw data obtained via CGI can be used and processed in a more complicated manner than that when using metacharacters. See the appendix for details about the CGI interface.

## Read Device Data Function

Idec.device_read (device, address, length, driver, net_no)

device	: Sets the device to read as a string.
	Currently only D (data register) can be used.
address	: Sets the device number to read.
length	: Sets the size of the data from the start of address to read.
	Set this as a decimal value between 1 and 64.
driver	: The driver number. Set this to 0.
net_no	: The network number. Set this to 0.

The return value is a hexadecimal numeric value in a string with the format "XXXX". If length is 2 or larger, "_" is inserted between items of data. The return value is "" if there was no response from the server or if the parameters are incorrect.

Note: The function is as follows when D2058 is 49910 (C2F6h) and D2059 is 59768 (E978h).

var raw_data = idec.device_read ("D", 2058, 2, 0, 0);

The variable raw_data will be "C2F6_E978" when the function normally terminates.

#### Write Device Data Function

idec.device_write (device, address, length, driver, net_no, data)

device	: Sets the device to write as a string. Currently only D (data register) can be used.
address	: Sets the device number to write.
length	: Sets the size of the data from the start of address to write. Set this as a decimal value between 1 and 64.
driver	: The driver number. Set this to 0.
net_no	: The network number. Set this to 0.
data	: Sets the data to write as a hexadecimal numeric value in a string. If length is 2 or larger, insert "_"
	between items of data.

The return value is true when the function normally terminates and false in all other cases.

Note: The function is as follows when writing 49910 (C2F6h) to D2058 and 59768 (E978h) to D2059.

var status_write = idec.device_write ("D", 2058, 2, 0, 0, "C2F6_E978");

The variable status_write is true when the function normally terminates.

## Web Page Editor

Web Page Editor is used to create user web pages that are downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart.

User web pages that have been downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart can be accessed with a web browser from a PC or other device, and the user web pages can be displayed according to FC6A Series MICROSmart device values.

To use Web Page Editor, click the HMI module inserted into the module configuration area, click **Configure**, and in the **HMI Module Configuration** dialog box, select **Use Web Page Editor**.

The behavior of user web pages according to the device values in FC6A Series MICROSmart can be checked without downloading the user web pages to the FC6A Series MICROSmart by linking the WindLDR simulation function to the created user web pages.

Web Page Editor uses the web browser. The recommended web browsers are as follows.

- Google Chrome 47 or later
- Mozilla Firefox 42 or later
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 11

Configure Windows so that these web browsers are the default web browser. This can be set on the **Programs** tab in Internet Options.

Note: Web Page Editor can be used with other web browsers that are not recommended, but problems may occur, such as with the display of images.

#### **Creating User Web Pages**

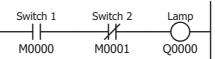
This section describes the procedure to create user web pages in Web Page Editor.

A web page will be created that turns on output Q1 when input M0000 is on and input M0001 is off.

Components to place on the web page

Program to create in WindLDR





#### Note:

For details on devices, see "Devices" on page 2-1.

For details on instructions, see the "FC6A Series MICROSmart Ladder Programming Manual".

#### • Operation procedure

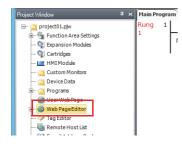
1. Create a program that turns on output Q1 when input M0000 is on and input M0001 is off.

For details, see Chapter 4 "Create Ladder Program" in the "FC6A Series MICROSmart User's Manual".



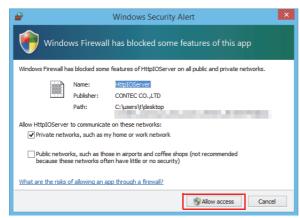
2. Double-click Web Page Editor in the Project window.

Web Page Editor starts.





Note: If the Windows Security Alert dialog box is displayed, click Allow access.



3. For the Web Page Editor Mode, click Edit.

			- D ×
(⇐) ➡ Ø http://localhost:	8080/viewer/edit.htm 🛛 🖓 🕆 🖒 🏉 Editor	×	合 🛧 🛱 .
File Edit View	Options Help		Mode: Simulation V Language: English V
🖕 <u> C</u> omponents		=	Property L
<ul> <li>Belection</li> </ul>			id= Edit
- lubel Label			Name Link IO

**4.** Place Switch 1 on the work area and set it to a normally open contact (M0000).

Select **Switch** in the **Components** list, and drag and drop it on the work area.

The switch will be placed on the area with the predefined size.

(C)	×	<mark>×</mark> n * 3
File Edit View Options Help		Mode: Edit Vanguage: English V
Components  Selection  del Label  Border  Simage  Checkhox	=	A Property Layer Id= Name Value Link IO

Note: To place a switch on the area with the desired size, click **Switch** in the **Components** list, and then drag the precision select mouse cursor on the work area.

5. Click the switch placed on the work area and on the **Property** tab, for **Link Box**, click

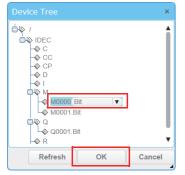
The **Device Tree** dialog box is displayed.

ile Edit View	Options Help			Mode: E	Edit 🗸 Lar	nguage: Englis	sh
R Components		=	A .	Property Lay	er		
Selection			id	I=Layer0.Switcl	h.0		
Lubel Label				Name	Value	Link	
Border			2	/ IonPressed	bool value		
💒 Image	ON I		N 100	V value	true		
🚳 Switch				imgOff	setting/switch/sw		
Lamp				imgOn	setting/switch/sw		
Checkbox				T TextOff			
Radio Button			-	T TextOn			
Button				A TextOffColor	green		
Text Input				A TextOnColor	red		$\uparrow$
- Slider				A Font	14px Arial		+
🖸 Video				bFireWhenVa	false		+
Trend				⇒ v	75		
Circle Meter				ink Box: 🙍	2		



FC6A SERIES MICROSMART COMMUNICATION MANUAL FC9Y-B1730

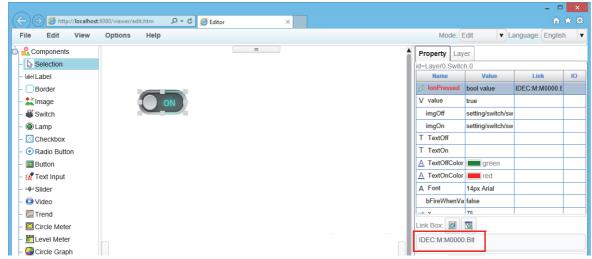
6. Click the device address to set to Switch 1 and click OK.



#### Notes:

- The devices that are used in WindLDR are displayed in the **Device Tree** dialog box.
- If the device address to set is not in the Device Tree, click **Cancel**, and then directly enter the device address in the text box for **Link Box** on the **Property** tab.

This sets Switch 1 to a normally open contact (M0000).

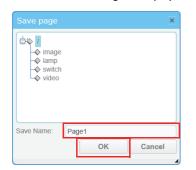


- 7. Repeat steps 4 through 6 and set Switch 2 and the lamp.
- 8. On the menu bar, click File > Save page as.

The Save Page dialog box is displayed.

کر کے کہ http://localhost.8080/viewer/edit.htm ۲۰۰۵ کے کا کے Editor	- □ × n ★ ‡
File Edit View Options Help	Mode: Edit V Language: English V
New page ents     =       Open page	Property     Layer       id=     Id=       Name     Value       Link     IO

**9.** Enter the file name in **Save Name**, specify the folder to save to, and click **OK**. A confirmation message is displayed.





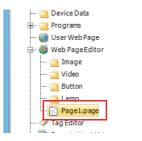
10. Click OK.

Information	
Save file successfully.	
	ок

This concludes creating a user web page.

Notes:

- For details on Web Page Editor, refer to the Web Page Editor help that is displayed by clicking Help > Help on the menu bar.
- The created user web page will be created in Web Page Editor on the Project window. Image files, video files, image files for switches, and image files for lamps that have been imported with user web pages are displayed in their respective folders on the list. Double-clicking a created user web page will start Web Page Editor and open that user web page. The created user web page can then be edited.



## **Checking Operation of User Web Pages**

This section describes the procedure to execute operation of the created user web page in Web Page Editor to check its behavior.

- Operation procedure
- 1. On the WindLDR **Online** tab, click **Simulation**.

		project01.pjw - WINE	DLDR		- 🗆 🗙
Home Configuration Online /iew					🕜 Help 👻
Download Upload Run-Time Device Data List Confirm	Start Stop	Custom - A PID Monitor Batch	Simulation Power Line	Set Up	
Transfer	PLC	Monitor	Sindulation	Communication	
Project Window 4 × Main	Program (Module Configuration				⊲ ⊳ ×
Troject01.pjw     Run     Function Area Settings     GExpansion Modules     Gextridios	g 1 M0000 M0001			Q0001	^

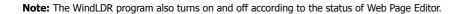
2. For the Web Page Editor Mode, click Run.

		- D ×
( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	m 🔎 🕆 🖒 🎯 Editor 🛛 🗙	☆ ★ 章
File Edit View Options H	leip	Mode: Edit V Language: English V
Components	=	Property L Run
- 🔀 Selection		id= Edit
– lubel Label		Name Link IO
Border		

## 13: WEB SERVER

- 3. Check the following operation while turning Switch 1 and Switch 2 on and off.
  - The lamp turns on when Switch 1 is on and Switch 2 is off

OFF	Main Program Module Configuration Rung 1 1 M0000 M0001	Q0001
The lamp turns off when Switch 1 is off		
• The lamp turns off when Switch 2 is on	Main Program Module Configuration Rung 1 1 M0000 M0001	Q0001
OFF	Main Program     Module Configuration       Rung     1       M0000     M0001	Q0001



This concludes checking operation of the user web page.

You can view the user web page from a web browser if you download the user program in WindLDR to the FC6A Series MICROSmart after saving the created web page.

For detailed configuration methods, see "HMI Module Web Server Settings" on page 13-5.

#### **Supported Web Browsers**

The recommend web browsers that should be used to view the web pages downloaded to the FC6A Series MICROSmart are as follows.

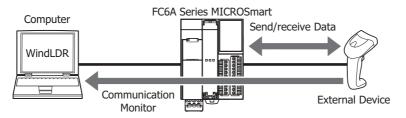
OS	Supported Browsers
Windows 8/7/Vista/XP	Google Chrome 47 or later Mozilla Firefox 42 or later Microsoft Internet Explorer 11
Android	Google Chrome 47 or later
iOS	Safari

# **14: COMMUNICATION MONITOR**

This chapter describes the Communication Monitor.

## **Overview**

The Communication Monitor is a function that monitors the communication data exchanged between the FC6A Series MICROSmart and an external device in the **Communication Monitor** dialog box of WindLDR. The communication protocols that can be monitored are user communication and Modbus communication. The communication monitor can be used with the Plus CPU module only.



## Starting and Stopping the Communication Monitor

This section describes how to start the Communication Monitor and how to start and stop monitoring of an external device.

- Operation procedure
- **1.** On the **Online** tab, in the **Monitor** group, click **Communication Monitor**.

8	Communication Monitor	? ×
Interface Serial V Port Number: 1 Filter Show received data only Show transmitted data only Show data of when communication fails	Start Stop Logging is suspended  Options  Stop monitoring once communication error occurs in communication  Overwrite old data when the quantity of data exceeds the maximum  Auto scroll to the latest transmitted/received data.	Export Qear Log
No. Protocol Timestamp	Type Status(D2) Length Data(Binary) Data(ASCII)	
Ladder ine number Comparison result	S1 Received data Compari	son result

The external device that will be monitored is specified by the communication interface, port number, and connection number. The communication data that will be monitored is that which the FC6A Series MICROSmart saves to internal memory from when **Start** is clicked. Click **Stop** or close the **Communication Monitor** dialog box to stop saving the communication data to internal memory. For this reason, you cannot view send and receive data exchanged while the Communication Monitor is not monitoring.

Up to 65,535 items of data can be monitored. The monitor will automatically stop when the maximum amount of data has been reached. To continue monitoring even when the maximum amount of data has been reached, select the **Overwrite old data when the quantity of data exceeds the maximum** check box. Monitoring will continue and the data will be overwritten from the oldest data.

If the communication interval with the monitored external device is faster than the interval used to display and update send and receive data in the Communication Monitor in WindLDR, the FC6A Series MICROSmart may have insufficient internal memory to temporarily save data. In this case, saving data to internal memory will stop.

The display on the Communication Monitor after saving data to internal memory has stopped will change to the monitor stopped status after all send and receive data temporarily saved to internal memory has been displayed.



## **Communication Monitor**

#### Monitoring Serial Communication

ſ	Interface 8) Filter	(1) Serial	V Port Number:	(2) 1 🔃	Communic	ation Mon	itor (4) <u>S</u> tart	(5) Stop	(6) Logging is susper	nded	? × (7) <u>Export</u>
	Show tra	ceived data only nsmitted data only ta of when commur	nication fails		Overwrite o	d data when t	munication error o ne quantity of data nsmitted/received	exceeds the		Γ	(13) Clear Log
(1			Timestamp	Тур	s Status(D2)	Length	Data(Binary)	Data(A	ISCII)		
(1	1)	number	Comparison result	(12)		Received of	Jata		C	omparisor	n result

#### Monitoring Ethernet Communication

Communication Monitor				
			(3)	
Interface	Ethemet v	Conr	nection Number: 1 🛓 Start Stop Logging is suspended	Export
Filter			Options	
Show recei	ived data only		Stop monitoring once communication error occurs in communication	
Show trans	mitted data only		Overwrite old data when the quantity of data exceeds the maximum	
Show data	of when communication fails		✓ Auto scroll to the latest transmitted/received data.	
Specify the	target to monitor	192 . 168 . 0 . 1		<u>C</u> lear Log

#### (1) Interface

Select the communication interface to monitor from Serial or Ethernet.

#### (2) Port Number

Set the port of the communication interface to monitor. This can be set only when Interface (1) is **Serial**. Port: 1 to 33

#### (3) Connection Number

Sets the connection number to monitor. This can be set only when Interface (1) is **Ethernet**. Connection: 1 to 16

#### (4) Start button

Click this button to start the Communication Monitor. WindLDR will acquire communication data from the PLC at a regular interval.

#### (5) Stop button

Click this button to stop the Communication Monitor. Accumulation the communication data at the PLC stops while the Communication Monitor is stopped.

#### (6) Status Indicator

Displays the status of the Communication Monitor.

## (7) Export button

The communication data displayed in Send and Receive Data Display (10) can be exported. Click this button, enter the file name in the **Save As** dialog box, and click **Save**.



#### (8) Filter

The items displayed in the Send and Receive Data Display (10) can be filtered. Select the check boxes for the items to display. Multiple filters can be selected.

When the **Specify Send/Receive Device** check box is selected, enter the IP address.

#### (9) Options

Select the relevant check boxes to operate the communication monitor with the following processing types:

Stop monitoring once communication error occurs in communication:

Stops monitoring when an error occurs.

Overwrite old data when the quantity of data exceeds the maximum:

When the communication data reaches the maximum amount of data (65,535 items), the

monitor will continue by deleting old data instead of stopping the monitor.

Auto scroll to the latest transmitted/received data:

The latest send and receive data will be automatically displayed when send and receive data is added.

#### (10) Send and Receive Data Display

Displays the communication data exchanged between the FC6A Series MICROSmart and external device. The displayed content is as follows.

- Protocol
- Time stamps (Plus CPU module with system version 1.01 or later)
- Send/receive type
- IP address of target device to send/receive (Ethernet only)
- Status
- Data length
- Data (binary or ASCII)

**Note:** Time stamps are based on the calendar and clock data of the FC6A Series MICROSmart when the monitor is started, and they are implemented by adding the time difference from the start of the monitor that is appended to the send and receive data. The purpose of time stamps is to indicate the approximate communication interval of communication data. The time of the time stamps may not match the current time of the computer and it may not be adjusted for daylight savings time.

The calendar/clock display format of the computer is used as the display format of the time stamps.

#### (11) User Communication Instruction Selection

Displays the list of user communication instructions corresponding to the selected send/receive data in Send and Receive Data Display (10). This is not displayed when the protocol is Modbus.

Ladder line number	: Displays the line number of the user communication instruction (RXD/ERXD/TXD/ETXD) in WindLDR.
	The relevant user communication instruction is determined by searching for the instruction in
	WindLDR based on the device address of D2 obtained from the PLC.
Comparison result	: Displays the receive result of the user communication receive instructions. (Not displayed for
	send instructions.)

#### (12) Comparison Result Details

Displays details of the comparison result between the actual communication data and the communication format (S1) of the user communication instruction selected in User Communication Instruction Selection (11). In this way, you can check the difference between the format of the user communication receive instruction and the actual received data. However, this is not displayed when the protocol is Modbus.

	S1	:	Displays the format of the user communication receive instruction selected in User
			Communication Instruction Selection (11).
			Constant (Character)
			Constant (Hexadecimal)
			Data Register
			• BCC
			Skip (receive data only)
	Receive Data/Send Data	:	Displays the content of the communication data.
	Comparison Result	:	Displays the comparison result.
			Match: OK
			Mismatch: NG
-	to. The data received by the F	-	A Sories MICROSmart is verified against the format specified by the user communication instruction

**Note:** The data received by the FC6A Series MICROSmart is verified against the format specified by the user communication instruction in WindLDR, and the comparison result with the format is associated with the actual communication data and then displayed. For this reason, the user program opened in WindLDR and the user program in the FC6A Series MICROSmart must be the same. If the user programs are different, a warning message will be displayed stating that the comparison results cannot be displayed when the **Communication Monitor** dialog box is displayed, and only Send and Receive Data Display (10) will be displayed.



## (13) Clear Log button

Erases the displayed communication data.

## INDEX

A ADD-2comp 5-58 address map 6-9, 6-27 Advanced instruction ERXD 5-23 ETXD 5-23 RXD 5-10 TXD 5-2 Allocation of receive cancel flags for ERXD (user communication receive over Ethernet) instructions 5-50 Allow Access by IP Address 4-9, 6-30 ASCII character code table 5-53 Attached File Editor 12-15 authentication e-mail 12-7 В Bar graph Horizontal 13-25 Bar graph (vertical) 13-24 batch monitor 13-13 Baud Rate (bps) 4-5, 4-14 BCC (block check character) 5-6, 5-19 Bluetooth Communication Cartridge 1-2 Bluetooth communication cartridge settings 9-4 Bluetooth device settings 9-7 Borrow 2-9 busy control 5-36 С cable 5-54 Carry/ 2-9 Carry/Borrow 2-9 character set e-mail 12-9 Checking operation of user web pages 13-33 client user communication 5-43 Communication Adapter Information 2-29 communication completion relay M8080 7-7 communication format 6-15 Communication Interfaces 1-1 communication parameters 5-55, 5-56 Communication Ports 3-2 Communication Settings 3-1, 6-6 Comparing BCC Codes 5-20 Connection Status 3-13 Constant for Verification 5-17 control signal option DSR D8105/D8205 5-35 signal option DTR D8106/D8206 5-37 signal status D8104/D8204 5-32 Control signal status 2-31 conversion type 5-5, 5-12 CRC-16 5-58, 6-14 Creating user web pages 13-30 custom monitor 13-14 cyclic redundancy checksum 5-58, 6-14 D D1 (Destination 1) 5-8, 5-21 D2 (Destination 2) 5-8

Data Bits 4-5, 4-14 data link with other PLCs 7-11 data link communication 7-1 bit flag M8006 7-7 error 7-5 error code 7-5 error M8005 7-7 initialize flag M8007 7-7 stop flag M8007 7-7 Data link Specifications 8-1 data refresh 7-11 data register for transmit/receive data 7-4 decimal symbol e-mail 12-9 delimiter 5-13 Device 2-1 Download user program 4-1 DSR control signal status 5-34 DTR control signal status 5-34 e-mail data register 12-14 decimal symbol 12-9 error code 12-2 general settings 12-6 text encoding 12-9 e-mail address group 12-11 e-mail editor 12-12 end delimiter 5-16 error code data link communication 7-5 e-mail 12-2 ERXD 5-43 ethernet user communication 3-18 ETXD 5-43 Function code 6-7, 6-27, 6-32 host name 3-18 instruction ERXD 5-43 ETXD 5-43 PING 11-1 user communication 5-1 IP Addresses 3-18, 4-9 J1939 Communication 8-1 line control signals RS232C 5-32 Local Host Port No. 4-9, 4-18, 6-30 longitudinal redundancy check 5-58 LRC 5-58 Maintenance Communication 1-7

D2+1 (Transmit Digits (Bytes)) 5-9



D2+0 (Receive Status) 5-21

D2+1 (Receive Digits (Bytes)) 5-21

Ε

F

Н

I

J

1

Μ

via Ethernet Port 4-7 via USB Port 4-3 maintenance communication 4-1 Maintenance communication over Bluetooth 4-6, 4-15 Maintenance communication via a communication cartridge (port 2 to 33) 4-12 Maintenance communication via port 1 4-4 master station 7-8 Message Length 6-32 Metacharacter format Bit device 13-22 Bit device (Image display) 13-22 String 13-22 Word device 13-21 Modbus ASCII 5-58 Communication 1-9, 6-1 via via RS-232C/RS-485 6-2 master request table 6-5 RTU 5-58, 6-14 Modbus RTU Slave 6-13 Modbus TCP client 3-18, 6-22 client specifications 6-22 communication error 6-22 communication format 6-30 Communication via Ethernet Communication 6-21 error status 6-26 function code 6-25 remote host number 6-26 request execution device 6-26 server 6-27 server specifications 6-27 Monitor function 13-21 Monitor/change device values 4-1 Network settings 3-3 Optional Cartridge Information 2-29 Parity 4-5, 4-14 PING error code 11-2 instruction 11-1 PLC status 13-12 Port 1 Data link Communication 1-9 Modbus Communication 1-9 User Communication 1-8 port number 3-18 programming data link using WindLDR 7-8 Modbus master using WindLDR 6-5 Modbus slave using WindLDR 6-13 RXD instruction using WindLDR 5-29 special data register 5-54 TXD instruction using WindLDR 5-26 user communication using WindLDR 5-25 Protocol ID 6-32 Read device data function 13-29 receive 5-10 completion output 5-10

digits 5-12 format 5-10, 5-11 status 5-10, 5-21 timeout 5-16, 5-21, 5-25 Receive Timeout (ms) 4-5, 4-9, 4-14 Remote Bluetooth Device List 9-6 remote host list 3-18 repeat cycles 5-6, 5-12 request table 6-6 RS232C communication cartridge 1-2 RS232C DSR Control Signal Status 2-32 RS232C DTR Output Control Signal Option 2-34 RS485 communication cartridge 1-2 RUN mode control signal status 5-34 RXD 5-10 S Serial Communication Module 1-2 Setting List 3-1 Skip 5-18 Slave Number 4-5, 4-14 slave station communication completion relay M8080-M8116 7-7 communication completion relay M8117 7-7 SNTP settings 3-9 special data register e-mail 12-3 for RS232C line control signals 5-32 Special data register device addresses 2-16 special internal relay for data link communication 7-7 for receive instruction cancel flag 5-22 Special internal relay device addresses 2-4 specifications data link 7-1 Modbus RTU master communication 6-3 user communication mode 5-24 start delimiter 5-13 multi-byte 5-14 status code transmit 5-8 Stop Bits 4-5, 4-14 STOP mode control signal status 5-34 Supported web browsers 13-34 system setup data link 7-3 system web page 13-11 language 13-7 table ASCII character code 5-53 T text encoding e-mail 12-9 Transaction ID 6-32 transmit 5-2 bytes 5-5 data 5-4 digits 5-5 Trend graph 13-27 TXD 5-2 11 Unit ID 6-32 Upload user programs 4-1

INDEX-2

R

N

0

P



User Communication 1-8 cancel flag 5-44, 5-47 constant 5-17 error code 5-52 server 5-47 via Ethernet Communication 5-40 via Serial Communication 5-24 protocol 5-25 User account settings 9-12, 10-5 User communication (UDP) 5-50 User communication via serial communication (Bluetooth) 5-39 User web page tree operations 13-16 web page 13-6 Web Page Editor 13-30 web server 13-1 batch monitor 13-13 custom monitor 13-14 data type 13-11 PLC status 13-12 redirect 13-6 system web page 13-11 Web server settings 10-4 WindLDR programming data link 7-8 Modbus master 6-5 slave 6-13 RXD instruction 5-29 TXD instruction 5-26

user communication *5-25* Write device data function *13-29* 

W

**INDEX** 

